"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow today; fair, much colder tomorrow; fresh north winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,754. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

VILLA'S MAIN FORCE TAKES QUERETARO

Important City Reported Evacuated by Carranza—San Luis Potosi Rival Capital.

GARRISONS JOIN MARCH

Obregon Sending Strong Forces North—Promises Brazil Minister to Protect Mexico City.

AGUASCALIENTES, Nov. 19.—Queretaro was abandoned last night by the forces of Gen. Carranza and was occupied this morning by Gen. Villa's forces. The city will be used as a concentration point for Villa's army before the advance on Mexico City. The National Convention will move from Aguascalientes to San Luis Potosi, which will thus become the temporary capital.

It is reported that Puebla has been captured, after a severe battle, by Zapata forces.

Lieut. Julio Madero was captured at Queretaro by his older brother, Gen. Raol Madero, and is being sent a prisoner to Juarez. Julio Madero was a member of Gen. Obregon's staff.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Gen. Villa's march on Mexico City continues unobstructed, according to official telegrams today from American Consular Agents accompanying him. Two thousand Carranza troops changed their allegiance on the arrival of the Villa advance at Leon, the dispatches said, and garrisons all along the line are incorporating themselves in the Villa columns.

That Villa will reach Mexico City without difficulty is the opinion of the American agents, who say his army is well equipped and moving with scientific precision. From Carranza sources, however, it is stated that Villa will have to clash in a few days with the troops of Gens. Obregon and Gonzales south of Irapuato and near Queretaro.

From Mexico City the American Government has received advices of the general uncertainty with which the situation is beclouded. It was not known there whether Gen. Obregon would be able to hold the city against the attacks of Zapatistas on the south and Villa forces on the north.

Carranza States His Case.

Rafael Zuburan Capmany, Washington representative of Gen. Carranza, gave out a statement received tonight from Carranza, dated at Cordoba, yesterday, and reviewing Carranza's side of the controversy. Gen. Carranza says:

"With the purpose that you may be clearly and trustworthily informed as to the actual conditions and be in a position to deny emphatically all false rumors, I wish to place in your hands all of the details of the situation, beginning by giving you the conditions on which I was willing to resign as I expressed them in a message to Gen. Gonzales on the 15th. These points were: I will surrender the power in my hands to any person whom I deem trustworthy, as, for example, Gen. Pablo Gonzales. Gen. Villa shall deliver the actual command of his forces to the Administration in the territory controlled by Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez. Villa and myself shall both leave the country and meet in Havana on Nov. 25. The convention of Generals shall convene in Mexico City to select a President for the entire pre-constitutional period. Gens. Gutierrez and Gonzales shall deliver the command of the troops under them to the newly selected President. If, on the 30th of November, these conditions have not been complied with, Carranza shall resume his character as First Chief of the Constitutionalist Army.

"To the propositions contained in this statement Gens. Gonzales and Obregon answered from Mexico City that they had been accepted in full at Aguascalientes. In effect, that was that Villa and myself were to leave the country, the former to surrender the command of the division in the north and I the first chieftainship of the Constitutionalist Army, as well as the executive power of the nation, to the person indicated in my letter, and ultimately this person, as well as Gen. Gutierrez would deliver their powers to whom would be selected the Pre-Constitutional President of Mexico.

"Accordingly, it is false, as the press of the United States reports, that I had been given twenty-four hours within which to surrender my office.

"The main object of my trip to the South of Mexico has been to visit the neighboring States of the capital and to obtain personally the state of public opinion, which I have found to be satisfactory. Also I wished to arrange in a dignified manner the evacuation of Vera Cruz by the American troops, which evacuation I hope to see effected, as the Washington Government has promised to carry it into effect on the 23d of this month.

"My desire is to avoid the responsibility of future bloodshed so that I may not be blamed hereafter for causing bloodshed on the score of personalities. My desire is to make every possible concession compatible with my duty as a citizen, as representative of the revolution, and as First Chief in charge of the executive power of the nation.

Majority of Chiefs Loyal.

"The majority of the chiefs remained loyal and continued to remain firm and ready to sustain the conditions to which I made reference. For this reason it is false that they have abandoned their first attitude and now desire that I leave the country. This latter is only considered by them in case the last conditions that I have named are fully complied with.

"In regard to the protest that the Villistas nave made in regard to the early evacuation of Vera Cruz, I am not in a position to know anything about it. Such a protest would only show a lack of honor and patriotism on their part, and my feelings lead me to reject the idea that any Mexican citizen would harbor such an intention. The essential point is the evacuation of foreign troops from a part of our territory without consideration of internal partisanship, as these are matters that rest entirely in our own hands for settlement.

"It is false that Villista troops are about to take the port of Tampico because it is first necessary for them to defeat the Constitutionalist troops in the States of Coahuila, Nuevo Leon, and Tamaulipas, which at the present time remain loyal to the First Chief.

"Gens. Obregon, Gonzales, and Aguilar firmly demand that the conditions stipulated by me shall be fulfilled, and accordingly there is no truth in the rumor of their defection.

"Up to the present time I have not received any word that Villa had informed the Aguascalientes Convention that he would retire from the command of the division of the north and agree to expatriate himself. As I have al-

Continued on Page 4.

Imported Bock Panetela. Fragrant and mild. More excellent than ever.—Advt.

DISMANTLE WIRELESS ON A YACHT IN PORT

Winchester Was Suspected of Sending Messages to the British Cruisers.

Because the Captain of the steam yacht Winchester, which was anchored off Stapleton, S. I., persisted, it was said, in sending and receiving wireless messages from some vessels outside the harbor, a party of five officers from the navy yard went on board the yacht yesterday afternoon and dismantled the apparatus.

While all information as to the destination of the Winchester has been refused by the yacht agents, Cox & Stevens, through whom she was sold with the yacht Kanawha, it is suspected by the naval authorities that she was intended to be used as a tender for carrying provisions and dispatches to the British cruisers on guard between New York and Nantucket.

The naval officials went down to the Winchester on the revenue cutter Calumet from the Battery and returned the same way after their task had been completed on the yacht. Capt. John Wilde, in charge of the New York division of the revenue cutter service, declined to discuss the action that had been taken in regard to the yacht. An officer of the revenue cutter Seneca who was asked last night what had happened on the Winchester replied that he understood she was to act as supply ship to the British cruisers on account of her speed.

Naval men were left on board to prevent her from slipping out during the night. The Winchester was overhauled at the Manning Yacht Basin, Brooklyn, and a Marconi wireless apparatus was installed on Tuesday. She moved down to Quarantine on Wednesday afternoon.

SAYS WILSON WILL RUN.

Democratic One-Term Plank Doesn't Restrict Him, Marshall Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Nov. 19.—Vice President Marshall, chatting with newspaper men before leaving for the East this morning, said President Wilson would accept renomination and predicted his election.

"The Democratic platform does not bind him to a single term; it merely pledges the party to favor a one-term constitutional amendment," said Mr. Marshall. "I think the Democratic Party has learned to play ball. We regard Wilson as Captain of our team. He cannot resist the call that will be made upon him to run again.

"The Republican Party is now in the position the Democratic Party once was in—a position of mere opposition to the party in power. It can agree on no leader. It gets into dangerous wrangles when any man seeks to assert himself. The Republicans have not been able to agree on the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill. If the Democratic tariff bill makes good, their issue will be gone. The people will not elect a party that has no programme but opposition.

"I think we will have almost unprecedented prosperity two years from now and that the nation will be on such a footing as to increase the people's faith in the efficacy of Democratic doctrines. I don't see what sort of man or issue the Republicans can get to make a campaign on unless they take Roosevelt and his policy of nation-wide prohibition."

LABOR LEADERS SEE WILSON

Present A. F. L. Resolutions for Receivership for Colorado Mines.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Three officials of the United Mine Workers of America, fresh from the American Federation of Labor Convention in Philadelphia, where a resolution was adopted calling on the Federal Government to put the Colorado mines into a receivership unless the operators accepted the pending plan for the settlement of the strike, conferred today with President Wilson at the White House. The delegation, including John D. White, President; William Greene, Secretary-Treasurer, and F. J. Hayes, Vice President of the Mine Workers, was accompanied by Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor.

The labor leaders presented the resolutions to President Wilson, who listened attentively while the officials gave their views on the situation. After the conference Secretary Wilson said that the situation had been discussed in great detail, but that no conclusion had been reached.

TRADE BOOM IN WEST.

Chicago Firms Forced to Increase Their Working Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Business conditions in this city and throughout the Middle West are improving rapidly. It was announced today that Montgomery Ward & Co. had placed 200 additional men on the payroll. Sears, Roebuck & Co. said that business was normal for this time of the year. The Universal Portland Cement Company has testimony to the prosperity of the Middle Western farmers in the flood of orders pouring in from the country districts.

"The cold weather has stimulated our business immensely," said James Ward Thorne, Vice President of Montgomery Ward & Co. "We have had to add 200 to our working force. If the cold weather continues we expect to see the upward trend maintained. The demand for heavy overcoats, sweaters, mackinaws, underwear, boots, and shoes is very good."

John M. Glenn, Secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, said today: "Of course, a great deal of our prosperity is due to the tremendous demand from Europe, but it is prosperity nevertheless, so what is the use of asking questions about it?"

SAYS SERUM KILLED HIS BOY

Brooklyn Father May Sue City Because of Compulsory Vaccination.

Charging that the death of his 6-year-old son, Chester, from lockjaw was due to compulsory vaccination in school, Richard C. W. Waters of 4,913 Church Avenue, Brooklyn, says that he intends to sue the city because of alleged lax methods on the part of the Department of Health.

Chester was a pupil in Public School 135, at Church Avenue and East Forty-ninth Street. When he entered the school on Oct. 16 the parents were informed that the boy would have to be vaccinated. The same day a physician of the Health Department injected vaccine in the boy's arm. Chester showed no ill results until Nov. 8, when, after eating his supper, he collapsed and his jaws locked. Chester was taken to the Kings County Hospital, but all efforts to save his life were vain. Mr. Waters says that the physician who vaccinated the boy made no examination of the lad after injecting the serum and that the case was not followed up.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH
ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.
Ask for the Black Bottle With the Green Stripe.—Advt.

A. N. BRADY'S ESTATE WORTH $77,042,443

$4,916,579 Set Aside to be Adjusted After Taxes and Expenses Are Paid.

HOW MONEY WAS INVESTED

List Filed with Controller Shows Widespread Interests with Which Financier Was Identified.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—The net value of the estate left by Anthony N. Brady, as shown by the appraisal filed in the State Controller's office today, was $72,125,863. The gross estate was $4,916,579 more, but this amount was reserved for future adjustment by the appraiser, Charles M. Friend, in order to meet the purposes of taxation, the debts and expenses of administration, and contingent liabilities.

Real estate, including the Brady home at Albany	$140,255
Cash on hand and in banks	1,163,851
Stocks and bonds	67,307,301
Personal chattels, bonds, and mortgages, promissory notes, claims, accounts receivable, and miscellaneous investments	8,431,034
Total	$77,042,443

Mr. Friend has worked for several months to fix the true value of the estate at the time of Mr. Brady's death on July 22, 1913. The schedules presented by the executors of the estate were used as a basis by Mr. Friend upon which to work, but the estimated values in these schedules have been increased by several million dollars, which means a much larger tax for the State. This table shows Mr. Brady's miscellaneous investments:

Piedmont syndicate	$425,000
U. S. Motor syndicate:	
4,960 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 1st pf.	124,000
3,370 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 2d pf.	20,220
4,780 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. com.	11,950
Cash	23,879
Knoedler's Galleries, paintings	10,175
Jewelry	11,398
Automobiles	1,440
U. S. Light & Heating Co. notes	250,225
Forty-second Street & Madison Avenue Co. certificates	200,228
200 shares Brooklyn Jockey Club	25,000
100 shares Queens Co. Jockey Club	6,000

Among the principal holdings of securities of Mr. Brady at the time of his death were the following:

STOCKS.

6,600 American Copper Co.	$449,625
1,000 American Meter Co.	100,000
6,311 American Snuff Co. com.	990,827
12,844 American Tobacco Co. new pf.	1,155,960
32,344 American Tobacco Co. com.	6,792,240
12,400 Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	421,600
2,445 Bridgeport Gas Light Co. com.	317,850
288,335 British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.	5,190,030
3,600 Bronx Terminal Corp.	360,000
22,029 Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	1,935,798
210 Central Trust Co.	205,800
3,960.80 Commonwealth Edison Co.	566,394
411 Conley Foil Co.	110,970
9,200 Cons. Gas Co. of New York	1,205,200
6,501.60 Cons. Gas, Electric Light and Power Co. of Baltimore pf.	650,160
5,439.20 Cons. Gas, Electric Light and Power Co. of Baltimore com.	516,724
2,000 Cuba Railroad Co. pf.	200,000
4 Cuba Co. $50,000 per share	200,000
4,803.20 Dayton Power and Light Co. pf.	336,224
10,324.80 Dayton Power and Light Co. com.	103,248
2,920 Delaware & Hudson Co.	452,600
250 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Co.	32,500
1,150 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Co.	221,375
9,614 Electric Storage Battery Co. com.	432,630
1,857.44 General Motors Co. pf	143,022
1,668.80 Harway Improvement Co.	233,632
2,290 Helme Co., George W., com.	309,150
800 Industrial Trust Co.	188,800
7,392 Interborough-Metropolitan com.	116,424
589.60 Intercontinental Rubber Co. pf.	58,960
40,809.60 Intercontinental Rubber Co. com.	306,072
36,185 Kings County Electric Light and Power Co.	3,799,425
6,989 Kings County Lighting Co. voting trust certificates	384,395
955 Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.	157,575
3,938 Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. pf.	393,300
16,795 Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. com.	3,442,975
2,773 Lorillard Co., P., pf.	277,300
12,680 Lorillard Co., P., com.	1,902,000
1,753 MacAndrews & Forbes Co. com.	289,245
14,150 Memphis Cons. Gas Co. and Electric Co.	920,400
6,240 Merchants Power Co.	405,600
3,667 Municipal Gas Co.	1,081,765
400 New York State National Bank, (Albany)	120,000
8,000 Ogden Gas Co.	600,000
58,208 Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.	1,746,240
5,662 People's Gas Light and Coke Co.	639,806
1,100 Porto Rican-American Tobacco Co.	214,500
1,034.40 Providence Gas Co.	103,440
4,149 Reynolds Tobacco Co., R. J.	975,015
25 Thomson Hill Land Improvement Co.	162,500
1,155 Troy Gas Co.	259,875
8,800 Union Carbide Co.	1,425,600
4,000 United Drug Co. of Mass. com.	400,000
2,561 U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co. pf.	121,647
45,020.40 U. S. Rubber Co. 1st pf.	4,276,938
75,754.20 U. S. Rubber Co. 1st com.	3,787,710
11,200 Utica Gas and Electric Co.	1,680,000
3,600 Universal Gas Co.	252,000
2,290 Weyman-Bruton Co. com.	504,120

BONDS.

Amount.	Value as Appraised.
$2,385,000 Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. 4% bonds and interest	$2,101,383
$535,000 Consumers' Light, Heat and Power Co. 5% bonds and interest	429,560
$169,600 Dayton Power and Light Co. 5% bonds and interest	136,881
$200,000 Durham Coal and Iron Co. 5% bonds and interest	120,583
$280,000 Georgia & Florida Ry. 5% bonds and interest	199,150
$1,088,000 Indiana Natural Gas and Oil Co. 5% bonds and interest	719,440
$629,800 Kings County Electric Light and Power Co. convertible 6% bonds and interest	698,133
$1,010,400 Memphis Cons. Gas and Electric Co. 5% bonds and interest	791,059
$312,000 Merchants' Power Co. 5% bonds and interest	266,110
$152,000 Norfolk & Portsmouth Traction Co. 5% bonds and interest	124,196
Interest in Chattanooga and Tennessee River Power Co.	3,200,000
Equities in brokers' accounts	2,757,441
Due from N. F. Brady participation account	3,719,014

Mr. Brady's will was made on Jan. 30, 1913. It contained bequests of $25,000 to each of four Albany hospitals and annuities of $1,000 to each of his sisters, Mrs. C. B. Slosson, Mrs. A. L. Parr, and Mrs. F. L. Burton. To Mr. Brady's widow the family home on Upper State Street in this city was left, with all of the furniture, pictures, horses, carriages, and automobiles, $1,000,000, and an annuity of $60,000 "in lieu of dower."

The will directed that sufficient securities be set aside to insure the payment of the annuity.

The residuary estate was divided into six parts, two parts going to Nicholas F. Brady and James C. Brady, sons; three parts to be placed in the hands of the executors and trustees for the benefit of his daughters, Mrs. James C. Farrell, Mrs. Francis P. Garvan, and Mrs. Carl Tucker. The other part was left to Mr. Brady's granddaughter, Miss Marie A. Gavit, whose mother was killed in an accident. The will directs the trustees "to consider her station in life, her grandfather's expressed desire being that she shall be amply and liberally provided for in every way."

After this provision is made for the granddaughter the will directs that the balance of rents, income, and profit of this one-sixth of the estate shall be divided into two parts, one going to Erastus Palmer Gavit and the other to accumulate for the benefit of the granddaughter. If she attains her majority she is to receive the principal, or, if she dies before reaching her majority leaving issue, the principal is to be divided between her issue. If she dies leaving no issue then the principal goes to the issue of Mr. Brady, no matter whether the granddaughter's father is living or not.

GERMANS STILL PLAN INVASION OF ENGLAND

Believe That They Can Do It With Small War Craft, Big Guns and Zeppelins.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19. (Dispatch to The London Standard.)—Except for disappointment because England has not yet had much to suffer in herself, Germany's ruling spirits still profess to be satisfied with the progress of the war, says an Italian diplomatist who has just passed through here after a stay in Berlin.

He says they dismiss the inaction of their fleet as of no importance, arguing that England's main fleet has done nothing to speak about, either.

While they are understood to be nourishing designs for an invasion of England, they affirm that the fleet is not required for this operation. A combination of minor craft and big howitzers will be sufficient, once the land operations have advanced far enough to permit them to be brought up and used.

Besides, there are the Zeppelins. When it comes to the point, very little that is tangible can be elicited as to what is to happen when the Zeppelins get to work, and while it is an undoubted fact that dozens of them are being assembled for some movement against England, no details of any sort are obtainable.

The Italian diplomatist says the authorities in Berlin recognize the necessity of keeping up the enthusiasm of the populace. They continually announce the arrival of fresh batches of prisoners, and great crowds gather, but finally word goes forth that it is thought best to send the captives round the city instead of bringing them through.

The diplomatist avers that responsible men, entitled to speak with authority, describe the struggle as a war to the death between England and Germany. No argument will convince them that the war is not an outcome of English machinations—that France, Russia, and Belgium are not mere puppets.

CZARINA SAYS RUSSIA IS UNITED, WILL WIN

"Not the Promise-Breakers or Neutrality Violaters"—Wants Denmark to Know Views.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—The Empress of Russia, in an interview with a special correspondent of the Berlinske Tidende, expressed her confidence in the ultimate victory of the Russian arms. She said:

"Have you noticed how the war has welded the people into unbreakable unity? As long as the war lasts there will be no political parties in the lands over which the Czar rules. The Labor Party is going hand in hand with the other parties. Poles, Finns, and Jews have become Russians. They are collecting money for our hospitals and have voluntarily joined the colors. Many have already distinguished themselves in battle. From the arctic to the Black Sea and from Vladivostok to the Baltic you will find one united Russia which can and will be victorious.

"If the war is prolonged and very costly in life it will be the defenders of justice and not the promise-breakers or neutrality violaters who will at last attain victory.

"Tell Denmark that these words are from Empress Marie Feodorovna."

RUMANIA CALLS BOYS TO JOIN THE COLORS

Only Passenger Train Service Now With Austria—Anti-German Riots in Bucharest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Standard.)—Orders have been given for the immediate incorporation with the colors not only of next year's recruits, but of those for 1916 and 1917 who are medically reported fit for service.

The Danube Navigation Company has withdrawn all its boats from active service, and the only means of communication now between Rumania and Austria is by rail. Even then only passenger traffic is tolerated. No goods or parcels may be sent through.

Public opinion is daily becoming more outspoken in the cause of the Allies. There have been serious street riots owing to the determination of students not to permit the further publication of three newspapers said to be German controlled. The office of one of them has been burned down. Similar measures are threatened against the others if they persist in attempting to appear.

NEW POWDER STOPS BLOOD FROM A WOUND

Surgeons Dedicate Their Discovery, Coagulen, to Armies—May Save Thousands of Lives.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Nov. 19, (via Paris.)—A preparation which, it is said, will stop almost instantly the flow of blood from a wound has been discovered by Prof. Theodor Kocher of Berne, winner of the Nobel Prize for surgery in 1912, and his assistant, Dr. A. Fonce. The preparation is called coagulen.

It is in the form of a powder and is dissolved in water before it is applied to a wound. The physicians have made a gift of coagulen to the armies in the field, and have sent large quantities of the powder to the surgical headquarters of both the German and French Armies. The discovery is regarded by medical men here as likely to save the lives of thousands of soldiers. It can be applied by untrained hands, and the wounded man himself or his comrade may use the solution.

The Reputation of Deerfoot Farm Sausages has caused many imitations. Examine the wrapper and be sure you get the GENUINE—the finest pork sausages made. They contain the best parts of the pig, flavored with choicest spices. New York store, 173 Chambers Street. Tel. 3983 Cortlandt.—Advt.

T. M. OSBORNE TO BE WARDEN AT SING SING

Noted Prison Reformer Will Take Office on Dec. 1—Approved by Glynn and Whitman.

BIG SHAKE-UP PREDICTED

Warden-Elect Disapproves of Capital Punishment, but Would Make Executions 'Public Exhibitions.'

Thomas Mott Osborne of Auburn, N. Y., retired manufacturer, world traveler, lecturer, writer, and prison reformer, has accepted the offer of John B. Riley, State Superintendent of Prisons, of the post of the Warden of Sing Sing Prison. He will take office on Dec. 1, and will relieve ex-Judge George S. Weed, who was temporarily assigned to Sing Sing, when Warden Thomas J. McCormick was ousted on Oct. 30 as the result of the Sullivan scandal. As Warden Mr. Osborne will get a salary of $3,500.

The selection of Mr. Osborne has the approval of course of Gov. Glynn, and also of Gov.-elect Whitman. The acceptance of the wardenship was not made public by the State Prison Association until after Mr. Osborne had spent several hours with Mr. Whitman. Mr. Osborne is a Democrat, but he has long worked against the control of the Democratic Party in this State by Charles F. Murphy. The appointment is not regarded in any way as a political appointment, and Mr. Whitman, while refusing to talk about Mr. Osborne's selection, seemed most pleased. The Governor-elect had publicly expressed himself in favor of Mr. Osborne on several occasions.

It was only after a long consideration that Mr. Osborne consented to "take the job," as he put it last night. Gov. Glynn and Supt. Riley, it is understood, had to use much persuasion to get him back into official life. Mr. Osborne, in his letter of acceptance, made it clear that he was accepting the post for the simple reason that he was convinced he could be of service to the cause of prison reform in Sing Sing. Here is his letter:

Hotel Belmont, New York City,
Nov. 19, 1914.

Honorable John B. Riley, Superintendent of Prisons, Albany, N. Y.

My Dear Sir: You have requested me to accept the post of Warden of Sing Sing Prison, and Gov. Glynn has joined in that request. I appreciate very deeply the confidence thus expressed, and my delay in giving you a definite answer has been caused only by my doubt as to whether I could best serve the cause of prison reform by accepting an official position.

There has been expressed to me from many directions so strong a desire that I should undertake this responsibility that I have decided to do so. I am not unaware of the many difficulties connected with the position, but the possibilities of service seem great enough to more than counterbalance them.

The administration of its prisons has in general in the past been deeply discreditable to New York State. There has not only been the handicap of disgraceful physical conditions and inadequate legislation, but there has been only too often a lack of plain honesty and ordinary intelligence. The effect of this upon the human beings held as prisoners by the State has been most deplorable, resulting not only in unpardonable injustice during imprisonment, but also in the yearly return to society of many hundreds of men less able to get along in the world than when they were first sentenced.

I have sympathized fully with your efforts to remedy the evils of the old system, and have rejoiced in the results. It has been a great privilege to assist in the really wonderful beginnings of a sane and sensible prison system at Auburn under Warden Rattigan. If I can now be of use in helping forward the cause at Sing Sing, I do not feel at liberty to decline the task, notwithstanding the serious difficulties that surround it. Complete success does not seem to me possible under existing conditions; but I have been frequently surprised at what can be accomplished by the application of sincerity and commonsense to difficult problems.

I am willing to become Warden of Sing Sing Prison and do my duty in the office to the best of my ability as long as I can be of more service there than elsewhere to the cause of prison reform. Yours very truly, THOMAS MOTT OSBORNE.

Members of the State Prison Association were much pleased by the selection of Mr. Osborne. They had come into close touch with him as Chairman of the Commission on Prison Reform, but they had little hope of seeing Mr. Osborne accept an official position. Dr. O. F. Lewis, General Secretary of the association, said last night that he considered the appointment a master stroke. He intimated that a general shake-up among minor prison officials in Sing Sing would follow.

Mr. Osborne is 55 years old and a graduate of Harvard University of the class of 1884. His father founded a big harvester manufacturing concern which later became a part of the Harvester Trust. Thomas Mott Osborne engaged in business after graduation, but gradually got out of business and took interest in politics. He was the first member of his family to join the Democratic Party. He became popular in Auburn and was twice elected as Mayor of that city, overcoming strong Republican majorities. In 1907 Gov. Hughes appointed him as a member of the up-State Civil Service Commission, and he resigned in 1910 to fight the evils of the political machines of the State. Gov. Dix appointed him as Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner in 1910, and he resigned from this commission, too. Gov. Sulzer made him Chairman of the Commission on Prison Reform.

It was in the capacity of Prison Reform Commissioner that Mr. Osborne last Fall voluntarily entered Auburn prison for a "term of service." For six days he followed the routine of the convicts and experienced every form of prison degradation at hand. He expressed the belief at the time that he had to live with the prisoners to best understand what course to pursue in the matter of their reformation.

When seen at the Hotel Belmont last night he seemed quite elated over his chance to do something in the way of reform for Sing Sing. He refused to say what changes he would institute at Sing Sing. His writings on prison reform, however, indicate that he will organize a welfare league; that he will keep the prisoners outdoors as much as possible, and that he will give every opportunity for self-government. Mr. Osborne believes that existing penal conditions make bad men worse.

For one thing Mr. Osborne does not approve of capital punishment. When a reporter of THE TIMES referred to recent scenes in the death chamber of Sing Sing Mr. Osborne expressed his disgust over the electrical chair.

"You'll never see me in the death house when a man must go to the chair," he said.

"Doesn't the law provide for the warden's presence?" asked the reporter.

"I think there is a way out of that," replied Mr. Osborne.

"Will you advocate legislation for the abolition of capital punishment?" he was asked.

"I will support such legislation," he replied. "If we cannot have an abolition of capital punishment we ought to have public exhibitions of executions, I believe."

"Do you mean that you would favor the public staging of deaths in the electric chair?" asked the reporter.

"Yes, why make it a secret affair. If we must have capital punishment we might as well make it the greatest possible deterrent of crime," he said.

Smokers may now obtain PALL MALL Famous Cigarettes, with PLAIN ENDS, in the distinctive single-row packages.—Advt.

Holiday Gifts—Art Calendars, &c., and "Standard" desks. Chas. E. Matthews, 31 E. 28th.—Advt.

GOEBEN AFIRE IN BLACK SEA BATTLE; RUSSIAN WARSHIP ALSO HIT, 33 KILLED

Summary of War News.

Russian and Turkish fleets in the Black Sea have met in battle without decisive result. Petrograd reports that the cruiser Goeben was set afire and fled, while the Breslau refused battle. Berlin reports that a Russian ship was badly damaged and others fled to Sebastopol with Turkish ships in pursuit.

The battle in Flanders slackened yesterday. Both Paris and Berlin report that there has been no change in the lines, attacks from both sides having been repulsed. An official report says British naval guns are bombarding the Germans in Dixmude.

German reinforcements are pouring into Poland where, between the Vistula and Warthe Rivers, a big battle is imminent.

Russia is sending more troops against the Turks in the Batum district, and reports the defeat of the Kurds in Persian Armenia. British reports of the fighting in Arabia claim victory where the Turks previously reported a British defeat.

Berlin reports that the victory of the Austrians over the Servians at Valjevo was complete, 6,000 Servians being captured.

Rumania has called the recruits of 1916 and 1917 to the colors.

FRENCH RETAKE TRACY-LE-VAL

Algerian Troops Drive Germans Back, Inflicting Heavy Losses.

REPULSED IN THE ARGONNE

Germans Report a Victory Near Servon—British Naval Guns Shell Dixmude.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—Success in operations between the Oise and the Aisne is announced in today's War Office bulletin dealing with the fighting of yesterday. Though the official communication issued tonight said, "The day has been particularly calm; there is nothing to report," the day report contained this news:

On the north yesterday was marked by a renewal of activity on the part of the enemy's artillery, particularly between the seacoast and the Lys. There were no infantry attacks in this region.

Between the Oise and the Aisne the operations in the vicinity of Tracy-le-Val had a termination very favorable for our troops. It will be remembered that we took possession of this village several days ago. The day before yesterday the Germans endeavored to recapture it. After having captured our first trenches they succeeded in making their way as far as the central square of the village. Here, however, a vigorous counter attack delivered by our Algerian contingents drove the enemy back, wrested from him all the ground we had lost, and inflicted on him very heavy losses.

In the Argonne we have maintained our position.

Along the rest of the front there is nothing new to report.

Tracy-le-Val, at the "elbow" of the western battle front, is its nearest point to Paris, being fifty-five miles distant.

Germans Report Argonne Victory.

BERLIN, Nov. 19, (via Marconi Wireless Telegraph to London.)—A German official communication given out in Berlin today says:

The situation in West Flanders and in the North of France is unchanged.

A German aviation squadron encountered some of the enemy's aviators while making a reconnoitring flight and caused them to descend, one of them falling. One of our flying machines is missing.

A fierce French attack in the region of Servon, on the western slope of the Argonne Forest, was repulsed with heavy loss to the enemy. Our losses were small.

In the eastern theatre of the war the newly commenced battles are proceeding.

REPORTS HEAVY GERMAN LOSS.

French Embassy Says Assailants Left 1,200 Dead Near Ypres.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Foreign Office dispatches to the French Embassy here today referred to the great loss of life inflicted on the enemy by the allied troops and spoke of the success of the French scouting parties in obtaining information of German troop movements. The dispatches duplicated War Office communications with the following additions:

"Supplementary information received here reveals that the last three days' fighting has resulted particularly disastrously for adversaries as regards the execution rendered by the Allies in repulsing attacks. To the east of Ypres, the Germans left more than 1,200 dead in a space of ground of not more than 500 or 600 meters, (approximately 1,000 to 2,000 feet.)

"In the vicinity of St. Mihiel, after having made successful advances, our troops withstood the shock of reinforcements from the enemy, holding all points previously taken. The Germans blew up the garrison of Chavoncourt with a mine. We had partly captured this town, and, resuming, we were able to force the enemy's lines back upon the other troops operating in that region.

"The German press has announced that a strong French attack in the region of Cirey has been repulsed. As a matter of fact, we have not engaged at that point, except in reconnoitring. The reconnoitring parties fortunately have been successfully conducted and, despite resistance, have discovered the position and strength of the enemy."

Still POLAND WATER Aerated
America's Favorite.
Recognized as the Leader for its Purity and Medicinal Properties in every part of the world.—Advt.

BRITISH NAVAL GUNS BOMBARDING DIXMUDE

Germans Holding Only the Outskirts—Their Shells Set Fire to Armentieres.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BELGIAN ARMY, Wednesday, Nov. 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The situation in Western Flanders has changed little since the Allies extended their left wing to the coast nearly a month ago. The fighting is of the same character, with violent attacks and counter-attacks.

Exhausted by their previous efforts to break through, the Germans seem to be marking time. A Winter campaign in the Low Countries will be exceedingly difficult for either side, and progress must be slow. The roads are in terrible condition, and in some cases the mud is several feet deep. Heavy artillery, therefore, cannot be easily moved.

Dixmude is held by the Germans by the skin of their teeth, and their positions are suffering constant bombardment. The town may be recaptured at any moment by the Franco-Belgian forces. At present it is neutral ground, its ruined houses affording little cover for the Germans, who have retired to the outskirts.

The fierce shell fire of the British naval guns has been responsible for such retirement of the Germans as has taken place. Street fighting is of frequent occurrence. At night the ruined houses echo with the hoarse cries of the opposing forces, and every dawn discloses heaps of dead. Then "Cease firing" is ordered by both sides, and the Red Cross workers carry on their merciful work.

The River Yser, with the constant rains of the last few days, has overflowed its banks—an occurrence which adds further to the difficulties of the Germans. Through powerful telescopes one can faintly discern here and there a stranded gun up to its limbers in water. Many Germans have been caught unawares by the waters, which crept steadily up and overwhelmed them.

Gales have swept the coast, but the British naval airmen are undaunted. I watched one yesterday, and his feats seemed marvelous under the conditions. One could scarcely stand upright against the wind, yet the aviator seemed to have perfect control of his machine.

Following their general policy, the Germans have bombarded Armentières, and, as at Ypres, many historic buildings have been struck, while a great part of the town is in flames. The allied forces are outside the town, and the idea of the bombardment is, of course, to prevent communication from the base behind the lines.

There are more than 500 German prisoners here, guarded by the London Scottish. The majority of them are youths and old men. A cotton broker who is among their number relates the following story:

"We left Aix-la-Chapelle on Oct. 13, totally ignorant of our destination. We passed through Liége and Brussels, and finally arrived on the firing line a fortnight ago. After five days' fighting we were captured; and glad we were, too, to be prisoners. Personally, I am sick of the war, as I believe honestly many of our soldiers are. I should add that so ignorant were our men of their destination that they thought they were in Russia; some of them had Russo-German dictionaries."

RUIN IN WEST FLANDERS.

Dixmude Wiped Out, Nieuport and Ypres Badly Damaged.

THE HAGUE, (Via London,) Nov. 19. Advices received here from Thielt, Belgium, which were brought by way of Sas van Ghent by messenger and are dated Nov. 16, say that West Flanders, the scene of incessant military operations, remains an island cut off from the rest of Belgium through the blowing up of most of the bridges leading thereto. Peasants are obliged to make emergency bridges from planks and crawl along these to escape from the danger zone. The Germans have declared the territory west of the railroad running from Antwerp to Brussels and thence to Mons an official war area, where no one—not even a German—is allowed to travel without a special military passport.

It is difficult to obtain reliable news of the situation in the war zone, as the bedraggled men and women who manage to escape are too miserable, through cold and hunger, to give a connected account of their experiences. Their only definite recollection seems to be the continued cannon fire and the endless processions of wounded filling their villages.

It was learned from some of them, however, that Dixmude, the scene of much severe fighting, is entirely ruined. Nieuport also suffered severely. The principal church there has lost its tower and its roof, and the Renaissance carvings in its interior have been demolished. In Ypres the Cloth Hall, which was one of the few ancient buildings saved from the English siege in the year 1383, is severely damaged by shrapnal fire.

8x10 Bromide Enlargements, 25c. Victor N. Nunes Co., Opticians, 34 E. 42d St.—Advt.

Turkish Squadron Put to Flight After Battle of 40 Minutes.

BRESLAU FAILED TO FIGHT

Held Off While Russian Vessels Poured Heavy Broadsides Into Sister Ship.

GOEBEN VANISHED IN FOG

Constantinople Reported to Berlin That the Russian Fleet Was Beaten Off.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19.—The following official statement was given out today by the Russian Ministry of Marine regarding the naval battle in the Black Sea between the Russian and Turkish fleets:

On Nov. 18 a division of the Black Sea fleet, returning from its cruise to Sebastopol, near the coast of Anatolia, sighted, twenty-five miles from the Bhersones light, a Turkish detachment, consisting of the Goeben and the Breslau. The Russian fleet immediately drew up in battle order, bringing the enemy to starboard, and opened fire at a distance of forty cable lengths. The first salvo of twelve-inch guns from the flagship Admiral Evstafry struck the Goeben and caused an explosion amidships, setting her on fire. Following the Evstafry the other Russian ships opened fire, the Russian guns giving an excellent account of themselves.

A series of explosions were seen in the hull of the Goeben, which opened fire slowly. The enemy seemed not to have expected to meet us. The Germans fired salvos of their heavy guns, directing them exclusively at the flagship. The encounter continued for forty minutes, after which the Goeben withdrew and disappeared in the fog, taking advantage of her speed.

The Breslau took no part in the fight, holding herself on the horizon. The Evstafry suffered only insignificant damage.

The Russian losses were a Lieutenant, three ensigns, and twenty-nine sailors killed, a Lieutenant and nineteen sailors seriously wounded, and five sailors slightly wounded.

Berlin Hears Russians Fled.

BERLIN, Nov. 19, (by Wireless to The Associated Press.)—A Turkish fleet has engaged a Russian squadron composed of two battleships and five cruisers off Sebastopol, according to an official report reaching Berlin from Constantinople today.

One of the Russian battleships was seriously damaged, and the other vessels, with the Turkish ships in pursuit, fled to Sebastopol.

The Goeben and the Breslau, referred to in the Petrograd dispatch, are the two German cruisers which fled to a Turkish port at the outbreak of the war and were said to have been bought by the Turkish Government. Both vessels are still commanded by German officers and manned by German crews.

The Goeben is a battle cruiser with ten 11-inch and twelve 5.9-inch guns. Her speed is twenty-five knots. The Breslau is a light cruiser and has twelve 4.1-inch guns. Her speed is twenty-six knots. Both vessels were built in 1912.

LIBAU PARTLY CLOSED.

Germans Report Sinking Ships and Bombarding the Forts.

BERLIN, (via The Hague and London,) Nov. 19.—A war bulletin issued today says:

"The German fleet has succeeded in partly closing the harbor of Libau, Russia, through the sinking of ships, and also has bombarded important military positions. Otherwise there is no news of any importance."

SINKS AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE.

French Cruiser Waldeck Rousseau Victor in the Adriatic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Standard.)—News from the Adriatic says the cruiser Waldeck Rousseau has sunk anoth[illegible] submarine.

The Austrians seem to keep a special watch for this vessel, and during a recent cruise of only four days the cruiser had to run the gauntlet of aeroplane, submarine, and torpedo boat attacks. She not only came through them unscathed, but with honors on her side, for besides sinking a submarine she chased and battered a flotilla of seventeen hostile destroyers.

GLASGOW IN DRY DOCK.

British Cruiser at Rio Janeiro Has Five Holes in Her Hull.

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, Nov. 19.—The British cruiser Glasgow, which arrived here on Nov. 17 to repair the damages sustained in the naval battle off the Chilean coast on Nov. 1, when the Good Hope and Monmouth were sunk, has obtained permission from the Brazilian Government to enter dry dock and to receive the most urgent repairs. The work must be completed within seven days and at the expiration of that time the vessel will take to the high seas.

The Glasgow has five holes in her hull made by shells. Four of her sailors were wounded.

From conversations with the officers of the Glasgow it became known today

that at the opening of the battle the cruiser Good Hope, Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock's flagship, considering the higher power of the German squadron's guns, ordered the Glasgow and the transport Otranto to seek a place of refuge. Notwithstanding this order the Glasgow answered the fire of the German cruisers and was hit several times.

In the first minutes of the fight, the officers of the Glasgow say, one of the Good Hope's 9.2-inch guns was dismantled and then her gunpowder stores exploded. Admiral Cradock and the crews of the Good Hope and the Monmouth went down with their ships.

The British battleship Canopus, the officers say, speeding at only sixteen knots an hour, could not arrive in time to participate in the battle.

STEAMER EKBATANA SUNK.

Hamburg-American Liner Destroyed in Persian Gulf.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 20.—The news has been received in London that the Hamburg-American liner Ekbatana has been sunk in the Persian Gulf.

The Ekbatana was built at West Hartlepool in 1905 for the Hamburg-American Line by W. Gray & Co. She was a steel single screw steamship of 4,573 gross tonnage, 373 feet long. She was commanded by Capt. W. Krieger.

OUTLET FOR SWEDISH SHIPS.

England Allows Them to Use the Route North of Scotland.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Swedish Foreign Office has received permission from the British Admiralty for Swedish transatlantic liners to make the passage by way of the north of Scotland. Through this sanction the worst troubles for Swedish shipping are removed, Germany having officially declared she had no intention of making navigation in these regions insecure.

"This permission on the part of Great Britain," says the Swedish Shipping Gazette, "must be hailed with great satisfaction, and brings the hope that everything will again be working under fairly normal conditions."

ASSAIL ARGENTINE NEUTRALITY

Germans Say British Steamers Carry Horses to France.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 19.—The Germans claim that Argentina is allowing violations of neutrality by permitting the refitting of British steamers to carry Argentine horses for the French.

The steamer La Correntia, sailing from here on Oct. 5 with fourteen passengers, twelve of whom were British volunteers, and a million-dollar cargo of meat, is believed to have been captured by the Germans.

South America is deluged with British, German, and Spanish publications against each other.

WARSHIP OFF CAPE COD.

Believed to be the Caronia, Now a British Cruiser.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—A strange steamship, believed to be a British warship, was seen today cruising off the end of Cape Cod. She refused to answer signals from the marine observatory at Highland Light.

The craft had two masts and two funnels painted lead color, and appeared similar to the Cunard liner Caronia, which was requisitioned by the British Admiralty last August as an auxiliary cruier. The Caronia has lately been doing patrol duty off the coast.

Capt. Dodge of the steamship Gloucester, which arrived today from Norfolk, said he sighted the vessel off Race Point, but she displayed no signals and her name could not be made out.

COPPER SHIPS RELEASED

But Italian Steamers Must Return Their Copper to Gibraltar.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Italian steamers San Giovanni and Regina d'Italia, released after representations by the State Department against their detention at Gibraltar, were allowed to proceed to Italy only after agreeing to return to Gibraltar with their copper cargoes, it was learned today.

The vessels were bound for the United States, and carried large general cargoes, which would have had to be removed to reach the copper. A British prize court at Gibraltar will decide whether their copper is contraband.

MINES STREW DUTCH COAST.

Eighty of Them Washed Ashore—Bodies Also Cast Up.

THE HAGUE, (via London,) Nov. 19.—Holland's difficult position as a result of the war is shown by one week's reports from the coast and frontiers. Along the coast eighty mines, of French, German, and English make, have come up on shore and, exploding, caused the death of nine persons and the wounding of five.

More than 100 bodies, presumably of British sailors from sunken warships, have been washed ashore and buried with military honors.

Along the southern frontier nearly 200 Belgians, who had been hiding from the Germans, surrendered to the Dutch Army. They crossed the frontier in civilian clothes and then put on their uniforms, which they carried in bags, and claimed protection in the Dutch international detention camps, saying that otherwise they would starve. Since the beginning of the cold weather a dozen Germans have crossed into Holland, surrendered their arms, and have been sent to the detention camps.

On Nov. 17 an apparently damaged war balloon, floating at a great height, passed over the southern provinces and disappeared in an easterly direction.

On Nov. 16 a German border patrol near Nieuwe Schans opened fire on Dutch frontier guards, mistaking them for smugglers.

Through trains to Germany have been abolished, while the trip across the North Sea to England, which formerly required seven hours, now takes twenty-seven hours.

Heard Guns Off Swedish Coast.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The correspondent of the Central News at Copenhagen reports that very heavy gun firing was heard on Tuesday afternoon from Gotland Island, in the Baltic Sea, off the Swedish coast, and is supposed to have been from a battle between German and Russian fleets.

GERMAN SNIPERS PIERCE BRITISH LINE

Throw Stones to Draw Fire and Reveal the Foe's Positions.

YPRES THE BATTLE CENTRE

British Headquarters Observer Reports Vain German Attacks on Rain-Beaten Trenches.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The following descriptive account, which has been communicated by an eye-witness present with General Headquarters, continues and supplements the narrative published on Nov. 17 of the movements of the British force and the French armies immediately in touch with it:

"Nov. 16.—The nature of the situation on our front has not altered since the last letter. The Germans have continued to press generally along our line and have focused their attention mostly around Ypres, though there has, up to now, not been a resumption of the violent attacks against that place.

"Friday, the 13th, was windy, with much rain. Trying as life in the trenches is under such conditions, our men have at least the consolation of knowing that the enemy were in a worse plight, for the wind blew steadily in their faces. On our left the morning passed in desultory shelling, which swelled in the afternoon to a fierce bombardment of the section of our line running south to the Menin-Ypres road. This was the prelude to an attack along the whole line. Around Ypres the enemy rushed our trenches at one point, but they were driven out again and the assault was repulsed. Here, again, our losses, though heavy, were much less than those of the Germans.

"As each successive attempt to take Ypres by assault fails, the bombardment of the unhappy town is renewed with ever-increasing fury.

"Further to the south, on our left centre, the situation remained practically unchanged, a little ground being lost here and there and then regained. On our centre and right, as indeed along the whole of our line, the hostile artillery appears to have received orders on this day to search the area in the rear of our trenches. This, no doubt, is part of the policy of wearing down.

"On the night, on the night of the 13th-14th, a German trench was taken by a portion of our battalions, the occupants being bayonetted or taken prisoners. Part of another battalion, which also advanced during the night, encountered some of the enemy, who were attempting a similar operation. A hand-to-hand fight ensued, in which we came off victors. We killed twenty-five Germans and lost only two men ourselves.

"Saturday was very cold; there was also some rain. On our left proceedings were started with the usual heavy shelling, and the Germans again resumed the offensive in the afternoon south of the Menin-Ypres road with a similar result to that obtained on the previous day. They penetrated our line at one or two points, but were soon driven out, and the line was almost completely restored.

"Further to the south the French made an attack near Wytschaete and gained some ground, under cover of a very heavy fire from the guns.

"In the afternoon our left centre was subjected to shelling alone, and in our centre Armentières was subject to similar treatment. The town is now practically deserted by its inhabitants.

"During the day Bethune was also bombarded by the enemy, who continued to devote his attention to the towns, villages, and roads in the rear of our line, rather than to the trenches themselves.

"On Sunday the 15th, on our left, east of Ypres, a well-conducted counter-attack was carried out against that portion of the line occupied by the enemy on the previous day, where he has established himself in some stables and trenches. Two attempts had already failed when at 5:30 P. M. a gun was brought up to within 300 yards' range. After four rounds had been fired a party succeeded in carrying the position, the subaltern in command being killed. The attack was led by the company Sergeant Major. This non-commissioned officer was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal, but has since died of his wounds.

"The bombardment slackened considerably in this quarter. During the day on the southeast of Ypres, between Hollebeke and Wytschaete, there was some hard fighting, in which the French held their ground. On our left centre nothing occurred beyond the usual shelling. In the centre we scored a local success. Some of the trenches and houses lately captured by the Germans were heavily bombarded by our howitzers, with the result that the defenders bolted from the position and were caught by the fire of our machine guns as they retired, losing about half their number.

"On our right all was quiet. The weather on this day was about the worst we have yet experienced. It was bitterly cold, and rain fell in torrents. Nevertheless, in spite of all difficulties, our aviators carried out a successful reconnoissance. For some time they hovered over the German lines, observing the emplacements of the batteries and searching the roads for hostile columns in the midst of a storm of driving snow and sleet which was encountered in high altitudes.

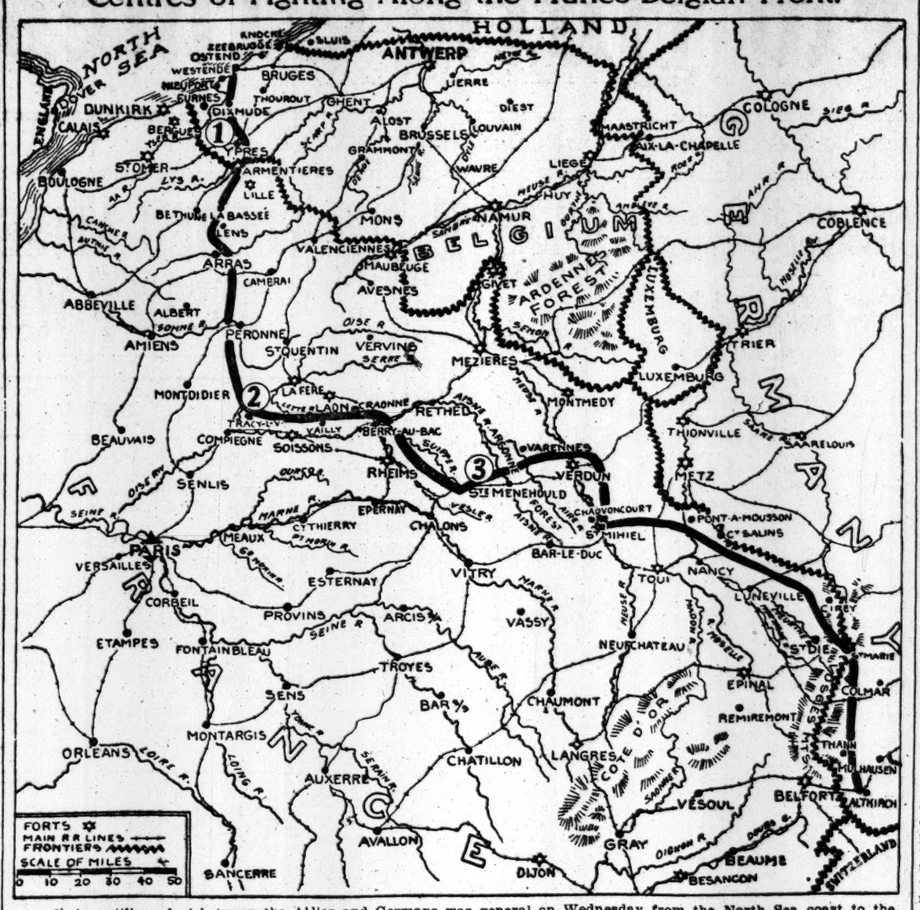
"Further information has recently come to hand regarding the enemy's methods of sniping and spying. Non-commissioned officers are offered Iron Crosses if they will penetrate our lines at night. Those that attempt this work, having discarded boots, helmets, and other impedimenta, crawl as close as possible to our defenses and try to attract the attention of one of our sentries by throwing a stone in a direction contrary to that in which they are crawling. This generally causes neighboring sentries to fire, thus betraying their positions and that of our line of trenches.

"These spies or snipers often wear khaki uniforms and woolen caps similar to those worn by our men, and, thus disguised, sometimes succeed in getting right behind our lines to favorable spots, from which they shoot men passing to and fro. Many of them speak English well and display great ingenuity and effrontery in getting out of tight corners.

"Another reason for penetrating our lines is the cutting of telephone wires, and behind one section of our front breaks have of late been very frequent. That the damage has not been entirely due to bursting shells has now been proved by the capture of one of the enemy's secret agents carrying wire cutters and a rifle. The man was known to have been on intimate terms with the Germans before they retired from the area now occupied by us."

The "eye-witness" concludes with a eulogy of a French doctor who, with several nuns, remained in Ypres during the bombardment, nursing fifty-two German wounded, and was finally killed by a shell. The day after his death the nuns and wounded were removed to a place of safety.

Centres of Fighting Along the Franco-Belgian Front.



1. An artillery duel between the Allies and Germans was general on Wednesday from the North Sea coast to the River Lys.
2. According to the French War Office report, Wednesday's fighting at Tracy-le-Val resulted in the recapture by Algerian troops of the ground previously lost.
3. The Berlin official report announced the repulse, with heavy loss, of a French attack on the western slope of the Argonne Forest.

POINTS OUT FLAWS IN SHAW'S LOGIC

Cunninghame Graham Denounces Controversy Among Literary Men Over the War.

AIM TO DESTROY THE SOUL

Argument Rendered Unnecessary by Harden's Avowal That Germany Was Bent on the Struggle.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 20.—R. B. Cunninghame Graham, in a letter to The Daily News on the Shaw manifesto, says:

"The controversy between men of peace as to the merits, demerits, causes, and possible results of the great war is becoming almost as dangerous and little less noisy than the real conflict now being waged in and around Ypres. The only difference between the two conflicts is that the combatants in Flanders only strive to kill the body. Those who fire paper bullets aim at the annihilation of the soul.

"Literature is a nice thing in its way. It both passes and gives us many weary hours. It has its place. But I submit that at present it is mere dancing on a tight rope. Whether the war could have been avoided or not is without interest today. In fact, there is no controversy possible after Maximilian Harden's pronouncement. In it he throws away the scabbard and says boldly that Germany from the first was set on war. Hence it becomes a work of supererogation to find excuses for her, and hence, my old friend, Bernard Shaw, penned his long indictment of his hereditary enemy, England, all in vain.

"We are a dull-witted race. Although the Continent has dubbed us 'Perfidious Albion,' it is hard for us to take in general ideas, and no man clearly sees the possibilities of the development of the original sin that lies dormant in him. Thus it becomes hard for us to understand the reason why, if Germany tore up a treaty three months ago we are certain to tear up another in three year's time.

"All crystal gazing appeals but little to the average man on this side of the St. George's Channel. It may be that we shall tear up many treaties, but the broad fact remains that hitherto we have torn up none.

"The particular treaty that Germany tore up was signed by five powers in 1839, ratified again in 1870 by a special clause respected by King Frederick William in his war against the French, was often referred to in Parliament by Gladstone and by other Ministers, and was considered binding on its signatories. Germany tore it up for her own ends, thus showing that she was a stupid though learned people, for she at once at the same time prejudiced her case to the whole world and made a military mistake.

"No human motives are without alloy, but at the same time honesty in our case has proved the better policy. Germany, no doubt, would have granted us almost anything for our assent to her march through Belgium. We refused her offers, no doubt from mixed motives, for every Englishman is not an orphan archangel, stupid, or dull or muddle-headed, or what not. The balance of the world is with us, not, perhaps, because they love us greatly, but because they see that we, perhaps by accident, have been forced into the right course and that all smaller nationalities such as Montenegro, Ireland, Poland, and the rest would disappear on our defeat."

FRENCH FIGHT FROM RAFTS.

Bluejackets, Aided by Armored Automobiles, Rout Germans in Belgium

PARIS, Nov. 18.—A brilliant attack by British troops and French sailors caused the Germans to evacuate Schoorbakke, Belgium, which is practically surrounded by the water from the broken dikes, according to news reaching here from the battle front.

Because of the flood only two roads were open to the town, and on one of these the British approached in two armored automobiles. It was a night attack, and the Germans in the town immediately turned their attention to them. Meanwhile the bluejackets, who had made rafts on flat-bottomed boats, crossed the water and took the Germans in the rear, forcing them to flee by the one road still left open. The Germans abandoned many guns, ammunition, and stores, and their dead and wounded.

There is some anxiety here as to just what has happened at Chauvoncourt, a village near St. Mihiel, on the Lorraine frontier. On Tuesday the French official communication reported that the French troops had occupied the western part of Chauvoncourt, and yesterday's official statement said that this part of the town had been blown up by the Germans, who, apparently, had mined the place before they retired. How severely the French troops suffered by this exploit is not yet known. Chauvoncourt, which contained vast French military buildings and stores, is on the right bank of the Meuse. It has been occupied by the Germans for some time, and is an important link between the Argonne and Metz.

The Belgian Army is drawing a supply of new officers in large part from the Belgian Civic Guard. According to a member of the Belgian War Office, at Havre, the Civic Guard is composed of men who have seen service in the army and are well qualified to become officers.

Figures are not yet available regarding the results of the mobilization of the Belgian class of 1915 or regarding the call for volunteers, but it is known that the young men refugees in Holland, England, and France are responding with great readiness and enthusiasm.

BRUGES, (via London,) Nov. 19.—Fighting between the German and allied forces in the inundated territory between Dixmude and Nieuport, on the North Sea coast, is now frequently being carried on in boats.

Artillery, for the first time in the war, has proved ineffective, but personal bravery and enterprise are counting for much, and the battle is beginning to resemble the classical siege of Leyden in the sixteenth century, with raids and counter raids by means of flat-bottomed boats.

Two corporals of the Seventh Belgian Infantry have been made Knights of the Leopold Order for transporting forty men, including fifteen severely wounded, across the zone of inundation under heavy fire.

The battle in its present stage, army officials say, may last several months.

FRENCH BLAME BRITISH PRESS.

Say Its Reports Disparage the Valor of the German Troops.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A dispatch to The Standard from Bordeaux says that French officers fix September, 1916, as the earliest date of the absolute cessation of hostilities, and forecast another six months, practically amounting to an armistice, in which the terms of peace will be arranged.

"But," says the correspondent, "of what avail is the speculative side of the probable duration of the war? There are so many things to do yet. We cannot begin to think until the Germans are driven out of France and Belgium. Any talk before that would be futile.

"They take a great deal of beating, too. It is annoying to the French people who read English to absorb so much daily as to the 'rout' of the Germans so many times through cowardice and dread of cold steel. The French wounded tell a different tale, and are discouraged to think their victories over the Germans are so frequently called runaways. Disparaging the enemy in this way brings no glory whatever in defeating him.

"A French cavalry officer who has just returned with a splintered shoulder told me he was not at all sure that cavalry was much good in present-day warfare. He had seen the battles in South Africa and knew the value of mounted infantry, and he was firmly convinced that the horse, except for purposes of transport and artillery, would prove a negligible quantity.

"'You have read in your papers,' he continued, 'that the cavalry have done this, that, and the other; but they will die out as a fighting force, and the sabre will give way to the rifle and the bayonet. There must be a certain number of mounted troops—yes; but they will not be such a factor as before. Motor cyclists will be substituted to a great extent in European warfare; their value is not yet fully appreciated. Before the end of the war in the French Army, and in the British, too, there will be ten times the number employed at present. We shall need three times the number of motor cars, too. The first requisition was nothing to what will be required.'

"Referring again to the cavalry, this officer continued: 'The numbers will be kept up for some months on the same principle as at present, but before long the men will be armed with rifles and bayonets.'"

MORE BIG GUNS FOR THE WEST

Germans Said to be Relying Upon Them Rather Than Infantry.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—In Flanders and France the battle, which has been going on for thirty-five days, has again developed into an artillery duel, and infantry attacks, which formerly were of so frequent occurrence, have decreased. This doubtless is due to the inability of the infantry on either side to operate successfully over the muddy ground and also because of the extended area which the Allies have flooded between the coast and Dixmude.

While they are moving men eastward to oppose the Russians, the Germans are reported to be bringing more big guns to the western front, having determined to carry on a big gun bombardment of the Allies' entrenchments.

PRINCE OF WALES WINS PRAISE FOR HARD WORK

Performs Regular Staff Duty and Aids in Caring for the Wounded.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN FRANCE, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The Prince of Wales, now on Field Marshal Sir John French's staff at the front, had a busy day yesterday. His military duties kept him on the move from early morning until late in the afternoon bringing into play his big motor car, which has just been sent across from England.

In his visits to various places he was accompanied by two other staff officers. There also was long attendance at headquarters, and when he retired it was with the intimation that reveille would be at 5:30 this morning.

The Prince, who now hears for the first time in his life the sound of heavy gunfire in actual warfare, is taking his turn of duty like any other staff officer, and it is his own wish that he shall not be relieved of any work which the ordinary routine may bring him.

He is winning the high praise of officers and men by his unassuming zeal. The soldiers are proud of having the Prince among them. Already he has not only come into personal touch with men who have been hard at work on the fighting line, but has shared in the task of conveying the wounded to the field hospitals and has made the acquaintance of the Indian troops.

The Prince is making a name as a pedestrian. "He's as fit as they make them, and thinks nothing of walking twenty-five miles on a couple of sandwiches and an apple," said an officer.

EMPRESS'S COIFFEUR JAILED.

M. Gerard Excited French Suspicions by His Praise of Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The German Empress's former hairdresser is a victim of the war in a double sense. Being a Frenchman, he lost his employment as hostilities broke out, and now he has been arrested in his native country as a suspect.

M. Gerard, as he is called, could not bring himself to discard in republican France the airs he gave himself in Germany by reason of his privileged post in the imperial household. This annoyed the good people of St. Germain, where Gerard lived. Moreover, he made himself conspicuous by interviewing German prisoners, and could not say enough in praise of all that was German. He was accordingly reported to the police as a suspect, and is now languishing in the Versailles jail pending a decision in his case by the military authorities.

USING FRENCH RESOURCES.

Germans Working Mills and Coal Mines, Traveler Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—A traveler, just returned from a trip through the portion of France occupied by the Germans, informs the Temps that the Germans are utilizing all the resources of the country, working the mills north of the Aisne, the coal mines at Anzin and Aniche, and everywhere seizing goods for transportation to Germany. At Hirson the Germans issued a newspaper in French, which recently stated that they had not taken Paris in order not to humiliate France excessively. In other localities the Germans asserted that they had withdrawn owing to cholera, which was devastating the French capital. Many villages avoid German occupation by posting, when the enemy's approach is signaled, placards, signed by the Mayor, warning the inhabitants that typhus is raging throughout the commune and bidding them boil the water and take other precautions.

FRANCE ALLOWS CABLE CODES.

New Rule Affects Messages to Her Colonies and This Country.

BORDEAUX, (via Paris,) Nov. 19.—The Minister of Commerce, in order to facilitate telegraphic correspondence between France and the United States and the French colonies, will permit the sending and delivering of messages from five of the code books in general use.

The new rule will go into effect tomorrow. Such code telegrams, however, must be accompanied by a translation in plain language, either in French or English.

IRISH FISTS ROUT GERMAN BAYONETS

Surprised in Trenches Near Ypres, They Beat Back Assailants.

FIERCE TWO DAYS' BATTLE

Beginning of What Is Regarded as Germans' Last Effort to Reach the French Coast.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN FRANCE, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The grim battle between Ypres and La Bassée has begun again, and the British troops are once more in the thick of the fight, bearing the brunt of the fierce German attacks.

This battle, it is fully expected, is the very last effort of the Germans to reach the coast before assuming a studied defensive for the Winter under a state of siege in their natural and hastily devised citadels.

Tuesday night the Germans hurled their men once more against the British lines. The battle began in a storm, and, as in the majority of German attacks, the infantry were seen to be creeping toward the British trenches at about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. It was then dark. The rain poured into the trenches and the cold nip of approaching frost permeated the air.

On and on the German infantry crept, and this time they were not in close formation. The German guns thundered, but their shells were falling wide of the trenches. The English officers prepared to give them a warm reception. They ordered their men to evacuate some of the trenches, but the men were not leaving their positions because retreat was necessary.

At 6:30 the first rifle shots rang out from a number of the British trenches. The Germans were dangerously close and had met no opposition except from the British shell fire. When they reached the evacuated trenches they were cut down to a man by a terrific hail of bullets from the woods on both flanks. Almost within ten minutes of the first British volley their first four lines were shattered, while the British suffered no casualties.

When the German advance lines were thus trapped our infantry bore down upon them at racing speed and attacked their supports, who already had begun to retire on realizing the nature of the defence. They soon cleared out of our lines, and we pursued over one and a half kilometers.

At one point only, on our left flank did the Germans manage to discover the British regiment that was enfilading their lines. They stumbled across an Irish regiment as it was wiping out whole companies and they immediately attacked it.

"I was stunned by a blow on my head, and I knew no more about things until this morning, when I found myself still in the trench wrapped in blankets. My boys were in high spirits when I left them, and I am going back to them next week, I hope."

The opening stage of the battle ended that night in the complete discomfiture of the Germans. Twenty-three of their Maxim guns were captured.

Next morning the battle began again, but neither side gained any advantage. The British are just sitting tight and waiting for their adversaries to come on.

Irish Regiment Won With Fists.

A fierce rough and tumble fight, in which brute force with butts of rifles and fists played the chief part, followed for over an hour. Toward midnight, however, the Irish regiment had won and nearly three-fourths of the Germans lay prostrate at their feet, battered to death. Over 300 Germans were killed at this spot alone.

A Captain from the Irish regiment who was wounded gave me a thrilling account of the fighting tonight. I found him on a stretcher, a subaltern was attending to his wounds. He had a bullet through his hand and shoulder and a ghastly wound over his forehead which had been delivered with the butt of a German rifle.

He should to me, and then I recognized him as an Irish international Rugby football man against whom I had played several times.

"They surprised us!" he gasped, "so we went for them with our fists. They clubbed us with their rifles, and my men grew wild. Then it was a regular pandemonium, and we punched them right and left. In the end they surrendered, for they had no chance against us when it came to a brawl of this sort.

RUSH FOR BRITISH LOAN.

Over $3,000,000,000 Already Subscribed for $1,750,000,000 Issue.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 20.—There has been a record demand for the war loan of £350,000,000, ($1,750,000,000.) Over £600,000,000 ($3,000,000,000) has already been subscribed.

The Daily Chronicle's financial expert says:

"This is a triumph for finance as great as any military victory that can be gained on the battlefield. The credit of the country was attacked with all the power of the enemy, yet silver and golden bullets now flow to the State by the hundred millions.

"Applications poured on the banks and reached the Bank of England in what is properly described as cartloads. At the joint stock banks the clerks had to deal with an overwhelming number of applications from their hundreds of branches.

"It would be quite easy to close the lists at once, for the money required has been more than obtained, but the Government desires to give every opportunity to the smaller investor, who is generally rather late in making application."

ALL GERMANS EXPELLED.

Poincare Strikes Their Names from the Legion of Honor Rolls.

BORDEAUX, (via Paris,) Nov. 19.—President Poincaré issued a decree today striking from the rolls of the Legion of Honor the names of all Germans.

"When the French Government bestows the decoration of the Legion of Honor upon foreigners," the decree read, "it does not do so merely in recognition of individual merit, but also, and above all, these distinctions are accorded as a mark of homage to the nation to which the foreigners thus decorated belong."

$3.00 Sunday Excursion TO WASHINGTON

December 6
LAST OF THE SERIES.
Special Train leaves New York, Pennsylvania Station, 12:20 A. M. (Saturday night.) Returning, leaves Washington 4:35 P. M. Tickets on sale preceding each excursion at all ticket offices in New York and Brooklyn.

Pennsylvania R. R.

SQUANDERED SHELLS TO PLEASE THE KAISER

Germans Fired 3,000 a Day as He Watched the Fighting on the Somme.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The inconvenience of having a sovereign who insists upon being his own Generalissimo seems to have weighed heavily of late upon the German armies in the west.

A French soldier who has been engaged in the district just south of the Somme gives particulars gathered from German prisoners of the Kaiser's recent visit to his lines in that region. He says:

"To prove their zeal in his presence German officers increased their daily quota of about 100 shells fired at the French to 3,000 in twenty-four hours. On the morrow the imperial traveler was five miles south of Lihous, where the same ceremonial was organized for his reception. There was a regular debauch of shells from cannon, guns, and mortars.

"There again the infantry showed little enthusiasm to attack us, but some blows and threats improved their sense of duty. There was a frightful hecatomb. They again tried to capture the villages of Dilrons and Quesnay-en-Santerre on the following day, but, although encouraged by the presence of the Emperor, they failed ingloriously. An officer tells me that 500 German bodies have already been buried, and that many still remain on the ground."

KAISER "BORN FOR CRISIS."

Bears the Strain Because His Conscience Is Clear, Says Hedin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Berlin Lokalanzieger publishes the following description of the Kaiser by Sven Hedin:

"I had the happiness of speaking to the Kaiser in former years, and he has not altered. Latterly I have met him frequently, and I can only say that he has lost nothing of his freshness and elasticity. His appearance has not altered in the least, and yet every day he puts in twenty-four hours of work. Everything must be reported to him, and he takes part in everything.

"I am often asked: 'How is the Kaiser able to bear this physical and mental strain?' I think the correct answer is that he is able to bear it because his conscience is clear; that he feels himself innocent before God and man of having caused this war, and that he knows he has done everything in his power to prevent it. The Germanic cause cannot wish for any better representative than the Kaiser, and it would almost appear that he had been born for this crisis. For, just as he did all in his power to keep the peace, he feels now that he is responsible for the development of German destiny, and with this in view he devotes to the cause all his feelings, thoughts, and acts."

THOUGHT KIPLING A SPY.

Asked So Many Questions That Sergeant Nearly Had Him Arrested.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 20.—How Rudyard Kipling narrowly escaped arrest on a charge of espionage is told in the following letter written by Cycle Sergeant Callis of the Fifth (Loyal North Lancashire) Territorials, now training at Sevenoaks:

Our battalion turned out in full marching order and proceeded to our usual practice ground, Knole Park. The cycle section marched in the rear of the column, and an ordinary-looking man came to me and asked me a lot of particulars about the battalion. He told me he had seen a lot of soldiering in his time, and said he must confess our men struck him as being about the smartest on the march he had ever seen outside the regulars.

He asked me for so many particulars about them, and also about their billets, that I thought I should detain him as a sort of spy.

I excused myself and rode off to the head of the column and informed one of our Majors as to the nature of the conversation, &c., and later took the man to said Major.

The officer stopped me today and laughingly asked me if I knew whom I had tried to put under arrest. I answered in the negative, and he told me it was no less than Rudyard Kipling.

NINE MORE OFFICERS SLAIN.

Latest British List Also Records 18 Wounded and 2 Missing.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A casualty list received in London today from the British Army headquarters in France is dated Nov. 15.

It contains the names of nine officers killed, eighteen wounded, and two missing.

New York Firm Gets Brush Contract

A representative of the Henry M. Rynehart Company, 21 and 23 Fulton Street, said yesterday that an order for 500,000 shaving brushes, to be delivered within the next three months, had been awarded to that firm by the British Government. It had been reported that this order had been received by the Pittsburgh Brush Company of Pittsburgh, Penn.



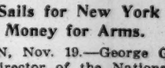
Back to Nature for Good Oysters

Oysters with a fresh water education are no match for the six plump selected oysters that will be brought to you at the best hotels and restaurants—each with the tag on the shell—when you order a half-dozen.

Seatag Oysters

They are natural oysters, selected from the natural beds in off-shore ocean water outside Cape Charles, Va. Absolutely, there are no other oysters quite so all right.

Armstrong Seatag Corporation
145 West 36th Street, New York



The Tag—Full Size

PRAISES JAPAN'S COURSE.

London View of Transfer of Captured Islands in the Pacific.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Daily News, in an editorial, says:

"Japan's offer to hand over to Australia the islands which she has recently occupied in the Pacific is an extremely generous and honorable one, which deserves and will, we hope, receive full recognition in Australia and the United States. If there is any ulterior motive in it it is not apparent, and undoubtedly it goes far to resolve many of the fears and anxieties which were not unnaturally felt at Japan's entry into the struggle.

"It is no doubt true that Japan has nothing at the present moment to gain by alarming unnecessarily the well-known American and Australian susceptibilities, that the islands themselves are not of very particular value, and that Japan has very excellent reasons for avoiding in her present economic condition even a prospect of a serious war. When all this is said, Japan's offer remains a striking example of the dignity and common sense which she has more than once exhibited before. They are not so common in the world that anybody can afford to despise them."

TRACES BAGGAGE IN GERMANY.

American Consulate to Find It and Forward It to Owners.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Consul General Robert P. Skinner has just received notice from Consul General J. G. Lay of Berlin that the Berlin Consulate will in future take charge of finding all trunks and baggage lost by Americans in Germany. Upon receipt of keys and receipts the Consulate will forward them through an express company to any part of the United States.

The charges are to be collected when the baggage is delivered.

COLOMBIA EXONERATED.

France and England Certify to Her Observance of Neutrality.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Colombian Legation here was notified today by its Government that the wireless discussion with Great Britain and France was a closed incident.

Great Britain and France, through their Ministers in Bogota, have both notified Colombia, the Legation has been told, that no unneutral acts have been committed by that country.

COMES FOR RUMANIAN LOAN.

Banker Sails for New York to Get Money for Arms.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—George G. Danielopol, Director of the National Bank of Rumania, sailed for New York today, according to a dispatch from Rotterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company, to arrange a loan for Rumanian armament.

Gen. von Winterfeldt Dead.

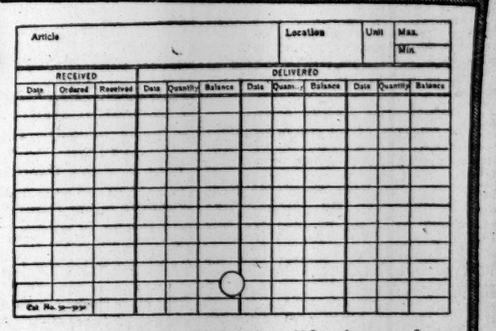
LONDON, Nov. 19.—Gen. von Winterfeldt, Governor of Metz, died at Weisbaden, after a short illness, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to Reuter's.

DESKS at big discounts

We still have about 1500 Desks and Tables of the Derby Desk Company manufacture, which we are selling at less than we have ever been able to buy them heretofore.
Stock includes Roll Top, Flat Top and Typewriter Desks, Office and Directors' Tables and Chairs. All at from 40% to 50% less than usual prices.

The Globe-Wernicke Co.
Main Store: 380 Broadway, Cor. White St.
BRANCH: 30 Church St., Hudson Terminal Bldg.

B.



A picture—nearly life-size—of a Library Bureau stock-record card.

Can be adapted to meet the needs of any business which must know where it stands as far as stock on hand, ordered or shipped is concerned.

Samples and booklet on request.

Library Bureau
Manufacturing distributors of
Card and filing systems. Unit cabinets in wood and steel.
316 Broadway, New York

RUSSIANS BACK BEHIND THE BSURA

Germans, Dealing Swift Blow, Advance Twelve Miles Beyond Lenczyca.

FOLLOWING VICTORY UP

Czar's Forces Push On in East Prussia and Galicia Regardless of Central Conflict.

800,000 AUSTRIANS CUT OFF

Cannot Retreat Into Hungary if Defeated, as Czar's Forces Guard Carpathian Passes.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Russians on the Warthe and Vistula front have retired behind the River Bsura, the Germans having pressed their advance from Lenczyca, another twelve miles eastward to Piatek.

News from all other fronts indicate slow but steady progress.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19, (dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Gen. von Hindenburg continues to pour his troops into the country between the Vistula and the Warthe and has greatly strengthened his advance lines, which were checked on Monday. They are advancing again, and while fighting continuously the Russian advance guards, have withdrawn up the Vistula for a little distance.

The Germans have also strengthened the other end of the line around Lenczyca and Orloff and a great battle is imminent.

The Germans are throwing the most desperate energy into their efforts to frustrate the Russian operations in East Prussia.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19.—The following official communication was issued from general headquarters tonight:

On the left bank of the Vistula the action has developed during the last few days in two regions—on the front between the Vistula and the Warthe and on the line between Czenstochowa and Cracow. These combats have taken on a character of extreme ferocity, presenting generally a continuous offensive and defensive alternately.

In East Prussia our troops are attacking positions strongly established. East of Angerburg the German trenches are supplied with triple wire entanglements. We have taken possession of some of these positions, seven versts (about five miles) east of Angerburg, and the passage between Lakes Bouveino and Yrkloy, capturing nineteen cannon, six rapid firers, and several hundred prisoners.

In West Galicia our offensive continues.

BERLIN, Nov. 19, (by Wireless Telegraph to Sayville, N. Y.)—Included in the information given out to the press today in official quarters is the following:

Reasons of strategy prevent the disclosure of military movements in the East, yet the official report that operations are progressing favorably indicate that the victory of Wicziawsk is being followed up.

In view of the condition of the roads behind the Russians and the difficulties of a retirement for them, it seems probable that they will stand against the German attack, which, judging from the existing situation, probably will be frontal and against their right wing.

An official report given out in Vienna says that the German victory near Kutno has had an excellent effect upon the forces in Galicia, who have taken some advanced positions of the enemy in the Cracow region.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 20.—Public interest is now largely centred in the battle between the Russians and Germans between the Vistula and Warthe Rivers in Poland, as it is believed that the result of the fighting there will have a very marked effect on the operations elsewhere and on the duration of the war.

Curiosity, however, is far from being satisfied, as both German and Russian headquarters are very sparing with information. All that is definitely known is that the Russian advance guard, consisting chiefly of cavalry, which advanced right on to the German frontier after the battle at Warsaw, met superior forces, and has been compelled to fall back more than half the distance covered in the advance.

The Germans are sending very strong forces of men and guns into the country between the two rivers where the battle must be fought, hoping that in this confined area the Russians will not be able to deploy their enormous forces to advantage, as they have done in practically all the previous battles.

Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian Commander in Chief, however, can choose his own ground for the battle, and it is probable that he will select it as far away from the German lines of communication as he can.

In Galicia, before Cracow, and in East Prussia the Russians are pushing their advantage, apparently disregarding the fact that their centre has been compelled to fall back. They are also showing much activity in the Carpathians, their object being to prevent the Austrians from retiring into Hungary. In fact, it is stated that they have already cut off 800,000 Austrians, who will now be compelled, if defeated, to retreat westward.

SEE FEINT IN POLAND DASH.

Russians Think Germans Are Trying to Relieve Pressure on Cracow.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19.—The German advance in considerable force along the narrow battle front on the west bank of the River Vistula is regarded by Russian military observers as a feint at the City of Warsaw, the intention of which is to draw Russian troops from their advance upon Cracow, and distract attention from the efforts of the Germans to establish a strongly fortified defensive line from Kalisz to Cracow.

This plan also is calculated by the military authorities to relieve the German troops in East Prussia now giving way along the entire line by rendering a Russian further advance untenable. Despite this German demonstration the converging lines of the Russian advance on the Austrian fortress of Cracow are steadily progressing, the Russians say, having now reached within twenty-five miles of that point.

The Austrians are stubbornly contesting the Russian offensive and are taking advantage of every creek and hillock in any way available for defense, but the Russian columns in South Poland already have traversed the last river between them and the fortress of Cracow.

The Russian troops form two fronts, one facing Cracow and the other facing the Carpathian Mountains, where yesterday they reoccupied the approaches to two of the most important passes into Hungary.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 19.—A Russian staff officer, passing through here, has this to say as the cause of the present German success in Poland:

"The Russian Army in Poland maintains three times as many cavalrymen as the Germans. This cavalry swarmed after the retreating Germans, and when the Germans suddenly stopped the Russian cavalry was dashed to pieces like migrating birds flying against a rock.

"Meanwhile the main body of the Russians, 1,000,000 men, whose absolute purpose is to beat the Austrians decisively, is proceeding unmolested to attack Cracow, leaving a smaller detachment to besiege Przemsyl.

"Thereafter," the officer concluded, "the Russians do not intend to attempt to cross the Carpathians, but, following the Oder River, will make their main attack on Germany by way of Oppeln, Breslau, and Glogau."

CAPTURE 7,000 RUSSIANS.

Austrians Say They Also Took Several Guns in Poland.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 20.—A Reuter dispatch from Vienna, by way of Amsterdam, gives the following official statement:

The battle in Russian Poland progresses favorably. According to the day's information our troops have captured 7,000 prisoners, eighteen machine guns, and several field guns.

BIG HAUL AT VALJEVO MADE BY AUSTRIANS

Gave Servians No Time to Save Guns or Supplies—Surrender of Belgrade Demanded.

BERLIN, (via The Hague and London,) Nov. 18.—The Neue Freie Presse correspondent gives details of the capture of Valjevo, Servia. The Austrians advanced in five columns, three of which arrived within cannon range early Sunday, but the attack was delayed because of the slow progress of the other columns over a difficult terrain.

The attack began at 11 o'clock. The Austrians, despite vigorous resistance, enveloped the Servian left wing and drove it in. The right wing was simultaneously threatened by an outflanking movement from Rolubara, and a devastating artillery fire completed the discomfiture of the Servians, who, by 5 o'clock in the afternoon, were in full retirement on Arandielovatz, abandoning fortifications on which they had worked for years and which were considered impregnable. It is doubtful whether the Servians will make a stand at Arandielovatz.

The Servians had no time to bring off or to destroy their guns or supplies, great quantities of which fell into the hands of the Austrians. Over 6,000 Servians were taken prisoners.

BERLIN, Nov. 19, (by Wireless Telegraph to Sayville, N. Y.)—Special dispatches from the Servian arena of the conflict to Berlin papers predict the early fall of Belgrade. Coincident with the Austrian entry into Valjevo, the commanding officer at Semlin sent an emissary to Belgrade with the demand that the city surrender. The Commandant of the Belgrade fortress asked an hour for consideration. He did not reply at the end of that time, and the bombardment by the Austrians was recommenced.

The people of Valjevo scattered flowers along the roadways as the Austrians entered. At the same time some recalcitrants threw a bomb from a second story. The house whence this missile came was wrecked by the infuriated soldiers.

The Servians have retired seven miles to the southeast of Valjevo, where fighting now is in progress.

EXPECT TO CRUSH SERVIA.

Austrians Think End of Operations There Is Imminent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SALONIKA, Nov. 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The capture by Austrians of Valjevo, an important Servian position about 35 miles south of Shabatz and 25 miles east of Krupajne, is confirmed in official circles here. The Austrian report says the invaders are continuing their advance toward the southeast, and the Neue Freie Presse avers that the end of operations as regards Servia is imminent.

This jubilation is obviously premature, as the present Servian capital, Nish, is 110 miles from Valjevo, and the intervening country is of a wild mountainous nature well adapted for guerrilla warfare, which the Servians know so well how to conduct. The Austrian advance on Nish would presumably be down the valley of the Morava. To reach the Cacak road, which descends the valley, they would have to cross 35 miles of rough mountain country, while the march of a large army with quantities of transport down the valley could hardly be undertaken until the enemy had been cleared from the hills commanding it.

It is recognized here that the Servians after their gallant fight now find difficulty in opposing the superior numbers which Austria on the urgent instructions of Germany has sent against them. It is pointed out, however, that even if Austria succeeds in reaching Nish this local victory will be outweighed by an Austro-German defeat in the main struggle, and that no amount of Austrian successes against Servians will in the long run save Bosnia or prevent the realization of Servian national aspirations.

AUSTRIA NEEDS COTTON.

Ambassador Dumba Looks for Lively Trade with United States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Austrian Ambassador, Dr. Dumba, conferred with Acting Secretary Lansing today over the development of trade between the United States and Austria and the status of embargoes on re-exportation proclaimed by Italy, with a view to determining what may be safely transshipped through Italy to Austria.

Dr. Dumba spoke of the need for cotton in Austria, saying the mills there were working overtime. He declared that with the opening of the Cotton Exchanges and the arrangement of the financing of the cotton market he expected a lively trade between the United States and Austria. He said Austria now had enough cotton to last through December.

THE WAR SITUATION.

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.
(An Associate Editor of The Army and Navy Journal.)

A British move at Arras may be the beginning of the expected effort of the Allies to force a German retreat from France. This is the point on the northern half of the battle line where a success by the Allies would have the greatest military result. If they should be able to push forward in Belgium they would merely fold back the German right flank. But if they can break through the German resistance at Arras they will be in a position to seize the supply route of the German armies from Albert to Soissons. If the Allies are able to force a wedge through to Le Cateau and to maintain this advanced position, the Germans would have no choice but to withdraw their troops from the salient on the River Oise.

Here they have maintained their position, only eighty miles from Paris, for more than two months. A further retreat by the Germans in this part of the line would probably give more encouragement to the French than would a success at any other point.

The slowness of the French progress at Chauvoncourt, opposite St. Mihiel, shows that they have not yet been able to deliver at the front the heavy artillery that is needed for a successful bombardment of intrenched positions. The German 11-inch howitzers, which have been mounted at Fort Camp des Romains, on the bluff above St. Mihiel, have an effective range of 10,000 yards, or six miles. Until the French are able to bring forward artillery that can silence the fire of these big German guns, they will be able to make progress only by the slow methods of sapping.

This is the method by which the troops conducting a siege work their way up toward the position of the defenders in spite of being subjected to bombardment by their artillery. The attackers first construct a trench parallel to the defensive line and as close to it as they can get under the shelter of hills or small folds in the ground. Further advance over the open country would then be suicidal, yet no victory can be gained until the troops have worked their way up to actual contact. This is accomplished by constructing zigzag trenches to provide safe routes of approach.

From the first parallel trench the attackers start out an approach trench which is directed so as to clear the defenders' position in order to prevent them from bringing to bear a fire along the trench that would enfilade the working parties. All this work has to be done by men who take protection in the completed portion of the trench and who carry it forward by digging out the bank at the front and throwing the excavated earth on the side toward the enemy to form a parapet. In spite of frequent relays, so that fresh men can work at maximum speed, the approach can be carried forward only as fast as the one or two men at the front can dig down a five-foot bank. When the approach gets too far to one side of the objective point toward which the attack is aiming, a zigzag turn is made, and the trench is started back in the other direction to clear the opposite side of the enemy's position.

In cases where the length of the enemy's line makes it impossible to advance by the zigzig method the approach trench is driven directly toward the enemy's field works. At every fifty feet, though, the sappers burrow and make a tunnel for fifteen feet, on top of which there is raised a mound of the excavated earth sufficient to defilade the successive stretches of the approach.

It is by sapping methods as above described that the British have gained their advances at Craonne and the French have worked their way to the Meuse River at Chauvoncourt in spite of the bombardment by the German artillery. It will be readily seen that such methods will take weeks to accomplish what might be gained by one night assault under artillery protection. However, the results are obtained with enormously less loss of life. As the Allies have been fighting for time, they can well afford to adopt the slower and more humane methods.

The German army of the Vistula, which has been engaged in the dash from Thorn toward Warsaw, has now been held for two days to the line running from Plock southwest to the Warthe River. The Petrograd dispatch asserts that the Germans have been driven back to the Bzura River, while the Berlin dispatch claims a victory over the Russian cavalry at Gratow, five miles west of this river. The German army has evidently struck a stronger resistance than it expected, but the outcome of the battle is not yet decided.

North of the Vistula River the Germans are endeavoring to entrap the Russian army that has been fighting near Soldau and Neidenburg, in East Prussia. While the troops withdrawn from the eastern frontier have been holding the Russians in front, a German army from Thorn has endeavored to cut in behind them. Its advance on the north bank of the Vistula has, however, been delayed by Russian cavalry, and the Russians have withdrawn their army from Soldau to Mlawa, where it will be in a better defensive position.

There is an unconfirmed rumor that the Russians have made an advance into the lake region in the East Prussian theatre of operations. The Germans have undoubtedly drawn heavily upon their strength in this field in order to add to their chances of striking a serious blow along the Vistula. It is not unlikely that the Russians have discovered this weakness and that they have taken advantage of it to push forward in East Prussia. Every gain that the Russians can make in this district will shorten the length of their battle front and will consequently aid them in offsetting the increased mobility of the Germans due to their railroads.

In the Galician campaign the Russians are now before the outer line of defenses of Cracow. The stiffening of the Austrian resistance due to gathering in their forces to a shorter front will, however, make difficult any further progress by the Russians in this field. Meanwhile they are pushing forward minor columns of Cossacks into the passes of the Carpathians, where they may soon emerge upon the Hungarian plains in raids similar to those that were made during the first Russian advance in September.

In Armenia the fighting is now taking place close to the Russian border, both on the Erzerum plateau and in the skirmishes south of Batum. The Russians attempted to make their first invasion with a force of little more than one army corps. The result has been a defeat that will to some extent influence the local population and will consequently add to the difficulties of the Russian invasion when it gets under way. The Turkish Army in this district lacks both equipment and training. It must have largely outnumbered the Russians to have gained this success over them.

The Turkish advance to Kalat-en-Nukhl, seventy-five miles from Akafa, shows that their raid against the Suez Canal has now got under way. Little information has been allowed to get out concerning the strength of the Turkish invading force or of the army that Great Britain has collected for the defense of the isthmus. All that is known is that Great Britain has here 15,000 Australians, several regiments of British Territorials, and a large force of Indian troops. The fighting that is about to take place in this region should soon develop more definite information as to the strength of the opposing armies.

RUSSIANS VICTORS IN PERSIAN ARMENIA

The Kurds Give Way Before Them, but Are Said to be Rallying.

FIGHTING NEAR URUMIAH

City the Headquarters of American Missionary Activity—Skirmishes on Frontier of Batum.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Urumiah, Persia, says:

"The Kurds everywhere are giving way before the Russian troops, against whom they dare to make only desultory attacks.

"That portion of the Kurd forces whom the Russians defeated previously at Tergeven have gone to Schallbinan, where they are rallying."

PETROGRAD, Nov. 19.—An official communication issued by the General Staff of the Caucasus Army, dated Nov. 17, states that Turkish reinforcements have been sent to the frontier of the Province of Batum, where some skirmishes have taken place. The statement continues:

"In the valley of Olti-Su a column of Russians attacked and dispersed the enemy in the direction of Erzerum.

"On Nov. 15 the Russian troops took by assault the town of Dutah, an important point on the road of communication in the valley of the Euphrates.

"At all other points there is no change."

The fact that the foregoing telegram to the Havas Agency is sent from Urumiah, or Urmia, indicates that recent fighting between the Russians and Turks has been in that region. Urumiah is in Persia, very near the border of Kurdistan. It is in the Armenian section of Persia, twelve miles west of Lake Urumiah and sixty-four miles southwest of Tabriz.

The city, which has about 50,000 inhabitants, is a centre of American missionary work, being the seat of the Fiske Seminary for Girls. Urumiah College for priests and deacons is also located there, and there are various Anglican and French establishments.

Urumiah is the reputed birthplace of Zoroaster, and was long a place of pilgrimage for followers of the Zoroastrian faith. It is beautifully situated in mountainous scenery in the midst of gardens and orchards."

BRITISH VICTORY IN ARABIA.

Turks Said They Killed 1,000 in Fight at Head of Persian Gulf.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The official Press Bureau has issued the following report from the General commanding the force operating on the Shat-el-Arab River, Arabia, which enters the Persian Gulf, and in the Gulf:

"On Nov. 17 our troops drove out of an entrenched position about 4,500 of the enemy, capturing two guns and many prisoners, camp equipment, and ammunition.

"Our casualties were three officers killed and fifteen wounded, and in the rank and file thirty-five men were killed and about 300 wounded."

The foregoing is apparently the British version of an engagement which the Turks claimed as a brilliant victory.

A communication issued by the Porte on Nov. 18 said: "Yesterday we attacked the British near Fao (at the head of the Persian Gulf and the mouth of the Shatel-Arab River.) They lost about 1,000 in dead."

The same telegram reported another Turkish victory over rebel Armenians near the frontier of the Caucasus.

THE TURKS AS CIVILIZERS.

Champion Culture Against Bad Influences, Says Budapest Paper.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SALONIKA, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Budapest newspaper Pester Lloyd contains an entertaining article on the Turkish intervention.

It declares that Turkey is not uncultured, but a "useful factor in spreading European civilization," and that "the Young Turks are acting in Egypt, Arabia, Morocco, and Tunis as champions of Islam against the enervating intrusion of a superficial and corrupting foreign domination."

In these countries, says the article, Turkey's duty is to spread European culture, withheld from them by England, France, and Russia.

Germany and Austria, therefore, are not supporting barbarism. "When they approve Turkey's honorable war it is their object, by the maintenance in Turkey of a nationality strong and vigorous in its civilization, to open a door through which the civilization of Europe will stream over and enrich Asia and Africa—that Asia and that Africa in which the powers of the Triple Entente have hitherto succeeded only in promoting hatred of European culture."

JAPAN NOT ANXIOUS TO FIGHT.

Sending Troops to Europe a Doubtful Measure, Says Foreign Minister.

A cable from Tokio dated yesterday to the East and West News Bureau here quotes Baron Takaaki Kato, the Foreign Minister, as saying to a reporter of the Jiji on Nov. 17:

"Although it is impossible at the present moment to tell when peace in Europe will be restored, the final victory undoubtedly will be on the side of Allies. None of the belligerent powers is more seriously affected than Germany, whose enemies are on all sides. The loss she is now sustaining through the cutting off of her imports and exports is enormous, inasmuch as during recent years the development in her commerce and industry has indeed been striking.

"Japan's war with Germany was unavoidable in view of the necessity for maintaining peace in the Far East. But the dispatching of Japanese troops into the zone of the European conflict is a question which should not be lightly discussed, as it has no direct bearing on either Japan's national existence or the peace of the Far East, and it further will seriously affect Japan's finance."

SAYS CHOLERA HAS SPREAD.

More Than 100 Localities Affected, Vienna Medical Journal Reports.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Klinische Wochenschrift, a Vienna medical journal, says:

"Cholera, imported direct from the seat of war, especially Galicia, has spread over more than 100 localities in Austria-Hungary. In October nearly 200 cases occurred, independent of those cared for near the battlefields.

"From Oct. 21 to Oct. 28 a total of 650 fresh cases of Asiatic cholera, all bacteriologically investigated, were officially announced. Fifteen refer to Vienna, whereas numbers, varying from fifteen to forty, occurred in half a dozen other localities, Rozborz with eighty-two cases and Krems with 105 heading the list."

GERMANY GUARDS HER OIL.

People Warned to Use It Sparingly —Low Rate for Paper Money.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Standard.)—Germany is experiencing a scarcity of petroleum, due in part to the loss of supplies from Russian and Austro-Galician oil fields, but mainly to the breakdown of arrangements for imports from the other side of the Atlantic. Throughout provincial Germany and in many towns as well, local policemen have been instructed to interview consumers of petroleum for heating and cooking purposes and warn them that in the future oil must be used for lighting only, and as sparingly as possible. Retail dealers also have been privately warned not to supply petroleum to strangers. It is a criminal offense to sell even a few bottles of oil without a special police license.

German buyers of goods from Danish firms have been trying with small success to pay for purchases with new 5 per cent. German war loan, offering the paper at a substantial discount from the issue price. This may account for a further drop during the last week in the exchange rate in German paper money. This is now quoted at the low rate of 84. That was the highest price paid yesterday in the open market.

HONOR TO MRS. PENFIELD.

Elizabeth Cross Conferred for First Time Outside Austrian Royalty.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Official announcement of the award of the Grand Cross of the Order of Elizabeth by Emperor Francis Joseph to Mrs. Frederick C. Penfield, wife of the American Ambassador at Vienna, was cabled to the Austro-Hungarian Embassy here today. Mrs. Penfield has been indefatigable in work among the sick and wounded soldiers of the dual monarchy. The message to the Embassy said:

"The Emperor has conferred on Mrs. Penfield the Grand Cross of the Order of Elizabeth. The newspapers emphasize the importance of this distinction as conferred for the first time on a lady not connected with the imperial family, and show appreciation of the extraordinary personal merits of Mrs. Penfield, which brought about her decoration on account of her care for the soldiers."

WANT ITALY TO FIGHT.

Many Members of Parliament Unite to Urge Action for Allies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Over 100 members of the Italian Parliament, comprising Radicals, Constitutional Democrats, and Socialists, have formed a federation to combat the country's attitude of neutrality and to strive for Italy's participation in the war on the side of England and France.

TREASON TRIAL IN CANADA.

Prisoner Accused of Smuggling Austrians Across the Border.

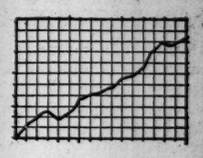
SAULT STE. MARIE, Ontario, Nov. 19.—Robert Sayer of this city is held here on a charge of high treason. He is said to have admitted in court today that he aided six Austrians to cross the St. Mary's River from the United States into Canada to join their home regiments in the European war. The crime is punishable by death.

The hearing has been postponed eight days while local officials wait for instructions from the military authorities at Ottawa.

TO MEET SANTA CLAUS SHIP.

Representative of British Government to Receive American Gifts.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Francis Dyke Acland, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, will meet the United States naval collier Jason, which is acting as a "Santa Claus" ship, on her arrival in England and receive from her on behalf of the British Government the gifts she bears for British children.



Experience has proved over and over again that when times are hard it is the advertised brands of goods which hold up best on the sales chart.

The reason is obvious. The first law of economy is to buy only those things in which you have the greatest confidence.

Good advertising builds confidence.

GEORGE BATTEN COMPANY
Advertising
381 4th Ave., at 27th St.
Boston NEW YORK Chicago

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING, entrance on 24th St.

THE DOLLAR DINNER
Wine Included
Also Service a la Carte.
LARGE ORCHESTRA

No payment accepted unless successful
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Also expert service in problems of General Ventilation.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY
Engineer and Contractor
217 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Saks-Banister
Shoes for Men at $4.85
Reduced from $7 & $8
350 pairs of our regular stock special today and tomorrow

Button, lace and Blucher shoes, in gun metal calf, wax and French calf, patent colt and patent calf. Single and double soles and narrow, medium and round toes. New models only. But range of sizes is incomplete. Not every size in every style, but your size in several.

Fifth floor.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Weber and Heilbroner
Introduce Four New
Winter Overcoat Models
Being exact ready-for-service copies of coats lately produced by the leading tailors of this city—considered the smartest custom models of the season

THE "REGENT"
A clean, smart, single-breasted coat, button through front, with patch pockets and French turned cuffs. Self collar with soft lapels. Loose English back. Satin yoke and sleeves. Heather or green mixtures, Oxford, blue or black in a variety of materials.
Price, $25 to $40.

THE "FRANKLIN"
A conservatively plain, fly-front coat, semi-form-fitting, with velvet collar and soft rolling lapels. Adapted to evening dress, wear, as well as being a practical business coat. In fine foreign and domestic fabrics—blue, black or Oxford.
Price, $25 to $50.

THE "LONGACRE"
A two-button, form-fitting, double-breasted coat, with deep velvet collar and wide lapels—following the curve of the waist line without appearing to be snug. In blue, black, Oxford and brown, with satin yoke and sleeves. Some full silk lined.
Prices, $25 to $35.

THE "ARGYLE"
A faithful ready-to-wear duplicate of a custom coat for which we paid $110. Double-breasted, two-button, self collar and new broad-cut lapel, and the English top-coat shoulders; with wide, turned cuffs. In a variety of moss-finished fabrics.
Prices, $30 to $40.

Also the Newest Balmaccans, Tourist Coats with Raglan shoulders and a Complete Assortment of Storm Coats—$20 to $50

Five Clothing Stores
27 New 241 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway 42nd and 5th Avenue

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
Men's Shop
16 West 38th St.—Store Floor—Separate Shop, a Step from Fifth Avenue
Overcoats, 18.50 to 50.00 Suits, 18.50 to 45.00
FOR (Today) FRIDAY

Winter Overcoats
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 44 CHEST
Single breasted slip-on model, soft roll lapel, patch pockets, of grey, brown or olive Scotch overcoatings; also double breasted form fitting model, of Oxford or navy vicuna or Shetland tartan checks.
18.50 Regular Price $25.00

Men's Silk Lined Overcoats
New Winter Models, 33 to 44 Chest
Chesterfield model of highest grade Rock Mill vicuna, in black, Oxford or blue, lined throughout with Skinner satin, velvet or self collar, custom tailored.
20.00 Regular Price $30.00

London Made Overcoats
The "Carmoor" Overcoat
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 44 CHEST
Made by makers of the highest grade English overcoats; in the newest exclusive fabrics.
25.00 Regular Price $35.00

English Sack Suits
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 44 CHEST
Three or four button soft roll front or Norfolk models, of tartan plaids, club checks, checked or pencil striped cassimere, English tweed, navy serge or cheviot, natural shoulders.
17.50 Regular Price $24.50

Hand-Tailored Suits
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 44 CHEST
Of checked or striped cassimere, "Glen Urquhart" plaids, Scotch tweeds, navy serge and unfinished worsteds; also blue or Oxford vicuna braid bound suits.
26.50 Regular Price $35.00

Full Dress Suits
New Models of Unfinished Worsted, Silk Lined
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 44 CHEST
Coat and Trousers—Coat, silk galloon bound collar and cuffs, silk faced, silk lined; English cut Trousers.
27.50 Regular Price $35.00

"Men's Shop"—16 West 38th St.

NON-PRODUCING

During the course of its construction a building is obviously a non-producing investment, every dollar temporarily losing its cumulative propensity until such time as the completion of the building shall restore its earning power.

And thus it is that Owners generally prefer Thompson-Starrett service which, aside from its many other advantages, is the most economical in so far as it is the quickest.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

BRIGHTEST OF THE SEASON



BY THE AUTHOR OF "POLLYANNA"
ELEANOR H. PORTER
PRICE, NET, $1.22
FOR SALE WHEREVER BOOKS ARE SOLD

THE ABINGDON PRESS
NEW YORK 150 Fifth Avenue
CINCINNATI 220 West Fourth Street
PITTSBURGH 621 Penn Avenue
KANSAS CITY 1221 McGee Street
SAN FRANCISCO 21 Adams Avenue, East
DETROIT 5 & 7 City Hall Avenue
ORDER FROM THE NEAREST ADDRESS

New Rambler Sacrifice Price

Cross Country Rambler, 1914. Brand new, never used. Factory guaranteed. Actual cost, $1,900. Today, $1,250. A decided bargain.

National Used Car Dept.
1780 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Phone Col. 8166.

BUSTANOBY'S
SPECIAL DINNER, $1
"Diner Choisi"—$1.50
BUSTANOBY'S
60th Street on Broadway and 59th St., near Broadway.
Tea and Supper Dances
Grand Concert every night, under the direction of Mr. Coleman, the celebrated Composer and Pianist. Free Dancing Instruction to Our Patrons.

THE KING ATTENDS FUNERAL OF ROBERTS

First Time a British Monarch Had So Honored a Subject Since Wellington Died.

GREAT CROWDS PAY TRIBUTE

Stand Bareheaded in the Rain as the Procession Passes — Body Now Lies in State in St. Paul's.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The body of Field Marshal Earl Roberts was placed today in St. Paul's Cathedral beside the remains of Wellington, Nelson, Napier, and Wolseley. London paused and put aside the business of peace and even of war to pay a tribute to the memory of England's beloved soldier.

The presence of the King during the shortened military service for the dead of the Anglican Church marked the first occasion in recent times in which an English sovereign had personally attended the funeral of a subject not connected with the royal family. It was a popular departure, for today's ceremony was in every respect a national funeral.

Among those in the cathedral were the Prime Minister and most of the members of the Cabinet, the Leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, Ambassadors, including the representative of the United States; Indian Princes, and all the distinguished naval and military officers at present in London.

The boom of guns and the strains of the "Dead March" announced the approach of the cortège to the western doors of the cathedral. The coffin was drawn from Charing Cross Station to St. Paul's upon a gun carriage draped in the union jack, but bearing no flowers. The whole route was lined by a dense crowd, which uncovered as the cortège passed, in spite of the cold, thick drizzle which fell all the morning.

The empire in all its parts was represented in the procession. There were detachments of infantry and cavalry drawn from the United Kingdom and the dominions, and there was also an Indian mountain battery drawn by mules ridden by Indians.

It was exactly noon when the cortège reached the cathedral, where the King, accompanied by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of London, and the cathedral clergy, met it at the western door. They preceded the coffin, which was carried by eight men of the Royal Horse Artillery, and upon which rested the dead Field Marshal's cap, sword, and baton. Immediately behind the coffin walked Earl Kitchener, Admiral Sir Edward Seymour, Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood, Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, Field Marshal Lord Methuen, and other distinguished Field Marshals, Generals, and Admirals. Four of them bore upon crimson velvet cushions the various orders of the dead soldier Behind them came a native officer of the Ghurkas, of which regiment Lord Roberts was Colonel in Chief.

The Cathedral Crowded.

Admission to the Cathedral had to be obtained by ticket, and two hours before the arrival of the cortège all the seats were taken and the side aisles were filled by others who stood. The broken light in the great edifice fell chiefly upon gray hairs, for only here and there was there a young man, either civilian or soldier. The choir sang selected sentences from the Holy Scriptures, to music written by Dr. Croft for the funeral of the Duke of Wellington. Then the Psalm "The Lord Is My Shepherd" was chanted, and "Peace, Perfect Peace," a hymn selected by the family of Lord Roberts, was sung by the choir, some of the congregation joining softly in the last verses.

Then Dean Inge of St. Paul's Cathedral in a clear voice, which reached every part of the nave and transepts, read that beautiful part of the burial service running "In the Midst of Life We Are in Death." Another hymn was sung, the Bishop of London offered prayer and said a Collect, the Archbishop of Canterbury pronounced a blessing, the Garter King at Arms proclaimed Earl Roberts's style and titles, Chopin's "Marche Funèbre" was played, and trumpeters of the Royal Artillery sounded "The Last Post."

The King and the rest of the procession then departed by the western doors, while the congregation remained sitting.

Lord Kitchener, almost alone among the honorary pallbearers, seemed to be dry-eyed.

As soon as the Cathedral was emptied the body was prepared for public view in the crypt. A queue had been formed before the beginning of the service, and at 5 o'clock, when the doors were shut, it still extended for a block, men and women having waited patiently for hours in the chill and wet for a last look at the little coffin which contained the body of "Bobs."

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—It is recalled today that it was just sixty-two years ago that the body of the Duke of Wellington was interred in St. Paul's Cathedral.

King George was not in the procession to St. Paul's Cathedral. He drove from Buckingham Palace direct to the cathedral, which he reached shortly before the arrival of the funeral cortège. This was the first time a King has attended the funeral of a British national hero since the funeral of the Duke of Wellington.

Preceding the caisson which bore the body was a battery of Indian artillery, which had this place of honor because of Lord Roberts's lifelong devotion to the King's Indian troops. His final visit to France was for the purpose of welcoming the Indian contingents and looking after their needs. Tall Sikhs, their turbans wound with khaki and wearing their regulation khaki great-coats, which covered their picturesque costumes, led the white mules of their battery, drawing unlimbered guns, and Indian officers, wrapped in khaki capes, paid silent tribute to their departed friend. Lieut. Gen. Pole-Carew and eight other officers rode beside the caisson, carrying the insignia of the Field Marshal, while a groom walked behind, leading Lord Roberts's horse.

Procession a Long One.

It required more than an hour for the military ascort to pass a given point in the line of march. The funeral party arrived from Ascot at Charing Cross Station, and the procession, moving to the Victoria Embankment, made its way along the bank of the mist-covered Thames to Blackfriars Bridge. The three bridges over the river commanding the route of march were massed with crowds, but it was with great difficulty that they could see the procession in the avenue below because of the rain and heavy fog. The wide parking along the boulevard was also thronged with crowds struggling to see the silent soldiery. The procession as it passed by was enveloped in a mist which seemed to intensify the solemnity of the occasion.

The pipers of the London Scottish, followed by a battalion of that organization, led the procession. After the caisson came the carriages of the mourners and pall bearers and a battery of the Royal Horse Artillery, while three battalions of cavalry, all in field khaki, brought up the rear of the military escort.

At Blackfriars Bridge the mourners, the pall bearers, and the members of Lord Roberts's personal staff left their carriages and walked behind the coffin through Ludgate Circus to St. Paul's Cathedral.

A salute of nineteen guns was fired as the funeral procession left the railroad station.

The Scene in the Cathedral.

The gloomy solemnity of the cathedral was intensified by the fog which drifted in when the great doors were opened to admit the procession. The black dresses of the women and the khaki coats of the army officers harmonized with the occasion. A brilliant touch of color was afforded here and there by the robes of peers and the dress uniforms of retired officers of the army and navy.

King George was attired in khaki, the work-a-day uniform of a Field Marshal, as were all the active officers in attendance, including Lord Kitchener. The congregation comprised representatives of the Diplomatic Service and men well known in the arts, science, literature, the learned professions, the Church, and the stage. More than one of those present had attended the funeral of the Duke of Wellington in St. Paul's sixty-two years ago.

A LETTER FROM ROBERTS.

Told Lady French Her Husband's Handling of Troops Was Masterly.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The late Lord Roberts wrote an interesting letter to Lady French, wife of Field Marshal Sir John French, commanding the British forces on the Continent, on reading Sir John French's first dispatch from France. It is printed in the preface to a new biography of Sir John. It reads as follows:

My Dear Lady French:

I write these few lines to tell you how much I admire your husband's dispatch, how proud I am of the splendid work done by the troops under his command.

When the whole story of the war comes to be known, the masterly way in which the retreat from Mons under vastly superior numbers was carried out will be remembered as one of the finest military exploits ever achieved.

Tribute to Roberts in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 19.—The Liverpool Cotton Exchange closed for two hours today, from noon until 2 P. M., out of respect to the memory of Lord Roberts.

DENIES CAPT. DECKER TRIED TO AWE TURKS

Athens Reports That the Tennessee Did Not Seek to Enter Smyrna by Force.

OUR CONSULS AID ALIENS

President Wilson Calls a Night Conference, Seeking Full Details of Firing on American Flag.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Nov. 19, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Reports that the United States armored cruiser Tennessee threatened to enter Smyrna Harbor by force if the Turks refused permission are utterly unfounded.

The American Consuls in Syria have been ordered to undertake the protection of Greek subjects there, who hitherto have been protected by the French and British Consuls.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Neither the State nor Navy Department received today any further information as to the shots fired at the launch of the cruiser Tennessee as it passed across the harbor from Vouriah toward the Turkish port of Smyrna. In the absence of details no further orders have been sent to Capt. Oman of the cruiser North Carolina or to Capt. Decker of the Tennessee, nor have further directions been sent by the State Department to Henry Morgenthau, the American Ambassador at Constantinople.

At the State Department it was explained today that yesterday's dispatch to Mr. Morgenthau did not demand an explanation of the Turkish Government, but merely directed that inquiries be made into the circumstances arising at Smyrna. The distinction is that to demand an explanation would assume that this Government was in possession of facts that on their face appeared to show a lack of friendliness on the part of the Turkish officials, while directions to the American Ambassador to make inquiries would have no resentment on the part of the Government at Washington.

The Navy Department is not yet definitely aware even of the day on which the incident occurred. Capt. Decker's report came through from the Greek island of Chios in about twelve hours, but did not say when it was that his launch tried to enter the port of Smyrna. The presumption is, however, that it occurred on Monday, if not before that day, as a press dispatch from Athens under date of Tuesday, bringing the first news of the incident, seemed to imply that it had occurred on the day before.

President Wilson conferred tonight with Secretary Daniels of the Navy Department and Acting Secretary Lansing of the State Department on the situation. The President summoned the two Secretaries to learn if there had been any word from Turkey shedding light on the reasons for the firing, but found that neither the cables nor the wireless had yielded a syllable of information. If there is continued delay it is probable that the American Government will ask the British Admiralty for the courtesy of its wireless in the Mediterranean to reach the American ships.

The President and his Cabinet are assuming that the shots were merely a friendly warning, giving the customary notice that the port was mined and closed. Even if the shots were fired with hostile intent the Washington officials believe the Ottoman Government will render apology promptly for unauthorized acts of subordinate officials.

VILLA'S MAIN FORCE TAKES QUERETARO

Continued from Page 1.

ready mentioned, the convention is the only party which has informed me that it has accepted in full the last conditions that I suggested."

Villa in Control.

Mr. Zubaran said tonight that it was untrue that Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, whom the convention at Aguascalientes elected Provisional President, had ordered a general attack on all troops loyal to the First Chief. According to Mr. Zubaran, both Gen. Gutierrez and the "few remaining delegates" to the convention are virtually prisoners in the hands of Gen. Villa, compelled to "enact a governmental farce for the sole purpose of fooling the Mexican people, and especially the American Government."

As proof that Gen. Villa was trying to make political capital out of the American occupation of Vera Cruz, Mr. Zubaran quoted what he said was a telegram sent out by Gen. Gutierrez under compulsion from Gen. Villa to loyal Governors and Generals the very day that the American Government informed the Brazilian Minister in Mexico City of its intention to order the evacuation of the Mexican port. In the alleged telegram Gen. Villa said in part:

> Through information highly official and absolutely authentic, obtained by me from the Government in Washington, with which I am in communication, I received positive assurances that Vera Cruz will not be evacuated until the Government of which I am the head is installed in Mexico.

Mr. Zubaran argued that the declaration of Gen. Luis Gutierrez, brother of the Provisional President, that he was still loyal to the First Chief, showed in another way that Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez was under duress, a pawn of Gen. Villa.

So far there has been no change in the plan announced by President Wilson for the evacuation of Vera Cruz on next Monday. The War Department has issued the necessary orders to Gen. Funston, and without further advices from Washington he would ship with his entire command on that day and return to the United States.

News that Gen. Carranza has moved his command to Orizaba, only about thirty miles from Vera Cruz, suggests that he hoped to benefit by the American evacuation and slip into possession by the simple expedient of being first on the ground. Officials of the Administration have refrained from expressing any opinion as to who would receive the city when the American forces withdrew, and the inference has been drawn that rather than take sides in the controversy over the provisional Presidency, the American forces would simply withdraw and leave the port to any faction that might be able to seize it.

OBREGON CALLS ALL TO ARMS.

Brazilian Minister Offers to Mediate and Asks Troops for Capital.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—Gen. Obregon issued tonight his promised manifesto to the nation, denouncing Villa and calling on all Mexicans to unite against him. Gen. Obregon calls Villa "a monster of treason and crime," and speaks of "the perversity of that accursed trio, Angeles, Villa, and Maytorena."

Gen. Obregon compares Mexico to a dying mother who "before expiring looks around to see if all her children are at her bedside," and he says he hopes none of Mexico's true children will fail her in this supreme moment, but will take up arms to crush the traitors.

Gen. Lucio Blanco, when asked today about the arrest of Eulalio Gutierrez by Villa, said he did not credit them, and felt confident of a pacific solution. He said he had faith in the mediation of Iglesias Calderon, and believed that the armistice arranged by him with the Villa forces would be extended.

Gen. Blanco said that in his opinion both Carranza and Villa should retire. Both, he said, had committed errors, but as between the two he preferred Carranza.

The authorities here are without confirmation or contradiction of a persistent rumor that the City of Caxaca, capital of the State of that name, has been taken by ex-Federal "guarrilleros."

All the papers here publish articles expressing confidence that the evacuation of Vera Cruz will take place on Nov. 23, according to schedule. El Liberal prints a statement from Gen. Funston to that effect from its Vera Cruz correspondent.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—The Brazilian Minister, Señor Cardoso de Oliveira, called today on Gen. Obregon, who has assumed supreme command of the capital and of the Federal district, and offered to act as mediator between the contending forces.

Gen. Obregon replied that if the Minister came as the representative of the United States he could not discuss the subject, owing to "the unjust action of Washington in occupying Vera Cruz and affronting the honor of the Mexican nation." He added, however, that while he believed all mediatory efforts would be useless, he might discuss the proposal if the Minister came as the representative of Brazil. Nothing further was done in the matter.

The Brazilian Minister then asked what guarantee Gen. Obregon could offer to foreigners, now that the bulk of the army was to leave the capital. Gen. Obregon informed him that cavalry detachments and other forces would be left here to prevent the Zapata forces from rushing in on the otherwise undefended city. It is understood that these Government troops will be under command of Gen. Alvarado.

Large bodies of troops are being moved out of the capital. The students are considering the advisability of offering their services to Gen. Obregon, the last of whose army is expected to depart within forty-eight hours. The editors of the newspaper El Liberal left today for Carranza's headquarters, the paper being the last of the Government organs to be removed from the capital.

FOUR PRIESTS PUT TO DEATH.

Government Ship to Bring Church Refugees from Vera Cruz.

EL PASO, Nov. 19.—A military bulletin from Guadalajara received here today says that four Catholic priests had been executed by order of Gen. Joachim Amar, Military Governor in the State of Michoacan. It was declared that the clericals had headed an uprising. Several similar uprisings of the people against alleged confiscation and desecration of church property have been reported from several points in Southwestern Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Acting Secretary of War Breckenridge this afternoon cabled an order to Gen. Funston, in command of the American troops at Vera Cruz, to transport on ships of the Government all clerical refugees who desired to be aided in their flight from the city before it was turned over to the Mexicans.

The War Department has been under the impression that the Catholic Church Extension Society of Chicago, of which Francis C. Kelley is President, had taken over the whole cost of transporting the clerical fugitives by a gift of $2,000 for the purpose, but a telegram from Mr. Kelley today explained that the society's plan would be only carried out in case the Government failed.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 19.—Cardinal Gibbons, at the request of the Archbishops of the United States, has written a letter of sympathy to the Mexican hierarchy, in which he says that "the deplorable conditions which for some time have prevailed in Mexico, and which apparently become more intolerable with each attempt to remedy them, are the source of deepest concern to the Bishops of the United States."

CAPITAL TO CELEBRATE.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—Tomorrow is the fourth anniversary of the revolution started by Madero. The day will be celebrated by civic ceremonies and the streets are already adorned with bunting and flags.

San Francisco Street, Mexico City's chief thoroughfare, will be renamed Madero Street.

THE man that don't build castles in the air don't build any with bricks, an' thar ain't no better air castle building material than VELVET.



Velvet Joe.



There's *inspiration* in VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco, Kentucky's *Burley de Luxe* with that aged-in-the-wood mellowness. 10c tins and 5c metal-lined bags.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

B. Altman & Co.

Women's Ready-to-wear Dep't
(Third Floor)

UNUSUAL VALUES are being offered in

WOMEN'S TAILOR-MADE SUITS
at $25.00, $30.00 & $35.00

Smart, Youthful Models.
Superior Materials and Workmanship.

B. Altman & Co.

Exceptional Values are offered in

Dress Silks

suitable for afternoon and evening costumes

as well as in

Mourning Silks, Black Satins, Crepes and Chiffon Velvets

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

GLASTENBURY HEALTH UNDERWEAR

Glastenbury Knitting Co. Established 1835 — Glastenbury Trade Mark

FOR MEN

Every garment is shaped to the figure, and guaranteed not to shrink.

Glastenbury two-piece flat-knit underwear has a record of over half a century's satisfaction to the consumer.

Affords protection against sudden chills, colds, pneumonia and rheumatism.

Made in fifteen grades, and all weights of fine wools, worsteds and merino.

See special feature of adjustable drawer bands on

330 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight	per garment	$1.50
3005 Natural Gray Wool, winter weight (double thread)	per garment	1.75
C-B Imp. Natural Gray Worsted, light weight	per garment	1.50
A Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, light weight	per garment	1.75
G-H Natural Gray Worsted, medium weight	per garment	2.00
A-H Natural Gray Australian Lamb's Wool, winter weight	per garment	2.50

For Sale by Leading Dealers.

Robert Reis & Co., Wholesale Distributors, New York.
Write for booklet—sample cuttings. Yours for the asking. Dept. T.
Glastonbury Knitting Company, Glastonbury, Conn.

"Wear-Ever" Aluminum Roaster

WEAR-EVER ALUMINUM TRADE MARK

GOLDEN brown all over will be the Thanksgiving turkey roasted in a "Wear-Ever" Roaster.

"Wear-Ever" Roasters save fuel and time because they heat evenly and quickly. Besides they are self-basting—which improves the roast, means less work and no burned hands.

"Wear-Ever" Roasters may be used on top of the stove—over one burner—for baking, etc.

The "Wear-Ever" Roaster is an "every-day" utensil—is seamless—cannot rust—cannot chip or scale—cannot taint food—has no hinges to break—has round corners—is easily kept clean.

Aluminum utensils are NOT "all the same"

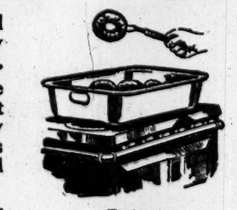
The enormous pressure of rolling mills and stamping machines makes the metal in "Wear-Ever" utensils smooth, dense and rigid. They give enduring satisfaction.

Always look for the "Wear-Ever" trade mark on the bottom of every utensil—if it is not there it is not "Wear-Ever." Refuse substitutes.

Get one of the special 20 cent one quart "Wear-Ever" Stewpans and see for yourself why so many women

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever"


Roasting

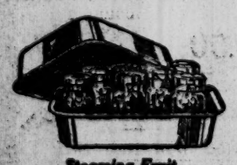

Frying


A Whole Meal


Baking Bread


Baking Apples


Bread and Cake Box


Steaming Fruit

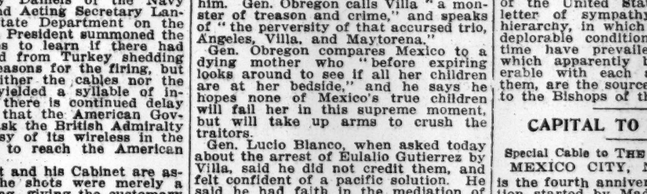
This one-quart "Wear-Ever" Stewpan—only 20 cents



Get your special "Wear-Ever" Stewpan and your "Wear-Ever" Thanksgiving Roaster at any one of 289 Department or Hardware Stores in Greater New York and Suburbs.

The Aluminum Cooking Utensil Co.
New Kensington, Pa.

The atmosphere of the ancient Hindu mystics has been revived!



is coming—a girl whose keen wit and dazzling beauty have made her the most talked of girl in America.

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

Men who seek something new and original in clothes, different in design and workmanship, designed and made with extraordinary care and attention to the smallest details, the embodiment of perfection in every feature, find in our clothes supreme satisfaction not available elsewhere. And every man, at some time or the other, does seek such clothes.

Fancy Mixture Sack Suits	$18 to $50
Blue and Black Sack Suits	$18 to $35
Lightweight Overcoats	$16 to $38
Heavyweight Overcoats	$18 to $75

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

Wild's Orientals

Wild's Orientals enjoy a distinction in any discussion of Oriental rugs—the advantage of that respect and confidence which always are sources of satisfaction to the owner

Splendid room sizes at $100 and upward—and beautiful smaller pieces from $18 up.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
5th Avenue at 35th Street
Largest Specialty Rug House in America

Big Stutz Bargain

Stutz Six, 1913, Six-passenger, every equipment, starting and lighting system; condition absolutely guaranteed. Price, $1,250—an exceptional, speedy car.

National Used Car Dept.
1759 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Phone Col. 8166.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS
ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE

Baby Grands, Upright & Player Pianos. Any piano converted into a Player Piano.

USED PIANOS

STEINWAY GRANDS FROM	$800 Up
BEHNING GRAND	125
SOHMER GRAND	150
PLAYER PIANO	200
AEOLIAN PIANO PLAYER	50
VOSE UPRIGHT	150
STEINWAY UPRIGHT	250

35 W 14th St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves

LIGHTS BETRAYED VANDYCK TO CAPTOR

Passengers Landed Here from British Liner Tell How Karlsruhe Caught Their Ship.

SANK BOAT BEARING WINE

German Officer Balked Stewards' Plan to Save Liquor—Raider May Invade North Atlantic.

When the 114 passengers from the Lamport & Holt steamship Vandyck, which was captured by the German cruiser Karlsruhe on Oct. 26, landed at Pier 5 of the Bush Stores, in South Brooklyn, yesterday morning from the steamship Sao Paulo of the Brazilian Lloyd Line, from Para, they expressed thankfulness at being safe once more in the United States.

Twenty-five of the passengers were women and children, two were English, and the rest were Americans. They said that they were treated with the greatest courtesy by the officers and crew of the Karlsruhe. This was in marked contrast to the behavior of the officers and crew of the Vandyck, who, they said, with the exception of the first officer and the assistant purser, were most churlish after the Germans captured the vessel.

The most important news of the elusive German cruiser brought to New York by the Vandyck's passengers was given to them by Lieut. Count von Issen, who was in charge of the collier Asuncion, which conveyed them to Para. He said that the Vandyck would probably be sunk after the beef and coal had been removed from her, and that the Karlsruhe would go then to the North Atlantic to capture some of the big liners. If she was pursued closely by British warships the cruiser would enter a port in the United States, according to the Count to be interned until the war was over. If there was not time to make a neutral port, then the Karlsruhe would be blown up, he said. Here is a list of the prizes taken by the Karlsruhe, which was given to one of the Vandyck's passengers by Count von Issen:

Maple Branch	Aug. 31	Farn	Oct. 6
Strathcairn	Sept. 1	Lysrown	Oct. 7
Highland Hope	Sept. 14	Cervantes	Oct. 8
Indrani	Sept. 17	Crowth	Oct. 9
Maria	Sept. 21	Glanton	Oct. 11
Rio Icyama	Sept. 21	Hersdale	Oct. 23
Cornish City	Sept. 22	Vandyck	Oct. 26
Muccia de Larrinaga	Oct. 5		

The stories of the capture of the Vandyck told by the passengers differed little except in minor details. Alexus Lindgren of Malone, Ill., a representative of the International Harvester Company, and Sidney Goldschmidt of Union Avenue, Brooklyn, who represented the International Paper Company in South America, gave this account of the voyage from Buenos Aires on the Vandyck:

"On Oct. 22 we were two days out from Bahia, running with all lights out or blanketed and all hands rather nervous at the idea of being captured by German cruisers. Later in the forenoon we sighted the British cruiser Bristol, and this cheered every one, as it looked as if the Vandyck was being protected. All went well, with fine, warm weather, until 10 o'clock on the morning of Oct. 26, when the Vandyck was about 200 miles east of the mouth of the Amazon River. Just after four bells had been struck the officer on the bridge sighted a warship and a smaller vessel on the horizon to the east steaming toward our ship rapidly. In a little more than half an hour the leading vessel was close up, and hoisted the German naval ensign, and we realized that the Vandyck had been captured.

"The warship was the Karlsruhe and her Captain sent up a signal ordering our ship to stop. Capt. Cadogan of the Vandyck obeyed the order at once. A cutter was lowered from the cruiser and came over to our ship. The cutter was in charge of an officer and contained, in addition to the regular crew, four marines armed with rifles and wearing life-saving jackets. When the German officer had ascended the accommodation ladder to the upper deck of the Vandyck, he introduced himself to Capt. Cadogan as Lieut. Fresse and said that the Vandyck must be turned over to him. The other vessel with the Karlsruhe was the Farn, a captured British freighter used as a collier.

"Lieut. Fresse told the passengers not to be alarmed, as they would be treated with every courtesy. Then he explained that he had been first officer of the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm and had many friends in New York. The passengers went to lunch in the saloon and were much calmer than the English stewards, who were so nervous as to their own fate that they spilled the soup over those at table and got the courses sadly mixed. After luncheon Capt. Cadogan told the passengers that the Vandyck had been captured and that he was no longer in command of the ship.

"Throughout the afternoon the two German officers conversed pleasantly with the American passengers, told how they had captured their prizes, and gave each one a picture of the Karlsruhe. Count von Issen said that they caught the Vandyck because they saw three or four port lights low down on the water on the night of Oct. 25. Some careless passenger had disobeyed orders and opened the ports.

"'We thought at first that it was a freighter and decided to look her up in daylight,' Count von Issen asserted. 'We were surprised to find that it was a $2,000,000 prize like the Vandyck.'

"Before leaving the Vandyck, Count von Issen, who was put in charge of the passengers on the collier with twelve marines, said that the passengers could take anything they wanted from the ship as souvenirs. One passenger took an electric clock, another carried away a bearskin rug, but most of the travelers were contented with silver spoons or forks. A very stout man said he did not wish a souvenir, but he walked on the keyboard of the piano out of revenge for its having kept him awake on the trip. The stewards collected wines, whiskies, and cigars which they lowered into a small boat as their share of the spoils. Lieut. Fresse looked over the side and saw what they had done. He gave an order to four stalwart marines and they lifted a heavy box of machinery to the rail and dropped it plumb in the centre of the boat, sending the craft to Davy Jones's locker.

LAMAR PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Court Overrules His Demurrer and Sets Trial for Nov. 30.

Judge Sessions overruled yesterday in the Federal District Court the demurrer interposed by David Lamar to indictments found against him on the charge of having impersonated Congressmen. Lamar was then called upon to plead to them, and entered the plea of not guilty. After argument between counsel Judge Sessions set down the trial for Nov. 30.

In dismissing the demurrer Judge Sessions went thoroughly into the objection that a Congressman was not an officer of the United States, and that consequently to impersonate one was not a crime against the United States. He found that there was no similarity between the office of a member of the Electoral College, who it had been contended, was merely a State officer, and the office of a member of Congress. In a legislative sense Senators and members of the House of Representatives represented the people of all the States and Territories, although they had been elected in a single State or district.

"It is certain," said Judge Sessions, "that a member of Congress is an officer, and that he is not an officer of a State; he must therefore be an officer of the United States."

The court also ruled that the indictments gave the defendant sufficient information as to the crime which he was called upon to answer.

DISCUSS $500,000,000 LOAN.

Conference Considers Plan to Spur South American Trade.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 19.—A plan to loan $500,000,000 to bankers and business men of Central and South America was broached at the first session here today of the International Trade Conference of the Mississippi Valley and Central West. Delegates asserted that if such a loan were made by financial institutions in the United States the export business of the Mississippi Valley would be increased greatly. J. J. Arnold of Chicago was selected as permanent Chairman of the conference.

FILMS WORTH $60,000 BURN.

Fire in Movie Exchange Endangers Lyceum Theatre.

While a dozen employes of the American and European Film Company were at work in its offices, on the sixth floor of the Forty-fifth Street Exchange Building, at 145 West Forty-fifth Street, yesterday afternoon, there was an explosion in the film storeroom of the moving-picture company. The fire licked through the whole suite of offices, and flames and smoke poured from the windows over the roof of the Lyceum Theatre next door.

As many as could crowd into the elevators, which Frank Stiles and Frank Distasio kept running until a fuse blew out and crippled the machinery, escaped in this way, but others, among them dozens of girl strenographers, crossed the roof of the theatre, which they reached from windows in the burning building. Acting Chief Martin ordered the management of the Lyceum Theatre to notify the matinée audience of the fire next door and assure the spectators of their safety on the first sign of nervousness.

The blaze kept the firemen away from the sixth floor for a time, but they finally dragged lines of hose there and quenched the fire. The damage was estimated at $10,000, while it was said that $60,000 worth of films had been lost.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

Continue, today, the following

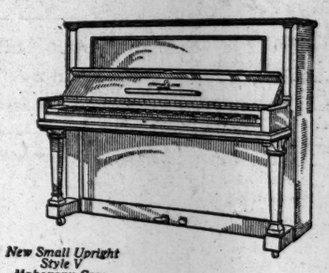
Unusually Attractive Values in special groups of Smart Apparel selected from their regular made up stocks.

SMART FUR-TRIMMED SUITS—*$45 & $58*
Regularly $65 to $95—Of fine materials, in the season's successful models; trimmed with beaver, seal, skunk, raccoon and other fashionable furs.

FROCKS & GOWNS—*$25 & $35*
Regularly $45 to $65 — Of serge and various silk materials, suitable for street and afternoon wear.
Also Dancing Dresses—formerly $45 to $85—at $25 & $35

BEAUTIFUL BLOUSES—*at $10*
Regularly $16 to $25—Charming semi-dress styles of chiffon, georgette crepe, crepe de chene and lace.

$10 to $20 HATS at *$10*
Trimmed and tailored styles.



New Small Upright Style V Mahogany Case only $500.

STEINWAY

YOU wouldn't expect to buy a very good piano for less than $500. And for that money you can now purchase the one acknowledged as the Standard of the World—the Steinway.

Style V is a Small Upright, designed especially for the modern home. Because of the smaller frame and case, enabling a saving in the cost of manufacture, we can sell this new piano at the lowest price at which a Steinway has ever been offered.

The new Upright has the supreme qualities of *every* Steinway, and is different only in size and price.

We shall be glad to have you try it.

STEINWAY & SONS
Steinway Hall
107-109 East 14th St., New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

GIMBELS
Broadway and Thirty-third Street.

TODAY—MONTESSORI DAY
Conference for the Betterment of Babies
At 3:30 P. M., demonstrations by graduates of Mme. Montessori's Normal Class in Rome.
Exhibit open from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. 10th Floor, No. 18 Elevator, 32d St. Side.

$16.75 Is today's price, because of particularly favorable purchases by GIMBELS, on

535 Men's Winter Overcoats
540 Men's Winter Suits

Values of which are $25, $27.50, and $30, according to our standards.



OVERCOATS comprise the new Nippon Model Overcoats with Skinner's satin lining; new raglan shoulder Coats, with full skirts and loose sleeves, a few Chesterfield Overcoats with velvet collars, and medium-weight Knitted Overcoats. All sizes, 33 to 44.

SUITS in advance models for fall and winter as well as of conservative cut. Plain or patch pockets. Plain fabrics, mixtures, and a fine group of striped effects in black or blue. Sizes 33 to 46 in regular, stout and long proportions.

$12.00 Today's Price on 75
Young Men's Chinchilla Ulsters

Wide shawl collars, ulster effect, with belted or plain backs, in blue or gray all-wool Chinchilla. Most comfortable winter coats; 31 to 40 chest. **Fourth Floor**

Welbred
TRADE GB MARK
Pumps, Boots and House Slippers

Are All That Men Can Wish For in Quality and Style.

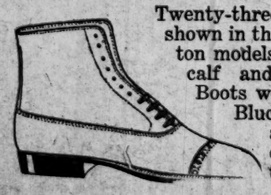
First, you should know that "Welbred" Shoes are made specially and exclusively for GIMBELS by the manufacturer, who produces the finest men's shoes made in America. The coltskin, calfskin and kidskin and other leathers and materials that go into their making are the very finest that can be bought. The styles are designed by experts who do not copy, but originate. "Welbred" Footwear leads in quality, appearance and wear.

Pumps and Dancing Slippers, $4 to $6

Shown in patent coltskin and gun metal calfskin; shapely, comfortable models; light yet thoroughly serviceable.



Business and Dress Shoes, $6 to $8



Twenty-three distinct new styles are shown in this section. Lace and button models. Gunmetal calf, patent calf and Russia calf leathers. Boots with cloth tops; plain and Blucher styles; broad English and narrow French models, all are represented in this broad assortment.

Second Floor

For Men:—
$5 Bath Robes at $3.50

A big manufacturer who is very anxious to have us as a regular customer made a price concession on about 200 of his new bath robes. They are good quality and come in fine color combinations; well tailored models with shawl collars and silk-bound edge. Silk cord at girdle and button front. All sizes.

$6 and $7.50 Blanket Robes, $4.25

They are splendidly made and of very fine quality materials. Just the things to lounge around in; come in many pleasing colors, fitted and finished in a way that means they will hold their shape until you are ready for a new robe.

In Holiday Quarters

Our Bath Robes and House Coats have moved to their holiday quarters on the Main Floor, and that is a good hint that in the two special values above is an answer to that perplexing question of "What to give Him." **Main Floor**

Another Lot of Those Famous
Nu-toe Silk Socks for Men
At 35c Instead of 65c Pair

Such a startling value as this is possible only at GIMBELS because we are exclusive agents in New York for Nu-toe Socks and secure all the factory's surplus lots.

Nu-toe Socks are made of heavy, durable silk with patented tops that will not ravel and strongly reinforced soles, heels and toes. A dressy sock for winter wear; in black, navy, gray and purple.

The 65c quality at 35c a pair or three pairs for $1.

Imported Lisle and Cotton Socks, 35c Pair

Excellently made with double heels and toes and hand seamed.

Cashmere and Wool Hose at 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c Pair

Just the kind of socks needed for outdoor winter wear.
Also Warm Golf Hose, with or without feet, at $1.10 to $2.95 a pair. **Main Floor**

Merchandise Here Advertised On Sale Today

Macy's
R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

The Latest Victor Talking Machines and Records at Usual Macy Savings

Men's Winter Overcoats Specially Priced

Unquestionably the best that can be produced from the standpoint of
STYLE—QUALITY—PRICE



OVERCOATS $24.75

Chesterfield Overcoats—the most distinguished garments of the season. Single or double breasted models in Oxford and black—strictly hand-tailored and cut on conservative or "ultra" lines. Silk lined throughout and with velvet collars. Also many other prevailing styles.

OVERCOATS $19.75

New models on clever English lines—and in the "warmth-without-weight" fabrics so much in demand. Skeleton lined and with silk yokes. In many styles, including Chesterfield, double breasted models, Raglan, Ulster, London Box and modified Balmacaans; some with velvet collars.

OVERCOATS $14.75

London Box, Raglan, Chesterfield and modified Balmacaan models, some with convertible collars. All have silk lined yoke and sleeves. Smart and serviceable Kerseys, Cheviots, Wool Check Cassimeres and heavy Coatings in a wide range of colors.



Final Sale of Men's Suits
Made by Alfred Benjamin & Co. Manufacturing Clothiers
Not all sizes in every lot, but quite an assortment to select from.

At $13.75	At $17.75	At $19.75	At $21.75
Standard Price $20.00	Standard Prices $22.50 & $25.00	Standard Prices $27.50 & $30.00	Standard Prices $32.50 & $35.00

FIFTH FLOOR.

Shirts to Measure
$2.48

Just arrived, 100 of the newest 1915 patterns of imported madras for Men's Shirts. Other shirt shops and the custom shirt departments of other large stores charge $3.00 and $3.50 for this grade of garment.
Soft or laundered, negligee or pleated bosoms.
MAIN FLOOR, BALCONY, 35TH ST.

Men's Hats "De Lion"

Macy's is sole agent for these famous French Silk and Derby Hats. NONE BETTER MADE.

Silk Hats	$6.94 $7.94
Derbys	$3.96

MAIN FLOOR, 35TH STREET



BIG BUSINESS vs. UNREASONABLE COSTS

Despite certain high market prices for table requisites, the Hotel McAlpin is able, through the size and force of its organization, to select the best table supplies the New York market affords at a notable price concession.

This advantage is reflected in the McAlpin Tariff. It is one of the commendable features of the widely known McAlpin organization.

Incidentally, it is a forceful illustration of the fact that McAlpin service does not suffer by size, but actually is benefited by it.

HOTEL McALPIN
Herald Square
Management of Merry & Boomer.

MUST ACCOUNT FOR $872,151

Referee Orders Mrs. Holden to Report on Mother's Estate.

Mrs. Virginia Freeman Hawley, widow of Ravaud K. Hawley, who made a fortune in the lumber business, died in 1909, leaving her estate to be divided equally between her daughters, Mrs. Alice Hawley Truax and Mrs. Virginia H. Holden, who was named as executrix. When Mrs. Holden filed an accounting of the estate with the Surrogate, Mrs. Truax objected to it, and Peter B. Olney was appointed referee to pass on the management of the estate.

Mr. Olney's report was filed yesterday. He finds that the executrix failed to account for stock worth $749,700 and dividends amounting to $122,451. Mrs. Holden's statement showed a balance of only about $1,000 for the estate.

R. K. Hawley left an estate of about $829,000, and most of it was represented in lumber companies in Cleveland. Mrs. Holden's husband, who had become President of these companies, died in 1900, and Mrs. Holden was left to handle the business alone. The referee said that Mrs. Hawley believed that Mr. Holden had protected her interests, and it was said that he had pledged his own credit and involved his father and brother in order to serve her.

Mrs. Hawley consented to accept two notes for $117,936 each from the Cleveland Saw Mill and Lumber Company, which represented the amount she was credited with on the books. Mrs. Hawley gave both of these notes to Mrs. Holden, and later Mrs. Holden and Mrs. Hawley received shares of stock in the lumber company. Mr. Olney said that because of a false impression created in the mind of Mrs. Hawley and the lack of disinterested advice she made gifts to Mrs. Holden. He said also that half of the estate left by Mrs. Hawley should be paid to Mrs. Truax, and that Mrs. Holden should account for $749,700 worth of stock in one of the sawmill companies and $122,451 of dividends. Mrs. Truax will be entitled to half of this amount, providing the report is confirmed by the Surrogate.

CELESTINS VICHY
Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government
Natural Alkaline Water
Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout, Indigestion and **Uric Acid.**
Ask your Physician
Note the Name
CELESTINS
SOLD IN QUARTS, PINTS and SPLITS.

Looking After Sandy
By MARGARET TURNBULL
"A very wholesome and readable little tale. Will appeal especially to girls of the growing-up stage, and should be popular among holiday gift volumes."
—Des Moines Register.
$1.35 net.
HARPER & BROTHERS

National Racer
Very fast. Condition good as new. Must sell at once.
$1,000 to Quick Buyer.
National Used Car Dept.
1759 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Phone Col. 8166.

NEW CHICAGO SERVICE
Leave New York 11 A. M. Arrive Chicago 12:50 P. M. No Extra Fare.
Arrive St. Louis, 2:55 P.M. Kansas City, 9:45 P. M.
Ticket Offices: Broadway Cor. Wall St. Cor. 34th St. Cor. Howard St. Cor. 42d St. Brooklyn—565 Fulton St.

Al: I'll be in New York Monday
ZUDORA

POINTS TO WILSON'S SILENCE ON WOMEN

Scarcely Any Mention of Them in President's American History, Says Mrs. Beard.

BEFORE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

Committee Condemns Prohibition as Ineffectual — Appointment, Not Election, of Judges Advocated.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 19.—At the twenty-second annual conference of the National Municipal League here today Mrs. Charles A. Beard of New York, in an address on "Woman's Work for the City," declared that if a visitor from Mars were to read President Wilson's five-volume history of the American people he "would imagine that there had been no women in this part of the universe from the landing of the Pilgrims to the present day, for scarcely a mention of women can be found in all the hundreds of pages. Apparently 'George' has done it all."

Mrs. Beard believed the knell of that sort of history had been rung; women were now studying history for themselves. She outlined the wide range of women's activities, particularly in civic work—all the way from planting window flower boxes to assumption of the "judicial ermine."

"It is a matter of common knowledge," she declared, "that many a municipal politician in office owes the success of his technical administration to the efficiency of a woman under-secretary."

It was significant, she continued, that a great majority of the leaders in women's work in municipalities were no longer content with surrendering their functions when they became most interesting and important. Hence the demand for the ballot. After failing to arouse men to the sense of their responsibilities, she said, women had come to accept the philosophy, "If you want a thing well done, do it yourself."

The report of the Committee on the Liquor Problem expressed the opinion that prohibition was not the true solution of the liquor question.

"In this country," the report says, "there appears to be a recrudescence of the movement toward State-wide prohibition. The recent elections have so resulted in several of the States. In the opinion of the writer, this is not the true solution of the liquor problem, and the action, from time to time, of particular States is not likely to leave any permanent impression."

The report of the Committee on Municipal Courts, which held that "the element of blind chance" figured largely in the choice of Judges by popular vote, provoked considerable discussion. The report recommended the appointment of Judges by a Chief Judge or by a judicial council, the Chief Judge to be elected in the regular way.

William Dudley Foulke, President of the league, favored the appointment of Judges by the Governor, and was opposed to appointment by a Chief Judge on the ground that it was wisest to relieve Judges of all patronage.

Mr. Foulke as President and Clinton Rogers Woodruff of Philadelphia as Secretary were re-elected.

HURRIES WEDDING TO SAIL.

Rich Cuban's Son, Ordered Home, to Take Bride with Him.

Frederick Narganes, a young Cuban, and recently a student at Columbia University, received word early yesterday morning from his father, Ricardo Narganes, a wealthy sugar grower of Cuba, that he was to sail for home tomorrow.

The young man then paid a call on his fiancée, Miss Rolanda Coll, daughter of Mrs. E. M. Coll of 143 West Ninety-fourth Street, to whom, it is said, he had become engaged only a week ago. Archibald R. Eadie, an intimate friend of Narganes, and Mrs. Edwin Miles, his sister, were reached by telephone a short time later, and were surprised the request that they serve as attendants at the couple's wedding.

The ceremony was performed, with only the bride and bridegroom and the two attendants present, in the Holy Name rectory, 207 West Ninety-sixth Street, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, Father Tierney officiating. Narganes then notified his father by cablegram that a bride would accompany him.

Narganes has been making his home at the Ansonia since leaving Columbia. While at school he attracted considerable attention as a wrestler, winning the intercollegiate championship, and holding the amateur middleweight championship of the United States.

FREE For Test of QUALITY CIGARS "MADE IN U. S. A." (Manufactured in Bond)

UNITED CIGAR STORES



FREE FOR TEST
5 Havana-American Blunts
(Retail price of these cigars, 3-for-25 cts.)
FREE with every purchase of cigars, amounting to $2.00, or over, of cigars of any brand "Made in U. S. A."
Nov. 20th-21st Only
The Havana-American brand, "Manufactured in Bond," in Tampa, Fla., is a national favorite among clear Havana smokers. The Blunt is one of the popular shapes.

Cigars made in Tampa, Fla., of tobacco grown in Cuba take second place to none.

Cigars "Made in U. S. A." are proving out.

We must go to Cuba for the tobacco, but where Nature leaves off American genius begins.

Cigars imported from Havana no longer go unchallenged for highest quality.

This has come to be so apparent—no matter how severe the comparison—that *we are going to prove it without cost to smokers.*

For this test we are going to give FREE to smokers **cigars "Made in U. S. A."** under a United States law which positively assures them that what they pay for they get—not only that the cigars are "Made in U. S. A.," but are exactly as represented.



Every box of these cigars is sealed with the new bonded stamp reading "Manufactured in Bond," which certifies that the U. S. Government itself guarantees them to be made exclusively of tobacco imported from Havana and to have been made (according to the Spanish method) by the skilled workmen of the Tampa, Fla., factories.

FREE FOR TEST
5 Havana-American (Universal size)
(Retail price of these cigars, 10 cts. each.)
FREE with every purchase of cigars, amounting to $2.50, or over, of cigars of any brand "Made in U. S. A."
Nov. 20th-21st Only
The Universal size of the Havana-American brand is probably the largest selling 10 cent cigar in the United States.



This is strictly a "Made in U. S. A." proposition. Cigars imported from Havana excluded.

FREE FOR TEST
5 Flor de Murias (Perfeccionado size)
(Retail price of these cigars, 2-for-25 cts.)
FREE with every purchase of cigars, amounting to $3.00, or over, of cigars of any brand "Made in U. S. A."
Nov. 20th-21st Only
The Flor de Murias factory in Tampa is a branch of the Flor de Murias factory in Havana. Duplicated quality in both factories.

We know of no better, fairer way to establish the high quality of the cigars which are our leaders in the Clear Havana grade.

Our tremendous sales of cigars received direct from the Tampa manufacturers make our prices possible.

No jobbers, no middlemen in between our customers and the source of production.

An invitation such as we extend to smokers today will leave unchallenged our claim as above set forth.

The risk is all ours.

TODAY AND TOMORROW the offer herewith made will be in effect in UNITED CIGAR STORES in New York and Brooklyn, New Jersey, and Westchester County, N. Y.

UNITED CIGAR STORES



New Dance Records—Just Out

Ballin' the Jack	Fox Trot
The Vampire	Hesitation Waltz
Jamais Trot	One-Step
I Want to Go Back to Michigan	Fox Trot
Ragtime Nick	Medley Gavotte
Reuben Fox Trot	Fox Trot
Maurice Glide	One-Step
Hesitation Con Amore	Hesitation Waltz
Do the Funny Fox Trot	Fox Trot
You're Here and I'm Here	One-Step
Humpty-Dumpty Rag	One-Step
The Tango Dance	Modern Tango

Learn the New Fox Trot

Call at the Edison Shop today or tomorrow and hear the most remarkable set of new dance records ever issued—just out today.

New fox trots, Castle polkas, one-steps, hesitation waltzes, and all the other fascinating dances.

You have never heard dance music like them. They're full of lilting, swinging melody, graceful movement, and wonderfully perfect time that will put life into your feet and guide them through the new steps.

Special arrangements have been made so you can hear these wonderful new dance records at the free concerts, beginning today. Don't miss this treat.

Learn all the fascinating new dances—right in your own home.

Just draw back the rugs, put one of the new dance records on your New Edison Diamond Disc Phonograph, and let the fun begin. You have never heard music like this. It's great.

Correct Steps for the Fox Trot

Basis of the Fox Trot is a one-step. Dance is opened with 4 slow one-steps. One step to each two beats of music. Gentleman's left foot forward—Lady's right foot back, as in Fig. 1. Then 8 fast one-steps—1 beat to each step, or Gentleman—left—right—left—right—slow, and left—right—left—right—left—right—left—right—fast.

Turn is made by turning to right during 4 running one-steps. Gentleman now steps left foot diagonally forward—allows 2 counts for the step, slide right foot diagonally behind left—allowing 2 counts for this step (Fig. 1) and run forward 4 steps—left right—left right—allowing only 1 beat to each step. Repeat all 3 times.

Gentleman executes a dipping two-step with left foot counts 1, 2, 3, holds count 4, and 4 running steps backward beginning with right foot.

The Zig-Zag Run Step

The gentleman moves forward, lady backward—Gentleman carries foot to the back, hers to the front. Gentleman runs, left to left side, count 1, right crosses back, count 2, left to left side, count 3, right to right side, count 4, left crosses back, count 5, right to right side, count 6, and continue through 12 counts and end with 4 running steps.

The Slide

Gentleman slides to the left 4 times, as in Fig. 3.

Wave and Box Turn

Gentleman steps forward left foot to the left of the lady—3 steps—3 steps to the right of the lady—three steps to the left of the lady—and both turn half around. This brings the lady as in Fig. 4.

Now repeat. The gentleman continues 3 steps to each side of the lady. The lady always walking straight backward, the gentleman making the turn only when the lady is on his right.

—Arranged by LOUIS H. CHALIF.

The *New* Edison

Diamond Disc Phonograph

The diamond stylus reproducer overcomes all the obstacles to perfect reproduction that have baffled makers of all other instruments.

The smooth, highly polished surface of the genuine diamond flows smoothly over the indestructible sound waves of the New Edison records, bringing out all the delicate overtones and tone colors.

Call and hear it. The splendid dance music is only one feature of the New Edison. Hear the voices of the world's greatest operatic singers and the music of master instrumentalists reproduced with all unblemished art of the original.



New Records Every Week—another Edison triumph. A list of brand new disc records of the world's latest and best music is now issued every week—new operatic selections—new songs—new dances. Every record selected and approved by Mr. Edison personally.

Concerts Every Day at The Edison Shop

From 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Call at the beautiful New Edison Shop—New York's newest show-place.

Hear the wonderful new dance records as well as all other classes of music.

(The Phonograph Co. of Manhattan, Proprietors)
473 Fifth Avenue New York
Between 40th and 41st Sts., Opposite Public Library

FOUR JOBS TO MEET 3,000 OUT OF WORK

Walter L. Sears, However, Has High Hopes for City Employment Bureau.

500 WOMEN REGISTERED

Employers Needing Help Urged to State Their Needs at Once—Bureau's First Day a Busy One.

With only four jobs to offer and 2,500 men and 500 women seeking them, Walter L. Sears, the provisional head of the new Municipal Employment Bureau, put in his first day on duty yesterday at the bureau's offices at Lafayette and Leonard Streets. With the help of twelve clerks he registered all of the 3,000 applicants, and as the last one was turning away at 6 o'clock, he wrote out this notice to the unemployed and to employers:

First—It is highly important that the unemployed of all other cities than New York City remain away from New York. If the first day's registration at this bureau means anything, it means that New York City is no place for a man out of a job to start for.

Second—All employers needing help of any kind whatever, from stenographers to farmhands, should send in at once a statement of their needs. If the problem of unemployment is to be handled at all, once we have got a measure on its extent, it must be handled for the present through the quick contact of the man out of a job and the employer in need of an employe.

The women who came in search of work ranged in age from 15 to 61. Among them was a woman 40 years old who brought letters from several clubs where she had served as cook. The letters named the wages she had been receiving at from $60 to $75 per month and were extravagant in their praise of her ability as a cook and chief of the kitchen force. She said she would gladly work for $40 a month to escape the dreariness of unemployment. The oldest who applied was a colored woman who brought samples of lacework she had done at home. She said she would be glad of a place either to make fine lacework or to do a chambermaid's work. She was an expert in both lines, she said.

Miss Anna Murphy was installed as chief of the women's division for certain trades. She had to shake her head to each imploring question that she suggest some place to go where a position might be waiting.

Mr. Sears, after watching the line move along for most of the day, said he had never seen a finer collection of workmen in his life and that hardly any of those in line were what could be called the "down and out" type.

"We are going to deal in jobs," he said, "in exactly the spirit that the public library deals in books. Nobody will be charged a penny, either employer or job hunter."

CITY'S HEALTH FIGHT.

Death Rate Shows Cut Every Year, McAneny Tells Physicians.

There would have been 70,000 more deaths and 700,000 more cases of serious illness in this city in 1913 if the rate for deaths and serious illnesses had been the same then as in 1880, according to George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, who addressed the New York Academy of Medicine at its anniversary meeting last night.

Diphtheria caused death in this city at the annual rate of 154 out of every 100,000 persons from 1868 to 1877, from 1878 to 1887 the rate jumped from 154 to 170. From 1904 to 1912, Mr. McAneny said, the advance in medical science and the improvement in sanitary conditions had reduced the mortality to the annual rate of 32 to every 100,000 persons.

Malaria from 1868 to 1877 killed twenty-six persons a year out of every 100,000; from 1908 to 1912 its annual death rate was less than one in 100,000.

In 1898, 212.4 infants under a year old died out of every 1,000; in 1904 the rate dropped from 212.4 to 162; in 1909 it went down to 129.9; in 1913 to 101.9, and in 1914 it is believed that it will be less than 100.

Between 1900 and 1904, he said, 27,111 persons were graduated from medical schools in this country; in the four years between 1910 and 1914 the number of graduates was 20,711.

The number of physicians in the service of the city now, he said, was 1,632, of whom 982 served without pay.

HOLD UP PRICE OF DIAMONDS

Union Cutters Will Strike in Any Shop That Sells Under Scale.

The wholesale price of diamonds will not be reduced because of the war. This has been decided not by the mine owners and manufacturers, but by the workmen employed in the diamond-cutting factories. This was announced in the Maiden Lane district yesterday in messages received from Amsterdam, Holland. Three associations have agreed to this policy—the Diamond Workers' Union, which is international in character; the Association of Diamond Cutters and Manufacturers, and the Association of Diamond Brokers.

The Diamond Workers' Union decided to order a strike in the shop of an manufacturer whose diamonds should be sold under the scale of prices prevailing before the war. If a manufacturer should try to evade the rule by selling secretly, the union will issue an order prohibiting workers from doing any further work for him. A broker who attempts to negotiate sales of diamonds under market prices is to be shut off from supplies as a result of the arrangement.

No More Student Debts at N. Y. U.

There will be no more unpaid bills for student activities in New York University if measures under consideration are adopted by the student organization. In the past student activities have made debts which hung over until settled by the Student Organization in succeeding years. The plan calls for a student Treasurer, who shall supervise expenditures for student activities except the Athletic Council and fraternities. The Treasurer will be bonded up to $4,000, and the university will become responsible for debts. The plan has the approval of most upper classmen.

KILLED UNDER UMBRELLA.

Rain Shield Hid Auto—Woman Under Umbrella Hit by Car.

Umbrellas made necessary by the storm yesterday afternoon were responsible for the death of one person in an automobile accident in Brooklyn and for a woman being knocked down by a trolley car.

Samuel Reich, 59 years old, an upholsterer, of 1,075 Bedford Avenue, was crossing that thoroughfare at Lexington Avenue, when he was hurled twenty feet by an automobile driven by Charles L. Ross of 66 Hancock Street.

Reich had an umbrella over his head, which concealed the automobile. His head struck the curb and he was dead when Ambulance Surgeon Neary of the Swedish Hospital arrived.

Agnes Kingston, 34 years old, of 547 Sixth Avenue, was crossing Fifth Avenue in the storm under an umbrella, when she was hit by a car. She was taken to the Holy Family Hospital, suffering from bruises and internal injuries.

WEDS ADOPTED DAUGHTER.

Girl of 17 Mistress of Mansion She Entered as Foster-Child.

Seventeen-year-old Dorothy Breding, the pretty foster daughter of Severin A. Breding, a wealthy resident of Flatbush, whose friends have been the school children of the neighborhood, is now the mistress of the fine old homestead at 1,712 Ditmas Avenue. The girl, scarcely more than a child, was married in Chicago last March to Breding, who is forty years her senior and whose first wife, Dorothy's adopted mother, divorced him only a year ago.

News of the marriage had been gossiped about Flatbush for some weeks, but only yesterday was it admitted. Breding is on the Pacific Coast traveling as a representative of the American Lawyers Company of 320 Broadway, Manhattan, and young Mrs. Breding is keeping house against his homecoming.

NEW YORK TIMES AS EVIDENCE

Counsel Sought to Introduce It in London Marconi Case.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A tussle between Judge and counsel over the production of the files of THE NEW YORK TIMES as evidence marked today's resumed hearing in the action before the High Courts wherein Samuel Segar, a wealthy Russian Pole, is claiming $43,000 from Godfrey Isaacs, Managing Director of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company. Mr. Segar says he lost this sum over deals in Marconi stock and that Mr. Isaacs agreed to reimburse him.

The case was continued from last week when permission was given to Segar's counsel to introduce fresh evidence to rebut suggestions of blackmail and enable the plaintiff to amend his pleadings by alleging against Isaacs misfeasance as a Director.

At the opening of proceedings Leslie Scott, counsel for Segay, said:

"I propose to produce files of THE NEW YORK TIMES for the months of March and April, 1912, showing the price of American Marconi shares. It is desirable to show that defendant knew what was in THE NEW YORK TIMES and The New York Press when he said he did not know, and that it was common knowledge in New York that the shares at that time were at a considerable premium. The evidence of THE NEW YORK TIMES is to refute Isaacs's evidence that in April, 1912, shares were at a discount and that he did not know until he came into court that they were at a premium in New York."

Sir Edward Carson: "I object to THE NEW YORK TIMES being put in as evidence. If my friend can prove an official document, that will be sufficient."

Justice Bailhache: "Evidence with regard to the price of shares in New York could have been available before adjournment."

Leslie Scott: "The importance of THE NEW YORK TIMES evidence is quite different in degree since the charge of blackmail has been raised."

Justice Bailhache: "I don't agree. I don't propose to retry the case. I shall not admit evidence from THE NEW YORK TIMES."

Leslie Scott: "Does your Lordship also think that the file of THE NEW YORK TIMES for the purpose of proving interviews with Godfrey Isaacs as to the booming of shares is inadmissible?"

Justice Bailhache: "Yes, I think so."

Despite this decision from the bench, Leslie Scott shortly afterward suddenly called for the files of THE NEW YORK TIMES for March and April, 1912, which were produced by a member of the staff of the London office of THE NEW YORK TIMES. The TIMES employe was sworn and counsel was proceeding to question him when the Judge interposed warmly.

"I have decided that evidence from copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES is not admissible," he said. "I will not allow it."

"I understood it was to be allowed," explained Mr. Scott.

The employe was then called down from the stand.

Sir Thomas Berridge, Segar's lawyer, followed to testify emphatically that suggestions that the alleged agreement between the plaintiff and defendant was from its inception a blackmailing agreement was absolutely untrue. There was not the slightest foundation for the suggestion of blackmail by him or his client.

When Leslie Scott rose to address the court, Justice Bailhache intimated that he was with him on the question of agreement. He thought there was little in the allegation of misrepresentation, but the threat to bring a shareholder's action might well have weighed with Godfrey Isaacs.

At the conclusion of the speeches the Judge intimated that he would deliver judgment in the case tomorrow morning.

Caught Burglars in Synagogue.

Two burglars who jimmied an entrance into the synagogue at Marcy Avenue and South Fifth Street, Williamsburg, early yesterday were confronted by the janitor, Samuel Katachan, of 157 Marcy Avenue. They attacked him and threw him against a bench. His shouting brought Policeman McDermott who, while pursuing the burglars north on Marcy Avenue, fired five shots at them. He caught them in a hallway. They gave their names as William Seibert of 44 Allen Street and John Zimblock of 230 South First Street.

The One Safe Place

for valuable papers, accessible to you alone, is a safe in a burglar proof and fireproof Vault. The vaults of the

Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.

42d Street, opp. Grand Central Terminal

are readily accessible from any point in Greater New York.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE STORED in separate fireproof rooms. Guaranteed against fire, theft, moth and other damage by especial arrangement. Send for estimate. Telephone Murray Hill 5888.

Your Goal Today!!



¶ If you're motoring to "The Game" tomorrow, your goal today is, or should be this "Store Where Style Reigns Supreme."

¶ Everything here with which to make a "smashing defense" against the "open play" of the wind and to block the "lateral passes" of Jack Frost.

¶ Everything in Good Clothes that will add to your comfort and pleasure in "the car" and in "the Bowl."

Fur Overcoats from $25.00 to $135.00.

Fur Lined Overcoats, $22.50, $37.50 and up to $75.00

Warm Woolen Sweaters of Fine Quality, $4.85 and $7.50

Mackinaw Coats from $7.50 to $10.00.

Motor Gloves, Wrist or Gauntlet, $2.50 to $6.00

Warm Lap Robes, $5.00, $8.00, $12.00 and up to $35.00.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET.

"The Store Where Style Reigns Supreme"

ON SALE TODAY AND TOMORROW

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

ON SALE TODAY AND TOMORROW



1000 Smart TRIMMED HATS

We have closed out the Sample lines of three of New York's foremost makers

HATS MADE TO SELL AT $5.00 TO $10.00

Your Choice $2.97 Each

TAILORED AND DRESS HATS, representing all the newest and smartest styles of the moment, including Hats in the new Sand, Khaki and Cerise colors.

THERE ARE HATS FOR YOUNG MISSES AND WOMEN; Hats for every occasion; Hats to suit every need. These Hats have been very carefully made and expertly and stylishly trimmed. Majority are made of the very finest Lyons Velvet, new French Felts, and other new materials.

THE SHAPES represent the latest and most attractive creations of designers noted for their exquisite taste—including large Sailors, Tricornes and close-fitting Turban effects.

THE TRIMMINGS consist of practically everything that is in vogue, comprising rich Ostrich Garnitures, Feather Fantasies, Fur Ornaments, Ostrich Plumes of different kinds, embracing those most popular this season.

MAJORITY OF THE HATS ARE BLACK—but there are numerous Hats in the new Colors as mentioned above, and there are many black Hats with touches of color; also some white Hats.

THE HATS ILLUSTRATED give an idea of this wonderful collection of 1,000 of the season's most modish Hats—to be sold at very much less than they cost to produce.

TRIMMED MILLINERY SALON, SECOND FLOOR.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50 $3.75 $4 $4.50 & $5 SHOES

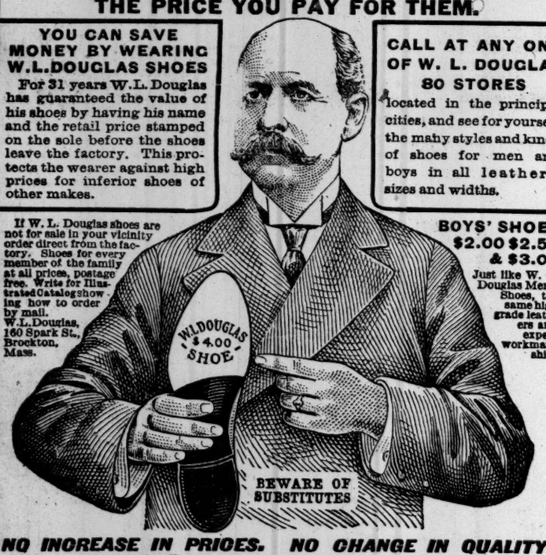
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ARE ALWAYS WORTH THE PRICE YOU PAY FOR THEM.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES

For 31 years W.L. Douglas has guaranteed the value of his shoes by having his name and the retail price stamped on the sole before the shoes leave the factory. This protects the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes of other makes.

CALL AT ANY ONE OF W. L. DOUGLAS 80 STORES

located in the principal cities, and see for yourself the many styles and kinds of shoes for men and boys in all leathers, sizes and widths.



If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity order direct from the factory. Shoes for every member of the family at all prices, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail. W.L.Douglas, 160 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00 $2.50 & $3.00

Just like W. L. Douglas Men's Shoes, the same high grade leathers and expert workmanship.

NO INCREASE IN PRICES. NO CHANGE IN QUALITY.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cannot be equalled for the price; for style, comfort and service they are just as good as other makes costing $4.00 to $5.00. Your attention is called especially to W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $4.50 shoes; a careful examination will convince you that they compare favorably with other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00, the only perceptible difference is the price. You are invited to visit W.L. Douglas factory at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself the high grade leathers used and how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made; you would then understand why they look better, fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th Street.
847 Broadway, near 14th Street.
1249 Broadway, corner 30th Street.
1495 Broadway (Times Square).
984 Third Avenue.
1452 Third Avenue.
2202 Third Avenue, corner 126th St.
2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.

BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
708-710 Broadway, corner Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
857-859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.

NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
TRENTON—101 East State Street.

The Hupmobile

Car Of The American Family



$1365

F. O. B. Detroit
Touring Car with Sedan Top; Roadster with Coupe Top, $1325 F. O. B. Detroit

Hupmobile — Car of the American Family

Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc.,

1,690 Broadway at 53d St.

Tel. Columbus 7154.

Dimond Bros., Bedford & Fulton, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Newark Salesrooms, 273 Halsey St.

A Top Unlike Any You've Seen In Past—

If you have in mind, in connection with the Hup Sedan top, the makeshift Winter tops you have seen—forget it, says Chas. E. Riess.

Because the Hup Sedan is nothing like them.

Where they are clumsy and destroy the lines of the car, this top retains the graceful beauty of the Hupmobile.

Where they shake and rattle and work loose, this top is firmly and substantially attached.

Where their doors are ill-fitting, unhandy affairs, these doors fit snug and tight, and open easily and wide.

Where the others, at best, are but protection against wind and cold, the Hup Sedan—in spite of its low cost—actually has limousine luxury in its outside and inside finish.

The Hup Sedan is designed and built by the Hupmobile Factory—the first time any automobile manufacturer has gone so far with such an important feature.

And it literally gives two cars at the price of one.

See it.

CHAS. E. RIESS.

There should be music in every home on Christmas morning

Will there be a Victrola in your home this Christmas?

The Victrola XVI Illustrated

With $15 worth of new Victor Records of your own selection.

$12 Cash and $10 Monthly

This superb instrument may be had in mahogany and all shades of oak, including the favorite fumed oak.

In white enamel, at **$250**
In American Walnut, at **$250**
In Vernis Martin, at **$400**
All on terms to suit your convenience.

The New Victrola XI at $100

In the scarce English brown, and with the new shelves for Victor record albums,

$5 Cash and $5 Monthly

It will be a pleasure to demonstrate both of these superb instruments for you.



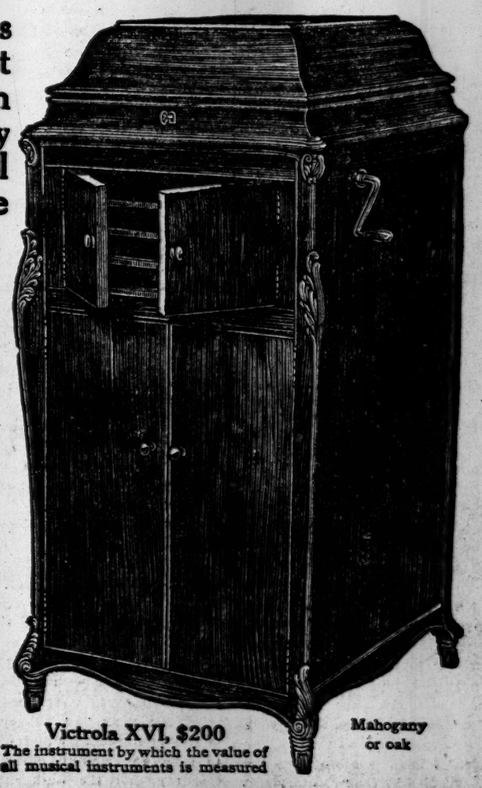
There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety of styles from $10 to $200, and any Victor dealer will gladly demonstrate them to you.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, N. J.

The New Gimbel Talking Machine Salons

Provide most delightful facilities for enjoying the latest records. Glass enclosed on all sides, perfectly sound-proof, and with a constant current of fresh air, they are the most modern of their kind.

Here you may listen in comfort to the new Fox Trots, One Steps, and Hesitations, and all the other Victor Records as they appear. **Eighth Floor.**



Victrola XVI, $200
The instrument by which the value of all musical instruments is measured

Mahogany or oak

Broadway GIMBEL BROTHERS 33d Street

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Publication Office............Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown............15 Beekman Street
Wall Street............2 Rector Street
Harlem............263 West 125th Street
Bronx.......149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island.....Ferry House, St. George
Jersey City..........538 Jersey Avenue
Long Island City.....363 Jackson Avenue
Hoboken..............61 Second Street
Paterson..............13 Park Avenue
Elizabeth..............90 Broad Street
WASHINGTON..................Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO...............1,202 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS........409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT..................826 Ford Building
LONDON............2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS..............32 Rue Louis le Grand

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates:

	1 Yr.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY	$8.50	$0.75
DAILY, without Sunday	6.00	.50
SUNDAY, with Picture Section and Review of Books	2.50	.25
Canada, Sunday only	5.00	.45

Postage free in United States, Canada, Mexico, Panama, Canal Zone, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippines, Guam, Samoa, Shanghai.

All other countries, (postage included:)

	1 Yr.	1 Mo.
Daily and Sunday	$24.00	$2.00
Daily, without Sunday	15.60	1.30
Sunday only	8.40	.70

THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per Year..$4.00
Canada, $5; other countries, $5.50.
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year.......1.00
Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL WAR EXTRA, (Thursdays,) per Year, $5; Six Months, $2.50; Three Months, $1.25; Single Copies, 10c.
Canada, one year, $6; other countries, one year, $6.50.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per Year, $8; per Copy, $2.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOV. 20, 1914.

BRIGHTENING FINANCIAL SKIES.

The news from London yesterday told the same story about the dreaded Stock Exchange settlement there that was told about the opening of our Cotton Exchange. It had been feared that there would be failures for millions. The fact was that there were only a few minor embarrassments due to the inability to make foreign collections, and assistance was forthcoming in those cases, so that the trouble was merely of personal significance. Each fresh step toward the revival of business promises to have the same encouraging results as in these two cases, and for the same reason. There is a new spirit of co-operation abroad, to use the President's word. The business world is passing through troubles thrust upon it, not springing from faults of its own. It is a common calamity which would be irretrievable if met with spears which knew no brothers. But in all lands there is instead a helping hand to every one who deserves it.

These unprecedented trials have been borne without panic and ruin. The astonishment is not that the situation is so bad, but that it is so good, and with such promise of improvement. Conditions prove beyond doubt that we are leaving our troubles behind us. Comparison with the rest of the world is even more encouraging than comparison with ourselves of the recent past. Peace and plenty and a general spirit of hope are among the most enviable of our possessions. It would be easy to figure fabulous losses on paper. On another piece of paper it could be shown that those losses have been retrieved by the new spirit of thrift and industry such as has been characteristic of our most productive periods. We have learned that our exuberant periods are those which threaten our national welfare, and that it is in our sober seasons that we thrive in both spirit and estate.

There is no land where wealth accumulates at such a rate as in the United States when it is in its present mood, just as there is no land where there is such prodigality when the restraints are removed. When workers are willing to work there is hope of dividends. When there are dividends it is sure that wages have preceded them. With dividends and wages with unprecedented crop values, and with natural resources hardly touched or even appreciated, it is not possible to think of anything but temporary embarrassment for the United States.

For these conditions we have in some measure to thank the war. It is the storm which has cleared the air and brought the country to stop its foolishness and get down to business. That is the meaning of the election, the result of which was a bomb among the politicians. There will be less of such legislation as has afflicted the country, and the prosecutors of prosperity will have a rest. On the whole, the credits of the situation are stronger than the undeniable debits. The future belongs to the courageous, and they deserve it.

TRAINING CHILDREN FOR THE NATION.

The combination of athletics with education is not, of course, a new idea. It is, on the contrary, so old as to have dropped out of sight in our progressive country, but it has been rediscovered just in time if we are to have a citizen army capable of meeting the emergencies of either peace or war. The new Horace Mann School for Boys with its health-preserving equipments is but one expression of a steadily growing sentiment in favor of that sound body with a sound mind which was the ideal of the ancients.

We profitably may take a hint from our neighbors, the Germans, in this. They have had their eye on the rising generation for many a long day and have drilled them in more ways than those demanded by their military service. And they have not wished the weak ones to die off before their chance came. They have established "cures" for poor children in many places where rich foreigners have been in the habit of spending vast quantities of gold to regain the health sacrificed in its accumulation. There is, for example, a Kur at Bad Nauheim where not only little "heart patients" but those suffering from aenemia, rheumatism, and other life-menacing ills can get treatment at a nominal cost.

Support of this institution is urged in order that the children may be "made strong and preserved to the "nation." This, certainly, is one way in which without incurring suspicion of militarism we may follow German example and preserve to our own nation the thousands of lives sacrificed in our still heedless country to the cruel god of indifference.

THE HALCYON DAYS.

How did we ever get along without direct legislation? The octopi must ask that question every day; the California octopi at any rate. In the East the predatory rich, the soulless corporations, and enemies of the plain people generally have not yet been emancipated; direct legislation has not yet struck off their shackles; they can only look westward and cheer up.

But in California and the other direct legislation States the halcyon days have come for the octopi. The sun shines bright in their old California home, the birds make music all the day, the coin crop is ripe, and the graft is in full bloom in their California home so far away. All the things that couldn't be done under the old system without causing a riot are now done easily—not by violence, but by letting the plain people do them. All you have to do is to submit forty or fifty amendments to the people and insert a joker or two somewhere about half way down the line. The honest voter's eye grows weary after he has perused the first half-dozen amendments, and if they seem all right he takes the rest on trust. In this way so much can be done that we wonder at the moderation of the robber barons and the criminal rich. No bribing of legislators any more, no anxious days at the State capital, no scrutinizing of the expense accounts of lobbyists who have been giving dinners to Senators who never existed; let the honest voter do it all.

The honest voter in California is just discovering, to his amazement, that in the mass of amendments he was called upon to deal with at the last election was one which vacated all the ordinances of San Francisco and other cities fixing rates for any kind of public service. This abolishes all the regulations restraining the appetite of the taxicab companies and other public malefactors. Henceforth they can charge what they please. If they had asked a Legislature to give them any such grant of revenues there would have been a revolution at the very least; but the plain people have given it to them and are estopped from complaining. The honest voter cannot even say he did not mean to do it, because there is in the best of us a human reluctance about looking foolish.

What the honest voter thought he was doing was to give the Railroad Commission the right to fix rates, but the artful language of the amendment deceived him. He also passed an amendment which he was told would "simplify city government." It did. He now finds that what the amendment really effected was to prevent the people of San Francisco from obtaining an amendment of their city charter next year by initiative petition. City government has been simplified to the extent that the honest voter will not be permitted to complicate it by any reforms. The opponents of reform would never have had the heaven-defying audacity to ask any Legislature to pass such a law, but the honest voter, reading amendments until atrophy of the optic nerve set in, slipped easily over the joker.

Let us, by all means, have direct legislation in the East as soon as possible. Under our effete system the horny-handed toiler, the honest voter, the humble proletarian, and the man in the street still remain possessors in fee simple of their clothes and their watches. Let us introduce direct legislation and they will go home in a barrel.

TURKEY AND THE MOSLEMS.

The word that the Sheikh-ul-Islam has summoned the faithful "to fight "to the uttermost against England, "Russia, and France, the oppressors "of Islam," comes in somewhat questionable shape through a dispatch reported to have been sent by the German Kaiser to the Crown Prince. The authority for this dispatch is "the German Press," as it has reached Amsterdam. The news, however, is not improbable. Undoubtedly the chief aim of Germany in her plan to involve Turkey in the present struggle was to secure something like a "holy war" on the part of the Moslems in the outlying dominions of Great Britain, France, and, in less degree, Russia. If hostility could be stirred up in India, in Egypt, in North Africa, in Persia, and along the Asiatic border of Russia it would obviously tend to weaken three of the Allies and might lead to disaster in Europe. It was with a view to this result that every effort was made to make it appear that Turkey was the victim of aggression and was forced to take up arms in defense of the territory and the authority of the Sultan. These efforts, like others made by German diplomacy, were singularly futile. To every provocation offered to the Allies they remained coolly and patiently irresponsive, and the final entry of Turkey on the field of war was made by a wanton attack upon undefended Russian ports.

Thus at the outset the German plan was seriously interfered with, for the Moslems outside of direct Turkish rule acknowledge no authority in the Sultan to call them to arms except in defense of his office. Those of India especially, who count for most in this scheme, would probably be very reluctant to fight for the Sultan, even if he were attacked. They would be almost sure to refuse to follow him when he is himself the aggressor, and when he is enlisted on the side of a Christian Power whom the Mohammedans have no reason to trust or to like. If it were practicable for this branch of the Moslems to gain complete independence they might take great risks to do so, but with the degree of autonomy which they now enjoy depending entirely on the sway of Great Britain and its restraint of their inveterate foes in India, they are much more likely to fight for than against her.

It is to be noted also that the authority of the Sultan has been sadly lessened by the events of the last decade. The actual possessor of the throne was installed by the Young Turks in the place of a predecessor who, whatever his political crimes and personal vices, had an undisputed religious title. And he was installed by a rebellious army, composed in considerable part of avowed heretics, under the command of leaders whose faith was of the weakest. These leaders are fanatical Turks, but they are far from being devout Moslems. In their hands the present Sultan is but a puppet. His summons to arms might be for the faithful in India, Africa, and Turkestan only the call of a Turkish faction.

There are other complications. Apparently Germany expected that the enlistment of Turkey would lead to like action on the part of Bulgaria, who could be compensated by the recession of Adrianople and the acquisition of territory in Macedonia. But the Bulgarian Government has shown no sign of joining Turkey, has, indeed, informally renewed its declaration of neutrality, while, on the other hand, Rumania inclines more than ever toward Russia. Conditions in the Balkans are certainly not developing favorably for Germany and are not likely to do so unless she should gain very decidedly on her Russian frontier. At present she has gained an ally of doubtful value, and has distinctly increased the risk of the accession of Rumania, Greece, and, ultimately, Italy to the Anglo-Russian side.

RAISING PASSENGER RATES.

The Interstate Commerce Commission officially told the railways that they are carrying passengers for too little money, and that they should raise their rates. This the railways are beginning to do, the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio having announced increases last week. It will be interesting to note the sequel. There are two possibilities in this innocent action by the railways. In the bland words of President REA, "the policy of the Pennsylvania com-"pany is to embody the policy of the "Commission." That bells the cat. There is no sort of doubt that the Commission, not the company, is responsible for the increase of passenger rates because the Commission would not allow an increase of freight rates. The curious thing about this is that under Government ownership passenger rates are designedly low for the most obvious reason. It makes the Government and the railways popular. The opposite theory is that raising passenger rates will make the Commission unpopular, since the railways cannot be held responsible under the Commission's hint. The Commission will not mind, of course. Inaccessibility to popular clamor is one of its proudest boasts, and the unpopularity of the railways is one of its chief assets. If the Commission cared for any such things it would have reflected that passengers vote, but freight does not. The suspicion that the railways are getting after the Commission by adopting the process for getting rid of a bad law by making it unpopular is not based on facts. The railways are simply doing as they are told.

That is on the theory that the Commission allows its orders to be fulfilled. That has not been the case with freight rates. As fast as advances have been made they have been filed in the "investigation and suspension docket," until they have been disapproved. Will the Commission do with the passenger fares as it did with the industrial and tap line cases, eat its own words under the instruction of the courts? Or will it heap fuel on the fire under itself? Is the Commission looking for trouble with the State Commissions? Many States have enacted low fare laws, and the railways cannot repeal such statutes, but it can, when the fares are interstate fares. In the Shreveport case it announced the principle upon which it has acted regarding fares through Arkansas, Missouri, and Oklahoma. The Commissions of those States claimed that 3-cent fares were unreasonable and discriminating so far as they exceed the fares enacted by the States concerned. But the Commission declined to accept State enactments as standards of reasonableness in interstate traffic. The railways, instead of having to reduce their interstate rates, will be able to advance such of them as are below the Interstate Commerce Commission's idea of reasonable rates.

It is good as far as it goes, and the Commission itself says that it goes a great ways. In its own words,

> the reduction of the rate here sought would have a wide influence on passenger fares not only on all travel moving through the complaining States, but through travel between most parts of the United States.

That is just as true of the advances which are allowed as of the reductions which are forbidden. And yet the railways will not rejoice immoderately. Their passenger rates are comparatively unimportant. Passenger rates are unduly low not because they are popular but because they are promotive of the growth of freight business, the railways' great staple. Freight business does not produce passenger business in any such sense or degree as passenger business promotes freight traffic. The burden of freight rates is not felt, while passenger fares are calculated readily by every ticket-buyer. The only effective way to raise the income of the railways is the forbidden way, for all their proposals are refused or altered so that the railways do not recognize them.

FEDERATIONISTS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President received yesterday the representatives of the United Mine Workers of America and the American Federation of Labor, which on the preceding day resolved that the President should "operate the mines of "Colorado in the interest of the peo-"ple." It gave something of a shock to hear that the President received Mother JONES at the White House, but the result of the reception left nothing to be desired. It is not known what the President said to the Federationists, but he might have said that the matter was taken out of his hands at the recent election in Colorado. More is known there than elsewhere about the merits of the controversy, and the voters chose a Governor and a law officer pledged to restore order to the State. The remarks of a Colorado official in this city are quoted as follows:

> Without respect to political distinction the people elected by very large majorities the candidates who were most emphatic for law and order and most bitterly opposed to the treasonable tactics of the United Mine Workers.

These are the men with whom the President is asked to sympathize, not psychologically, but by exercising Federal power within a State, in a manner for which there is neither precedent nor authority. The nationalization of mines is not a suitable subject for discussion when martial law has supplanted the civil law, and when there is a mandate from the electorate against the petitioners. This is not a labor question, nor a question of sympathy with humble workers. It is a question of Government being asked to deal with truculent agitators, whose supporters carry arms and have a record of use of them against authority to which all men should submit.

There is fitness in the presentation of such men on such a mission to the President by the union member of the Cabinet, but there was no one present to represent all other Americans. The President is their sufficient representative. The recollection of what he said to Mother JONES gives rise to the hope that he made another suitable reply.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Was Better Signed Than Sung.

Had Mr. KIPLING started on his career as a published poet by writing such verses as those which form his tribute to Lord ROBERTS, and had he never written any with more of emotional stress and energy, then—well, that particular production would probably have been rejected by most editorial Winnowers of Metrical Offerings, and certainly it would not have been promptly cabled across seas at considerable expense to occupy a prominent position on the front page of American newspapers.

For there is no denying that this is the song of a weary Muse. Of course there is in it here and there a reminder of the voice that was once so moving, a note or two with the old clearness of vibration. But, judged on its own merits, it is about what would be expected from an officially selected laureate to whom had come as part of the day's work the task of recording in respectable numbers the virtues of a departed Personage.

That being the case, there will be a disposition on the part of not a few poets as yet less distinguished to comment with sneers or sniffs at the power of a famous name to carry into print matter not intrinsically superior, if even equal, to what they have themselves occasionally offered, only to have it returned to them with cold thanks and a few unconvincing remarks about availability. Such protests, however, have but a semblance of foundation. They would suffice to keep this "Lord Roberts" out of a collection of masterpieces; they do not weaken the fact that the authorship of the poem gave it an extrinsic value and interest and earned the prominence of place that was given to it.

The obtaining of a like discrimination is open to any of the now minor bards. He or she has only to make a great name as honestly as did Mr. KIPLING, and it will serve him or her just as well. It is well to remember, too, that effective verse of this kind is the hardest of all to write. Even the Great Ones have often failed in it, and all of them put together would not require many more than the fingers on two hands for counting their brilliant successes. Mr. KIPLING has failed in excellent company.

One Good Result of Warfare.

Yesterday's long dispatch telling about the wonderful changes produced in Russia by the sudden and complete abolition of the liquor traffic must have been read with intense satisfaction by everybody who believes in both the possibility and the desirability of virtue under stern legal compulsion. Others, while not exactly doubting that such total abstinence from alcohol as a Government like Russia's could effect would produce results like those described, will yet question whether even there "prohibition" will long maintain this degree of success.

In Russia, as elsewhere, a demand for narcotics as long and as firmly established as is that for intoxicants has at its service much ingenuity of a very determined and persistent sort, and it is a fairly safe assumption that before many months there will grow up in the Czar's domain, notwithstanding the enormous powers which his officials can oppose to it if they choose, a secret liquor trade precisely like that which exists in every one of our own "dry" States. Often, too, when the warfare on alcohol has been particularly vigorous and effective, there has been an alarming resort to worse drugs as substitutes.

But that Russia will profit in every way except that of immediate and direct income from such suppression of the use of vodka as is attained need not be seriously doubted. As always, too, the loss of revenue will be more than balanced by increased capacity to pay taxes, and possibly in the increased sobriety of its people the great empire will find more than compensation for its military expenditures of money and men.

France seems to be meditating like, though less sweeping, reforms, and hints of similar plunges into abstinence more or less nearly total are coming from other countries involved in the war. It all marks the world's new appreciation that alcohol and efficiency of any sort do not go together. This fact is now demonstrable by scientific tests of the most convincing sort, and it applies to war as well as to any other form of activity.

This Really Cannot Be Believed.

Ranking high among the romances that are passing as news of the war is certainly the story of the Cossack General who forced the inhabitants of an Austrian city to collect an enormous ransom to save it from bombardment, and then gave it back, content with having taught them how it feels to be robbed as were the people of one Russian city by an Austrian commander.

Just possibly the thing happened, but if it did it was not war, and the man who gave the lesson will find it hard to explain his magnanimity when he comes to settle accounts with his superiors. In war the accepted theory is that two wrongs make a right, or at any rate that one wrong justifies another, which is about the same thing, and punishment of the irresponsible or innocent for the responsible or guilty is of every day occurrence.

The Cossack's lesson, too, would have been more convincing had he kept the money. As it is—if the tale be true—people will no longer be afraid of him, and that is a state of mind most injurious to military efficiency.

THE AUDACIOUS.

A Possible Explanation of How the Dreadnought Was Injured.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES recently, under the heading of Topics of The Times, allusion is made to strangeness of the fact, if it was fact, that the Audacious suffered the damage after the bow and the greater part of the ship's length had passed by the submerged mine. If the case were one of a vessel striking a submerged rock the explanation might be more difficult. In such an instance the object struck is stationary. It would be otherwise with a mine anchored in water twenty-seven fathoms deep. Such a mine connected with the ocean's bed by a long cable would be susceptible of a wide range of movement, and a vessel of the huge bulk and displacement of the Audacious moving at any speed by it in close proximity would inevitably actuate such movement as doubtless took place.

It is, perhaps, needless to state that a vessel moving through water excavates the water in her path by the bow, (fore body,) and may throw off by the waves formed anything floating that she might otherwise strike. The stern (afterbody) is not advancing, but is receding from the water, and the water must fill in the space that would otherwise be left by the receding bulk, in the case of this vessel many thousands of tons. The direction of this movement of water is largely transverse to the course of the vessel, and in a well-modeled vessel its greatest velocity may occur at about one-third of the length of the afterbody from the extreme after end. Of course, such movement of water will carry with it any body floating in it and susceptible of movement. When the Olympic was struck and injured by the Hawke some such explanation of like influence as here given was offered.

JOHN HYSLOP.

New York, Nov. 17, 1914.

The Sinking of the Audacious.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let me suggest a reason for the suppression of the news regarding the battleship Audacious. It is very difficult to determine whether a ship is torpedoed by a submarine or strikes a mine, but it is very important for the Admiralty to know. If the former were the case, the news would be promptly published through Berlin sources, and would corroborate the reports of the submarine base off the coast of Norway. But since Berlin appeared to be ignorant of the disaster we may conclude that a mine was the cause.

ALFRED J. HIGGINS.

Riverdale, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1914.

Invalids of Genius.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Of course you did not mean to make your list exhaustive of the men and women of intellectual achievement who could have said with Pope "That long disease, my life." But your admirable protest against Dr. Butler's ambiguity is important in these days of idolized beef and brawn. Perhaps the complete list of mighty brains in a pitiable "mortal coil" may be found in Nordau and his school, who argue that genius itself is a disease.

Yet these are names greater then you have given: Darwin, life-long nausea; Kant, breast almost concave, deformed in right shoulder, five feet high; Schleiermacher, weak constitution, deformed; Epictetus, weakly health, lame, perhaps from birth; Nietzsche, neurotic, died insane; Pascal, acute dyspepsia and a kind of paralysis; Voltaire, never addicted to any manly sport, never took exercise, extraordinarily emaciated.

If lesser names were included the column would be too long. As a Bostonian, however, let me commemorate the late John C. Ropes, the historian, and Channing, always delicate.

It is pleasant to be healthy and a condition for many forms of happiness. But physical culture is no substitute for brains. Natural debilities and acquired diseases, agonizing and life-long, have often been the accompaniment, and to some extent the cause, of heroic and beneficent intellectual activity. Fifty years ago everybody knew this.

THEODORE C. WILLIAMS.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 18, 1914.

Interesting War Pictures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I be permitted to say that I and my friends find THE NEW YORK TIMES war pictures, in the Sunday and Mid-Week issues, remarkably interesting? I have subscribed to both and am passing them on to friends across the border, who also have sent me letters of appreciation of the illustrations and have been so interested in the process of reproduction.

A. P. DRIEGMAN.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 16, 1914.

OPEN-ORDER ASSAULT.

Gen. Curtis the Originator of New Tactics Against Forts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Since the advent of the European war there have been numerous comments upon the method of infantry assault upon fortifications in open formation as distinguished from the old style of charging in massed columns; but the origin and the originator of the new tactics have not, to my knowledge, been discussed. To the late Gen. Newton Martin Curtis of New York, the "Hero of Fort Fisher," as he was called, belongs this honor, and it was first put in practice by him in the assault led by him which resulted in the capture of Fort Fisher on the 15th of January, 1865. In this assault Gen. Curtis was dangerously wounded, losing his left eye. His valuable service was recognized by promotion to Brevet Major General, by the thanks of Congress, and decoration with the medal of honor. He died in New York City Jan. 8, 1910.

Fort Fisher, at the time of its capture, was considered the strongest earthwork fortification ever erected. Situated at the mouth of the Cape Fear River, it kept the harbor of Wilmington, N. C., open to frequent blockade runners which brought supplies for Lee's army. Its capture was a very strong factor in bringing the war to a close.

I have in my possession the original manuscript of an address delivered by Gen. Curtis before the Loyal Legion a few years previous to his death, entitled, "The Capture of Fort Fisher." This manuscript conclusively shows that to Gen. Curtis alone belongs the credit not only for the origination of this great advance in tactics, but for the successful demonstration of its great value.

F. B. R.

West Orange, N. J., Nov. 17, 1914.

NEED OF OUR OWN POOR.

New York Needlework Guild Head Appeals for Donations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In one of yesterday's evening papers was an appeal for garments to be sent to Queen Mary's Needlework Guild in England. The Needlework Guild of America, doing the same work for the poor of our own country, is now collecting garments and distributing to the various charities all over the United States. The New York City Branch is receiving new garments until Nov. 21 at Room 8,201, Metropolitan Life Building, 1 Madison Avenue. A gift of two new garments constitutes membership in the guild.

The need is so great this year among our own poor I am anxious to have the New York public know of our need. Any contributions of new garments will be most gratefully received. Sincerely yours,

GRACE BIGELOW,
President of the New York City Branch, Needlework Guild of America.

New York, Nov. 18, 1914.

Justice for Leo M. Frank.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In my opinion the Supreme Court of Georgia has made a grievous mistake. Instead of giving a decision on the disputable fact of whether Frank should have been in court at the time the verdict was given or not, it runs off on a side issue, and calmly refuses Frank's motion on the technicality that this particular motion should have been made some time previous to the time that it was made. And yet our courts are supposed to mete out justice. The court is asked as to whether Frank should have been present when the verdict was given. They do not answer this question. Instead, they state that the motion must be denied, that they cannot answer the question because the motion should have been made at another time. Justice is withheld because of a technicality.

Is Frank to be put to death because a mere technicality has frustrated the ends of justice? Is a man who the world knows was not given a fair trial to be put to death because his lawyers made two separate appeals out of material that should have been all put into one appeal? Is a man, found guilty on the testimony of a negro who admits with no shame that he is a degenerate in the worst sense of the word, who has a previous record as a good-for-nothing—I ask, in all fairness, is such a man as Leo M. Frank to be put to death on such testimony? Will the State of Georgia allow such a blot to be cast upon its history? The only answer to all of these, I fear, is Yes! Georgia has failed to make any retributive step to secure for this persecuted man justice.

MARCEL STRAUSS.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1914.

Bernhardi on Prussian Education.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Gen. von Bernhardi, in his book, "Germany and the Next War," Powles's translation, Page 248, says of the Prussian National School, which children attend for eight years, from 6 to 14 years of age:

"The chief stress in such a school is laid on religious instruction and on imparting some facility in reading, writing, and ciphering. The so-called Realien (history, geography, natural history, natural science) fall quite into the background." (Page 251.) "In the course of eight years they learn a smattering of reading, writing, and ciphering. It is significant of the knowledge of our national history which the school imparts that out of sixty-three recruits of one company to whom the question was put who Bismarck was, not a single one could answer."

If for German "kultur" the word "cult" is used, or method of living, we shall come nearer to its meaning than if we use our word culture.

H. H.

New York, Nov. 18, 1914.

Physical Instruction for Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Normal classes in physical training for men are now being organized in the New York Evening High School for Men in the De Witt Clinton High School building, Tenth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. Registration will begin on Monday evening, Nov. 23, at 7:45. Applicants must be high school graduates. A practical examination in apparatus work, athletics, and a physical examination will be required. Sessions to last from 8 to 10.

The object of the course is to prepare young men for examination for teacher or principal in vacation playgrounds and recreation centres and for promotion license.

STEPHEN F. BAYNE, Principal.

New York, Nov. 18, 1914.

Factories in the Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Spending about one-quarter of my time in New York City, I have often been impressed with the idea of why more factories were not located in the country, where the help, as a general thing, would be more efficient, more loyal, more reliable; where every man could get to and from his duties in ten to fifteen minutes; where every man, if he was industrious, could have a little garden spot, and where vegetables and fruit are in great abundance and cheap, and where the banks and local Chamber of Commerce would take a personal interest in the success and welfare of the owners of factories. Such locations are numerous in Western New York, the garden of the Empire State.

G. P. ROGERS.

Geneva, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1914.

"BOBS."

Dead! under the skies, too, of France!
  That is the message they bring.
Soldierly up to the last—
  Serving his country and King!

He, of the mind trained to grasp,
  He, with the eye trained to see,
Strategist, able, alert—
  Strange, this is Fortune's decree!

Never too great to be kind,
  Checking all hatred of foes;
Friend of the children and poor,
  Touched by the commonest woes!

Idol of troops, yet unspoiled,
  "Bahadur," named in their pride;
Measuring up to their hopes,
  Champion, leader, long-tried!

Not for his rank so revered,
  Head of no faction, or clan.
Big in his purpose and thought,
  Great as a soldier—a man!

ELLA A. FANNING.

ART NOTES.

Applegate's Terra Cotta Figure of a Mouse—African Sculpture.

A mouse is now on exhibition at the MacDowell Club. A somewhat undersized mouse that gives, nevertheless, an impression of stalwart competency. Frank G. Applegate modeled it from the soil of New Jersey, and nothing could speak more eloquently for Mr. Applegate's power to treat a little common subject in a large sculptural style. This is the way you look at it, to get a sense of what has been achieved. When a mouse in the prime of his mousehood and at the fullness of his powers is vigorously nibbling a spilled fragment of predigested breakfast food, its strong young jaws moving with ease and certainty, its sinewy claws securely grasping its prize, we may well imagine it as feeling itself more than an ordinary mouse, an embodiment rather of the mouse ideal of capacity and natural force. This is what Mr. Applegate shows in his heroic little terra cotta figure less than two inches long.

When the same sculptor undertakes to symbolize the strife and strength of love he goes about it in the same fashion. His entwined figures are creations of Euripides, all stark emotion. When he makes two laborers bearing a burden from the kilns on bent backs, he hints at the imprisonment of energy by a back-breaking task in the rhythm of their step, and the holes by which he balances his masses are as interesting and well considered as the finistration of a cathedral front. In a word, he is a true sculptor, and it is highly encouraging to learn that he is an instructor in the Art Institute of Trenton, where the industrial arts are coming into their own. For the industrial arts the best is never a shade too good.

The Sun of Africa on Paper.

The exhibition of African sculpture at the Photo-Secession Galleries has been rearranged. Large sheets of red, bright yellow, and black paper, the kind used for weaving and so forth in kindergartens, have been placed back of the sculptures with a certain patterning of the colors. The result is brilliantly barbaric, and is said to be a substitute, the best one could get under the deeply discouraging circumstances, for the sun of Africa. There is something in it, surely. What looks sombre and dingy in Philadelphia is often bright and gay in New York. The atmosphere has much on its conscience everywhere. One suggestion, however: if a little trail could be blazed with this red and yellow African sun from the door of the elevator to the door of the gallery, the spirits of the visitors would rise accordingly.

Work of Gruppe and Needham.

At the City Club the exhibition of paintings by Charles P. Gruppe strengthens an old notion that this artist was designed primarily for a portrait painter. He comes in line with the old sincere Dutch tradition in his portraits, and they are at least not less interesting than his landscapes. The portrait of Pablo Casals is a most rewarding performance. The surface over which the paint flows so easily has a peculiar suavity, an ivory softness wholly different from the smoothness of enamel; the color is integral, the characterization full of thought and discernment. It is permitted to grudge to landscape a portrait painter of this quality.

Charles Austin Needham is at the Daniel Gallery with fifteen paintings, of which the note is mystery. That means, of course, that he is not in the very vanguard of the moderns. The moderns may be "queer" and "incomprehensible"; they almost never are mysterious. Their ideas and their ideals are as definite as a tack-hammer. If they have a vision it is the Blake kind of vision, absolutely innocent of vagueness. Mr. Needham inclines somewhat, and not disagreeably, to the vague. His visions are dreams, in which the impression suddenly fades off and leaves you wondering, after you wake up.

He often suggests dream in his titles, "Dreamer of Lethe," "Dream River," "Spring Somnolence," &c. He thinks easily of goblins and water nymphs, and all the old romantic chorus, and certain of his pictures stir the mind as certain minds still are stirred by the ballad meter. "Dawn" is one of these, a crouching, ragged figure of the tenements, on the patch of earth near his hovel, lifting his face toward a ragged cloud which along its edge flashes white with the dawn; quite a literary picture, except that the paint is wooed so lovingly.

Watercolors.

An outbreak of watercolors is an epidemic not at all to be deprecated. The medium is delightful, and even when it is hatefully used it is less objectionable than any oily oil-color. At the Knoedler Galleries we have Elinor M. Barnard's "Portraits of American and English Children." The artist handles her material with ease, and there is a spontaneity in her touch that accords with the general conception of childhood. If she is too intently on the lookout for prettiness, in certain instances she strikes a balance. The drawing of Miss Violet Asquith is a keen, definite version of a keen and definite personality.

At the Ackerman Gallery are watercolor drawings of the "Castles of Great Britain," by Gerald Ackerman, that are in the old Girtin vein, although freed from the pen-and-ink support of the early school. These faithful and accomplished portraits of beautiful places have not only a positive subject interest, but a very genuine aesthetic interest as well. If the names of Corfe and Durham and Richmond carried with them no association, these lovely fragments of British landscape, sometimes rich and tender, sometimes imposing and even stern, dominated by a noble architecture, would have plenty to say to the lover of art. In the same gallery are tinted pencil drawings of ladies and children of quality, by Charles P. Sainton, who is announced as having received the patronage of his Majesty George V. and the royal family. Royal patronage is not always to be trusted, it is true. We recall the instance of a portrait painter who limned the late Queen Victoria, herself something of an artist in pencil. In his autobiography the painter relates that he forced himself, in spite of many misgivings, to entreat his gracious Queen temporarily to close her lips, that he might accurately measure the mouth with his measuring tape. Mr. Sainton is not of this class. He draws delicate little pencilings, accentuating the eyes and mouth a bit, and working toward a result that can be "photographed down" to look very like a miniature. And he is up to the minute, having on exhibition a floating feminine figure that he calls "Peace," or perhaps it is "Dream of Peace."

Arthur Byne's "Water Colors of Spain" at the Maison Adolphe Braun et Cie are cheerfully oblivious of war and its rumors. They show with abundance of color and light the red sandstone buildings of Santiago, the golden City of Segovia, the red and yellow market place of Leon, and the rugs and jugs of a tenement in Toledo. The work is direct and competent, technically skillful, and not deeply personal. The artist has seen what others have seen and in a way that they can recognize. There is no dreaming, good or bad; there is no sentimentality; there is nothing cryptic; just a straightforward account of a traveler's world.

Carl Oscar Borg also has traveled, first from the place of his birth to California and recently in Southern Europe and Northern Africa. He has a traveler's appetite for the accessibly unusual and makes the most of a rag market in Madrid and of the picturesque forms of the baskets. He is happy in Egypt, where again he finds a market with picturesque crouching figures, (we have started our municipal markets none too soon if they are to replace their elders in the art world,) and in Tangier he paints the corner of a market. His drawing of the figure is excellent, a not too common virtue in a water-color painter, and his attack upon his paper is full of vigor and zest. His pictures give pleasure.

Alfred W. Martin's Lectures.

On Monday morning, Nov. 23, at 11 o'clock, in the meeting house for the Society for Ethical Culture, Alfred W. Martin will deliver his lecture on the Altman collection in the Metropolitan Museum, taking for his subject Andrea Mantegna—"Madonna with Child and Saints." On Monday morning, Nov. 30, Mr. Martin will speak on the "Florentine" paintings of the collection. These lectures will be illustrated with lantern slides.

ACADEMICIANS HEAR BRIEUX ON THEATRE

French Playwright Brings Message from Poincare to American Academy of Arts.

GREETINGS FROM WILSON

Mayor Gives City's Welcome to Members at Annual Meeting —Orchestral Concert.

On a stage fringed with garlands of laurel and balanced at either side by a green bay tree, symbolizing honors attained in letters, art, and music, a hundred or more members of the American Academy of Arts and Letters and the National Institute of Arts and Letters met in joint session yesterday at Aeolian Hall. It was the sixth annual meeting of the two societies, and it brought together a notable gathering of men whose achievements rank among the highest in their various fields. They were welcomed by Mayor Mitchel, who referred to New York as the country's literary and art centre.

Besides Mayor Mitchel, the speakers at the morning session were William Dean Howells, who opened the meeting as President of the American Academy; Eugène Brieux, the French playwright, who spoke on "The Theatre as an Instrument for Social Betterment"; Prof. Brander Matthews, who discussed "What Is Bad English?" and Robert Herrick, who spoke on "The Quality of Imagination in American Life."

Both President Wilson, who is a member of the American Academy, and President Poincaré of France, who had been invited to attend as a member of the Académie Française, after which the American Academy is modeled, sent letters of regrets. These were read at the morning session. The letter from President Poincaré was addressed to President Wilson and was read by M. Brieux, who said that in carrying out this commission for President Poincaré he felt the profoundest emotion, and that the memory of it would remain with him as long as he lived.

President Poincaré in his letter said:

> The appalling events which have since taken place in Europe and which are of vital importance for the cause of popular liberty of course make it impossible for me to be absent myself from France at this time. I cannot allow M. Brieux to leave, however, without asking him to transmit to you the renewed assurance of my feelings of friendship and regard. The Académie Française, faithful guardian of the literary traditions of my country, has commissioned M. Brieux to carry to the brilliant civilization of America the greetings of the old and undying civilization of the Mediterranean. Permit me to add to this general greeting a personal expression of my intense admiration for the great republic over whose destinies you preside so nobly.

Letter from Wilson.

The letter from President Wilson, which was read by Prof. Matthews, was as follows:

> The White House,
> Washington, Nov. 5, 1914.
>
> My Dear Mr. Matthews—I wish sincerely that it were possible for me to attend the joint meeting of the American Academy and the National Institute of Arts and Letters and to share in the pleasure of greeting M. Brieux. Since it is not, may I not, through you, send a cordial message of welcome to M. Brieux and an expression of my warmest interest in the meeting of the two societies? Cordially and sincerely yours, WOODROW WILSON.

After Mr. Howells had formally opened the meeting Mayor Mitchel spoke. He said:

"I think that, whatever might have been said in the past, it can no longer be said that New York City is provincial or narrow. In fact, cannot we say with truth today that New York is the centre of literature and art in this country? We have here the writers—whether by evil attraction or not I do not know, but we have them. We have here the magazines, if indeeed they are literature."

Praises Brieux's Plays.

Mr. Howells spoke of the high honor paid by the visit of M. Brieux as the first man ever sent out to represent the French Academy.

"Perhaps," he remarked, "the French Academy realized that in coming to a kindred society in a nation which Lafayette helped Washington to found, our guest would still be in his own country."

Of M. Brieux's plays Mr. Howells said they had their highest effect in "making us judge of ourselves." It was not a case of art for its own selfish sake, Mr. Howells said, but art for the sake of truth, justice, and humanity.

There was much applause when M. Brieux arose to speak. He told how his work had been received with more favor here than in Paris, and asserted that it was the applause of "the sturdy citizens of this healthy democracy" that he appreciated most.

"In Paris, I must admit here, in the extreme Parisian circle, and also among the pure artists, the moralizing form of my plays has been somewhat scorned," he went on. "They call me, derisively, 'Honest Brieux,' and because I am the son of a workingman they have also dubbed me the 'Tolstoy of the Temple District.' I have not felt belittled by this; on the contrary, if I glory in these titles which they wished to make disdainful it is because I know very well that from your point of view one is neither belittled because one is honest, even if awkwardly so, nor because he is the son of the people even with pride."

M. Brieux then launched forth into a defense of his plays, explaining that by them he sought to protest against the abuse of power in its various forms. Tyrants, he said, were found not merely on the throne, but around the family hearth, the latter being the "really detestable despots." M. Brieux argued that the theatre was a proper place for exposing and attacking these evils.

"I have the profound conviction that the theatre may be a valuable means of instruction," he said. "I should not limit its ambition to amusing the spectators. Not that I mean to say that it should not be utilized to make honest people laugh, to make them forget the cares of the day, and to increase the scope of their emotions. But just as one recognizes that there are novels, light or tragic, and instructive books, one must admit also that the theatre has the right from time to time, at any rate, to touch upon the most serious questions and the most vital topics."

Prof. Brander Matthews, in discussing pure English, put in a good word for slang, as well as coined and borrowed words from other languages. English, he explained, was the melting pot of all languages, and just what is good English could not be determined in the library or the laboratory.

Our Creative Imagination.

Mr. Herrick in his speech referred to the town of Gary, Ind., to Luther Burbank's miracles with flowers and vegetables, and to such work as the Rockefeller Institute is doing here as examples of the creative imagination of the American people. Later he took occasion to praise President Wilson for his far-sighted policy toward Mexico.

Among those on the stage were John Burroughs, James Ford Rhodes, William Milligan Sloane, Robert Underwood Johnson, George Washington Cable, William C. Brownell, President Hadley of Yale, F. Hopkinson Smith, Edwin H. Blashfield, Thomas Hastings, Hamilton Wright Mabie, Kenyon Cox, John Muir, William Rutherford Mead, Edwin Markham, John W. Alexander, President Butler of Columbia, Herbert Adams, Augustus Thomas, Cass Gilbert, William Roscoe Thayer, Charles Francis Adams, Robert Bridges, Horace Howard Furness, Jr., William Gillette, Oliver Herford, Brian Hooker, John Luther Long, Thomas R. Lounsbury, Percy Mackaye, E. S. Martin, Meredith Nicholson, Henry Bacon, Arnold W. Brunner, Childe Hassam, Edward Simmons, William T. Smedley, Howard Brockway, Walter Damrosch, and Harry Rowe Shelley.

In the afternoon there was a concert at which works composed by members of the institute were played by the New York Symphony Orchestra. Walter Damrosch conducted, and the programme included "Ormazd," a symphonic poem composed by F. S. Converse; the andante from the first symphony of Frederick A. Stock; "Fantasy," by Arthur Whiting; "La Villanelle du Diable," by Charles M. Loeffler, and the "Prince Hal" overture of David Stanley Smith.

There will be a third session this morning at 10:45 o'clock.

MAYOR URGES BROAD HOME RULE POWERS

Gives Academy of Political Science His Views on Public Utilities.

CITY TO OWN OR OPERATE

Senator Elihu Root and Many Prominent Men at Dinner and at Afternoon Discussion.

In a speech delivered at the annual dinner of the Academy of Political Science last night at the Hotel Astor, Mayor Mitchel defined his views on the measure of home rule that should be given to cities of this State in the new Constitution. Amid great applause the Mayor urged that among other things this city be given powers to own and operate public utilities so broad that under them the municipality might run almost anything from a street railroad to a grocery store.

Mayor Mitchel, who followed such distinguished after-dinner orators as Senator Elihu Root, ex-Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson, President Frank J. Goodnow of Johns Hopkins University, and Commissioner of Immigration Frederick C. Howe, was the last speaker of the evening. Senator Root, who, it is expected, will be the presiding officer of the Constitutional Convention next year, listened intently to what the Mayor had to say in his earnest, emphatic manner of utterance on public occasions.

The Mayor complained bitterly of the failure of both the leading parties to live up to the home-rule pledges contained in their platforms for the last thirty years.

"The question most frequently raised by both the parties pledged to home rule in the legislative bodies controlled by them has been whether the cities can be trusted even with the meager measure of home rule that has been grudgingly bestowed on them," he said. "It seems to me that it would be a great deal better not to hamstring the cities or their officials, but to give them the wider latitude that, in my opinion, seems essential to proper municipal development and then to safeguard these powers by establishing a recall, this also surrounded with safeguards and limitations.

"To secure the kind of home rule I think the cities of this State should have, I would suggest that the following provisions be embodied in the new Constitution:

"First, there should be a clear demarcation made between the powers which the city exercises as the agent of the State and in regard to which for that reason the State's powers should be reserved and the powers a city exercises as a corporate entity and which it should be left to exercise untrammeled by outside interference, legislative or otherwise.

A Broad Grant of Power.

"The Constitution should embody a broad grant of such corporate powers, in addition to the powers the cities now exercise, as may conduce to the general welfare of its citizens and with express rights to extend those powers when the good of the people so demands, with the only limitation that its powers should not be exercised in conflict with the United States Constitution, the Constitution of the State of New York, the Statutes of the United States, or the general law of the State.

"The cities should be given absolute power to acquire, construct, own, and operate public utilities, and the city should be made the sole judge of what shall constitute a public utility.

"The limited veto of the Mayors in regard to legislative measures affecting their respective cities should be strengthened so that it can be overridden only by the same majority that is required to pass a bill over a Governor's veto. Under the present Constitution this requires a two-thirds majority in each branch of the Legislature, while a simple majority is sufficient to overrule a Mayoralty veto."

In some respects, the Mayor said, he thought the powers of municipalities ought to be limited. The wise limitations, in the opinion of Mayor Mitchel, should involve not only the right to incur bonded indebtedness, but there should be a limit placed also on the city's right of taxation for local purposes and on the right of a city to extend its own credit to a private corporation.

"There is such a limitation now, but the right should be limited even more rigidly than it is now," said the Mayor.

To Make Their Own Charters.

"The cities," the Mayor went on, "should have the right to frame and adopt their own charters with a referendum provision, and this limitation, that when the voters of a city answer affirmatively the question of whether its charter shall be revised generally or a new charter framed, a commission to revise the old charter or frame the new should be elected at the same general election.

"In my opinion, the City Charter should be divided in two distinct portions. There should be a general grant, to be the organic law of the city. This should be brief and broad. Then there should be an administrative code, corresponding with the by-laws of a corporation, which should be easily amenable by the local legislative body, subject, of course, to the Mayor's veto."

The Mayor said that whenever an officer is removed by either legislative mandate or through the power of some body outside of the Municipal Government his successor should be elected by the local legislative body.

"That would make such rape impossible as has been undertaken from time to time and is being attempted now by the State Civil Service Commission on the Civil Service Commission of this city," he said.

"The State," the Mayor went on, "should not be permitted to impose any financial burden on any city by passing legislation prescribing the salaries or number of employes in any city department. The number of employes in a city department should not be increased by the Legislature, except with the consent of the municipal authorities.

"If the cities of this country are left free to work out their own destinies in their own way, untrammeled by legislative interference, they, in my opinion, become the dynamic centres of democracy in our great Republic."

William Barnes, former Republican State Chairman, and half a score of Republican politicians who undoubtedly will wield an influence in the next Constitutional Convention, listened intently to the Mayor's address.

Senator Root, in his introductory speech, called attention to the tendency of the times to abandon the tried paths and seek short cuts to perfection in government.

"We seek the easier way," said the Senator, "but there is no easier way that does not lead to failure. Liberty with justice cannot be attained until we hold fast to the eternal principles. Wherever there is a sure principle embodied in our Constitution we must stand by it and defy all efforts to substitute patent nostrums suggested by those who follow the easier way of the demagogues. There is a certain reaction from new devices in Government, and we must remember that when reaction goes too far the pendulum will swing back just so much further."

Senator Root said it was the underhanded attempt of the Democrats to bring about a Constitutional Convention which they hoped to control ahead of the time appointed by the Constitution which helped to bring about the revolution which has placed the next Constitutional Convention under the control o fthe Republicans.

"All of which shows that it does not pay to be too acute, cunning, or adroit in American politics," he added. "The best way is to go on in simple, honest, faithful effort, in helping to work out free self-government. Whoever does that will come out ahead of the oversmart practical politician every time."

Dr. Fank J. Goodnow, President of Johns Hopkins, who has recently returned from China, where he was summoned to aid in framing the first provisional constitution of the infant republic, spoke entertainingly of the travail that attended the birth of the Chinese Republic, but did not at any time get down to the topic assigned to him, which was "The Adaptation of a Constitution to the Needs of a People."

Henry L. Stimson, speaking to the topic, "The Principle of Responsibility in Government," said we had irresponsible government because we were so afraid of giving power to bad men that we failed to give good men the power to make good. Commissioner of Immigration Frederick C. Howe spoke of the "Constitution and Public Opinion" in a somewhat radical vein and at considerable length.

Session at Earl Hall.

The Academy began the opening session of its meeting with a large attendance at Earl Hall, Columbia University, yesterday afternoon. Prof. Samuel McCune Lindsay called the meeting to order and turned the gavel over to Dr. Albert Shaw, who presided. "The Structure of the State Government" had been adopted as a general theme of discussion, and under this head three separate topics were considered—"Participation of the Executive in Legislation," "Budget Making," and "The Organization and Procedure of the Courts."

Edward M. Sait, a Canadian by birth, who is Assistant Professor of Political Science at Columbia University, opened the discussion on the first topic by asking bluntly the question:

"Why is the Legislature respected in the Province of Ontario and held in contempt in the State of New York?"

Prof. Sait answered his own query by ascribing the difference partly to the fact that Ontario had the short ballot, while the State of New York had not, and partly to the fact that the New York State Legislature lacked responsible leadership. This, Prof. Sait held, could be supplied by giving the Governor and the members of his Cabinet a voice in the deliberations of the lawmaking body.

"The Governor ought to deliver his message in person before the Legislature," said the professor. "The experience of President Wilson indicates the advantage of this course. Moreover, the Governor and the heads of the administrative departments of the State Government ought to have the right to draft and submit administration bills. Has our legislative experience been so eminently successful as compared with the European experience that we alone should follow in the footsteps of Montesquieu and go him one better?"

Prof. Sait had begun his discourse with one question, and he ended with this. It went hard with the late M. Montesquieu in the discussion that followed One of the advocates for merging legislative and executive functions even branded him as "a Frenchman with a mistaken idea of the form of functions of Government among English-speaking peoples."

The Governor and the Leader.

Senator-elect Ogden L. Mills, who took up the discussion after Prof. Sait had concluded, said he concurred in all that the latter had said.

"I would go one step further and establish a direct relationship between the executive and legislative branches by giving to the Governor and his department heads seats in the Legislature with the right to take part in the debate though not to vote," he said.

Prof. Edward Dawson of Hunter's College, in a further discussion of whether the Governor should have the power of participating to this extent in the legislative processes, said it really resolved itself into a question of whether the leadership in legislation should be in the hands of a Governor elected by the people or in the hands of a political leader who is not elected by and, therefore, not responsible to the people.

"Let us either make the leader Governor or else the Governor leader," said Prof. Dawson. "Either step would be better than our present arrangement. Not to permit the Governor to lead in legislation seems ridiculous and could be possible only in a community where formalism has utterly obscured the real nature of the Governorship."

In discussing the making of the State budget, Dr. Frederick A. Cleveland, Director of the Bureau of Municipal Research, declared that budget making was an administrative function which should rest with the Governor and that the control of the purse strings which from the days of Magna Charta had been conceded to be one of the rights of the people through its representatives should be confined to paring down of expenditure and not involve any initiative. Dr. Cleveland pronounced the State Board of Estimate, which was created under the Sulzer Administration and which had among its members the legislative leaders, an absolute misfit.

Charles D. Norton, Vice President of the First National Bank and a former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, said in the process of budget making our National, State, and municipal Governments finally would be compelled to adopt the sound simple practice of private corporations.

The afternoon session closed with a discussion of needed reforms in court procedure by Henry W. Jessup, Judge W. L. Ransom of the City Court, and Surrogate Robert S. Fowler.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Mme. Julia Culp Soloist—Henry K. Hadley's "Lucifer" Performed.

At the Philharmonic Society concert in Carnegie Hall last night Mme. Julia Culp, who had landed from a steamer yesterday morning and participated in a rather hurried rehearsal, was the soloist. Her numbers consisted of four songs by Brahms, to piano accompaniment and with the orchestra, the famous "Lament of Ariadne," one of the not numerous works of Monteverdi remaining extant, to illustrate some of the earliest work that stands out in the history of opera. One would have been prepared, under the circumstances, to make allowances for Mme. Culp, but it turned out she needed nothing of the sort. Her voice was in excellent condition, showing no trace of fatigue, and she gave as much pleasure as ever with her tasteful and intelligent singing.

The orchestral numbers were a suite in D by Bach, Beethoven's seventh symphony, a tone-poem, "Lucifer," by Henry K. Hadley, and the overture to "The Bartered Bride," by Smetana. Mr. Hadley's composition, which was given last June at the Norfolk Festival for the first time, received its first performance at a public symphony concert last night. The composer has dealt with large concepts in his work, and has been fairly successful in keeping to a broad sweep in giving musical expression to them. But at the first hearing it seemed as though the composer had been influenced into following unduly the conventional tricks of phrasing and orchestration that have become part of the contemporary technique of composition, rather than stand on something individual he had to say. Certain of the orchestral effects were undoubtedly overdrawn.

The Beethoven symphony received a spirited performance, the second movement being particularly well done, and Smetana's overture was put forth in a brilliant setting.

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

NEW PRODUCTION OF BIZET'S 'CARMEN'

Revival of the Opera at the Metropolitan After Six Years.

MISS FARRAR THE HEROINE

Her First Appearance in the Part—Mr. Caruso as Don Jose—The Beauty of Toscanini's Conducting.

Carmen	Geraldine Farrar
Micaela	Frances Alda
Frasquita	Lenora Sparkes
Mercedes	Sophie Braslau
Don Jose	Enrico Caruso
Escamillo	Pasquale Amato
Dancaire	Albert Reiss
Remendado	Angelo Bada
Zuniga	Leon Rothier
Morales	Desire Defrere

"Carmen" was given at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening for the first time in six seasons in a performance upon which the management had evidently lavished much pains and in which it counted upon much public interest, for it put forward in it some of the most highly esteemed of its singers and provided a new and in some ways elaborate setting. The occasion had an added interest from the fact that Miss Farrar appeared as Carmen for the first time.

"Carmen" has, in fact, been treated in recent seasons in a rather "stepmotherly" fashion at the Metropolitan Opera House. The absence of a well-equipped French contingent in the company has embarrassed the management in the performance of French operas. The representations of "Carmen" for some years before the season of 1908-9, when there had been any, had been rather lame affairs, not reaching and apparently not attempting to reach any great public favor. No wonder that Mr. Gatti-Casazza thought it time to remedy so scandalous a state of affairs by projecting a performance that should recapture something of that popular enthusiasm that it needs no long memory to recall in connection with "Carmen."

It may be said at once that in certain respects the performance was one of the most exquisite and musically perfect that has been heard here. For this Mr. Toscanini was primarily responsible, and notwithstanding the participation in it of Miss Farrar, Mr. Caruso, Mr. Amato, and other excellent singers whose names shine with only less lustre, he was in a way the star of the occasion. The purely musical beauty of the score, the grace, vivacity, dramatic life that are joined in it, the glowing color of the orchestration, the innumerable touches that surprise and ravish the attentive listener at each new hearing were reproduced with a finesse, a restrained and pointed intensity that made it seem almost a new thing. So, too, were the choruses and the ensemble pieces presented with rare finish and sense of proportion.

Miss Farrar's Carmen is an interesting and in many ways charming addition to her impersonations, though it may not be accepted as one of her most convincing or most thoroughly characteristic. This Carmen is a captivating figure unquestionably; it is interesting and is not commonplace. There is that in it which attracts, beguiles, deceives. But whether there is the smoldering Mediterranean fire in it that is an essential quality of the character may be doubted. There is a certain lack of rude elemental force in this sophisticated maiden, sometimes too prettily coquettish, too little of the soil. It is, in fact, not yet a thoroughly consistent impersonation; and it is likely that as Miss Farrar enters more deeply into it it will gain in some of the essential attributes that belong to the character, even in the fainter outlines of Merimée's heroine presented by the librettists, Meilhac and Halévy, of Bizet's opera.

Mr. Caruso was the Don José of the last previous performances of "Carmen" by the Metropolitan company. It is not one of his successful impersonations, although in it he is, as he always is, conscientious. Of spirit and fire there is little; and his accumulation of passion and heaving emotion at certain points are not the stigmata of the betrayed and desperate brigadier. But his singing of this music was little less than entrancing. It was done in his best style, beautiful in voice, in phrasing, in coloring of the dramatic accent, without exaggeration, without the shout or the sob. He has in recent years not often done more beautiful singing than in the duet with Micaela in the first act or the flower song in the second.

Escamillo as represented by Mr. Amato showed some unfamiliar traits, but he enacted the part and sang it with the intelligence and spirit that inform whatever he does. There has been more chastely beautiful singing than Mme. Alda offered as Micaela; and memories of some other Micaelas would not down at her appearance. There was an excellent and powerful voice heard in the Moralès of Désiré Defrène, a new addition to the company, who should give a good account of himself before the season is much older. Not unworthily placed in their surroundings were Mmes. Sparkes and Braslau as Frasquita and Mercedès, Messrs. Reiss, Bada and Rothier as Dancaire, Remendado and Zuniga. Rarely has the quintet in the second act been sung with more rushing vivacity or more exquisite finish.

The new scenic setting is elaborate and picturesque, but the scene of Lillas Pastia's tavern in the second act might have a warmer Spanish color and be more appropriately lighted.

The audience, a very large one, was deeply interested in the newly studied "Carmen," and gave frequent expression to its pleasure by enthusiastic applause. After the curtain fell it recalled the singers repeatedly, and it would have had the repetition of several airs had Mr. Toscanini permitted it.

THREE TAPESTRIES, $43,300.

Gobelins of the Eighteenth Century Sold at the Havemeyer Home.

Ecclesiastical and other embroideries and the fine old tapestries of the Havemeyer house brought the total of yesterday's sale, under the auspices of the American Art Galleries, up to $55,079, making a grand total to date of $86,745. The three Gobelin tapestries series, "Les Fêtes de Village," were all sold to Bernet, agent, who paid $43,300. The largest of the tapestries, which brought $19,500, hung over the main staircase, leading from the great entrance hall of the house, and the other two were on the second floor.

All three of the tapestries are exceedingly decorative. The first shows Cupid, enthroned on a bank of clouds, before a beautiful Greek ruin, surrounded by a gay company. The second is a festival to the god Pan, youths and maidens decorating a statue of the god, which is in the centre of the picture, with fruits and flowers. The third and largest, 11 feet 8 inches by 16 feet, shows a sumptuous feast, set just inside a building whose pillars are to be seen festooned with flowers. The tapestries were woven at the Gobelin factory under Michel Audran, after designs by Etienne Jeaurat, and rank with the best work of the Gobelins in the eighteenth century. The two smaller tapestries brought $11,900 each.

A Flemish heraldic tapestry of the seventeenth century, by Francisco Tons, a clerical coat of arms set between two trees, with a landscape background, went to A. J. La Place for $2,500. Two old Genoese ruby velvet door tapestries, embellished with cloth-of-gold appliqué and silk cord embroidery, with a royal coat of arms, went to W. D. Smyth for $720. A fine old altar frontal of écru silk and satin damask, elaborately embroidered, went to the Carroll Galleries for $310, and B. Benguiat paid $800 for a fragment of Beauvais tapestry, "Bacchanalian Rejoicing," and $400 for a slightly larger fragment, "Love's Darts."

The sale will be continued this afternoon at the house, 244 Madison Avenue, at Thirty-eighth Street.

FREE SCHOOL FOR DANCERS.

Isadora Duncan on Way from Paris to Teach Art at Rye.

Miss Isadora Duncan, the noted dancer, is to establish one of her free dancing schools here, according to her secretary, who reached New York ahead of her with seven of the Duncan pupils. The dancer is expected tomorrow on the Cunard liner Franconia, and she will at once begin preparations for the opening of her American school. Another reason for her coming is to make arrangements for the festival of dance in Carnegie Hall on Dec. 3. Her young dancers will dance to the music of the Damrosch Orchestra.

The resolve of Miss Duncan to open one of her free schools here was made after the European war seriously interfered with her plan to teach the young of Europe the art of dancing. She was forced to close her school near Paris, the house being taken over by the Government. Her plan is particularly interesting, in view of the fact that upon her departure from this country several years ago she complained that America was not appreciative of her dancing.

The American school will probably be at Rye, N. Y. The site is good for out-of-door dancing, and its nearness to the Sound makes the place almost ideal for the purpose. The seven children who are already here will form the nucleus for the new school. Already Miss Duncan's secretary has begun the work of selecting the children.

The preliminary examination will determine simply the fitness of the candidate for a personal examination by Miss Duncan, who holds to the opinion that two requirements for the dancer's art are a measure of good looks and an ear for music. Candidates must possess these before they are even accepted for presentation to Miss Duncan. Little boys are wanted to learn dancing as well as girls, and there is to be a separate department for boys.

The children who are adopted by Miss Duncan are educated in various fields of knowledge. There are tutors and governesses to care for them, and the whole attempt is to create a "home" atmosphere in which to rear them. They are kept to a strict schedule, and are seldom ailing. At 7 A. M. there is a warm bath, followed by a cold shower. Gymnasium exercise begins at 9 A. M., and this is followed by school and study until noon. In the afternoon, after dinner the classes go for long rambles through the country. Dancing instruction is given in the early hours of the evening, and usually in the open air. In dancing the children wear no shoes or stockings, and they dance in loose-fitting robes of white, flimsy material. One afternoon each week they have time in which they can visit their parents or relatives.

FIND ALTMAN HEIR INSANE.

Commission Declares Mrs. Henrietta Fried Incompetent.

Mrs. Henrietta Fried, a niece of the late Benjamin Altman and the beneficiary under his will of a trust fund of $50,000, was declared to be incompetent by three Commissioners and a Sheriff's Jury yesterday. Mrs. Fried has been confined in a sanitarium for thirteen years. Her husband, Dr. Eugene Fried, sought her liberty, contending that what his wife needed to restore her to health was proper care.

Mrs. Fried's sister, Mrs. Lulu Heymann, applied for the commission on the ground that Mrs. Fried was sufferingq from incurable insanity. Experts testified that Mrs. Fried was suffering from dementia praecox, and that it was incurable when it had reached an advanced stage. The Commissioners were Warren Leslie, Dr. Moses J. Jackman, and Dr. Harry H. Weist.

SARA D. OGDEN A BRIDE.

Married to Allen J. Henry of Philadelphia—The Attendants.

The wedding of Allen Johnstone Henry of Philadelphia and Miss Sara Devereux Ogden, daughter of Mrs. John R. Ogden, took place at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Park Presbyterian Church, Eighty-fifth Street and Park Avenue, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Harris E. Adriance. Vases of Autumn leaves and chrysanthemums were placed on the pulpit, tall tree palms formed a background, and clusters of white chrysanthemums were tied to the pews on the aisle.

Miss Ogden, who walked up the nave with her brother, John R. Ogden, who gave her in marriage, wore a white satin charmeuse frock draped with old point lace, and having touches of pearls and tucked chiffon sleeves. The veil was a shawl of old point lace that was also worn by her two sisters at their weddings. It was held to her coiffure in cap and frill by a chaplet of orange blossoms and a diamond bar at the back. She wore a diamond pendant and chain and carried lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Pierpont Davis was her sister's only attendant. She wore a lavender charmeuse frock, with a square train, and an overdress of lavender chiffon cloth bordered with crystals of the same hue, and the low cut corsage was finished with the crystals. Her large purple velvet hat was trimmed with plumes to match, and she carried yellow roses.

Dr. J. Norman Henry was his brother's best man, and the six ushers were Pierpont Davis of New York, a brother-in-law of the bride; John O. Platt, George White, Montgomery Harris, Edmund Evans, and William Montgomery, all of Philadelphia.

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's mother, 772 Park Avenue, which was decorated with lilac and white chrysanthemums. Only about fifty relatives and intimate friends were asked to the reception. Mr. and Mrs. Henry will live in Philadelphia.

BURFORD-JUNGHANS.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Junghans Married to L. B. Burford.

The wedding of Miss Bertha Junghans, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Junghans of 871 St. Nicholas Avenue, to Lawrence B. Burford of Baltimore, Md., took place at 8:30 o'clock last evening in the Chapel of the Intercession, Trinity Parish. The Rev. Dr. Gates, rector of the church, officiated.

Moskowitz-Israels Wedding Nov. 22.

Dr. Henry Moskowitz, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, visited the City Clerk's office in the Municipal Building late yesterday afternoon and took out a marriage license for himself and Mrs. Belle Lindner Israels, whose engagement was announced on Oct. 17. The marriage will take place on Sunday, Nov. 22, in Yonkers, where Mrs. Israels is living at Park Hill. Dr. Moskowitz gave his age as 35, and Mrs. Israels as 37. Her New York address is 147 East Thirty-eighth Street. Dr. Moskowitz lives at 260 Henry Street. Mrs. Israels is the widow of Charles H. Israels and has three children. Her interest in philanthropic and reform movements has been marked for several years.

LANDAU—PREVIN.

Miss Bessie Previn, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Morris Previn of 604 West 115th Street, and Saul Albert Landau of Pittsburgh were married last evening at the Ellsmere, 80 West 126th Street, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Segal officiating. Mrs. Leo Previn was matron of honor, and William Small of Pittsburgh was best man. After a honeymoon trip to Atlantic City Mr. and Mrs. Landau will reside in Pittsburgh.

Greenfield-Metcalf Engagement.

Mrs. Ernest Martin Greenfield of 118 East Fifty-fourth Street announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Marjorie Paine Greenfield, to Jesse Metcalf, son of Mr. and Mrs. Manton B. Metcalf of New York and South Orange, N. J., at a luncheon which she gave yesterday at her home. Mr. Metcalf is a member of Squadron A and was graduated from Harvard University. No date has been set for the wedding.

Passengers from Bergen.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the Bergensfjord from Bergen were:

Mrs. J. Abbott, Capt. K. Anderson, Mrs. K. Clark, Mrs. K. W. Levick, Mrs. R. H. Oakley, Mrs. Anna Pearson, Mrs. L. Winter, Peter C. Wold, T. E. Wold, Orian Cox.

DEBUTANTES BEGIN BOWS TO SOCIETY

Miss Marion Cleveland, Daughter of Late President, Introduced at Princeton.

MISS AMY GILFORD A BUD

Second Daughter of Mrs. John P. Gilford Presented—Reception for Miss Dorothy Haight at Plaza.

The season for débutantes has commenced, and from now until the first of the year the young buds will monopolize the attention of society. Miss Marion Cleveland, daughter of Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., and the late President Cleveland, made her bow to society at a reception given for her yesterday afternoon by her mother at Westland, their home in Princeton, N. J. Miss Gretchen Blaine Damrosch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch and a granddaughter of the late James G. Blaine, is to make her début tonight at the Cosmopolitan Club at a dance to be given by her parents.

Mrs. William Burgoyne Haight of 383 Park Avenue gave a reception, with dancing, yesterday afternoon at the Plaza to introduce her daughter, Miss Dorothy Haight. The débutante, in white crêpe de chine and carrying apricot-colored roses and lilies of the valley, received with Mrs. Haight. Assisting them in receiving were the Misses Alexandra Ewing, Anne J. Woodin, Frederika Peterson, Frances Van A. Manning, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Manning; Helen Ridgely Morgan, and Katharine Hall. The reception was followed by a dinner, also at the Plaza, for those receiving and an equal number of young men, and afterward the party went to a theatre.

The young men asked for the dinner and play were Rupert Thomas, Jr., Frank Hendrickson, Wallace Jarman, Elton S. Wayland, Sterling Halsted, and Clinton Backus.

Miss Amy Gilford, the second daughter of Mrs. John Parkin Gilford, was formally presented to society yesterday at a reception that Mrs. Gilford gave at 473 Lexington Avenue.

Mrs. Gilford and the débutante, in white taffeta and net, had assisting them in receiving, Miss Lentilhon Gilford, the débutante's elder sister, who came out last year on the same date, Nov. 19, in a white frock with touches of black, and the Misses Caryl Hackstaff, Elizabeth Clarkson, Phyllis W. Brown, Mary Frances Gilbert, Marjorie Stout, Margaret S. Purdy, Gertrude N. Welling, Constance E. Peabody, Elise French Rice, Symphorosa Bristed, Grace D. Pierce, and Mary E. Sanger, all débutantes of this Winter.

The reception was followed by a dinner for those who received, and an equal number of young men, and afterward there was dancing.

There were a number of guests from New York and Philadelphia at the reception for Miss Cleveland at Princeton. Mrs. Preston and her daughters, Misses Marion and Esther Cleveland, received. They were assisted by Miss Cleveland's aunt, Mrs. Charles Cadman of New York, and the Misses Mary and Margaret Bryan of Princeton, Mary Dimmick of Scranton, Penn.; Marion H. Douglas of Detroit, Mich.; Gabriella Prout of Nutley, N. J.; Emily Williams of Philadelphia, Mary Chess of Pittsburgh, Margaret Lafarge of New York, Harriet Kunhardt of North Andover, Mass.; Elizabeth Buckingham of Pasadena, Cal.; Louise Orr of Boston, Mass.; Elizabeth Williams of New Haven, Conn; Gwendolyn Goph of New York, Marion Savage, and Rachael Latta of Philadelphia, Gladys Freeze and Katharine Lamont of New York, Barbara Armour, Philena Fine, Suzanne Fine, Frances Emmons, and Elizabeth Hibben of Princeton.

Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mrs. Junius S. Morgan, Dr. and Mrs. John H. Finley, Prof. Augustus Trowbridge, and Mrs. Trowbridge, Prof. Howard McClenahan and Mrs. McClenahan, President John Grier Hibben, and Mrs. Hibben, Prof. George B. McClellan and Mrs. McClellan, Capt. W. R. M. Field, Col. William Libbey, Prof. Allan Marquand and Mrs. Marquand, and James W. Alexander.

ROBERT J. BURDETTE DEAD.

Noted Humorist, Lecturer, and Minister Dies in Pasadena.

PASADENA, Cal., Nov. 19.—Robert J. Burdette, preacher, author, and humorist, died at his home here at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He had been ill for the greater part of two years, and for the last week had been in a state of coma.

Robert Jones Burdette was born in Greensboro, Penn., and was in his seventy-first year. He was the son of Frederick E. and Sophia E. J. Burdette. His parents removed to Peoria, Ill., when he was a boy, and he was educated in the public schools of that city. In later life he received a number of honorary degrees, among them being D. D. from Kalamazoo College, and LL. D. from Occidental College, California. In 1862, when he was 18 years old, he enlisted in the Forty-seventh Illinois Infantry, and served until the end of the war.

"Bob" Burdette, as he was familiarly known, received honorable mention for bravery in the siege of Vicksburg. After being mustered out, he was elected Postmaster of Peoria, Ill., and when his term expired taught school for a year in Tivoli Township, Peoria County. In 1868 he came to this city to study art, but after remaining here a year, returned to Peoria and became a newspaper reporter. After becoming night editor of The Peoria Transcript, Mr. Burdette removed to Burlington, Iowa, where he became an associate editor of The Hawkeye. It was during his years on The Hawkeye that he made his reputation as a humorist. In 1880 he removed to Philadelphia and later joined the staff of The Brooklyn Eagle and remained for seven years in that city. Since 1900 Mr. Burdette had been a member of the staff of The Los Angeles Times.

He began his lecture tours in 1876, and since that time lectured all over the United States. His tours ceased when he accepted the pastorate of Temple Baptist Church in Los Angeles in 1903. He was ordained a Baptist minister in 1903, and in 1909 became pastor emeritus of the same church.

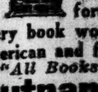
J. Howard Wright.

J. Howard Wright, one of the oldest residents of this city, died yesterday at his home, 41 East Fifty-first Street, in his eighty-seventh year. He was born in New York and was a son of John D. Wright, founder of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, of which he was one of the first Vice Presidents. Mr. Wright was an Elder in the Friends Meeting at Rutherford Place, and was interested in many charitable institutions. He was connected with the Standard Oil Company for twenty years, but had retired from active business for some time. Mr. Wright was a member of the Merchants' Club. He is survived by a son, J. Dunbar Wright, and a daughter, Mrs. John S. Dumont.

MISS URSULA BROWN WEDS.

The Bride of Edmund S. Twining, Jr., in St. Bartholomew's.

The wedding of Miss Ursula Wolcott Brown, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Hunter Brown, and Edmund S. Twining, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund S. Twining, was solemnized at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church before a large assembly. The church was decorated with high standards of entwined smilax topped with huge clusters of pink chrysanthemums, rising from the centre of the pews, the bridal party passing under an arch of pink chrysanthemums and Autumn foliage as they entered the nave.



It Is Time

to begin to make selections of Christmas Books. In our comfortable store will be found every book worth buying, new and old, American and foreign.

"All Books of All Publishers."

Putnams 2 West 45th St. Just West of 5th Ave.

AMERICAN MUSIC PLAYED.

A Concert for the Academy and Institute of Works by Their Members.

It is much to the credit of the American Academy of Arts and Letters and the National Institute of Arts and Letters that they give such ample and generous recognition to music. When it comes to arts and letters music is, or has been in the past, often crowded out. It is already a well-established custom at the annual joint meetings of the Academy and the Institute to devote an afternoon to a concert of compositions by their members. Such a concert was given yesterday in Aeolian Hall as one of the functions of the annual meeting now in progress.

The concert was given by the New York Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Walter Damrosch, to members of the two bodies and their guests. A note on the programme stated that the occasion was made possible through the generosity of Messrs. Harry Harkness Flagler and Harrison S. Morris.

Of the five composition performed, all but one, Mr. Loeffler's "La Villanelle du Diable," were then heard for the first time in New York. The programme began with a symphonic poem by Frederick S. Converse, "Ormazd," based upon a Persian poem from the "Zend-avesta," printed upon the programme in a translation by Percy Mackaye. It is a description in gorgeous Oriental imagery of the defeat of the malevolent Ahriman by the forces of light; a description that has prompted Mr. Converse to music of epic sonorousness that must be put among the most ambitious of his compositions. It is elaborate in its themes and their development, in the resources of the orchestra that he has employed, in the wealth of detail, undoubtedly descriptive in intention, but not lapsing from the ideal of presenting first and foremost musical values in a whole essentially musical in its nature.

Then followed the andante from the symphony by Frederick A. Stock, conductor of the Chicago Orchestra, a movement which he has stated to depict "reminiscences of life's happiest moments," but reaching no nearer than this to a definite programme. The movement shows a truly symphonic treatment of rich thematic material of a highly serious vein, and treated at length with an unusually sure touch in the management of the orchestra.

There was relief from the serious vein presented by these two works in Mr. Arthur Whiting's "Fantasy" for piano and orchestra, in which the composer played the solo part. It is music of originality, sounding a personal note, and is shot through with an individual fancy now graceful, now a little tart, approaching sometimes as near the humorous as music is likely to approach, and throughout of an engrossing charm. The composer played his music with great spirit and was much applauded.

Charles Martin Loeffler's macabre "Villanelle du Diable" has more than once been heard in New York, and its fantastic imaginative power, its varied resources of expression in illustrating Rollinat's grotesque poem, its skillful and distinguished orchestration, have been admired. David Stanley Smith, whose overture, "Prince Hal," Op. 31, was the last number on the programme, is the youngest of the composers whose works were presented at this concert, but a composer of substantial accomplishment and achievement. He himself conducted his composition with an elastic and impulsive beat, and succeeded much better than many composers in interpreting the spirit of his own composition. Here, too, the mood is not serious. The music, of course, is intended to suggest the character of Falstaff's friend. Without disclosing a straining after originality or a seeking for novel effects, it is interesting as music and in its musical development and in its frankness and spontaneity.

It is a strain upon the "American school" to present a concert exclusively of its works for any but a special purpose, which may be said to have existed yesterday. It emerged from the trial with credit; to which a well-considered programme, the excellent playing of the New York Symphony Orchestra, and Mr. Damrosch's sympathetic conducting contributed something of importance.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Frick, who have been staying at the St. Regis, left yesterday to open their new town residence in Fifth Avenue, which occupies the entire frontage of the avenue between Seventieth and Seventy-first Streets, on the site of the old Lenox Library.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lloyd Aspinwall will spend the Winter in New York, and are at the Hoffman Arms, 640 Madison Avenue.

The wedding of Mrs. Louise C. Pollock and Edward Chappell Ely will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Church of the Incarnation, and a reception at the Hotel Gotham will follow it.

A concert for the benefit of the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris will take place at the Plaza this afternoon. Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, and Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn are among those interested in it.

A tableaux dance in aid of the Virginia Day Nursery will take place at the Ritz-Carlton on Monday evening, Nov. 30, in which a large number of this season's débutantes will take part. Among them will be the Misses Constance Peabody, Helen Ridgely Morgan, Caryl Hackstaff, and Margaret Erhart.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH DUNN, aged 63 years, a civil war veteran and for the last ten years the driver of the ambulance of the Jamaica Hospital, died in that institution yesterday of pneumonia. He served as Corporal with the First Long Island Regiment of Volunteers during the civil war and was a member of Devin Post, No. 148, G. A. R.

Mrs. OTTILIE SIERCK, widow of Carsten William Sierck, one of the founders of the Moller-Sierck Sugar Refinery, which was sold to the Havemeyers, died yesterday at her home in the Apthorp Apartments, in her 53d year. She was born in Hoboken, N. J., and was a Miss Ottilie Strastny. Mrs. Sierck was a member of a number of charitable organizations. She is survived by a daughter and two sons.

PETER PERCIVAL ELDER, former Lieutenant Governor of Kansas, died in Ottawa yesterday, aged 91 years. President Lincoln named him Indian Agent for the Osages in Kansas, and from his charges Elder organized a regiment to fight for the Union in the civil war.

JOHN RUTGER PLANTEN, a grandson of the late John R. Planten, for many years Consul General of the Netherlands at the Port of New York, died on Wednesday at his residence, 207 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, in his twenty-fifth year. Mr. Planten was a graduate of the Polytechnic Institute, College of Pharmacy of this city, and the School of Pharmacy, Columbia University. He was associated as chemist with H. Planten & Son, manufacturers of pharmaceutical specialties, of which his father is the head.

ROBERT WASHINGTON GWATHMEY, a member of the Produce Exchange, with offices at 233 Produce Exchange Building, and the New York representative of a Chicago brokerage house, died on Wednesday in Baltimore at the home of his nephew, Harry Fielding Gwathmey. Mr. Gwathmey lived at 28 West Forty-sixth Street. He was born in Washington, D. C. Mr. Gwathmey was unmarried.

JOHN ADRIAN BENNET, an undertaker, for the last thirty-four years at 295 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, and one of the most widely known members of the Masonic fraternity in that borough, died on Wednesday at his residence, 196 Park Place, of Bright's disease. Mr. Bennet was born in Freedom, Ill., sixty-one years ago, and had lived in Brooklyn for more than fifty years. He was for twenty years treasurer of the Kings County Underwriters' Association. He left a widow, a son, and daughter.

BRADLEY WILLIAMS, aged 85 years, news editor of The Springfield Republican, died in Springfield, Mass., yesterday.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED

CARMEN

A new edition of Bizet's masterwork.

Original French text with a singable new English translation.

Fascinating Introductory Essay by Philip Hale.

An excellent portrait of Bizet.

The last word in music typography.

Price $2.00 postpaid.

CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.

8-10-12 East 34th St. New York

America's mineral waters percolate through substrata of greater mineral health giving properties than is known elsewhere in the world.

CLYSMIC

King of Table Waters
Has no equal

EDITOR E. F. BALDWIN DEAD.

Noted Peorian Said to Have Been Assaulted by Young Attorney.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—E. F. Baldwin, editor of The Peoria Star, is dead. Giles Keithley, a young attorney, resented certain editorials written by Mr. Baldwin, and it is alleged assaulted the editor on Oct. 3. Coroner Eckard today ordered an inquest and a searching investigation into the cause of death.

Mr. Baldwin was 74 years old and was fearless and outspoken. He was personally known to more politicians perhaps than any other Democratic editor "down State." He was prominent and aggressive in politics.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

SUMNER—NOSTRAND.—Ethelynd Nostrand to Herbert E. Sumner.

Married.

ABBOTT—DURANDO.—George Abbott to Mary E. Durando, New York, Nov. 18, 1914.

COHEN—COON.—On Wednesday, Nov. 18, by Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes and the Rev. Dr. D. de Sola Pool, Elsie, daughter of Mr. Lewis Coon, to Mr. I. Phillips Cohen.

MONTAGUE—FAWKNER.—On Monday, Nov. 16, 1914, at 366 Hawthorne St., Brooklyn, by the Rev S. Raymond Brinkerhoff, Mary Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Fawkner, to Laurens Montague of Charleston, S. C. Charleston papers please copy.

OATES—PIPER.—Wednesday, Nov. 18, at Christ Church, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, N. Y., Marie Adelaide Piper, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Alexander R. Piper, to Frank Richardson Oates of Toronto, Canada.

TWINING—BROWN.—Nov. 19, 1914, at St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, Ursula Wolcott Brown, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Hunter Brown of New York, to Edmund S. Twining, Jr. Halifax papers please copy.

COURTNEY—GRAY.—Nov. 18, May V. Gray to Joseph A. Courtney.

LISSNER—WEAVER.—Nov. 18, Anita Weaver to Leo N. Lissner.

Brooklyn.

BRENNER—KNAPP.—Nov. 18, Louise Knapp to Alfred Brenner.

REYNOLDS—WOLCOTT.—Nov. 18, Eleanor Wolcott to Thomas B. Reynolds.

STEWART—HAWKINS.—Nov. 18, Marguerite Hawkins to Charles A. Stewart.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

GIVAUDAN—PARKER.—Nov. 17, Jersey City, Frances Parker to Richard A. Givaudan.

JOHNSON—GRAINGER.—Nov. 17, Newark, Anna Grainger to Irving H. Johnson.

KEUFFEL—TIETJE.—Nov. 17, Hoboken, Elsie Tietje to Emil Keuffel.

Long Island.

LEE—WELHN.—Nov. 17, Long Island City, Lena Welhn to James H. Lee.

PLITT—CLEARWATER.—Nov. 18, Elmhurst, Antoinette Clearwater to George W. Plitt.

Westchester County.

ERSKINE—ROGERS.—Nov. 14, Pelham, Marian Rogers to James D. Erskine.

GALLAGHER—MAY.—Nov. 16, Peekskill, Lillian May to John J. Gallagher.

HOREY—BROWN.—Nov. 16, Yonkers, Edith L. Brown to John J. Horey.

Died.

BENNET.—On Wednesday, at his late residence, 196 Park Place, Brooklyn, John A. Bennet. Relatives and friends and members of Commonwealth Lodge 409, F. & A. M., and other Masonic bodies; Magnolia Lodge 166, I. O. O. F.; and Excelsior Encampment 134, I. O. O. F.; Fort Green Council 1,048, Royal Arcanum, and Kings County Undertakers' Association are invited to attend the funeral services at Grace M. E. Church, 7th Av. and St. John's Place, on Saturday at 2 P. M.

CHANDLER.—At Morristown, N. J., Nov. 18, 1914, Frances Langdon Chandler, widow of Henry Richmond Chandler, in her 80th year. Funeral private. Boston papers please copy.

COATES.—At Atlanta, Ga., on Nov. 17, in the 59th year of his age, Foster Coates, beloved husband of Adelaide Kinsley Coates and father of Mrs. J. C. Matthai. Funeral services will be held on Saturday morning, Nov. 21, at 10 o'clock, at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Av. and 44th St. Interment at Baltimore. Baltimore, Boston, Providence, Atlanta, Chicago, Los Angeles, and San Francisco papers please copy.

COUCH.—On Wednesday, Nov. 18, of pneumonia, at his residence, 619 West 175th St., New York City, Thomas Couch, aged 75 years. Funeral services from his late residence Friday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Saturday morning, Nov. 20, at Tarrytown, N. Y.

GIBSON.—Catherine Lister, wife of the late Peter McQueen Gibson, at her residence, 136 East 44th St., New York City. Funeral Sunday, private.

GREEN.—At Greenwich, Conn., Nov. 18, 1914, Will. S. Green, aged 58 years. Funeral services at Christ Church, Sunday, Nov. 22, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at convenience of family. Rochester (N. Y.) and Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

GREENBERG.—Thursday, Nov. 19, in his 51st year, Isidore Greenberg, beloved husband of Ray, nee Sondheim, father of Mrs. Sophie Levy and Bernard. Relatives and friends, members of Centennial Lodge, No. 763, F. and A. M., are requested to attend the funeral services from his late residence, 315 West 115th St., Sunday, Nov. 22, at 10 A. M.

GWATHMEY.—On Nov. 18, at the residence of his nephew, Harry Fielding Reid, Baltimore, Md., Robert Washington, son of the late Humphrey Brooke and Frances Fielding Gwathmey of Richmond, Va. Funeral services and interment at 2 P. M. Nov. 20 in Richmond.

HUNT.—Nov. 18, Eliza D., widow of Franklin W. Hunt, in her 90th year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Friday, Nov. 20, at 11 A. M.

HUNT.—Louise Livingston, on Nov. 17. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HYATT.—On Thursday, Nov. 19, 1914, Enos Randol Hyatt. Funeral services at his late residence, 502 3d St., Brooklyn, Saturday, the 21st, at 2 P. M.

JACKSON.—Dr. Andrew J. Jackson, Tuesday, Nov. 17, 1914, at Matawan, N. J. Funeral services Friday at 3 P. M. at Presbyterian Church.

LANDAUER.—At 619 West 127th St., on Nov. 19, 1914, after lingering illness, Rose Landauer, in her 55th year, beloved mother of Helen and Blanche and sister of Helen Bandman and Edward Lieberman. Interment Sunday, Atlanta, Ga.

LAWRENCE.—At the Rockingham, Broadway and 56th St., on Tuesday, Nov. 17, J. Corlies Lawrence. Funeral service at his late residence on Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

McLEAN.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 18, Mary Stuart McLean, daughter of the late Andrew and Mary McLean. Funeral services at the home of her sister, Mrs. Herman Mattfeld, 521 12th St., Brooklyn, on Friday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Interment private.

ODELL.—Nov. 17, 1914, James M., beloved husband of Annie J. Odell, father of Anna Nisbet and Jessie Goodnow. Funeral services residence, 790 Riverside Drive, Friday, 6 P. M.

POWELL.—Frederick. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Saturday, 11 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

RAMSDEN.—Louis H. E., on Thursday, Nov. 19, in his 60th year. Funeral services on Friday evening, Nov. 20, at 1,893 Amsterdam Av., (Baimford's,) at 8 o'clock. Interment on Saturday at Kensico Cemetery. Train leaves 125th St. at 2:24 P. M.

RYNO.—On Nov. 18, 1914, Anna V., wife of Jediah Ryno and daughter of the late John and Sarah Stell. Funeral services at her late residence, 74 Tonnele Av., Jersey City, on Friday at 11 A. M.

SHIELS.—On Nov. 17, Catharine T., (nee Murray,) widow of Thomas Shiels. Funeral from her late residence, 2,480 Grand Concourse, near Fordham Road, on Friday, 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Mercy.

SIERCK.—Ottilie, widow of Carsten William Sierck, Nov. 19, 1914, in her 53d year. Funeral services from her late residence, the Apthorpe Apartments, 79th St. and Broadway, at 1:30 P. M., Saturday, Nov. 21. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

TERHUNE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 18, 1914, Mary Jane Arthur, wife of Nicholas P. Terhune, at her home, 259 Gregory Av., Passaic, N. J., aged 76 years. Funeral services at her late residence on Saturday next at 2:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

TRIMMER.—Killed in action in Northern France, Oct. 30th, Lieut. William Douglas Maclean Trimmer of First Hampshire Regiment, only son of Edward and Mary Kate Trimmer of Walton-on-Thames, Surrey, England, aged 22 years.

WETHERBEE.—Suddenly, at her late residence, 305 East 158th St., Nov. 19, 1914, in the 86th year of her age, Harriet Whitney Wheeler, wife of the late John Sibley Wetherbee. Funeral Sunday at Ashby, Mass.

WILSON.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., Nov. 16, 1914, Susan A., wife of Lyman V. Wilson, in her 66th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 72 North Arlington Av., Friday, Nov. 20, at 1 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited.

WRIGHT.—John Howard, on fifth day eleventh month 19th in his 87 year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 41 East 51st St., at 2 P. M., on seventh day eleventh month, 21st. Burial private. Kindly omit flowers.

BUBECK.—The Rev. Gottlieb J., 350 West 40th St., Nov. 17, aged 54. Funeral today.

DELANEY.—James F., 511 West 170th St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

EMERSON.—Maude, 1,026 Westchester Av., Nov. 18. Funeral today.

FRANK.—Arthur, 7,515 3d Av., Nov. 17, aged 34.

GLEN.—Lena, 1,007 Union Av., Bronx, Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LINDEN.—Augustus, 601 West 141st St., Nov. 18. Funeral private.

MOORE.—Elizabeth, 405 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 17. Funeral private.

NORDENHOLT.—Claus, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., Nov. 18, aged 58. Funeral private.

O'CONNELL.—Maurice, 513 3d Av., Nov. 17. Funeral today.

ROUQUET.—Emil, 254 West 146th St., Nov. 17, aged 69.

SOLOMON.—Miriam, 669 East 165th St., Nov. 19. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

STEEB.—Katie, Nov. 18, aged 48. Funeral 100 Avenue A, today, 1:30 P. M.

WESEL.—Philip, 345 East 36th St., Nov. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

CAVANAGH.—Ellen T., 106 Vanderveer St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

CLARK.—Julia A., 396 Monroe St., Nov. 18. Funeral private.

CLOUGH.—John F., 1,553 Gates Av., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DALY.—James J., 234 14th St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DETTVILLER.—Mary A., 623 Sterling Place. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DUNNE.—Joseph P. E., Sr., 41 Kingston Av., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow.

HART.—Annie T., 1,816 West 8th St., Nov. 19, aged 69. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HICKEY. Mary N., 167 Nelson St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow.

LIPP.—Charles, 192 Lincoln Place, Nov. 18, aged 54.

LYKE.—Sarah A., 400 East 16th St., Nov. 18. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

MARKLE.—Frank, 37 Underhill Av., Nov. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MATTHEIS.—August, 318 McDougal St., Nov. 17.

MEEHAN.—Sarah, 78 Powers St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MORAN.—John, Jr., 62 Edward St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MORRIS.—David E., 817 Prospect Place, Nov. 17.

O'BRIEN.—John, Bay 43d St., Nov. 17.

PLANTEN.—John R., 207 Carlton Av., Nov. 19, aged 25. Funeral service tomorrow.

RENZ.—Friedarika, 69 Covert St., Nov. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RHODES.—Margaret, 405 Humboldt St., Nov. 18, aged 69.

ROCHE.—Isabella, 808 Halsey St., Nov. 18.

SCHNEIDER.—Mary R., 1,612 Hancock St., Nov. 17, aged 58.

SEYMOUR.—Oscar R., 466 Nostrand Av., Nov. 18, aged 67.

SHELLY.—Alice T., 164 Huntington St., Nov. 18, aged 29. Funeral tomorrow.

SWEENEY.—Mary E., 19 Dewey Place, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BAUMGARTNER.—Mary, 208 North St., Jersey City, Nov. 17, aged 71. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BRIZICH.—Freddie, 328 Monroe St., Hoboken, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

DALTON.—John, 21 Beacon Av., Jersey City, Nov. 18.

DEAS.—William, 138 Grand St., Hoboken, Nov. 17.

ECKERT.—Charles G., 330 South 6th St., Newark, Nov. 18, aged 18.

GILCHRIST.—James B., 916 Hudson St., Hoboken, Nov. 18, aged 76.

LATIMER.—Mrs. John, Newark, Nov. 18. Funeral notice later.

McCANN.—Caroline C., 94 Bleecker St., Newark, Nov. 19.

PAYTON.—John, 218 Harrison Av., Jersey City, Nov. 19. Funeral Nov. 23, 9 A. M.

RIEKENS.—Henry, 972 Summit Av., Jersey City, Nov. 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

RIKER.—Mary A., 18 Noll Place, Newark, Nov. 19.

SKINNER.—Mary, 28 Stagg St., Jersey City, Nov. 19. Funeral notice later.

SMITH.—Minerva, 86½ Vesey St., Newark, Nov. 17. Funeral today.

SYDDALL.—Mary, 67 Thorne St., Jersey City, Nov. 18, aged 84.

Long Island.

AGOGLIA.—Peter, 120 8th St., Long Island City, Nov. 16, aged 3.

RANFORS.—Victor, Flushing, Nov. 16, aged 46.

VALENTOS.—Antonio, Woodhaven, Nov. 16, aged 30.

In Memoriam.

OAKLEY.—In memory of Sarah Oakley, who departed this life on the evening of Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1912.

FOSTER.—Clara mass St. Antoninus's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 7:30 A. M.

FRANK.—Rose, mass St. Philip Neri's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 9 A. M.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION DAY NURSERY.—Deceased members and benefactors, mass Sts. Peter and Paul's Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

THE KENSICO CEMETERY

Beyond the city limits in the Westchester Hills. Photographs sent on request. City Office, 103 Park Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1842.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY

233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.

Crocker MOURNING HOUSE

HATS, GOWNS, WAISTS, VEILS, NECKWEAR, FURS.

375 5th Av. at 35th St.

Boston—Copley Square.

FOOTBALL FIELDS COVERED WITH SNOW OR WATER---SIX-DAY RACE---BASEBALL

SNOW AND RAIN ON YALE'S NEW BOWL

Fresh Sod and Earth Turned Into Mire for Harvard Game Tomorrow.

SPELLS DEFEAT FOR YALE

On Soft Field Elis' Light, Open-Play Team Will Be Swept Off Gridiron, Is New Haven Prediction.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 19.—Depressing weather conditions have caused an upset in the Yale football outlook. A snowstorm covered the Yale Bowl with snow an inch thick this morning, turning to rain before noon, and leaving the bowl filled with slush tonight. Anticipating a complete change in weather conditions before the Yale-Harvard game formally opens in the bowl before 70,000 people next Saturday, the Yale football management believes that every embarrassment that threatened today will be adjusted. The end of the rain is predicted before tomorrow morning, with cold, clear weather coming for two days.

The Yale team did all their practicing today in the old field. There was nothing except signal rehearsal and it took place in a pouring rain which drenched the players to the skin, but they were called out for signal work in the baseball cage this evening as usual.

In the practice this afternoon a great improvement was noticed in handling the ball. Fumbling, despite the heavy rain, was absent. Easton and Le Gore were drilled in drop kicking half an hour, Le Gore lifting three goals over the crossbar from the twenty-five-yard line in succession. Considering the water-soaked ball, this exhibition was satisfactory.

For protecting the playing surface of the bowl a thick covering of hay has been spread nightly the past week. This remained on the field today and it is expected will save the surface of the gridiron from much of the water. The turf on which the game will be played is only six weeks old and has been hardened as much as possible, but its newness has not allowed it to assume the desired compactness yet. With the probable cessation of the rain tomorrow a heavy roller will be run over the surface and a cold, dry wind is expected to place it again in first-class condition.

Few tickets had been returned to the football office this evening because of the fear that the weather conditions Saturday would be unpleasant, and the scarcity of pasteboards for the game was never as great as today, despite the doubling of the capacity of the stands with the opening of the bowl.

Coach Hinkey today had his team on the gridiron as it faced Princeton for the first time since that event. Although Carter was at right end most of the time, Fred Stillman's return to this porition has been predicted and a great improvement in his lameness was apparent. His ability to play Saturday is no longer doubted. There has been no question of any other position and his recovery will allow Hinkey to use the playing combination against Harvard which he regards strongest. All the Yale injuries have been slight, although numerous. Every day since the Princeton game has witnessed improvement in the lame ankles of Stillman, Wilson, Knowles, and Conroy and Trainer Mack says that two days more will make them disappear.

A soft, heavy gridiron is dreaded by Yale more than by Harvard. Yale's lighter eleven relies on a dry, hard footing for its clever double and triple passing, its dodging and trick play gaining Yale's scoring power will be lessened by 50 per cent. unless the gridiron in the bowl has dried and hardened materially before the game begins.

Harvard's heavier eleven, with its plunging plays, will find it twice as easy to wear down Yale on a heavy gridiron.

The Yale players will not leave the city before the game, but will have quiet quarters away from the noise of the campus. Several hundred of the advance guard of the football crowd have reached here and all the hotels are already filled close to their limit. Reservations in every hotel were made to their capacity weeks ago and 500 New Haven homes have been turned into boarding houses until after the game.

Harvard students sent $3,000 here today to bet on their team at odds of 10 to 9. Yale men covered the bets at once.

The Yale Daily News today editorially reminded Yale men that the blacklist would be revived under more drastic form than ever and that any one whose tickets were found in football speculators' hands would be blacklisted for life.

HARVARD WORKS IN BOWL.

Backfield and Centre Men in Punting Drill on Wet Field.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 19.—The advance guard of Harvard's football team which will play Yale on Saturday arrived here at 6 to-night. The nineteen players, with several coaches and managers, left Boston at 10 o'clock A. M., going to New Haven. There they practiced in the Yale Bowl. The squad was in charge of Percy Haughton, the other coaches being Reggie Brown, Dick Wigglesworth, Tommy Campbell, and Derrick Parmenter. Haughton, Brown, and Wigglesworth got into their football clothes, as did the players. Only the backs and centres came down today, and they soon were working with a wet, slippery football. Mahan, Whitney, Francke, and Bradlee did well with their punting considering the condition of the ball, but the drop-kickers had difficulty, having to kick flat and not having much success either in distance or direction. Hardwick and Withington did better at placement kicking than Mahan, McKinlock, and Logan did at drop-kicking.

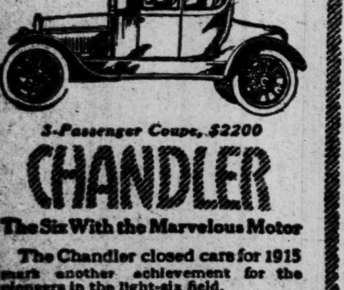
Capt. Brickley came along, but he did not go out on to the field. He has sent word to Capt. Talbott of the Yale team that if he plays Saturday it will be with the full consent of the doctors, and that the Yale team will not be expected to favor him. This is reiterated because at New Haven today there was a rumor that Brickley intended to start the game at full back.

After the drill the squad came over to New London, having the evening to itself. Tomorrow afternoon the other regulars will arrive. There will be signal drill on the local baseball grounds and in the evening the players will go to the New London Lyceum for a long lecture at the blackboard and the final rehearsal of their plays.

The men who came down from Cambridge today were Capt. Brickley, Bradlee, Felton, Francke, King, McKinlock, Rollins, Whitney, and Willcox, backs; Logan, Swigert, and Watson, quarter backs; Soucy, Wallace, Bigelow, and Harris, centres; Hardwick, the end rush and substitute half back for the first string men, and Withington, one of the specialists in placement goal kicking.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 19.—While the Harvard back field men were working out at New Haven today, Leo Leary had the 'Varsity ends, guards, and tackles out on Soldiers Field. They had a short defensive drill, but most of the work was on final individual coaching and tackling the dummy. The men are in good condition and will start for New London in the morning in high spirits. The only question relating to condition is in regard to Weston, the right guard. Had the day been fair he would have been out, but he was allowed to take no chances with his throat. It is said that he will start the Yale game, although it is inferred that the coaches do not expect him to last throughout the contest. The second team broke training tonight at the annual dinner, and on Saturday will be taken to New Haven as a reward for their hard work all season against the 'Varsity.



3-Passenger Coupe, $2200

CHANDLER

The Six With the Marvelous Motor

The Chandler closed cars for 1915 mark another achievement for the pioneers in the light-six field.

Four handsome closed bodies, offering a wide range for choice and meeting every requirement for winter city driving, give all the beauty, comfort and luxury that the most critical purchaser could desire.

Aluminum has replaced steel in their body construction, and the light weight resulting from this advanced step makes it possible for them to go anywhere a touring car can go.

CHANDLER CLOSED CARS: 7-passenger Limousine, $2750; 5-passenger Sedan, $2750; 3-pass. Coupe, $2200; 3-pass. Cabriolet, $1950.

All Models Ready for Immediate Delivery

Brady-Murray Motors Corporation 55th St., West of Broadway.

CADETS DRIVEN INDOORS.

Four Inches of Snow Prevents Army Football Drill on Plains.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 19.—A heavy fall of snow which covered the West Point gridiron to the depth of four inches drove the cadets indoors for their football workout today. The large riding hall was used for the practice and the men went through a two hours' practice on the tanbark. The speed was necessarily slackened by the heavy going, but the drill was none the less painstaking and thorough, and when the men finished they had absorbed a lot of the new wrinkles which the coaches are introducing daily as a part of the Army's offensive for the big Navy contest on Nov. 28.

The work on the building up of a defense for Navy formations came to an end today. The physical condition of the men is improving steadily, and the tendency to staleness which was a cause for worry a week ago is not so imminent. McEwan's shoulder is giving him only slight trouble, and the big fellow stayed to the end of the practice today. O'Hare is getting lots to do in the doubtful guard position these days. His continued presence there is felt by the watchers to mean his ultimate selection for the position, though the coaches still assert that the competition will be kept open until after the Springfield game on Saturday. The race for the end job has narrowed down to Neyland, Kelly, and Britton, and the contest with the Springfield School team is expected to furnish the elimination test for this position also. All three of these flankers showed good form in today's drill.

PRESIDENT ON NAVY SIDE.

Distinguished Men Assigned to Boxes for Army and Navy Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 19.—The boxes for the Army and Navy football game on Franklin Field, Philadelphia, assigned to the Navy have been distributed as follows:

49—United States Representative Frank Buchanan of Illinois, Rear Admiral C. M. Winslow, U. S. N., and the Hon. T. H. Newberry of Chicago.

50—United States Representative Edward Gilmore of Massachusetts, United States Representative Samuel J. Tribble of Georgia, and United States Senator William E. Chilton of West Virginia.

51—United States Representative F. A. Britten of Illinois, Rear Admiral L. C. Logan, U. S. N., and Rear Admiral J. K. Barton, U. S. N.

52—United States Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, Rear Admiral A. Reynolds, U. S. N., and Rear Admiral G. S. Willits, U. S. N.

53—Charles J. Harrah of Midvale, Penn.; Rear Admiral R. E. Peary, U. S. N., and United States Representative Thomas S. Butler of Pennsylvania.

54—United States Representative Albert Estopinal of Louisiana, Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, U. S. N., and H. L. Collins of New York City.

55—E. J. Berwin of New York City.

56—United States Representative Peter G. Gerry of Rhode Island, United States Senator James A. O'Gorman of New York City, and United States Representative Samuel W. Beakes of Michigan.

57—United States Senator Benjamin Tillman of South Carolina, United States Senator John Walter Smith of Maryland.

58—The Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Labor.

67—Secretary of the Navy.

68—Vice President of the United States.

69—The President of the United States.

70—Capt. William F. Fullam, Superintendent of the Naval Academy.

71—Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

72—Capt. G. H. Burrage, Commandant of Midshipmen.

81—Rear Admiral Victor Blue, U. S. N., Chief of the Bureau of Navigation; Rear Admiral B. A. Fiske, U. S. N., and United States Representative Nicholas J. Sinnott of Oregon.

82—Rear Admiral F. F. Fletcher, U. S. N., Commander in Chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet.

83—Capt. W. S. Benson, U. S. N., Commandant of Navy Yard, League Island, Philadelphia.

84—Rear Admiral Jacob Strauss, U. S. N., Chief of Bureau of Ordnance; Rear Admiral R. C. Griffin, U. S. N., Engineer in Chief, and United States Representative D. J. McGillicuddy of Maine.

85—Major Gen. George Barnett, Commandant of Marine Corps; Civil Engineer H. R. Stanford, U. S. N., Chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks, and United States Representative William Kennedy of Connecticut.

86—Chief Constructor R. M. Watt, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral W. B. Caperton, U. S. N., and United States Representative J. V. Lesher of Pennsylvania.

87—Secretary of the Treasury, and Postmaster General.

88—Governor of Maryland.

89—Col. R. M. Thompson of New York City.

90—J. W Powell of Quincy, Mass.; Lloyd Phoenix of New York City, and United States Representative F. L. Dersheim of Pennsylvania.

91—Rear Admiral C. J. Busch, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral Frank Beatty, U. S. N., and United States Representative Horace Vaughn of Texas.

92—United States Representative J. R. Farr of Pennsylvania, Rear Admiral R. F. Nicholson, U. S. N., and Rear Admiral A. C. Dillingham, U. S. N.

93—United States Senator Boise Penrose of Pennsylvania, Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich, U. S. N., and Capt. H. S. Knapp, U. S. N.

94—Capt. F. A. Wilner, N. S. N.; Rear Admiral J. N. Hemphill, U. S. N., and Capt. Ridley McLean, Judge Advocate General.

95—Dean Howard McClanahan of Princeton University, Dr. Spaeth of Princeton University, and United States Senator Claude A. Swanson of Virginia.

96—United States Representatnve J. F. C. Talbott of Maryland, United States Representative D. J. Riordan of New York City, and United States Representative B. F. Mahan of Connecticut.

101—United States Representative H. T. Caraway of Arkansas, United States Representative W. W. Bailey of Pennsylvania, United States Representative J. W. Collier of Mississippi, United States Representative E. M. Webb of North Carolina, and United States Representative A. W. Gregg of Texas.

102—United States Senator Ben Shively of Indiana, United States Representative F. E. Wilson of Brooklyn, United States Representative Henry George, Jr., of New York City, United States Representative T. J. Scully of New Jersey, and United States Representative F. E. Guernsey of Maine.

New Golf Course on Long Island.

Robert White has been engaged to lay out a new eighteen-hole golf course on property owned by H. B. Hollins, Jr., and G. V. Hollins, near East Islip, L. I. A tract of 115 acres has been purchased, and White has been working on plans for several weeks. The grounds are located on Great South Bay, and it is said that the land is well adapted for the laying out of one of the best courses in the East. A. G. Elphick, formerly the National Links professional, is also engaged in laying out a new eighteen-hole course near Westhampton.

G. W. Spaulding won the President's Cup at the Haworth Country Club by defeating H. J. Hull, 4 and 2, in the final round. It is necessary to win this trophy three times before it can become the property of a golfer. John D. Sweeney won in 1911, Herbert Riddell in 1912, and F. M. Applegate in 1913. This is the fourth year of the competition.

4,000 CORNELL MEN TO CHEER TEAM

Largest Crowd on Record Going from Ithaca to Game on Franklin Field.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The keen enthusiasm felt by the Cornell students for the football team was reflected today in the sale of seats for the Pennsylvania game. Over 4,000 tickets, the entire Cornell allotment, were disposed of and a request for more had to be filled. The biggest crowd on record will leave here for Philadelphia next Wednesday. The policy of resting a team before a big game has been thrown to the winds by the Cornell coaches, and the entire 'Varsity team had a very stiff workout this afternoon. All of the regulars were in the line-up except Philippi, the great plunging full back, who went to the infirmary today suffering from an attack of tonsilitis. His illness has caused a good deal of uneasiness among the students, for though the coaches believe that Philippi will be able to rejoin the squad before it leaves for Atlantic City on Monday night, there is the possibility that he may not be able to return to the line-up. Philippi is one of the most effective cogs in the Cornell football machine, and the attack would be materially weakened were he not in good shape. Philippi was the one back of the team who always made a gain in the recent Michigan game. In his absence today Hill played full back.

Kleinert got into the scrimmage as full back on the second team today, and he gave the 'Varsity a lot of trouble. He appears to be in fine shape and will undoubtedly be taken along to Philadelphia and used for a time at least. Kleinert is fully as powerful in plunging as Philippi, but he lacks the judgment and experience.

Barrett showed up in fine form this afternoon and seems to have all of the "pep" and agility that have made him one of the sensations of the East this Fall. He got loose for a number of runs and his punting in the special practice before the scrimmage was up to his standard. He should average 50 yards against Pennsylvania, based on the showing that he has been making for the past two weeks.

E. G. Lautz, a sub end, was burned on the right hand and arm today while extinguishing a blaze in his rooming house. Lautz by effective work prevented a bad fire. His hands were bandaged, but he managed to play.

Navy Backfield Still in Doubt.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 19.—The efforts of football coaches and trainers at the Naval Academy are now directed toward perfecting the plays in which the team has been drilled during the season, maintaining the present speed of the eleven and getting the players into perfect physical condition. For that reason there was no hard scrimmage this afternoon, although the team was drilled in the formations on attack and defense, the scrub using the system of attack of the Army team, as it has been sized up by the Navy scouts who have seen the soldiers in action this year. There is still some doubt about the make-up of the backfield which will start against the Army, but there are indications that Miles will start at quarter back, with Failing at left half back, and H. Harrison at full back. Blodgett is a certainty as the other half back. The average weight of this combination is 179¼ pounds. The team will not extend itself against Ursinus on Saturday under any circumstances, and some of the bruised backfield men will not get into the game at all.

N. Y. U. Rehearses Signals in Gym.

Yesterday's heavy rain prevented the New York University team from practicing on Ohio Field, but the gymnasium afforded the Violet opportunity for a two-hour drill on signals. Two elevens were lined up opposing each other, the 'Varsity assuming the offense, and all of the plays which the Violet will use against Wesleyan on Saturday were worked in detail. The major part of the coaching centred about the backfield and end men, the majority of these new workents depending upon the efficiency of these men. Bernstein, who has been absent from practice for two days, has received injuries which may keep him out of the game on Saturday. This will cripple the Violet backfield to some extent, although with this single exception the team will be intact. A short signal practice for the second eleven followed this modified scrimmage, in preparation for the game with the Cullum Hall team, which is scheduled for this afternoon at West Point.

Telfer Out of Dartmouth Line-Up.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 19.—Dartmouth's undergraduates marched to Alumni Field this afternoon to show the team that they were supporting them to a man. In a blinding snowstorm the team held its last practice.

A severe blow was dealt the team by the injuries to Telfer, which will keep him out of the game. In the Pennsylvania game last Saturday he received a severe jolt on the shoulder and also injured his knee. Neither injury has recovered sufficiently to allow him to play. His place will be taken by Redfield.

The team leaves here tomorrow morning for the Woodlawn Hotel, in Auburndale, where they will stop over night. The students will follow in the afternoon. Dartmouth's chances are rather dim, as it looks as if the day would be wet and as the Syracuse team is much heavier, the fast work of the Dartmouth backs will be ineffective.

Rutgers Ready for Stevens.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Nov. 19.—The entire Rutgers student body will leave New Brunswick on a special train tomorrow morning to attend the thirteenth annual game between Rutgers and Stevens at Castle Point, Hoboken. The big scarlet team hopes to run up a record score against her Jersey rival, and is not looking for much opposition. The regulars are all in the best of shape, with the exception of Wittpenn, half back, whose place will be taken by Todd.

On Thanksgiving Day Rutgers will play New York University in New York, and two days later Washington and Jefferson on the Polo Grounds. The second-string men will be used against New York University in order to save the regulars for the W. and J. contest.

Purdue Coaches Will Not Quit.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Nov. 19.—Andrew L. Smith, head football coach of Purdue University, and Robert Vaughn, assistant coach, who offered to resign several days ago, have been placated and withdrew their resignations today. Assertions that Smith had taught the Purdue football men rough tactics were investigated by Faculty members and found groundless. The team finished its preparation today for the game with Indiana on Saturday.

Three Ten-Round Bouts at Olympic.

Three ten-round bouts between well-known boxers will be the card that Manager Donnelly has arranged for Monday night at the Olympic A. C. in Harlem. The first ten-round bout will be between Frankie Daly of Staten Island and Johnny Russell of Long Island. In the second ten-rounder Young Drummie of Jersey City will clash with Frankie Conifrey, the mascot of the Fire Department, and in the final event Jack Palmer of Newark will tackle Sailor Maher of Brooklyn.

Fairmount Bouts Called Off.

The boxing bouts at the Fairmount Athletic Club scheduled for last night were called off. "Whitey" Allen and Al. Kubiak were billed to go ten rounds in the main bout. The former hurt himself while training, and when he saw the small attendance Kubiak refused to go on. Under these conditions and with the inclement weather, the management decided to declare the show off.

Stein to Box Gaurine Tonight.

Joe Stein, the rugged Harlem welterweight, who gave Mike Gibbons quite a tussle last year, will try a "come-back" stunt at the New Polo Club in a ten-round bout against Joe Gaurine tonight. Two other ten-round bouts will precede this affair. Eight bouts of four rounds each will open the show.

Welsh Didn't Win, but Did Duffy?

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Freddie Welsh, world's champion lightweight, fought a ten-round bout with Jimmy Duffy of Lockport here tonight, upon the result of which opinion was divided between a draw and a shade for Duffy.

STEVENS TECH APOLOGIZES.

Sorry That Coach Had Done Wrong to N. Y. U. in Football Game.

Another echo of the Stevens-New York University game, as a result of which Coach A. C. Ayres lost his position with the Hoboken team for sending into the game a player who had been ruled out, was heard yesterday at New York University after a letter from the Stevens Athletic Council strongly condemning the work of their coach in returning a man to a game in disguise last Saturday after he had been put out of the game for slugging was received and read before the weekly meeting of the Student Organization. The letter, after stating the policy of the Stevens alumni, Faculty, and student body upon the subject of clean athletics and their regret over the course of events, ended with the following:

"We all wish to offer to New York University a most humble apology, and we trust you will receive the same, believing that this incident is entirely out of all harmony with the Stevens principles and ideas of college sport.

"We are glad to be able to say that only clean plays and straightforward methods have any support from the Faculty, alumni, and student body. This is the first case of this kind that has come up in many years, and we deeply regret that it was in any match game, especially one with New York University."

The reading of the message called forth applause from the whole student body, the members voting unanimously to acquaint the Stevens authorities with their appreciation of their action in sending the letter, and to say that they gladly accepted the apology.

The members of the Violet team were unaware of the deception practiced by the Stevens coach until notice of his action was read in the newspapers. Not a man on the eleven recognized in the disguised man who returned the player who had been previously put out of the game.

Lehigh Yearns for Third Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 19.—In a snowstorm Lehigh practiced today, and tomorrow afternoon a signal rehearsal is all that will take place, as a final preparation for the Lafayette game. The men went through the final dummy scrimmage with the scrubs with vigor, after which the scrubs received a rousing vote of thanks for their faithfulness and disbanded. Coach Keady was still uncertain as to who would play the guard positions Saturday, but will decide tomorrow afternoon between Pons and Ostrom and Frank Green and Becker. There may also be some eleventh hour changes among the other positions. As it is possible that Saturday will find the gridiron wet the opportunity was grasped this afternoon to give the men thorough drills in handling a slippery ball both as to putts and forward passes. Cahall spent his usual half hour drop kicking and despite the fact that the ball was heavy the results were satisfactory. Coach Keady believes his men have offensive ability enough to score without depending on Cahall to try kicking.

Excitement is running high here over the game. Students and townspeople want Lehigh to "beat Lafayette for the third time." Every student is wearing a long brown and white ribbon with the slogan on it and each night from the highest point in Sayre Park blazes forth an electric sign forecasting victory. Betting on the game is slow, due to a lack of Lafayette money. Today it was announced that the officials would be Carl Marshall, Harvard, referee; McCarthy, Germantown Academy, umpire; Tom Thorpe, Columbia, head linesman, and Whiting, Cornell, field judge.

Wesleyan Coming for N. Y. U. Scalp

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 19.—Wesleyan will wind up its football season at New York City Saturday in a game with New York University. Their season has been one of many hardships, but which were finally overcome, and are finishing strongly. Wesleyan has been watching N. Y. U. with an eagle eye, and, despite the strong showing the latter has made, are confident of trimming them again this year. Last season Wesleyan romped away with a 20 to 0 victory. This season a hard-fought struggle can be looked for, as the teams seem to be evenly matched. Confidence is placed in the Cardinal and Black eleven through their fine showing against Williams and the victory over Trinity. The team is in good shape, and, with the healing of Capt. "Dan" Kenan's knee, the prospects are bright for a victory. After the game Saturday the election of a Captain will probably take place at a banquet given to the Wesleyan team by the Alumni Association of New York City. The candidates will be F. A. Slocum of Brooklyn, the snappy quarter back, who has made good in his first season on the 'Varsity; Elmer T. Eustis of New York City, who has been out of the majority of games, owing to an operation, but returned in time to get into the more important games and beat Trinity with a drop kick; D. W. Gordon of Hazardville, Conn., the giant tackle, who has thrown more men for losses than all the other men on the team and who also opened up tremendous holes in the Williams line, which meant the only touchdown. Indications favor Eustis, brother of "Dick" Eustis, last year's Captain and coach of the team at present.

Prepares Plays for Slippery Field.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Penn., Nov. 19.—In a blinding snow and a high wind, and with the entire student body in attendance, the Lafayette team worked hard on March Field this afternoon. If as much aggressiveness is shown by the team on Saturday, Lehigh will find "It's a long way to Tipperary." In view of the fact that the field will probably be very slippery for the game, Coach Crowell drilled all his plays which have shifts in them from stationary formations. The men caught the idea at once, and worked them without the slightest confusion. The team also prepared for handling a wet ball. The ends were drilled specially in catching forward passes. Sherwood Magee had this work in hand, and he instructed the men in catching the ball more with the hands than with the body and arms. Magee also gave Weldon another long drill in throwing the pass. Weldon, Toll, and Blackburn all practiced punting, while the balance of the team went down under the "boots" and tackled the receiver of the punts. The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to a thorough rehearsal of all the plays that will be used against Lehigh.

Wymard's Talk to Fordham Team.

Although the rain yesterday made outdoor practice impossible, "Skip" Wymard gave the Maroon football warriors their second blackboard drill of the week in the Fordham "gym." Several new shifts prepared for the Villa Nova contest came up for discussion, while the general plan of attack against the heavy Boston College eleven tomorrow received special attention. As Boston held the Maroon to a tie last season and appears exceptionally strong this year, the Fordham coach tried his best yesterday to impress on the players the necessity of teamwork, which was not in evidence against Vermont. Capt. "Bud" Wymard also made an address to his teammates, calling for exceptional efforts on their part during the week that remains before the ending of the season. The Maroon team has been regaining its former speed this week, and Yule seems to be the only player who has not recovered from all his injuries. Dr. Spies announced yesterday that the eleven was in the best shape it has shown since before Election Day.

Plan to Foil Ticket Sellers.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—The University of Pennsylvania authorities announced today that they would employ drastic measures to prevent tickets for the Army-Navy football game, which will be played on Franklin Field Nov. 28, from falling into the hands of speculators. They said they would buy every ticket possible from speculators at the advanced price, and would compel the person to whom the ticket was originally sold to pay the difference between the face value and the price paid to the speculators. Then the original buyer's name will be placed on the black list.

College Teams Tie in Soccer.

HAVERFORD, Penn., Nov. 19.—The Princeton and Havorford Intercollegiate Leakue association football game today resulted in a 1 to 1 tie.

Winners with the Cue.

Two games were played yesterday in the English amateur billiard championship at Doyle's Academy. In the afternoon George Hayman defeated W. W. Swan by a score of 250 to 195, and in the evening H. Latham won from R. Dowdall by 250 to 139. In the handicap pool tournament George Pakulski, with a handicap of 10, defeated George Braun, handicapped at 15, by 75 points to 59.

Two games were decided last night in the amateur straight-rail tournament at the Morningside Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. In the first contest G. Hall defeated S. Cameron by the score of 50 to 33 in forty-five innings. The second match resulted in a victory for M. Elsoffer over B. Mason by the score of 50 to 48 in forty-three innings.

George Spear easily defeated H. H. Smith in the amateur 18.2 balk-line tournament at Keeney's Academy, in Brooklyn, by 200 to 123 in fifty-two innings.

RIDERS HURT IN SIX-DAY CYCLE RACE

Spill Injures Verri, Drobach, Anderson, and Wohlrab, but Not Seriously.

SCORE AT 2 O'CLOCK A. M.
Ninety-eighth Hour.

Teams.	Miles.	Laps.
Goullet and Grenda	1,945	2
Moran and McNamara	1,945	2
Fogler and Hill	1,945	2
Root and Clark	1,945	2
Egg and Verri	1,945	2
Cameron and Kaiser	1,945	2
Lawson and Drobach	1,945	2
Ryan and Wohlrab	1,945	2
Lawrence and Magin	1,945	2
Walthour and Halstead	1,945	2
Thomas and Hanley	1,945	0
Mitten and Anderson	1,944	7
Piercy and Hansen	1,944	1

Leaders, Goullet and Grenda. Former record, 1,940 miles 4 laps, made by Goullet and Fogler in 1913.

In the worst spill that has yet occurred in the six-day cycle race at Madison Square Garden Harry Kaiser was carried unconscious from the track at 10 o'clock last night, Francisco Verri sustained cuts on the check and mouth, Peter Drobach broke a finger, Norman Anderson was badly bruised, and Gus Wohlrab's face and knee were badly lacerated. Several bicycles were wrecked in the smash-up.

The spill occurred on the Madison Avenue curve when Wohlrab and Clark collided just after crossing the finish line in a mile prize sprint.

Wohlrab was thrown, and as he and his machine slid down the track Anderson crashed into him and was spilled. Verri was the next rider to go down, his machine passing over Wohlrab's body as that rider was near the bottom of the track. Drobach and Kaiser were the next to crash into the wreck, and Kaiser was thrown through the air, landing on his head on the flat bottom of the wooden saucer. The crowd rushed to the place where the smash-up occurred, and the riders were cut loose from their machine.

The big bell on the scorer's stand clanged out the message that the riders slow down, as no stolen laps would be allowed. Kaiser was carried to his camp, and it was some time before he regained consciousness. Wohlrab, who was run over by two riders as he slid down the track, was able to walk to his camp, but blood was flowing freely from his face and knee. Although none of the riders was seriously injured, they did not resume riding for a long time. Clark, who collided with Wohlrab, was not thrown, but his machine was so damaged that he had to get a new one.

The riders have settled down to a steady grind, and although they are traveling at a pace that keeps them ahead of the record, there is no sprinting done except when prizes are offered. The fast pace, however, is driving the weak riders from the race. At 7 o'clock last night Dupuy quit the race because of tonsilitis, and at 10 o'clock Kopsky withdrew. A new team was formed by Piercey and Hansen, and at 10:45 o'clock the Bedell brothers withdrew.

In an exhibition quarter mile last night Frank Kramer made the distance in 25 seconds and Clarence Carmen's time in the motor-paced mile exhibition was 1:40 4-5.

Stating that unless the "prize" system was abolished, there would be a strike, Jimmy Moran, acting as spokesman for the Moran-McNamara, Clark-Root, Fogler-Hill, Lawson-Drobach and Cameron-Kaiser teams, had a conference with the management early yesterday morning and said that the riders wanted the prize sprints stopped or they would quit the race. Moran was then referred to Manager Floyd McFarland, and in the afternoon the manager informed the riders that they could continue under the prize system or quit the race. He told them they knew about the sprints when they entered the race and there would be no change made at this time. He warned them if they quit he would have them ruled off all tracks for violating their contracts. Moran claimed that the riders could not get any sleep because of the many sprints and that the teams which were behind in the score could hit up a terrific pace during the sprints and win the money and then rest by dropping back a few laps, but the teams in the lead had to keep up the pace or be lapped.

Yesterday morning there were a large number of prizes hung up and the riders did not get much sleep. Moran returned to the dissatisfied riders with the ultimatum issued by Manager McFarland, but none of them quit the race.

Joe Fogler received a bad spill on the Twenty-sixth Street side of the track about 5 oc'clock and was helped to his camp in a dazed condition. Fogler was forced down the track by the riders and ran against a spectator who was standing near the track. Fogler and his wheel went down with a crash and the rider lay partially unconscious at the bottom of the track. He was out of the race for an hour and when he returned bandages and plasters covered a blackened eye and a badly injured chin.

The cyclists kept up a fast pace all afternoon and the Kopsky-Hansen and Dupuy-Piercey teams dropped two laps further to the rear in a jam about 5 o'clock. Last night the riders had won $1,370 for sprints. The Kangaroo team of Goullet and Grenda got the lion's share of the money, the former having won $287.50 and Grenda getting $120. McNamara won $227.50 and Piercey received $120. Lawson had gathered in $80 and two suits of clothes and Hill and Wohlrab each had $50. The balance of the money was divided up in smaller amounts among the other riders. Jimmy Moran won his first prize sprint at 6 o'clock last night.

Although the riders broke a few more records yesterday afternoon, their positions remained the same with the exception of the Kopsky-Hansen and Dupuy-Piercey teams, who dropped a little further back. In the last two days these two teams have been lapped in every sprint and have no chance to win the race, each being more than a mile behind the leaders.

Evening Recreation Centre Games.

Some keen competition was witnessed last night in the monthly games of the Evening Recreation Centre of the High School of Commerce in the school gymnasium in West Sixty-fifth Street. J. Esquerre was the star performer among the juniors, capturing the premier honors in all except one of the events in this class. He finished first in the 20, 220 and 440 yards races, and in the first two events had a close struggle with Harry Werner, who finished second in both. The performance of P. Wilkins stood out prominently as the feature of the senior events. He finished first in the 220-yard and half-mile events, and won the standing broad jump. The summaries:

JUNIOR EVENTS.

20-Yard Dash.—Won by J. Esquerre; H. Werner, second; W. Cohen, third. Time—0:08.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by J. Esquerre; H. Werner, second; S. Stein, third. Time—0:29 3-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by J. Esquerre; H. Weigner, second; W. Cohen, third. Time—1:06 2-5.

Standing Broad Jump.—Won by J. Huerner, with a jump of 8 feet 5 inches; S. Stein, second, with a jump of 7 feet 9½ inches; W. Cohen, third, with a jump of 7 feet 9 inches.

SENIOR EVENTS.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by P. Wilkins; E. Beck, second; J. Ruth, third. Time—0:28 2-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by E. Beck; J. McKenna, second; J. Ruth, third. Time—1:04 1-5.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by P. Wilkins; E Hammil, second; J. McKenna, third. Time—2:22 4-5.

Standing Broad Jump.—Won by P. Wilkins, with a jump of 8 feet 8¼ inches; J. Ruth second, with a jump of 8 feet 2¼ inches; J. McKenna, third, with a jump of 8 feet 2 inches.

NOW MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
SIX DAY RACE
TODAY Seat Sale. Finish Sat. Eve.
ONE-HOUR SPRINT
FINISH: All teams Tied at 9 o'clock.

HOMER BAKER PROTESTS.

Was Advertised to Appear in Games He Had Not Entered.

Homer Baker of the New York Athletic Club, international half-mile champion, has entered a protest with the promoters of the dual athletic games of the Metropolitan and Prudential Life Insurance Companies in Newark on Wednesday night on account of the false use of his name in connection with a special 500-yard race in which Ted Meredith of Philadelphia made a new indoor record. Baker was advertised as an opponent of Meredith, when, as a matter of fact, he never entered the games. His name also appeared on the programme, and numerous spectators were disappointed when he failed to appear.

Baker claims he has been placed in a false light, and intends taking the matter up with the Amateur Athletic Union. The Mercury Foot star said yesterday he informed the Games Committee last week that he would not enter, yet they continued to advertise him as a starter. "It is no wonder games in New Jersey fail to pay when the public is hoodwinked thusly," stated Baker. "This is not the first time this thing has happened to me, but heretofore I have disregarded it. I proposed now to see that it doesn't happen again, even if I have to put the facts before the Registration Committee."

It is only a short time ago that the A. A. U. put the ban on such tactics as Baker complains of. At that time the late James E. Sullivan took steps to eradicate the fault.

INVITES COLLEGE RUNNERS.

A. A. U. Wants Cornell, Yale, Penn, and Harvard Teams in Title Races.

An invitation has been extended to the Cornell, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, and Pennsylvania cross-country teams to compete in the Amateur Athletic Union's junior and senior national title races, which will be contested respectively on Dec. 5 and 12 at Van Cortlandt Park. Blanks for the contests were issued yesterday by Frederick W. Rubien, recently appointed Chairman of the National Championship Committee.

It is hoped by athletic enthusiasts that some of the colleges will accept the invitation, for it would arouse much interest in the coming title events. For several years past the same athletes have been competing in the cross-country blue ribbon races, and some new blood is needed to maintain interest in the events.

The intercollegiate cross-country championship will be decided at New Haven tomorrow morning, and it would not be difficult for the athletes to keep in training two or three weeks longer. Entries for the junior race close on Nov. 28 and for the senior event on Dec. 5, with F. W. Rubien, at A. A. U. headquarters, 21 Warren Street.

A. A. U. Registration Board.

President Alfred J. Lill, Jr., of the Amateur Athletic Union yesterday announced the names of the National Registration Committee for the ensuing year. It is customary to name the Secretary-Treasurer as Chairman of this committee. Besides Mr. Rubien as Chairman, the following men throughout the country, who are Chairmen of local Registration Committees, are members: Jacob W. Stumpf, Metropolitan Association; J. Frank Facey, New England Association; Herman Meyer, Middle Atlantic Association; William Burdick, M. D., South Atlantic Association; Harry F. Keator, Central Association; L. di Benedetto, Southern Association; Florance J. Curran, West ern Association; T. Morris Dunne, Pacific Northwest Association; George James, Pacific Association; A. F. Dugosh, Texas Association; R. W. Horning, Southern Pacific Association; W. Pyke Johnson, Rocky Mountain Association; Dr. Charles G. Plummer, Inter-Mountain Association, and J. F. Soper, Hawaiian Association.

New Records May Not Be Accepted.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 19.—It is unlikely that either the new indoor mark of 1:00 flat made by James E. (Ted) Meredith, the Pennsylvania middle distance runner, in the 500-yard special invitation race at the Metropolitan-Prudential Insurance Company's athletic games at the First Regiment Armory here last night, or the new distance of 33 feet established by Platt Adams, the New York A. C. man, in the standing hop, step, and jump event, will be recognized by the A. A. U. Meredith's time was one second faster than the best previous record made by Mel Sheppard two years ago. The fact that the track was not properly marked out is likely to deprive Meredith of credit for the new record, while Adams jumped from a standing board or platform, which, it is believed, will invalidate his performance as far as the record is concerned.

Ross's Record Made In Closed Meet.

Athletic followers are puzzled as to how Jim Ross, the New York A. C. and Thirteenth Regiment hurdler, received credit from the A. A. U. for making a new American low hurdle record of 0:12 for 100 yards, when his figures were established in a closed set of games held by the Thirteenth artillerymen on Nov. 26 last year. The Record Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union passed Ross's mark at the annual meeting on Monday, whereas the rules distinctly state that no record shall be allowed when not made in open competition. Every requirement, excepting the latter, was lived up to when Ross beat S. C. Northridge's seven-year-old mark of 0:12½. The New York A. C. athlete started from scratch in the race beating for first place P. Meyer, the Long Island A. C. hurdler, also a back mark starter.

Detroit to Have Auto Race.

Barney Oldfield, winner of the recent Los Angeles to Phoenix "Cactus Derby" and the title of "Master Driver of the World," when he heard of the success of the plans for the Detroit Speedway, immediately notified the management of his anxiety to appear at the first meet and drive the car known as the 999. This was the first racing car of Henry Ford, and it was in this car that Oldfield entered the racing arena and created a furore when he did the mile at the Old Grosse Pointe track in Detroit in better than the minute. It is probable that the first meet under the rules of this new association will be held early in January.

Bird Show at Palace Dec. 2-6.

Songbirds and many other kinds will be seen at the Empire Cage Bird Exhibition at the Grand Central Palace, which opens on Dec. 2 and continues until Dec. 6. There will be large and small birds, birds of color and rarity. They will range from the toucans, jays, and thrushes to the smallest, a zebra waxbeak. The usual orchestra will be conspicuous by its absence at this exhibition. The melody will be supplied by hundreds of canaries. The basses and tenors will be looked after by the Yorkshires owned by J. Hibbard and John Dearson, while the sweet dulcet notes of the prima donna will be sung by the melodious German Rollers, under the charge of Jacob Mebus of the Canary Society. The judges are Mr. Gray and Lee S. Crandal of the Bronk Park Zoo.

BRESNAHAN TO GET $18,000 IF HE PLAYS

And Only $12,000 as Manager of Cubs—Report Says Archer May Jump.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 19.—Roger Bresnahan was today officially appointed manager of the Chicago National League Baseball Club, following a meeting between President Thomas of the club, Charles P. Taft, owner of the majority of the stock of the club, and Bresnahan. He succeeds Henry O'Day. Bresnahan signed a contract for three years. Bresnahan was formerly catcher for the New York Nationals, former manager of the St. Louis Nationals, and last season was catcher for the team he signed to manage today.

While the selection of Bresnahan to the managership of the Cubs was not unexpected, the length of the contract came as a distinct surprise to baseball men here. When asked if the signing of Bresnahan to a three-year contract meant that all negotiations for the sale of the club were at an end, Mr. Taft said:

"Negotiations ended several days ago and we are simply going ahead with the operation of the ball club. The signing of a manager for three years has no significance, to my way of thinking. It is not an unusual thing in baseball."

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The terms under which Roger Bresnahan signed to manage the Cubs, according to newspapers quoting a "trustworthy source," include a salary of $6,000 as player and $12,000 as manager, or $18,000 a year. A clause providing that the new manager cannot be dethroned without his consent until the expiration of his term also was included.

Speculating on the future of Hank O'Day, deposed as West Side leader to make room for Bresnahan, Chicago fans believe he will again join President Tener's staff of umpires. Upon his retirement as Cincinnati manager he resumed his place as umpire during 1912.

Newspapers also published today a report that Jimmy Archer, the Cub catcher, is considering an offer from the Buffalo Federals. He refused to discuss the rumor. Because Bresnahan's contract, it is said, requires him to be playing manager and catch a great number of games, Archer is believed to be eager to leave.

WANTS MATTY'S OLD GLOVE

But "Big Six" Wouldn't Part with It for Lot of Money.

Christy Mathewson, the veteran of the Giant pitching staff, is getting so much mail these days that he is afraid he will have to get a secretary. As "Matty" grows older his popularity increases. He goes to the offices of the New York Club every day and spends much time reading his voluminous mail.

Much of the pitcher's mail comes from admiring boys. One youth named Nathaniel Rosenberg wrote in yesterday requesting Matty to send him his old glove. Matty has an old glove, but he wouldn't part with it for a lot of money. Another youngster, Joe Burwell, wanted "Matty" to tell him just how to throw the "fadeaway." There was also a letter from a man who said that he had heard that "Matty" was going to try to throw the moist ball next year and he gave the pitcher a lot of advice against using it. He told Big Six that he would ruin his arm if he tried to throw it.

Mathewson also got a letter from Ty Cobb, who is down in Georgia. Ty has been hunting and bagged a lot of wild turkeys and a deer. He wants "Matty" to come down South and take a hunting trip, and Big Six may accept the invitation. Mathewson also receives several letters from manufacturing concerns who want the pitcher to put his "O. K." on new collar buttons, gloves, shoes, pipes, cigarettes, and smoking tobacco.

Slim Chance for Feds in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 19.—The local business men who have been backing the proposition to place a Federal League club in Cleveland next year received little encouragement at the conference attended by President Gilmore and other Federal League officials here yesterday, as was indicated today when it was announced that the option on the proposed site for a ball park which expires Saturday would not be renewed at the present time. The uncertainty that Cleveland would be granted a franchise and the demand of Federal League backers that $60,000 be posted to secure a team, according to E. A. Myers, one of the local promoters, is the reason for deciding not to renew the option. Posting of $700 is necessary to renew the option for a short period, Mr. Myers said.

Lichtenheim Buys Montreal Club.

MONTREAL, Nov 19.—When the franchise of the Montreal baseball club of the International League was offered for sale yesterday to dissolve a partnership between S. E. Lichtenhein, Gordon C. Cushing, and E. R. Carrington there were only two bids. Frank McKenna, on behalf of a syndicate, offered $21,000 as his bid, while S. E. Lichtenhein, who held the controlling interest in the club, offered $30,000. As this was the highest bid within the stated time the club was knocked down to Lichtenhein, who now owns it outright. For some time there have been two factions in the club, each placing a price on its share of the stock, and to dissolve the partnership the sale was agreed on.

Chifeds' Stock Now $400,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The capital stock of the Chicago Club of the Federal Baseball League was increased from $250,000 to $400,000 at the annual meeting here today. Most of this sum already has been spent by Charles Weeghman, President, it was announced, and the increase was to provide his surety. The Directors voted to adjourn until next week, when officers probably will be elected.

All Nationals, 8; All Americans, 3.

PETALUMA, Cal., Nov. 19.—The All-Nationals defeated the All-Americans, 8 to 3, here today. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
All-Nationals	8	11	2
All-Americans	3	8	3

Batteries—Vaughan and Clarke; James and McAvoy.

Gould Wins Roller Skating Race.

Albert Gould won the one-mile novice roller skating race last night at the Hunts Point Palace. Myles Michael was second and Philip Klein third. Thirty-six novice skaters started, and for four laps kept well bunched. Gould then began to draw ahead, attended by Michael and Klein. On the bell lap Gould made his spurt and crossed the line twenty yards ahead of Michael. The latter, after a close contest with Klein, secured second medal by a couple of yards. The time was 4 minutes 7 seconds.

GIANTS GET NEW CATCHER.

McGraw Engages Bob Marshall, Star in Three I League.

That Manager McGraw is planning to make some important changes in the Giants' catching staff next season is shown by the fact that he has already signed three new catchers. He signed a third one yesterday in Bob Marshall, who played for the Davenport (Iowa) Club, champions of the Three-Eye League last season. Marshall was bought by Denver at a big price, and the Giants got him from that team. Marshall is not only a good catcher, but he set the Three-Eye League on fire last season by batting .416. With Marshall, Smith of Savannah and Jack Adams of New Orleans, it looks as if Meyers, McLean, and Johnson would have to hustle to keep their jobs next Summer.

Manager McGraw smiled yesterday when he was asked if he expected to buy Benny Kauff, the hard hitter of the Indianapolis "Feds." Manager McGraw said that he was anxious to get players who looked promising, but he stated that he did not think that he would find it necessary to go outside of organized ball to get them.

It is feared that Kauff's playing ability may be affected by a bad automobile accident in which he figured a few days ago. It is stated that when his machine struck a telegraph pole near Indianapolis, he was badly injured, and that it will be a long time before he is in shape to play ball again.

Fordham Starts Basket Ball.

Fordham University basket ball candidates held their first practice yesterday on the De La Salle court, in Fifty-ninth Street, where the Maroons' home games will be played this season. About fifteen players reported to Alcott Neary, the forward of the University of Rochester last season, who is coach of the Fordham five this year. Four of last year's quintet were in uniform, including Dale, Walsh, Firestone, and Radinsky. As a result of the rain several of the football players were able to get down for a try-out, including Dave Dunn, May, Conklin, and Kane. As Dunn was elected to lead the Eli five just before he left Yale, it is probable that he may lead the Fordham team this season, as no Captain was elected last year. The Kelleher brothers and Ranadi of Cathedral College showed up prominently in practice yesterday, and from all appearances a few of last year's regulars may have to be content to act as substitutes this season. The first game is against Seton Hall at South Orange on Dec. 2.



Even if it rains cats and dogs—

*"Scotch Mist" overcoats are rainproof.

To all intents and purposes they're just attractive Scotch cheviots, cut in various styles that are popular this Fall—but a trick in the weaving permits of their being proofed.

Not at all like the ordinary raincoat, 'cause they're fair weather coats as well.

"Scotch Mists," $28 to $35.

*Registered trade mark.

For the game tomorrow—

Motor coats—roomy and comfortable.

Irish wool steamer rugs—light and easy to carry, but mighty comfortable on the open stands.

Scotch knit jackets and waistcoats.

Sweaters and mackinaws.

Lined gloves and gauntlets.

Foot warmers.

Thermos bottles.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren St. | at 13th St. | at 34th St.



Lots of light and fresh air.

The new Rogers Peet building is opposite the Public Library.

At Fifth Avenue at 41st Street, with a 42nd Street entrance.

Desirable location for wholesale salesrooms or extensive office space.

We'll divide if necessary.

Ready January first.

Plans and prices from the agents.

HORACE S. ELY & CO.
489 Fifth Avenue.

OLD CROW

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

RYE

America's Finest Rye

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH

STRAIGHT PURE RYE





WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD

H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

National Limousine Only $1250

National Limousine, overhauled and guaranteed. Extra large body interior. In a class with cars of three times the price asked.

National Used Car Dept.
1759 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Phone Col. 8166.

SIEGEL LOANS BASED ON FALSE RECORDS

Prall Swears Credit Statements Were Falsified and Figures Were Used Arbitrarily.

OPENED SPURIOUS BOOKS

Were to Show Fourteenth St. Store Capital Unimpaired—Vogel Spoke of Being "Duped."

Special to The New York Times.

GENESEO, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Oscar A. Prall, formerly Secretary of the Simpson-Crawford Company and Treasurer of the Fourteenth Street Store, whom Assistant District Attorney Train in his opening speech described as the "creature and accomplice" of Henry Siegel and his partner, the late Frank E. Vogel, testified late this afternoon in the trial of Henry Siegel for grand larceny that the credit statements submitted to the National Bank of Commerce to obtain a $100,000 loan were false and that the items were made up arbitrarily to conceal losses.

The defense endeavored all day and part of yesterday to show that the alleged false credit statements were made up without intent to deceive and that the figures furnished to the bank by Siegel and Vogel were for the most part fair and honest.

The falsification of the records of the Siegel-Vogel mercantile enterprises, according to Mr. Prall, went back much further than Feb. 1, 1913, when the credit statements were prepared. The witness said that he entered the employ of the defendant in 1903, and subsequently had been sent to the main Siegel-Vogel office on the fourth floor of the Simpson-Crawford building. His office was very near that of Mr. Siegel.

Mr. Prall was asked if he had discussed the condition of the defendant's various enterprises with Mr. Siegel at the time he took charge of the main office. He said creditors were beginning to come there for payment of their bills.

After the taking of the January (1904) inventory the witness said he had talked with Mr. Siegel about the condition of the stores. The stocks turned out bad, and a sum of $125,000 was added to the inventory by Mr. Siegel. This was carried in the merchandise account. Mr. Prall said that Mr. Siegel informed him that auditors of prospective investors were going to examine the books of the stores, whereupon it was decided that it would be best to have the inventory agree with the ledgers. These were taken to a private office, where the witness testified he worked more than two days and one night increasing items in the inventory to make it correspond with the ledgers. Asked if this was done with the knowledge of Mr. Siegel, he answered in the affirmative. It also was shown by Mr. Prall's testimony that $175,000 had been added in a similar way to the building account.

The next inventory, the witness said, was taken in August, 1904. About that time Mr. Vogel came to New York. Mr. Prall was asked if Mr. Vogel had put money into the business subsequent to the taking of the first inventory and before the taking of the next. He did not know. He thought he had seen Mr. Vogel with a copy of the second inventory.

Later Mr. Vogel went to Mr. Prall's office, and he and Mr. Vogel went from there to the office used jointly by Mr. Siegel and Mr. Vogel. Mr. Vogel was "very angry," the witness said. Mr. Stanchfield objected to the latter part of his answer, and it was stricken out.

It was learned from Mr. Prall that he afterward told Mr. Vogel about the $125,000 increase in the first inventory and the $175,000 in the building account. When he was asked what Mr. Siegel's partner had said, he replied that Mr. Vogel asserted that he had been "duped into putting good money into the business." Following the conversation with Mr. Vogel, Mr. Prall said that he saw Mr. Siegel, who cautioned him not to tell Mr. Vogel what had been done to the inventory and the building account. He said he then informed Mr. Siegel that Mr. Vogel already had been told of this.

When the Fourteenth Street Store was organized with a capital of $1,000,000 Mr. Prall testified that $700,000 was spent for fixtures and only the balance was available for merchandise. The volume of business of that store was $4,000,000 a year. He then told of the statements of the condition of the business that were prepared by him for the defendant.

Says Siegel Was Concerned.

The witness testified that he had discussed the losses of the Fourteenth Street Store with Mr. Siegel and he was "very concerned."

"Did you talk with Siegel before the statements were made up?"

"The talk was before the statements were made up."

"I mean with reference to the making of the statements?"

"No."

"Who made them up?"

"I did."

"What did you do with them?"

"Laid them on the desk in the main office."

"And this was after you had discussed the losses of the Fourteenth Street store and Boston stores with Siegel?"

"Yes."

"When did you get the statements?"

"The same day."

"Did they have any signature?"

"Yes."

"Whose?"

"Siegel's."

Statements Were "False."

Credit statements of 1910 were exhibited.

"Were these statements of the Fourteenth Street store which you prepared and which you say the defendant signed false or true?"

"False."

"Were they made up with reference to the books of the Fourteenth Street store?"

"At that time they were."

"And did you from that time on take part in the preparation of the credit statements submitted to the bank to obtain loans?"

"I did."

Mr. Prall said he prepared the statements for the Fourteenth Street store in addition to the statements for the Simpson-Crawford and Boston stores.

"And did you, Mr. Prall, discuss the total losses annually in these stores with the defendant?"

Mr. Stanchfield objected and was sustained.

At the beginning of 1913, the witness testified, the losses of the Fourteenth Street store were nearly $1,500,000 and the Boston store more than $2,000,000. At that time Mr. Siegel told him about the contemplated purchase of the Rothenberg store. It was a condition of the contract that $1,500,000 tangible assets must be shown above all liabilities. Mr. Prall said he told Mr. Siegel that more money was needed to meet that condition.

Prepared Bogus Books.

After the purchase of the Rothenberg store, the witness said, Mr. Vogel directed him to prepare two sets of books to show capital unimpaired of $1,000,000. He opened these books, which were introduced in evidence, two of them private ledgers and one a journal. When he was asked how he was able to show unimpaired capital, Mr. Prall said he took out of the books used accounts showing losses and debts of one store to another. He testified that he kept in a private ledger accounts showing the actual condition of the Fourteenth Street Store.

The credit statement of the Fourteenth Street Store of Feb. 1, 1913, was then introduced.

"Where and by whom was that statement prepared?"

"This was prepared at the main office in the Simpson-Crawford store by Mr. Vogel and myself."

"Was it before or after a conversation that took place in the office of the defendant and Vogel?"

"After."

"What took place?"

"Mr. Siegel and Mr. Vogel were in the office. I was passing through. Mr. Siegel was standing at a table looking over advertising proofs. Mr. Vogel was sitting at a desk with the statements before him. Mr. Vogel called to me to wait a minute. He said, 'Henry, we have got the statements here showing the same old losses. What profits shall we show?' Mr. Siegel said, 'We will show none. If we show profits they will know that we are liars.'"

"What statements had you before you?"

"Statements of the actual condition and credit statements of the Fourteenth Street Store."

"And with these did you prepare a credit statement for 1913?"

"We did."

"Tell the jury whether in selecting these figures you paid any attention to the business condition."

Mr. Stanchfield's objection was sustained.

Figures Used Arbitrarily.

"How did you get up these figures?"

"Most of the figures in the statement were figures arbitrarily used."

"Based on what?"

"Figures of the preceding year."

"And on what were the figures of the preceding year based?"

"They were got up in the same way."

"How?"

"Arbitrarily."

The following testimony of Prall showed the actual losses of the various concerns at the time of the credit statements.

The greater part of the day was taken up with the examination of John Flint, accountant for the prosecution, by Ross M. Lovell, assisting the defense. Mr. Lovell took in hand the credit statements of the Simpson-Crawford store and the Boston store, directed the accountant to add to them items which the accountant had not included as assets and make certain reductions in the liabilities, so that finally the statements appeared to be correct. For instance, the counsel for the defense showed that the mail order department lists of the Simpson-Crawford Company gathered at an expense of $233,000 had not been included in the assets.

"If you had added this item of $233,000 to the assets, the total would have been—"

"But I could not do that," objected the accountant.

"No," said Mr. Lovell. "You merely looked around, and when you did not find any actual inventory of goods belonging to the mail order account, you paid no attention to the valuable asset, but threw this thing entirely aside?"

"No, I didn't do that impetuously. I decided to do that after I had a talk with Mr. Siegel himself, who told me there was no inventory of goods for that account."

The examination of Prall will be continued tomorrow morning.

LEASED WIRES FREE OF TAX.

Government Issues Rules for Paying War Revenue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Robert Williams, Jr., Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue, issued today regulations governing the payment of war taxes on telephone and telegraph messages, which become effective on Dec. 1. He rules that messages transmitted over private leased circuits, and relating exclusively to the business for which the wires are leased, will be exempt from the tax. This means that wires leased by brokers and newspapers will not be taxed.

Where leased wires are used for transmitting messages not relating to the business for which they are engaged, the return must be made for all messages which would cost 15 cents or more on a public wire. Messages from employes of the telephone and telegraph companies concerning company affairs are likewise exempt, but franked messages, if of a private character, are taxable. No stamps are required on messages from officers and employes of the Federal and State Governments.

The wire companies are to make one return for all of their lines, and not a separate report from each station. Where messages travel over both telephone and telegraph wires they are to be taxed only at the point of origin. Messages originating at automatic telephone stations, and costing 15 cents or more, are subject to the tax, and the regulations say that "the method of collecting the tax from the senders of such messages is a matter wholly within the province of the companies handling them."

TAFT FOR A BIGGER ARMY.

Ex-President Praises Wilson for His Neutrality Attitude.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Ex-President Taft urged the need of a greater standing army in an address to the Congregational Club, with which he closed a busy day here today.

"We should keep a navy that would make it dangerous for any foreign power to land on our shores; should have a reasonable army, not only for protection against the invasion of armed foes but for moral local protection of our 100,000,000 souls," he said.

"We should have adequate coast defense forts and have the canal well protected. No navy could land here, I believe, for the land forces and forts could stand them off.

"Why not have an international court to settle all disputes, and an international police patrol? I believe when the European nations are through fighting they will have an object lesson showing them that peace has some elements worthy of admiration.

"We are fortunate," added Mr. Taft, "in having been kept out of the present European war, and we ought to support the Administration in keeping us out."

New Banknote Forgery.

A notice was issued yesterday afternoon warning the public against a new forgery of national bank notes. The bogus notes are of the ten-dollar denomination. In making this latest counterfeit the forgers have taken a genuine five-dollar note and erased the figure five, substituting ten. Banks reported that many of the forged notes were found in deposits received yesterday.

CORONERS' SCANDALS TO BE BROUGHT OUT

Wallstein's Investigators Follow Up Stories of Crime Concealed.

DR. LEHANE NO DETECTIVE

Coroners' Physician Says the Office Doesn't Look for Crime Unless Notified by Somebody.

Agents of Commissioner of Accounts Wallstein are making secret investigations of cases where the commission has been told Coroners failed to hold autopsies or recommend action by the District Attorney's office, although grounds existed for suspicion that crime had been committed. These cases, it is believed by the investigators, will back up the testimony of Dr. James Ewing, Pathologist of Cornell Medical School, and others, who have said under oath that infanticide and scientific murder could be carried on in this city with impunity, as far as any fear of detection by the Coroners' office was concerned.

Many letters containing information concerning cases of alleged homicide, infanticide, and crimes of lesser degree have come to the Commissioner. He has been told of instances where deaths by poison were reported by the Coroners as due to natural causes. In at least fifty cases Mr. Wallstein has received information which he considers definite enough to warrant secret investigation by his representatives. The charge that a Coronor's jury, in one important case, was "packed" is among the cases being investigated.

Dr. Lehane No Detective.

When the public inquiry at the Commissioner's office was resumed yesterday Dr. Timothy D Lehane, physician for Coroner Hellenstein, was in the witness chair. Mr. Wallstein cited three specific cases, two concerning the deaths of infants, in which Dr. Lehane had given as the cause of death "broncho-pneumonia." He read to the physician the report on the record filed with the Health Department, and asked him whether it was possible to determine from the information on the record if the deaths had been due to natural causes. The records indicated that the Coroner simply viewed the bodies at the Morgue and had made no autopsy or detailed investigation.

Dr. Lehane was indefinite in his answers and finally cried out: "Show me the body and I'll tell you."

Mr. Wallstein asked Dr. Lehane whether gastro-enteritis might be caused by poison. The physician replied "No." Dr. James Ewing had testified that gastro-enteritis could be caused by poison, and frequently was so caused.

Dr. Lehane said he did not think that the Coroner should adopt the rôle of detector of crime. He would advise the Coroner that an autopsy was necessary, he said, only in cases where crimes were evident or when he was told by relatives of the deceased or by the police or learned from some other source that there was good reason to believe that a crime had been committed.

"Don't you think that the lack of autopsies supplies a situation where a crime could be committed and go undetected?" he was asked.

"No," replied Dr. Lehane. He added that if a crime had been committed he was satisfied that there would be circumstances which would arouse the suspicion of the Coroner or his physician and thus bring about prosecution.

"Then the Coroners' office does not take action unless the police or relatives or some one else notifies it that there was a crime?" he was asked.

"Correct," the witness replied.

Dr. Lehane told of being sued for $250 in the case of Hassard against Lehane for performing an autopsy. It was alleged that he did not have the authority. In 1911 the case came before Justice Goff and the Justice ruled in favor of the plaintiff. The physician intimated that that had much to do with his failure to hold autopsies.

Then Mr. Wallstein brought out that the Appellate Division in May, 1912, had upset the Goff ruling, and held that the Coroner's physician had the authority to hold an autopsy if he received the power to do so from the Coroner. He seemed to think that inasmuch as Dr. Lehane was the defendant and had not paid the $250, he should have heard of the decision of the Appellate Division and its interpretation of the law.

Accusations Against Physicians.

Another point which Mr. Wallstein brought out was that Dr. Lehane on some occasions had asked physicians at hospitals where he had been called on cases to sign the death certificates and thus make it unnecessary for him to make further investigation.

Dr. Lehane said that physicians in hospitals who wanted bodies for autopsy purposes had told relatives of the deceased that if they objected they would notify the Coroners' office and the bodies would be cut up into mincemeat. Mr. Wallstein demanded the names of the hospitals, and after much pressure Dr. Lehane said they were Bellevue and the Harlem Hospital. He could not remember the names of the physicians, he said.

When he was interviewed after the hearing Dr. Lehane attacked Dr. Ewing and other specialists.

"They don't know what they are talking about," he said, "when they say infanticide and murder can be carried on with impunity. There is a purpose behind their course. They are pathologists and want more autopsies. They are narrow."

Dr. Lehane will be recalled today. Mr. Wallstein intends to call all of the Coroners and Coroners' physicians in Manhattan as well as several specialists, among them Dr. George B. Magrath, a Medical Examiner of Boston, whose position corresponds to Coroner in this State.

TO SENTENCE MRS. POLLARD

She Pleads Non Vult When Arraigned in Elizabeth.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 19.—Mrs. Nelson L. Pollard, who was arrested a few weeks ago on the charge of being the author of a second series of "poison pen" letters written to prominent residents of Elizabeth since her acquittal on a similar charge last March, was arraigned this afternoon before Judge James C. Connelley on two indictments and pleaded non vult. She was released on bail furnished by her husband pending sentence on Nov. 27.

When arrested several weeks ago on evidence secured by the county authorities with the co-operation of Post Office officials, she admitted, after a five-hour examination, that she had written scurrilous letters to Dr. Charles L. Jones. Today her counsel, Samuel Schleimer, said for the past year Mrs. Pollard had been in poor health and was not responsible for her actions.

$2,189,169 FOR CONEY PARK.

Award of $1,035,000 Fixed for Dreamland by Commissioners.

Awards totaling $2,189,169 have been fixed by the Condemnation Commission appointed by the Supreme Court in Brooklyn in the matter of the acquisition by the city of the Dreamland Park property and adjoining lands at Coney Island. The property affected contains about fourteen acres.

The commission awards $1,035,000 to the Dreamland corporation for its holdings. This sum includes $20,900 for the old pier and another building which remained standing after the big fire which swept the amusement resort in May, 1911. For the Balmer property, adjoining Dreamland, $387,247 has been awarded for the land and $23,897 for the buildings. The value of the Prospect Park & Coney Island Railroad parcel has been fixed at $743,024.

The Condemnation Commission is composed of Charles J. McDermott, William J. Duane, and George A. Steves. The city took title to the property for park purposes in March, 1912.

THESE NEW YORK LEADING THEATRES HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THE TYSON CO.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8 Sharp. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiving
WILLIAM GILLETTE BLANCHE BATES MARIE DORO
In Sardou's Masterpiece, "DIPLOMACY."

LYCEUM West 45th Street. Evening at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:20.
ELSIE FERGUSON IN OUTCAST MATINEE TOMORROW

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38th St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiving Day 2:10.
JULIA SANDERSON DONALD BRIAN JOSEPH CAWTHORN
THE GIRL FROM UTAH

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'way, 43 St. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20.
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"
A LAUGHING RIOT. Extra Mat. Thanksg'g.

FULTON 46th St., West of Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksgiving Day 2:20.
Twin Beds

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksg'g.
INNOCENT with PAULINE FREDERICK

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksg'g 2:20.
THE SENSATION OF NEW YORK, "KICK IN"

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. at 2:20.
LEO DITRICHSTEIN PHANTOM RIVAL

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksg'g.
NAZIMOVA in the New Modern Drama, "THAT SORT."

Grand Op. Ho. 23d St., 8th Av. Evs. 25c to $1. Mt. Wed. 25, 50. Sat. Mat. 25, 50, 75
FRANCES STARR in THE SECRET.
Next Wk—Chauncey Olcott, "Heart of Paddy Whack"

New Amsterdam West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Mat. Tomorrow 2:15.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY.
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy.
PAPA'S DARLING
After the performance visit ZIEGFELD DANSE DE FOLLIES atop this theatre.

GAIETY THEATRE, B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksg'g.
RUTH CHATTERTON
IN A NEW COMEDY BY JEAN WEBSTER.
DADDY LONG-LEGS

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings 8:10. Matinee Tomorrow 2:10.
MOVES TO WALLACK'S THEA. NEXT MON.
MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL in G. BERNARD SHAW'S "PYGMALION"
MONDAY NIGHT, NOV. 23. SEATS ON SALE
PHYLLIS NEILSON - TERRY
Assisted by an EXTRAORDINARY COMPANY, in Classical Repertoire. First Play SHAKESPEARE'S TWELFTH NIGHT.

HUDSON W. 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksgiving.
MR. CHARLES GILMORE presents
The Big Idea
An Unusual Play. (Direction Cohan & Harris.) "Most Novel Play Yet Shown."—N. Y. Times.

WALLACK'S Begin'g MON., Nov. 23 Seats on Sale.
Mrs. Patrick Campbell in Pygmalion
Matinees Wed. (Pop.) Sat. and Thanksgiving.

WEBER'S B'way, 29 St. Afts. & Nights CABIRIA Orchestra Seats, 25c

PARK Thea., Columbus Circle. Beginning Wed., Nov. 25
THE GARDEN OF PARADISE
SPECIAL MATINEE THANKSGIVING. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksgiving
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1.
Playground of a Nation and Home of Novelties, presenting "Wars of the World."
Evgs. at 8. 1000 Choice Orchestra Seats at $1.50. Gallery Seats at 25c and 50c.

COMEDY 41st. E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Tues., Thanksg'g.
MARIE TEMPEST in HENRY ARTHUR JONES' Comedy, "MARY GOES FIRST." Extra Mat. Thanksgiving.

39th St. Theatre, near Broadway. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksg'g.
OVER 100 TIMES IN NEW YORK
LEW FIELDS in "THE HIGH COST OF LOVING."

William A. Brady's PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiv'g.
My Lady's Dress
by EDWARD KNOBLAUCH.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea. Ev. 8:30. WHITESIDE in "Mr. Wu" Mats. Tom'w, Wednesday & Thanksgiving

BOOTH THEATRE, 45th, W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mts Tom'w, Wed., Th'k'g
EXPERIENCE
MOST WONDERFUL PLAY IN NEW YORK
Prices 50c to $2. Good Seats in 1 Bal. 50, 75c & $1.

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th St. & 8th Ave. Evs. 8. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2.
WORLD'S BIGGEST PLAY,
LIFE
MATINEES TOMORROW & THANKSGIVING.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46 Ev. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiving.
Under Cover

CANDLER West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksgiving.
"ON TRIAL"
BIGGEST HIT IN 25 YEARS. | SEATS ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE.

ASTOR Broadway and 45th St. Evenings 8:20 Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksg'g.
THE Geo. M. COHAN'S Masterpiece,
MIRACLE MAN

LONGACRE THEATRE, West 48th St. First Mat. Next Wednesday.
OPENING TOMORROW NIGHT 8:30.
What It Means to a Woman
A NEW PLAY IN FOUR ACTS.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY.

Bronx Opera House 149 St., nr. 3 Av Eves. 25c to $1.
WITHIN THE LAW. Matinee Tomorrow.
NextWeek—"Too Many Cooks." Extra Mat. Thurs.

SUNDAY EVENING CONCERT
THE DELLA ROBBIA ROOM
The VANDERBILT Hotel
GRETA TORPADIE
Swedish Coloratura Soprano
Della Robbia Orchestra
Joseph Fejer, Conductor
Dinner-de-Luxe seven to nine o'clock
Two dollars and fifty cents

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way 47 St. Bessie Clayton, Grace La Rue, Conroy & Le Maire, Joan Sawyer, Bobby North, others, and La Milo.
Daily Mat. 25-75

COLONIAL Harry Fox & Yancsi Dolly, Martin Brown & Roszika Dolly, Howard & McCane.
Daily Mat. 25c.

ALHAMBRA EDDIE FOY and Family; Julius Steger & Co., Whiting & Burt, others.
Daily Mat. 25c.

Rose Gardens Theatre Broadway & 52d St.
AL. JENNINGS, Ex-Bandit, in BEATING BACK
FEATURE OF BIG DOUBLE BILL.
Continuous, 1 to 11 P. M., 25c and 50c.

B'way Rose Gardens Broadway, 52d St. 3 P. M. to 1 A. M.
Dancing. ADMISSION FREE. Dining.

Theatre Francais Century Theatre Lyceum 2d St., Central Pk. W. Tonight 8:30. Auspices French Drama Society.
UNE FEMME PASSA
with Mme. YORSKA and Other Parisian Players. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. Special Literary Mat. TODAY at 3, "LES ROMANESQUES"

Punch & Judy Thea., 49th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Tel. Circle 238.
MATINEE TODAY, Saturday and Thanksgiving 2:30.
THE MARRIAGE OF COLUMBINE
A TRIUMPH IN QUAINTNESS.

DALY'S Broadway and 30th Street. OPENING NEXT MONDAY. Seats Now on Sale.
FRANK KEENAN in YOSEMITE
With Grace Valentine and prominent cast.

New York 25c to $1. Reg. Mt. Wed. & Sat. Next Monday
The Traffic Extra Matinee Today for Ladies Only. ALL SEATS 25c.
HARRY LAUDER Seats Now.

VITAGRAPH 44TH ST. & B'WAY 2:30 and 8:30.
"3 Women"—"Little Angel of Canyon Creek." The Mezzanotte Trio in Operatic Selections. Beginning Sunday—Complete Change of Pictures.

Strand B'way, 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. 10c to 50c.
TYRONE POWER in "ARISTOCRACY." Strand Orch. & Quartet. Next W'k—"The Straight Road."

IRVING PL. THEATRE Tonight, "Lieb Vaterland."
Sat. Mat., "EIN TOLLER EINFALL." Saturday Eve., "Wallenstein's Lager & Blauer Teufel."

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evenings at 8
Mats Tomorrow. Best Orch Seats $1 and $1.50.
DANCING AROUND with AL JOLSON
And Co. of 125, inc. BERNARD GRANVILLE. Sunday Night Concert—All-Star Bill.

LYRIC Thea., 42d, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thanksg'g.
MATINEE TOMORROW.
JOE WEBER offers THE ONLY GIRL
"Best musical comedy this season."—Eve. Sun.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thangsgiv'g.
FAVERSHAM
with Mlle. Dorziat in "THE HAWK."

Winthrop Ames' LITTLE Theatre W. 44th St.
Ev. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanksgiving
Cyril Harcourt's Comedy,
A PAIR of SILK STOCKINGS
All Seats $2.00.

CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15 Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Thansg'g.
THE BIG MUSICAL HIT OF NEW YORK.
JOSE COLLINS in SUZI
with TOM McNAUGHTON and Connie Ediss.

48th St. THEA., E. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Thanksgiving.
THE LAW OF THE LAND with JULIA DEAN.

44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Phone 7292 Bryant Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thanks'g
Lilac Domino

Standard B'way & 90th St. Eves. Pop. Prices. Matinees Tomorrow 25c, 50c, 75c.
THE YELLOW TICKET
Next Week—THE THINGS THAT COUNT.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Tonight at 8—Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Schumann (debut), Curtis; Goritz, Weil, Althouse, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2—Boheme. Bori, Schumann; Botta (debut), Scotti, Tegani (debut), Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 8—Prices 75c. to $4—Aida. Destinn, Matzenauer; Martinelli, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Sun. at 8:30—Concert. 50c to $1.50—Frank Gittelson, violinist; Bori, Middleton. Entire Orchestra. Cond., Hageman.
Next Week: Mon. at 8—Magic Flute. Destinn, Hempel, Schumann; Urlus, Braun, Goritz, Reiss, Schlegel. Cond., Hertz.
Wed. at 8—Gioconda. Destinn, Ober, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. (Thanksg. Day) Mat. at 1—Parsifal. Matzenauer; Sembach (debut), Braun, Whitehill, Goritz, Schlegel. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8:15—Traviata. Hempel; Botta, Amato, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Fri. at 8—Carmen. Farrar, Bori; Caruso, Whitehill, Rothier, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Sat., Nov. 28, at 8, Double Bill—Cav. Rusticana. Gadski; Botta, Tegani; foll'd by Pagliacci. Bori; Martinelli, Scotti. Cond. Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

TOUR THE WAR ZONES with ELMENDORF
ARTIST, TRAVELER, RACONTEUR.
CARNEGIE HALL
Sunday Eve. at 8:30. Monday Aft. at 2:45.
"Around Northern Europe"
LONDON—BRUSSELS—BERLIN—VIENNA.
Colored Views, Motion Pictures and Narrative by Mr. ELMENDORF.
TICKETS NOW 50c TO $1.50

CARNEGIE HALL, Thursday, Dec. 3.
SPECIAL MATINEE GIVEN BY THE
SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF N. Y.
at which
Miss ISADORA DUNCAN
WILL PRESENT SIX OF HER
YOUNG DANCERS
(First appearance in America.)
Seats 50c to $2. Room 1202, AEOLIAN HALL.

CENTURY Central Park West, 62d St. Nights at 8. Mats. at 2.
Tonight: "Lucia di Lammermoor." Sat. Mat.: "Aida." Sat. Night: Farewell Performance, "Pagliacci" & Acts from "Trovatore," "Lucia," with All-Favorite Casts.

CENTURY—SPECIAL
Commencing WED. EVE., NOV. 25
SEATS NOW ON SALE
PILATE'S DAUGHTER
THE FAMOUS MIRACLE PLAY
Prices: Evenings, 25c to $1.50. Matinees Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 25c to $1.

Carnegie Hall. Tues. Aft., Nov. 24, at 3.
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway Piano). Seats at Box Office.
LEONARD BORWICK
Management Wolfsohn Bureau.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Nov. 24, at 3.
Second Recital by the remarkable American 'cellist, FREDERICK PRESTON Search
50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon, 3 P. M.
VIOLIN RECITAL NIKOLAI SOKOLOFF
Tickets at Box Office.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—CHING LING FOO, Walter C. Kelly, Willa Holt Wakefield, Lydia Barry, 3 Keatons, Toots Paka, and 8 others.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th. Burlesque. LEW KELLY & The BEHMAN SHOW. Mat. Today

MURRAY HILL. BURLESQUE. TANGO Evenings 8:15. Matinee Today. QUEENS.

71ST REGIMENT ARMORY
SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 28TH
NEW YORK SYMPHONY
ORCHESTRA OF 100.
WALTER DAMROSCH, CONDUCTOR
FELICE LYNE, SOPRANO
OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH, PIANO
2,000 SEATS AT 25 CENTS.
3,000 SEATS AT 35 CENTS.
3,000 SEATS AT 50c and 75c.
WITH COUPON FROM
THE EVENING MAIL
Tickets at Eve. Mail, 203 B'way; Macy's; Symphony Society, Room 1202, 33 W. 42d St.; Marks Piano Co., 33 W. 125th St.; Wuertz Piano Co., 152d St. & 3d Av.; Goetz Piano Co., 81 Court St., B'klyn.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR
This Afternoon at 2:30, Carnegie Hall.
Soloist, JULIA CULP
BACH, MONTEVERDI, BEETHOVEN, HADLEY, BRAHMS, SMETANA.
Tomorrow (Saturday) Evening at 8:15.
All Wagner
PROGRAMME
Tickets 25 cts. to $1.50. Carnegie Hall.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
NEXT SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT 3:15.
Soloist: JULIA CULP

SYMPHONY CONCERTS
FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
Saturday Aft., Nov. 21, at 2:30
N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor
Soloist, Efrem ZIMBALIST
Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34 St., & Carnegie Hall.

Belasco Theatre, Sun. Evg., Nov. 22, at 8:15.
DAVID BISPHAM
BARRERE ENSEMBLE
Seats 50c. to $2. Box Office. Direction C. A. Bamman.
Barrere & Bispham make Columbia Records.

Aeolian Hall. Tues. Evg., Nov. 24, at 8:15. Violin Recital.
EVELYN STARR
Tickets 50 cts. to $1.50. Mgt. Haensel & Jones.

Carnegie Hall, Next Sunday Aft. at 3.
FAREWELL FALL CONCERT—JOHN
McCORMACK
Tickets now at Box Office. (Steinway Piano.)

Carnegie Hall. Wed. Aft., Nov. 25, at 3.
FIRST VIOLIN RECITAL.
ARRIGO SERATO
Seats 50 cts. to $2. Mg. A. Friedberg. Knabe Piano

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Aft., Nov. 23, at 3.
Violin Recital FRANK GITTELSON
Seats at Box Office. Mgt. WOLFSOHN BUREAU.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15.
Piano Recital VICTOR WITTGENSTEIN
50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

OPERA TICKETS. 'Phone, 6442—Greeley | Choice seats all parts of house. Subscriptions bought. Jacobs' Ticket Office, B'way & 38th St., Normandie Hotel

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

DE KALB Mats. Wed. & Sat., 25 & 50c Eves., 25, 50, 75c & $1.00.
"THE THINGS THAT COUNT."
Next Week—"THE THIRD PARTY."
Bargain Mat. Thanksgiving Day, 25c-50c.

MAJESTIC | MATINEE SATURDAY. 600 Seats Evenings $1.
Fritzi Scheff as "Pretty Mrs. Smith."
Next—Whirl of the World. Seats Selling.

The Lorraine
Fifth Ave. at 45th St.
Apartments and Rooms with Bath
PERMANENTLY or TRANSIENTLY
George C. Howe
George Orvis
ALSO
EQUINOX HOUSE, Manchester, Vermont.

FIREPROOF.
HOTEL HARGRAVE
110, 112 WEST 72D ST.
Running through to 71st St.
Located between Subway express and "L" stations, one-half block from each.
Family and Transient Hotel catering only to a Discriminating Clientele.
Double room with private bath, $50 per month and up.
Parlor, bedroom and bath, $75 per month and up.
Superior restaurant a la Carte. Prices Moderate. Good Music.
J. WADE McGRATH, Mgr.

UNUSUAL SUITES
From One Room & Bath to Five Rooms, 4 Baths
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
AT 33 West 51st St.
The New Apartment Hotel.
Your inspection is invited. You will be delighted by the appointments, location, and the devices for convenience and comfort. The moderate rental will surprise you.
Inq. Resident Mgr. 'Phone, 8263—Plaza.

"Chez" Maurice (Formerly Palais De Danse) B'way & 50th. Phone 9260 Col
Nightly, including Sunday, 10:30 until Closing. "Thes Dansants," Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 4:30 to 6:30 P. M. Free Demonstration by Maurice.
MAURICE & Florence WALTON
THE KING'S FAVORITES.
FINE BAND—EXQUISITE CUISINE.

Rector's
Broadway at 48th Street
A Great Theatre and Restaurant in One
Its beauty, excellence of entertainment, and perfection of cuisine and service have made Rector's the most famous American restaurant.
The Pompeiian Lounge
the latest addition to Rector's,—a unique and delightful room.
The New Ball Room
the largest and most beautiful ballroom in any restaurant.
The Main Dining Room
celebrated as a dining place of the city's fashionables.
Exhibition Dancing by Gros and Kraft, Mudge and Terantino, Crossman and Stewart, and others. Ball Room Direction of Mr. Gaillard Boag and Mr. George Pierce.
PHONE YOUR RESERVATIONS NOW—Ball Room, Bryant 8686; Main Dining Room, Bryant 3200



THOMAS HEALY 'Phone, 9900 Columbus
BROADWAY AT 66th STREET
Now Appearing Every Evening in the LATEST MODERN DANCES.
Mr. CLIFTON WEBB and Miss EILEEN MOLYNEUX
In the BALCONADES (Third Floor),
The Most Beautiful Ballroom in New York.
—AFTERNOON TEA DANCES—
Special Entertainment for This Week in Main Dining Room.
TONIGHT IN THE BALCONADES OCCASION EXTRAORDINAIRE.

CAFÉ DES BEAUX-ARTS
Famous for Cusine and Service
Atmosphere of Indefinable Charm
DINNER AND SUPPER DANCES
Grill Luncheon 75c Beaux-Arts Dinner $1.50
"Really Different"
SIXTH AVENUE AND 40TH ST. Opposite Bryant Park

REISENWEBER'S 58TH STREET AND COLUMBUS CIRCLE
DINNER (6 to 9) $1.00—BEEFSTEAK DINNER $1.25
Sloane & Morgan in Dances at 10:30—Dan Caslar and his Orchestra
Afternoon Tea Dances 4-7—Complimentary Dancing Partners
Now Booking Banquets, Beefsteak Parties, Dinners, etc.

Splendid Food, Quick Service, Moderate Prices. Club and Theatre Parties. Accommodation 4—100.
HOFFMAN'S
FORMERLY MURRAY'S
Cor. 34th St. and Broadway
Conte's Celebrated Philharmonic Orchestra, at Luncheon, Dinner, and Supper. Heart of Shopping District.

CAFE BOULEVARD BROADWAY AT FORTY-FIRST STREET
WHERE EVERY ONE THAT IS ANY ONE MEETS
LUNCHEON 60c. DINNER $1.00
DANCING DURING DINNER AND AFTER THE PLAY.

SHANLEY'S BROADWAY-43-44 Sts.
Superior Six-Course Luncheon 75c.
MUSIC

Kalil's Restaurant and Venetian Garden Nos. 26-30 Park Place.
Your Beefsteak Dinners at your own price; our famous Beefsteak Dinners at less than you'd have to pay elsewhere. A better quality of better cooked food than any other downtown restaurant. Luncheon begins at 11 A. M.

Luncheon, Tea, and $1.00 Table d'Hote Dinner. Open Fireplace.
CRAFTSMAN RESTAURANT
GARDEN SUPPLIES DAILY FROM CRAFTSMAN FARMS
Dining Room on Top Floor, with Rest Room below 6 E. 39th Street.

ROMA 50th St. & 6th Ave. Phone 2775 Plaza
NO CABARET.
FOR 30 YEARS THE RENDEZVOUS OF REFINED CONNOISSEURS OF ITALIAN AND FRENCH COOKING.
Lunch 50c.—DINNER, (week days) 80c. Holidays & Sundays, $1.00

IF YOU MISS YOUR SHOW VISIT MAXIM'S
MAXIM'S
110 WEST 38TH ST.
LUNCHEON, 60c.
DANCING NOON TO CLOSE.
CABARET AFTER 6:30.

42d St. GRILL 42d St. & Madison Ave.
Superior Service Moderate Prices
MUSIC-DANCING WM. F. HEALY.

Open Sundays from 11 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.
Club Breakfast, Lunch, Tea, Dinner. Also a la Carte. 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
The Fernery
22 East 33d Street.
"THE OLDEST TEA ROOM in NEW YORK." Bet. 5th & Mad. Aves. Miss Tucker—Exclusively HOME COOKING.
SMOKING PERMITTED IN THE CONSERVATORY.

Hotel St. Andrew
Broadway at 72d St.
In the Centre of New York.
A Hotel of Refinement and Charm. Service a la Carte, Table d'Hote. Dansant Every Evening.
No Wardrobe Charges—No War Prices.

WOMEN in Business
THE RUTLEDGE, COR. 30TH STREET & LEXINGTON AVE.
Large, light, outside rooms. Baths. Homelike surroundings. Unexcelled cuisine. Tariff, $11 to $15 weekly, including meals.
The Only Place of Its Kind in the World.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

NEW HOTEL THERESA
LARGEST AND FINEST
Transient & Family Hotel Uptown
7th Av., 124th to 125th St.
ONE BLOCK TO "L" AND SUBWAY. SURFACE CARS, ALL POINTS, AT DOOR
Absolutely Fireproof.
Single Rooms AND BATH $1.50 Per Day and Up
Double Rooms AND BATH $2.50 PER DAY
All Outside Rooms.
Breakfast, 50c.; Lunch, 50c.; Dinner, $1.00
SINGLE ROOM AND BATH (per year)..$540
2 ROOMS AND BATH (per year).......$720
2 ROOMS, 1 OR 2 BATHS (per year)....$1,200
Special Rates by Month and Season
BOARD, $10.50 PER WEEK.
T. M. LENEHEN, MANAGER.
'Phone, 8270—Morningside.

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY, 85 to 86 St.
Largest and Most Attractive Uptown Hotel. Large, Quiet Rooms, with bath, or suites, for transient or permanent residence.
All the comforts of New York City's BEST Hotels at one-third less price.



CAVANAGH'S
258-260 WEST 23D ST.
Sea Food Specialties.
Delicious Steaks and Chops.
Courtesies to Ladies Unattended.
Banquet Rooms—Music.

JOAN SAWYER'S PERSIAN GARDEN
Broadway & 50th St. (Ent. on 50th). Phone 1122 Col. Nightly from 10:30 till closing time.
Miss Joan Sawyer, Assisted by Nigel Barrie and Geo. Harcourt.
Music by New Persian Garden Orchestra. Leo. Kohls, conductor. Cuisine International. Thes Dansants Wed., Thurs. and Sat. Wonderful Prizes.

23 Years at This Address MEANS Something.
MODERN DANCES
TAUGHT IN 9 LESSONS, $5.
Private lessons without appointment daily from 10 A. M. until 10 P. M. Expert lady and gentleman teachers. All Ball Room Dances guaranteed for $5; 4 class lessons, $1.
3½ Hours Dancing, 25c
Instructors will dance with you without extra charge every afternoon, including Saturdays and Sundays, from 2 to 6 P. M., and every evening except Saturdays and Sundays, from 7:30 to 11 P. M.
The REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING
919 8th Av. (at 54th St.)
Phone 4557 Columbus.
Send for FREE illustrated booklet.



Why Pay More?
12 Lessons, Results Guaranteed $5
Wm. L. Loew, Jr.
2,700 Broadway, cor. 103d St.
Telephone 7839 Riverside.
10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
BALLROOM TO LET,
$10 Per Evening, with Music.



FOX TROT one-step, waltz-canter, hesitation, &c.; moderate rates; private instruction; open 11 A. M., 10 P. M.
WM. J. ETTLIN, Studio Hall, 64 E. 34. M. Hill 6534.

HOME OF THE MODERN DANCE.
John A. Ross, Miss Mabelle Joyce.
10-12 East 38th St. Tel. 8324 Murray Hill.

MANSFIELD Studios, 247 W. 42d St. Bryant 4674. Est. 1904.
Latest modern dances taught private and en class, reasonable. Each pupil has private room with instructor; no one to laugh at mistakes. Circulars mailed.

MISS CARLO ALVIENE STUDIOS. 225 West 57th Street.
6 PRIVATE LESSONS $10. (Phone Columbus 4733).

MISS BOBBY BURNS, 6 East 41st St. Murray Hill 6305.
ALL MODERN DANCES. PERSONAL ATTENTION

MISS BENA HOFFMAN, 56 E. 34TH ST. Murray Hill 2628
THE NEWEST DANCES. PRIVATE STUDIO.

FRANCES MORGAN, 102 West 71st St. Columbus 2507.
Private Instruction in All Latest Dances.

Red Cross Fete and The Dansant tomorrow from four until half after six, marking the formal opening of
Chiro's
This most charming luncheon, tea and dancing place in town will make its bow tomorrow with the appearance of these artists who have most kindly volunteered their services:
Mr. A. Baldwin Sloane and Miss Marion Morgan, through the courtesy of Reisenweber's, will dance their new and original Mazurkise.
Mrs. Elizabeth Spenser will sing.
Miss Leonore Harris and Mr. Effingham Pinto, of the cast of the melodrama Life, by courtesy of Mr. Brady, will dance.
Miss Bertha Knight will appear in character dances.
AND SEVERAL OTHER DANCING SPECIALTIES.
The Red Cross Society will receive all the proceeds of this opening day. The admission is two dollars. Table reservations, to be added to those already received, may be telephoned to Murray Hill 6483.
Six East Forty-Sixth Street

INSTRUCTION.
French lessons given at your residence by native young man; teaches that method which is recognized to be the best for conversing and writing correctly in short period. W 156 Times.

PRATT SCHOOL—62-64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship.

PAGE COMMISSION STARTS WORK HERE

Body Formed by Our Ambassador in London Will Help Send Food to Belgium.

MORE SUPPLIES NEEDED

Sherry Will Give a Day's Receipts to Committee of Mercy—Subscriptions to Other Funds.

The American Commission for Relief in Belgium, which was organized in London by Ambassador Page when it became apparent that famine was impending among the Belgians, opened an office in New York yesterday at 71 Broadway. The commission, it was said, would co-operate with the Rockefeller Foundation and the other Belgian relief agencies. Lindon W. Bates, Vice Chairman of the commission, announced that the American branch of the organization would deal solely with the transportation of supplies. It has funds to handle all shipments, and diplomatic arrangements have been made for the speedy delivery of food in Belgium. Brand Whitlock, American Minister to Belgium, and all the American Consuls in that country are members of the commission. Already 17,000 tons of food have been sent to Belgium, 30,000 tons are on the way there, and 40,000 tons of supplies are being collected.

"Notwithstanding the efforts of the Belgian relief committees, the Rockefeller Foundation, and many other organizations at work in the West," said Mr. Bates yesterday, "the Belgians cannot be fed at the present pace. American members of the commission in Europe say that we must send at least 500,000 tons of food to Belgium this Winter.

"Some parts of the West are doing nobly, but other parts of the country have not awakened to a full appreciation of the situation. William E. Edgar, editor of The Northwestern Miller of Minneapolis, has been at work among the flour men in the Northwest, and a cargo of flour is on the way to us from there. Gov. Stubbs of Kansas is cooperating with Mr. Edgar to send supplies from that important food centre.

Food Belgium's Chief Need.

"It is proposed to send a carload of wheat or flour from every one of the ninety-nine counties in Iowa, Indiana, and California. What Belgium needs most of all is food—any kind of food, so long as it will stand ocean transportation. It would be a good thing to send the Belgians clothing were it not that food is the first necessity of life, and America will have to strain every effort this Winter to bring the Belgians through alive. Wheat, flour, beans, peas, and preserved meats are needed especially, but perhaps above all things the most pathetic need of Belgium is for condensed milk. The cattle are gone, and children of a certain age cannot live without milk.

"We have just received $35,000 from Hawaii, to be expended for food. Hawaii is so far away that they find it more expeditious to send us the money at present instead of supplies. Later they may send a food ship.

"The American offices of the commission are at 71 Broadway, New York City, and they will ship mostly from the Bush Terminal, New York. However, arrangements are being made to ship from all the other ocean ports on the Atlantic, Pacific, and the Gulf of Mexico. San Francisco is about to send a special vessel through the Panama Canal."

Belgian Relief Fund.

The fund of the Belgian Relief Committee of 8 and 10 Bridge Street, of which the Rev. Father Stillemans is the President, amounts to $496,853, of which $6,805 was received yesterday. Subscriptions to this fund should be sent to the Belgian Relief Committee, 8 and 10 Bridge Street, or to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street. These persons subscribed yesterday. The cents are omitted from this table and the ones which follow it:

Charleston, S. C., Fund	$1,741	W. A. Shepard	5
Newport Branch	1,006	W. R. E.	5
Mrs. G. G. King	250	Mrs. V. Vizet	5
W. S. Pierce	250	Martha Kennedy	2
J. G. Milburn	250	Ethel K. C. Hall	2
J. A. Sunderland	100	Emma R. Russell	5
Alice E. Sunderland	25	Francis Williams	25
Holy Trinity Ch.	100	Mrs. D. E. Tobey	2
E. Le B. Gardner	100	Mrs. W. Maxwell	30
Mr. and Mrs. Ridley Watts	100	Helen G. Noble	10
Anonymous	100	Elms & Sellon	5
A. A. Levi	75	A. M. Barbour	3
Princeton, Mass	72	Caroline R. Deppard	5
F. S. Taylor	50	F. M. Newton	15
D. Underhill	50	J. M. Stevens	5
Chs. of Spencer	51	R. P. Green	25
A. A. Beebe	50	Clara S. Beach	5
Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Allen	50	Bronx Club	15
Providence Journal	316	H. F. J.	10
Elizabeth, N. J., Presby. Ch.	164	J. H. Bunce	20
W. V. Martin	75	L. L. S.	25
T. S. Woolsey	75	H. A. Wolcott	10
F. J. Mitchell	5	B. G. Goodhue	10
Card Party, Crandall, N. J.	51	J. F. Eagle	25
L. C. Elid	50	Lillie K. Stearns	25
Dr. E. M. Sturgis	50	A. H.	25
Florence D. Stix	50	Ross H. Keith	10
"E."	50	Amy R. Thurston	5
G. F. Duncan	50	Russell Lane	5
H. W. Sherman	3	Mrs. H. M. Brookfield	10
A. L. Deering	2	G. R. Bunker	25
Fannie H. Withington	5	E. McKinney	25
Metuchen Card Club	3	J. Eggleston	25
Juragua Iron Co.	20	T. E. Case	5
Anonymous	10	L. H.	1
W. J. Lewis	5	Clark Mills friends	23
M. C. W. Howard	10	Through Nelson P. Bonney	40
H. W. Raudenbush	10	Mrs. L. Walsh	5
George Lines	25	Anna Carroll	10
Bedford Springs Household	8	Marjorie F. Hosford	5
Roanoke, Va., Women	25	Alice D. Calman	15
O. P. Welborn	20	L. O. Kellogg	5
M. W. Beacom	10	A. E. Gedney	2
E. G. C.	1	F. S. P.	10
W. T. Day	5	M. E. T.	2
A. W. P.	10	A Sympathizer	1
Mrs. F. G. Weber	5	Cash	1
H. T. B.	10	H. A. S.	5
H. S. R.	5	William Jones	1
Miss L. Bruckman	5	Miss C. Rosenbaum	1
Mrs. H. H. Morehouse	3	Clare	1
The Buckley School	5	"Ohio"	2
L. G. Derby	5	J. D. Parson	1
J. W. Hairgrove	10	C. B. Gourlay	1
Mrs. E. F. Eurich	38	L. B. Cady, M. D.	1
L. R. Gwyn, Jr.	10	K. H. B.	2
Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Rasp	25	H.	15
		J. L. Martin	1
		A. Goldmann	5
		Through J. Hebbelinck	6
		H. H.	3
		R. Levie	1
		F. D. Sprague	10

UPTOWN BRANCH.

J. de Kos	$5	Mary Hitchcock	$2
Mrs. H. Emerson	40	Miss Mewall	1
Julie O. Levine	20	Contribution Box	20

BROOKLYN BRANCH.

Mrs. A. R. Hopkins	$1	E. P. Maynard	$25
E. H. T.	100	Miss Arnold	5
H. B.	75	A Sympathizer	1
R. S.	20	Incarnation Church	4
S. M.	5	Mrs. A. P. Rogers	30
P. Place	40	In Memory of J. G.	2
J. D. Fairchild	100		

CHRISTMAS BARRELS.

F. W. Hoenig	$1	Ferdinand Jansen	$2
Natty E. Gage	5	Mr. Winn	5
J. Hebbelinck, 2d.	3	Wilson's Hardware Store	4
Anna G. May	5	Burd Reed	2
D. Collora, 2d.	2	Jean Thompson	4
Mrs. E. V. Abbott	4	Anon. Barrels	1
C. T. Chauvin	4		

For the Red Cross.

Subscriptions to the Red Cross Fund received yesterday amounted to $5,854. The fund is now $357,943. Subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 130 East Twenty-second Street, or 52 William Street. These persons contributed yesterday:

Albany Red Cross	$4,520
Through Staats-Zeitung	517
Through Dr. Dernburg	258
Through The Independent	213
Holy Trinity Church	50
W. J. Jeandron	50
Trinity Church, Seneca Falls, N. Y.	50
Aumbulance Company of Larchmont	40
Candy sale, Curtis High School	32
Royal Arch Masons	26
Alexandria (Va.) Jewish Women	25
Mrs. W. J. D.	10
K. L. Bronson	10
Through Elmira Star-Gazette	10
Bridge Club, Wyoming, N. J.	8
First Pres. Church, Sorrento, Fla.	6
King's Daughters, Richford, Vt.	5
S. L. Ellingson	5
Auction Club, Towanda, Penn	5
W. T. Day	5
First Cong. Church, Orono, Me	3
Card Club, Metuchen, N. J.	3

To Aid French Women.

The fund for the relief of the women and children of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street, amounts to $31,957, of which $42 was received yesterday from these persons:

Edna Smith-Monthly	$2	Fifille H. Theron	$1
G. R. Bunker	10	Albert Theron	5
Mrs. V. Vizet	5	Miss M. O'Neill	5
L. G. Duquest	5	Mrs. J. M. Lanz	7
		F. Janipor	2

Paris Hospital Fund.

Contributions to the fund for the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris, subscriptions to which should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, amounted yesterday to $617, which brought the total amount received to $161,377.73. Yesteday's contributions were:

CLEVELAND COMMITTEE.

W. M. Baldwin	$500	Miss E. M. Cole	$10
Anonymous	50	Julie H. Coles	6
American Stove Co.	25	Augusta G. McCurdy	5
Mrs. J. Pilger, Through Christian Herald	13	Emily L. Hepburn	5
		Emma E. Dodd	3

For the Relief of Jews.

Contributions to the Central Committee for the relief of Jews suffering through the war amounted yesterday to $2,450. Subscriptions to the fund should be sent to Harry Fischel, Treasurer, World Building. These contributions were received yesterday:

S. Barbakow	$10
M. Schiller	10
Joseph Cohen	13
Y. M. H. Club	15
N. Gluck	1
Pittsburgh Committee	500
Mrs. D. Ginsberg	2
Through S. Slotcher	10
Ahawas Achim Cong.	25
Manchester N. H. Committee	115
Through Louis Felsher	7
St. Louis Committee	1,000
Through Morris Hershkowitz	6
Through the Rev. H. Rubenstin	86
Cong Nugen David	40
Through Jewish Daily News	379
Through Leonard M. Stern	11
Through B. Goldberg	11
Through Max Kaplan	25
South Norwalk (Conn.) Committee	130
Leon Dreyfus	2
L. Maier	10
Social Club, Hudson, N. Y.	35
Cong Chavie Zelek	6

Dollar Christmas Fund.

The Dollar Christmas Fund, of which Henry Clews is the Treasurer, amounts now to more than $11,500. Yesterday's contributions of $1,091 comprised a further installment from readers of The Duluth Herald of $145; Christ Church, Macon, Ga., sent $102; Otto Kahn, $100; George A. Peabody, Danvers, Mass., $100; L. M. Kennett & Brother, St. Louis, Mo. $100; J. M. Vanmeter, Chillicothe Ohio, $50; Dr. Denman Ross, Harvard University, $25; Thomas D. Merrill, Duluth, Minn., $25, and Mrs. Arnold S. Hyde, Baltimore, Md., $25.

Louis Sherry will give the entire receipts of his restaurant for Dec. 2 to the fund of the Committee of Mercy. Every penny that is taken in will be turned over to the fund, Mr. Sherry said yesterday. He will serve a special dinner at $2.50 a plate in addition to the regular à la carte service. The entire first floor will be used for suppers, and there will be four orchestras, all of them provided by Mr. Sherry. Among the patronesses will be Mrs. Whitney Warren, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold, and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer.

The Henry Street Settlement, 299 Henry Street, will hold a bazaar on Nov. 20, 21, and 22. It had been intended to devote the proceeds of the bazaar to a building for the settlement, but in view of the suffering due to the war the receipts will be given in the form of loans to those who are in need. The beneficiaries will be persons living in New York. Artists have designed dinner cards and favors. A picturesque candy booth and a booth for the sale of all kinds of useful articles, made and donated by the Mothers' Club, will be among the attractions.

COTTON MEETING TODAY.

Committee Will Name State Bodies to Pass on Loan Applications.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—W. P. G. Harding and Paul M. Warburg of the Federal Reserve Board, who have been active in raising the $100,000,000 cotton loan fund, left tonight for New York to attend the first meeting there tomorrow of the Cotton Loan Committee, which will administer the fund.

Mr. Harding will be Chairman of the committee, and bankers of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, and St. Louis will be members. Its first work will be to designate State committees in the cotton States to pass on loans to cotton growers.

The office of the committee will be in New York.

The Cotton Loan Committee will meet at the Federal Reserve Bank this morning. Edward R. Tinker, Jr., and S. E. Ward, who will act for Albert H. Wiggin and James S. Alexander in the detail work here, were busy yesterday with W. P. Holly, the committee's secretary, getting up blanks for the formal subscriptions of the $50,000,000 promised by the New York banks and for applications for advances from the pool by banks in the cotton States.

ORIENT BUYING OUR COTTON.

Japanese and Chinese Pay 8 Cents, While Germany Bids 18 to 20.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—Japanese and Chinese manufacturers are buying cotton here as never before. The quantity they seem willing to purchase is measured only by the amount of vessel space they can engage. Their mills are reported running to capacity. The price they pay, however, is 8 cents a pound, while it is estimated that it costs between 9⅝ and 9¾ cents a pound to produce cotton. Germany is understood to be bidding from 18 to 20 cents, with practically no orders being filled and her own stock near the vanishing point.

Cotton acreage in California, it is believed, will be reduced next year.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired, to take effect 12 P. M., Nov. 18: Patrol. Edward Ennis, 147, at $700 a yr., appointed June 5, 1888.

Transfers, to take effect 4 P. M., Nov. 20: Patrol. J. J. A. Kee, to 169 from 23; Samuel Levy, to 23 from 169; W. P. Rooney, to 28 from 42; W. E. L. Heiden, to 42 from 28; E. A. Cooke, to 35 from 276; John O'Leary, to 276 from 35.

Temporary assignments: Lts. A. H. McNeill, 28 to 3 Insp. Dist., for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 17; John Rogers, 161 to command 148, from 5:30 P. M., Nov. 18, during absence of Act. Capt., on sick report. Patrol. Erastus Belcher, 23, assigned as station house attendant, for 10 days, from 6 P. M., Nov. 21; William Fallace, 39 to 5 Insp. Dist., for 10 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 20. To Det. Bur. from commands indicated, for 10 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 22: John Cassetti, 7; S. C. M. Love, 15; T. F. Coffey, 31; J. J. Wilson, 39; E. F. Kelly, 165; I. E. Ettinger, 5 Dist.; Romolo Pagano, 10; T. J. Martin, 18; W. J. McCafferty, 31; Joseph Pessolano, 80; Joseph Gilkinson, 165.

Leaves, with pay: Capt. Thomas Palmer, 62, for 2 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 25, to be deducted from vacation. Without pay: Patrol.: Michael Silverman, 17, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 20; J. P. Byrnes, 21, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 21; T. F. Gibney, 42, for 3 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 23; J. F. Kelly, 149, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 16; W. C. Abram, 153, for 1 day, from 10 P. M., Nov. 18; W. H. Douglas, 154, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 18; J. A. Schittig, 159, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 21; J. A. Twyford, 171, for 2 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 18; J. H. Ryan, 173, for 4 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 17.

Amendment: So much of Paragraph 2, S. O., 269, c. s., as grants Patrol. J. J. Ackerman, 26, 1 day's leave of absence without pay, is amended to read: From 12:01 P. M., Nov. 21.

Fire Department.

Par. 3, Special Order 204, Nov. 18, in so far as it relates to James J. Finnerty, H. & L. 43, is thus corrected: James J. Finnerty, H. & L. 43, 84 hours from 8 A. M. Nov. 24.

Leave of absence, without pay, for 8 days and 12 hours, from 8 A. M. Nov. 21, to Thomas J. Finn, Eng. 10.

Par. 5, Special Order 200, Nov. 11, regarding loss by Dennis Donovan of Eng. 57 of cap badge and fined $5 for said loss, is hereby revoked.

Leaves, without pay: Frank L. Maixner, Eng. 33, 12 hours from 8 A. M. Nov. 20; Archie Kenny, Eng. 38, 12 hours from 8 P. M. Nov. 21; William King, Eng. 274, 8 days from 8 A. M. Nov. [illegible]

1,000-MILE TEST WITH NEW AUTO FUEL

Substitute for Gasoline Having a Tryout on Indianapolis Motor Speedway.

IS WATER AND CHEMICALS

Claim Made That Zoline Can Be Manufactured for Cent and a Half a Gallon.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 19.—Zoline, the new substitute for gasoline, discovered by John Andrus, a chemist of McKeesport, Penn., is having a tryout on the Indianapolis Motor Speedway to test its driving power and also its effect upon the engine. The car used is a Marmon 41 stock car, and the test includes a run of 1,000 miles, to be made today and tomorrow.

The first half of the test was made today at an average speed of fifty miles an hour, the car not being pushed, as the test is more to bring out the value of the new fuel, its lasting qualities, and to determine effects on the engine than to make great speed.

A large number of minor tests have been made, and the speedway management declares that the new fuel acts well. As Zoline is made of water and certain chemicals, it is important to determine the effect of the latter on the engine in long runs, and the 1,000-mile test is being made for that purpose. At its close tomorrow the engine will be taken to pieces to determine the action of the chemicals on its several parts.

The new substance, which is the discovery of a Portuguese inventor named John Andrus, and which, it is asserted, can be manufactured for a cent and a half a gallon, has interested several of the technical authorities of the motor vehicle industry, including Carl G. Fisher, President of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway; Howard Marmon, President of the Nordyke and Marmon Company, makers of the car in which the test is being conducted; William Guy Hall, Vice President and Chief Engineer of the National Motor Vehicle Company; Henry B. Joy and Russell Huff, respectively President and Consulting Engineer of the Packard Motor Company, and the Chief Chemist of the Prest-O-Lite Company of Indianapolis.

Announcement of the test and of the new fuel was made here yesterday by F. E. Moskovics, Commercial Manager of the Marmon Company. Mr. Moskovics said that the substance first had been called to the attention of Mr. Fisher in July, and that between that time and the present a number of shorter tests had been held, the results of which had been highly satisfactory. The composition of the new fuel, called Zoline, was secret, he said, but two of the constituents were water and a comparatively small quantity of naphthaline.

The fuel is manufactured in stills, several of which have been constructed by Mr. Moskovic's company, and in these stills considerable quantities of it have been made with success by Mr. Marmon, to whom the formula is known, without the presence or assistance of the inventor. Small quantities of two commercially common ingredients which can be purchased in any drug store, according to Mr. Moskovics, are added to the water and naphthaline during the process of distillation.

"During the previous tests," said he last night, "every movement of the inventor was watched by the experts already named. The still was set up under their eyes and the fluid made. A Marmon 41 was furnished for the run and five gallons of the fluid were put in the tank. We did sixteen miles on a gallon, which is about four miles more than can be done normally by that car on gasoline. We made sixty-nine miles an hour with the top and windshield up and two passengers in the car, or about five miles an hour faster than the car had ever made on gasoline. We ran 150 miles, and after the test the engine was as clean as a hound's tooth—not a speck of carbon on it. The car ran cooler than with gasoline. Subsequent tests were equally satisfactory."

The stills manufactured thus far have a capacity of about ten gallons of Zoline an hour each. The fluid looks like water, it is said, has about the specific gravity and flash point of gasoline, and smells like camphor balls.

Luncheon to Reserve Bank Officials.

The Merchants' Association will give a luncheon at the Hotel Astor to the officials and Executive Committee of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on Tuesday, Nov. 24. The guests will include Benjamin Strong, Jr., Governor; William Woodward, Deputy Governor; Pierre Jay, Reserve Agent; Charles Starek, Deputy Reserve Agent; Henry R. Towne, member of the Executive Committee, and James F. Curtis, Secretary.

New Haven Re-elects Officers.

The Directors of the New Haven Railroad yesterday re-elected Howard Elliott President and Chairman of the board, A. S. May Treasurer, and A. E. Clark Secretary. The Executive Committee appointed is composed of Howard Elliott, Arthur T. Hadley, T. De Witt Cuyler, W. Murray Crane, James L. Richards, Edward Milligan, Henry K. McHarg, and John T. Pratt.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

THE BRIDGEPORT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $100,811 and assets of $53,066. Judge Hand appointed Charles W. H. Arnold of Poughkeepsie receiver under a bond of $15,000.

JAMES SILK MILLS, INC.—Judge Hand has appointed Bernhardt H. A. Hofmann of Verona, N. J., ancillary receiver for the property in this district of the James Silk Mills, Inc., silk manufacturers at Paterson, N. J., and Lackawanna, N. Y., with a bond of $9,000, and authority to continue business here thirty days. He has already been appointed receiver in New Jersey. The company consigned the product of its mills to Fleitman & Co. of this city for sale, and it was said that a receiver was necessary to take control of this property and see that it was properly disposed of. The merchandise consigned to Fleitman & Co. amounts to $140,000, on which advances have been made of $122,000, leaving an equity of $18,000. The total actual assets of the company are estimated at $98,700, consisting of real estate $26,000, machinery $47,000, subject to a mortgage of $58,800; silk and merchandise at mills $65,000, equity in consigned goods $18,000, and sundry items $1,500. Liabilities are said to be $136,000 outside of the advances by Fleitman & Co. The company was incorporated in July, 1912, with a capital stock of $200,000.

EDWARD FRIEDMAN & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Edward Friedman, doing business as Edward Friedman & Co., manufacturing furrier, at 21 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: I. Ariowitch & Co., $100, and Nathan Berlin, $411. It is said he had a fire on Aug. 14 and settled with the insurance companies for $4,000. He has been in bankruptcy several times. There was a petition filed against B. Friedman & Brothers, in which he was a partner, on Nov. 25, 1907, when the liabilities were $172,000, and a settlement was made at 25 cents. Another petition was filed against them on March 25, 1908, and they received a discharge. In March, 1911, a petition was filed against B. Friedman & Brothers' Company.

GINGOLD & SCHEFFER, manufacturers of furs, at 147 West Twenty-fourth Street, have made an assignment to Marcus Helfand. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against them by these creditors: L. E. Horwitz, $159; S. Michael Cohen, $482, and E. S. Wheeler, $237. The partners are Louis Gingold and Pinkus Scheffer. They began business in 1906.

COLLEGE BRAND CLOTHES, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the College Brand Clothes, Inc., clothing dealer, at 115 Fourth Avenue, by these creditors: R. A. Cullum, $100; J. Frisch, $200, and A. Cummins, $300. The corporation made an assignment on Wednesday. Liabilities are said to be $25,000.

MORRIS LERNER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Lerner of 108 Stanton Street by these creditors: Jacob Goldstein, $140; Abram Moses Rothstein, $329, and Julius Dumsey, $103. Liabilities are $4,000 and assets $1,500.

BROOKLYN EMBROIDERY AND APRON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Brooklyn Embroidery and Apron Manufacturing Company, at 263 Greene Street, by these creditors: H. Abrams, $325; M. Scanlon, $165, and A. M. Schneider, $387. Liabilities are said to be $10,000.

WILLIAM BERGER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William Berger, dealer in hosiery, underwear and shirts, at 1,543 First Avenue, by six creditors whose claims aggregate $520.

ISRAEL CRYSTAL, painter and decorator, of 814 East 166th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $16,988 and no assets. Among the creditors are Grunstein & Meyer, $3,000, and D. L. Karn, $3,000.

ADELAIDE L. MARTENS, residing at the Lucerne Hotel, Seventy-ninth Street and Amsterdam Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $799 to seven creditors, mostly for dry goods, and no assets.

MAX SILVER.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Sept. 17 against Max Silver, trading as the Max Silver Manufacturing Company, skirts and dresses, at 68 and 70 Grand Street.

ALFRED KRAMER, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Tuesday by A. Kramer & Co. and two other parties, has filed an answer, in which he denies that he is insolvent, denies that he committed an act of bankruptcy, and has instructed his attorneys, Sternberg, Jacobson & Pollock, to waive all technicalities and bring on a speedy trial. He was formerly President of A. Kramer & Co.

ISIDOR GURYAN, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 121 Park Row and at 24 Court Street, Brooklyn, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $26,817, of which $14,874 are contingent on leases and assets, $7,480 consisting of stock, $3,500; accounts, $3,970, and cash, $10.

W. JOHN WILLIAMS, hatter at 78 Nassau Street and 80 West 125th Street, has filed inal assets of $4,727, and actual assets of $867. schedules showing liabilities of $8,155, nom-

REISSMAN & BAUM, grocers at 200 Eighth Avenue, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $2,505, nominal assets of $600, and actual assets of $350.

EMILIO MARONI, proprietor of the National Noodle Company at 109 Macdougal Street, has made an assignment to Thomas L. Clark.

HARRY L. DANGLER, manufacturer of ostrich feathers at 6 West Thirty-second Street, has made an assignment to Henry Lesser.

SAMUEL KOOT, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 1,499 Madison Avenue, has made an assignment to Henry B. Singer.

LOUIS MESSING, shoe dealer at 163 Orchard Street, has made an assignment to John J. Halligan.

Out of Town.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

DALLAS, Tex.—The W. A. Leyhe Piano Company, voluntary petition; liabilities, $386,359; assets, $456,854.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Mossler & Co., clothiers, involuntary petition; liabilities, $35,000; assets, $20,000.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Automatic Vending and Supply Co.—A. Argyros, $369.
Abrahams, Joseph, and New York Cloth Sponging Co.—B. Morris, $625.
Adams, Harry C., Trustee—Marion Steam Shovel Co., costs, $108.
Benson, John J.—W. B. Montgomery, $194.
Bershad, Frank—Carter Rice & Co., $128.
Brennan, Catherine T. and William A.—A. Pietrowsky et al., $342.
Bauman, Francis—A. & [illegible], $[illegible].
Brunssen, Dora—K. Beck, $299.
Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Co.—City of New York, costs, $120.
Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban Railroad Co.—Same, $134.
Brown, Elizabeth—M. Hein, $108.
Butler, John P., assignee—City of New York, costs, $288.
Cunningham, Cecil—D. Banks, $273.
Chace Trucking Co.—J. D. Braue, $250.
Claflin, Aaron—R. J. Hickson, $398.
Same—Same, $247.
Connecticut Raincoat Co. and Solomon Lear—F. McGimpsey, $1,022.
Cassen, Isaac—J. G. Kahaly et al., $150.
Dixon, Elise C.—G. C. Springer, $247.
Diott, Moses—A. Kuflik et al., $214.
Diogostino, Francisco—J. Mandel, possession of chattels, $29 or $317.
E. Miller's Sons, Inc.—West Side Bank, $1,076.
Fine, Benjamin—J. Schulman, $100.
Foster, Oscar—George Ringler & Co., $1,421.
Foreign Automobile Importation Co., Inc.—Renault Selling Branch, Inc., $311.
Friedman & Rabinowitz—City of N. Y., $109.
Goettel, Philip—Leon Mann Co., $133.
Gardner, Bertha—A. Brown, $226.
Gregory, Frank L.—R. Smith, $542.
Garofano, James and John—N. Engel, $166.
Han, Louis—L. Rothschild, $157.
Hayes, John D., & Alfred E. Van Wagner—People, &c., $1,000.
Hoetzer, Ellen—A. O. Ohlseng, $528.
Huber, Theresa—E. Kaufman et al., $155.
Hentschel, Joseph—Plaza Operating Co., costs, $129.
Hirsch, Bernard, & Runder's Old Vienna, Inc.—E. L. Richards, $527.
Jones, William J., & Elizabeth V. Taglin—Printing Publishing Co., Inc., $131.
James, Sim—C. H. Engler, $102.
Kelly, Malachi, executor—Same, $132.
Klosk Contracting Co.—International Motor Co., $421.
Krizanowsky, Stanislaw—Slovak Press, $443.
Lowenstein, Samuel—City of N. Y., costs, $143.
Leftoff, Samuel—S. Eckstein, $196.
Lamb, Arthur J.—J. A. Barkey, $2,014.
Lustig, Abe—B. Nagelberg, $2,627.
Lowy, John J.—F. Hess, $265.
Loeb, Julius—Emporium Press, $117.
Lillierose, Antoine—J. M. Ferris Co., Inc., $107.
Lockwood, Jennie S.—City of N. Y., costs, $109.
Lee, Charles—G. W. Fortier, $163.
Lanza, Carmine, Domineck, & Sandy—A. Alotta, $169.
Lordi, Giovanni—F. Masi, $897.
Montgomery, Richard M.—F. B. Keech, $1,248.
Meadows, Thomas C.—Whilden & Hancock, N. Y., $540.
Megna, Filippo and Salvatore—George Ringler & Co., $1,359.
Same—Same, $1,654.
Mill Owners Co.—Same, $874.
Mogul Auto Co.—U. S. Tire Co., $376.
McCullough, David H.—H. Harf, $441.
Mielie, Louis—J. Feldman, $238.
Myers, Jerome A., Bertha Myers, and J. A. Myers Co.—Consolidated Industrial Co., $1,137.
Mark, Mitchell H.—H. J. Halle, $1,966.
Norman L. Munro Pub. Co.—News Paper Co., Inc., $197.
Ninth Av. R. R. Co.—City of N. Y., costs, $108.
Nigro, Frank and Angelo—David Mayer Brewing Co., $1,203.
Nigro, Frank—Same, $813.
Potter, Emily H.—Anchor Post Iron Works, $226.
Powers, James—James Everard's Breweries, $101.
Plate, Edw. D. and Elizabeth—J. L. Bosch, $1,268.
Property Ins. Co., Ltd., of London, Eng.—J. Oshinsky et al., $2,672.
Robbins, Frederick—Whitney Glass Works, $144.
Rosenblath, Louis—A. Solomon, $131.
Ramagnano, Laura—I. Rothseid et al., $166.
Raisler Heating Co.—N. Goldinger, $100.
Rosson, Thomas—David Mayer Co., $1,185.
Rosenhaus, Isaac—Wood & Shephard Varnish Co., Inc., $595.
Rosenthal, David—W. F. Sweeney, $481.
Reid, Robert H.—Munn & Co., $1,402.
Silverstein, Rosie and Sophie—M. Siegel, $180.
Solomon, Rubin—H. Pearl et al., $129.
Sniffen, Robert P.—E. Selden, $2,835.
Sire, Albert—Dimock & Fink Co., $441.
Spanier, Emil—W. Baumstein, $270.
Shalleck, Max, and Dora Sussman—Alterson & Rothman, Inc., $276.
Strauss, Wm. F.—J. Ruppert, $101.
Silverman, Hyman—E. L. Richards, $784.
Saltzman, Shail—M. Brechner, $486.
Sulinski, Joseph, and Wladyslaw Chmuzynski—Zebro Contracting Co., Inc., $184.
Von Morstein, Herman—M. A. Wollins, $717.
Thomson, Robert C.—Degenhardt Construction Co., $272.
Wasserbach, John C.—Fiberloid Co., $2,849.
White, Edw. M.—I. Hanson, $258.
Same—L. Madden, $341.
Zimmermann, J. Albert—E. Hamburger, $168.
Ullman, Samuel and Adolph—B. Weinstock, $1,236.
Wasserman, Abraham and Harry—American Felt Co., $416.
Zache, Kate E.—E. H. Swan et al., $17,148.
Bohling, Bertha—G. Ruoff, $104.
Beiswenger, Gustave, and William J. Gibson—N. Schweitzer et al., $875.
Brand, Harry—Basket Importing Co., Inc., $144.
Browner, Henrietta—O. H. Dorege, $305.
Claflin, Aaron—R. J. Hickson, $247.
Same—Same, $398.
Hinners, Fred J.—Ideal Electric & Mfg. Co., $175.
Hayes, George B.—S. M. Hemenway, $690.
Horn, Isidor W.—McDermott Stone Co., $809.
Levy, Elise, and John Normoyle—L. Padula Co., Inc., $206.
Leftoff, Samuel—S. Eckstein, $196.
McNally, Anna M., and Simon T.—A. Cohen, $1,221.
Ryan, Patrick, and Upland Realty Co.—Commercial Trust Co. of New York, $7,282.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Beck, Mary A.—Albion Raincoat Co., Inc., Sept. 3, 1914, $204.
Fallek, Joseph—Interstate Electric Novelty Co., Oct. 23, 1914, $107.
Franklin's, Inc.—C. F. Howey, Oct. 30, 1914, $436.
Harris, Simon D. and Mark—E. C. Flanagan, Oct. 15, 1914, $911.
Stolz, George—H. M. Burns et al., Feb. 19, 1901, (canceled,) $2,253.
Same—J. M. Knox, Dec. 23, 1901, (canceled,) $2,035.
Same—C. Bohlinger, May 21, 1900, (canceled,) $5,318.
Handy, Henry—Van Cortlandt Realty Co., April 28, 1913, $508.
Hampton Kerosene Carburetor Co.—Walker M. Levett Co., Oct. 6, 1914, $120.
Starrm, Louis—A. A. Gillies, July 9, 1914, (released,) $1,835.
Russell, Caller L.—C. Charleton, Oct. 30, 1914, $1,291.
Siebracht, Henry A. and Henry A., Jr.—S. L. Varian, June 22, 1909, $280.
Washington Heights Hospital—C. Wollersen, July 23, 1913, $[illegible].

RAILROADS PREPARE FOR HIGHER FARES

File New Tariffs Raising the Rates Generally Between Large Cities.

TAKE COMMISSION'S HINT

Greatest Increase Between Chicago and St. Louis—Commutation Rates Are Next to be Revised.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Acting on the suggestion conveyed in the Interstate Commerce Commission's decision in the 5 per cent. rate advance case, railroads in Trunk Line and Central Passenger Association territory have filed with the commission further proposed increases in passenger tariffs. These follow increases made in commutation and mileage rates.

The new rates which are now being tabulated undoubtedly will be permitted to go into effect. The increases in individual cases are not large, nor are they uniform for all points. Some fares are increased only slightly, where it was considered that the old charges were out of line. The commission has indicated that where an allocation of costs between the two branches of service has shown that the passenger business was not paying its share it would approve a readjustment to permit an increase in revenue.

The new rates of fare between points in Central Passenger Association territory are to go into effect on Dec. 1. The increases in rates between points in the Central Passenger Association territory and points in Trunk Line territory are to become operative on Dec. 15, except on tickets from St. Louis to points in Trunk Line territory where the increase will be made Dec. 1. The same amount is added to standard and differential rates to preserve the differences.

The chief changes made by the new tariffs are the following, based on standard routes:

From New York to	Present Rate.	New Rate.
Pittsburgh	$10.50	$11.00
Cleveland	13.00	13.10
Cincinnati	17.00	18.60
Louisville	20.00	21.60
Chicago	20.00	21.10
St. Louis	24.25	24.75
San Francisco	79.75	80.25

The largest proposed increase is between Chicago and St. Louis, where the tariff is raised from $5.80 to $7.50. From Chicago to Boston the rate is raised from $22 to $23.10.

Eastern roads have a general plan for increasing commutation rates. The Baltimore & Ohio will file a notice with the commission shortly advancing rates in the territory contiguous to Baltimore, Washington, and Philadelphia, and these increases will be extended to other commuting districts.

The carriers say that in some instances existing commutation rates were fixed forty years ago, and that improvements in the service have made it necessary to obtain more revenue.

STOPS ROCK ISLAND SALE.

Court of Appeals Reverses Order Made by Judge Mayer.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals reversed yesterday the order made by Judge Mayer for the foreclosure and sale of the property of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad in the suit of the Central Trust Company, as trustee. The opinion will not be filed until next week, but the decision stays the sale, which had been fixed for Nov. 24.

The foreclosure decree was opposed by N. L. Amster and other minority stockholders, who contended that the sale of the stock in a block made it impossible for smaller stockholders to protect their rights, and that the whole plan was cut and dried before it was presented to the court.

N. L. Amster issued a letter to Rock Island bondholders yesterday, after he learned that the court had reversed the sale order, in which he said:

> The decision will mark a new epoch in railway reorganization. You need not worry about depositing your bonds. Single-handed and at my own expense and in the face of all manner of threats, pressure, and abuse I have blazed the way for you. The bondholders now have at last a chance to relieve themselves of the self-constituted "protective" committee if they will assert themselves for their mutual protection. Hundreds of bondholders have chafed under the intolerable yoke and looked to me for relief, but few of you have been willing to brave the displeasure of the men in control by openly joining me in your protection.
>
> There will be no sale of our securities until we have had ample opportunity to protect ourselves. A temporary committee will shortly be announced, consisting of large bondholders. The first act of this committee will be to call you together to select your own permanent committee. Your committee will, with your aid, seek to accomplish five separate and distinct objects, viz.:
>
> To release you from the grip of the Wallace Committee; to secure the immediate distribution among you of the railway stock without onerous conditions; to promptly remove the Reid-Moore interests and to put in control a management of your own choice; to thoroughly overhaul the accounts and advise you of the means by which your once prosperous property has been brought to its present sad plight and to fix the responsibility; to secure restitution of the many millions that I am convinced have been unlawfully diverted.

James N. Wallace, Chairman of the Bondholders' Protective Committee, said yesterday that he did not care to discuss the court's opinion until its terms were known.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education has been asked to permit the use of a part of the annex to P. S. 20, Richmond, for high school purposes until the enlargement of Curtis High School.

Permission has been granted to Michael J. Isaacs, a teacher in P. S. 14, Manhattan, to be absent from duty without loss of pay on Nov. 24 to attend the annual meeting of the New York State Teachers' Association at Albany, N. Y.

The portable building at Avenue S and Stillwell Avenue, Brooklyn, has been designated as an annex to P. S. 47.

Permission has been granted to the Principal of P. S. 123, Brooklyn, for an entertainment this evening in the auditorium of the Bushwick High School, the proceeds to be used for purchasing a moving-picture machine for the school.

The use of the gymnasium in P. S. 22, Queens, on Wednesday evenings until June 30, 1915, has been granted to the Murray Hill Social Club for "social dancing."

The art exhibit in P. S. 27, the Bronx, will be closed this evening. The proceeds will be used to buy pictures for the school.

The Elmhurst Branch of the Flushing Hospital Auxiliary will give a public entertainment in the assembly hall of the Newtown High School tomorrow evening. The proceeds will be devoted to the benefit of the Flushing Hospital.

The Parents' Association of P. S. 2, Brooklyn, will give an exhibition of pictures there from Dec. 7 to 11, inclusive. The proceeds will be used in buying pictures for the school.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 19.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Fair and much colder Fri., with a cold wave in w. and cen. Sat., fair; fresh n. w. winds.

Ga.—Fair and much colder Fri., with a cold wave, except on the coast. Sat., fair; not so cold in n. w.; fresh n. w. winds.

Fla.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; much colder Fri. in n. Sat., fair; colder in cen. and s.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; colder Fri., with a cold wave in s.

La.—Rain and colder Fri. Sat., fair and warmer; light n. winds.

East. Texas—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer Sat.; light n. w. winds.

West. Texas and Utah—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Okla.—Fair and warmer Fri. and Sat.

Ark.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer Sat.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and continued cold Fri.; Sat. fair and warmer.

Ohio—Fair and continued cold Fri.; Sat. fair and warmer; fresh n. w. winds.

Ill.—Fair and continued cold Fri.; Sat. fair and warmer; light n. w. winds, becoming s. e.

Minn.—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., cloudy; fresh s. e. winds.

Iowa—Fair and warmer Fri. and Sat.

Mo.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer.

N. Dak., S. Dak., and Neb.—Fair Fri.; warmer in s. Sat., fair and colder.

Kan.—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., fair.

"It is the talk of the town, and it deserves to be. One of its greatest values is its courage, for in it Mr. Shaw says many things no one else would dare to say. No citizen, I think, could rise from a perusal of this tract with his mind unilluminated or his opinions unmodified. Hence everybody ought to read it."

So said Arnold Bennett, the English novelist, in an article cabled to The Times, referring to, and on some points undertaking to refute,

George Bernard Shaw's

remarkable article

"Common Sense About the War"

now running in

The Sunday New York Times

No article has caused more widespread discussion than this one. It has made many people "see red." In Next Sunday's Times Mr. Shaw takes up two subjects:

Recruiting and Terms of Peace

There is hardly a sentence in his article that will not start a controversy. And it's told in the brilliant, daring style that has made Shaw world famous.

A Reply to Shaw by Christabel Pankhurst

And comment on this article by readers of the New York Times will appear with the second part of the Shaw article next Sunday.

Another article that will arouse widespread comment because of its frankness is by

Theodore Roosevelt on "The Navy As a Peacemaker."

Order next Sunday's Times in advance of your newsdealer. The Times is always sold out early.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ. Opens at 10:30 A. M., Post Office Building.
Landon<Clark. McNeil<Richmond. Indian Rfg<Buhrman. 20 Cent M C<Holcomb Co. Otis Elev<Int Co. N Y, Sus, &c, R R<Thieser, (2 acts.) Board of Trade<Tucker. Gt A & P Tea<Carey. Obermeier<Kass. O'Connor<Brower.

DISTRICT COURT—A. Hand, J.—P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
McKinnon<Ala Sects. Wagner<Stallo. Fox<East Side M Co. Fox<Taylor. Offield<CNY. Connors<Oceanic St Nav. Mariotti<NYC RR. Smith<NY NH RR. Meltzer<Penn RR. York<Bijou Circuit. Uptegraff<Penn Co. Mariotte<Kelly. Goumis<Ramsdell. Ryon<Penn RR. Same<same. Lynch<Oceanic St Nav. Reynolds<Penn RR. Boland<L I RR. N Y Life<Anderson. Ovavage<P & R C & I. Weekworth<NYNHRR. Baeltz<same. Weckworth<same. Metzler<C RR of NJ. Donoghue<Oceanic St. Nav. Yuhasz<Carnegie Steel. Helfand<Ill Surety. Andrews Co<Phoenix Amus. Smolak<St Lawrence Pyrites. Banner Rubber<Rubinsky. Masterson<NYNH RR. Young<Linder Pub. Newman<Andrews. Hamilton<Titus. Pfund<Telefunken. Anagnosti<Weld. Elwell<Elwell Rubber, (2.) Valeri<Pullman Co. Lincoln<NY, NH & H R R. Harper<Martiniqui. Webber<W Va, &c. Scocello<Kerbaugh. Stankenwicz<C R R of N J. Berard<Du Pont. Culver<Lamport & H. Steinberg<C R R of N J. Jacobson<Tri Bullion. Casella<Brooks Co. Cuppy<Gebruder, &c. Mariotte<Clinton P't. Kluck<Penn R R. William, &c<Penn Steel. Schwabe<Du Pont. Sperlman<NY, NH & H R R. Rininsland<D, L & W R R. Bronner<NY, NH & H R R. Aktieselskabet<Heller. La Rose C Mines<Anderson, (2.) Irvine<Simpson. Van Ness<C New Eng Ry. Fletcher<Travelers' I.
Note.—Cases to be sent to Rooms 227 and 401 as required.

DISTRICT COURT—Thomas, J.—P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
United Roof<Boomhower.
Note.—Cases to be sent from Room 337 as required.

DISTRICT COURT—Rose, J. Woolworth Building—At 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar.
Hill<Whalen & M, Inc. Edison<Con Chemical. Nye<Pathe Freres. Aldrich<Manahan.

DISTRICT COURT—Sanborn, J.—Woolworth Building. Adjourned for the term.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Post Office Building at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
Western Dev<Mc Kinnon. Schwartz<I R T.
Note.—Cases to be sent from Room 337 as required.

DISTRICT COURT—L. Hand, J.—Post Office Building at 10 A. M. Motion calendar.
Saw<Sessions. Wing<same. Lange<Whist. Penn Steel Co<Met St Ry. Re Yonkers Post Office Site. Finch<Davis. Re Jenkisson. Elwell<Elwell. Cent Tr<Wabash R R. Siegel<Simpson C. Kluchnik<L V Coal. Wartkus<same. Eames<Claflin. Fabre<Blaulien. Hernstein<Kapp, (2.) Merritt & Chapman<Steamer Iroquois. Vandercliff<CNY. Weingard<Hancock. Title Guar, &c<French Line. Metal Arts & Crafts<Eclipse. Same<Incandescent. Crain<Rosenthal. Morrell<Westchester. Tri Bullion S & D<Jacobson. Finch<Richardson. Same<Moore. Harris<Chappell. Same<Meyer. Lieb<Eclair Film. Re San Antonio L & I. Re same. Simplex<Renfrew. Dancey & Wolford<Craft. Re Oceanic St Nav. Re Kramer. Wagner<Stallo. Anagnosti<Weld.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J. Admiralty calendar at 10:30 A. M.
Niagara Motor Co<Nettie. Moran<Augusta W. Snow.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Bankruptcy motion calendar at 2 P. M.
Discharges. William MacLeod, Frank H. Hurd, Harry J. Koehl, Hyman A. Blumenson et al., Nathan Cohen, John W. Wilkins, Moses Housman, Harry Stahl.
Motions: Max Kobre and Moses Ginsberg, Max Kobre and Sarah Kobre, Max Kobre and Moses Ginsberg, J. A. C. Morse, Eastern Brewing Co., Berkman & Miller, Benjamin Elwin, William J. Hazard, Emanuel S. Stern, Max Kobre and Sarah Kobre, Max Kobre and Moses Ginsberg, C. E. Hopkins, L. Schwenck, Radley Steel Const. Co., Cafe Raub, Inc., Keeler Mfg. Co., David D. Jennings, Abrams Brothers, Max Kobre and Moses Ginsberg, R. H. Mollineaux, C. Rothenbach, Albeth Rich.
Habeas corpus proceeding: Re Samuel Pearl.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Motion calendar at 2 P. M.
Solotorefsky<Rosenthal.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
People<Tomlins. Skinner<Erie RR. Douglas<NYC RR.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, Laughlin, Scott, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ.—Court opens at 10 A. M.
Motions: People<Lynch. Same<Wishner. Same<Dorsch. Same<Swift & Co. Twombly<CNY. People<Ball. Same<Hotchkiss Co. Thompson<Tompkins. Smith<Waldo. Jennings<same. Harford<same. McNamara<same. Traynor<same. CNY<Linson. Belts<Belts. Murray<Simpson. People<Kettel. Rinehart<De Lonne. Jones<Bernheimer. Re Durnhan. Edgar<Fish. Ettlinger<Kramer. Nat'l Surety<Brenchard. Rosenberg<Wolfe. People<Monoton Rlty. Mechlowitz<Frost, P. & Co. McGuire & Co<Vogel & Co. Lynch<Murphy. Fentanella<NY C & H R RR Co. Mut'l Life<Stephens. Hause<Clayton. Strauss<Schloss. Van Tuyl<Schwalb. Ruff<Steiner. M Blumenthal<Wash Heights Hosp. H Blumenthal<same. Avery<same. H Blumenthal<same. Brady<Cropsey. McGrath<Carnegie Tr. Madison Tr<same. Prince<Reiser. Van Dyke<Webb. Murray<Simpson. Smidley<Schneider. Fagan<Bradley Con. Levy<Comm'l Tr. Williams<St Christ'r Club. Met L I<Hydrex Felt, &c.
Non-enumerated motions: Am Bill Postg<Springer Rlty (2 acts.) Cerf<U S Title, &c. Gillig<Hyland. Re Emmet. Robinson<Lamport. Fox<Board of Edu. Star Finance<Hickey. Same<Eutriken. Richardson<Cremins. Curran<Cook. Stocker<Ficklen. Re Farley (In re Cardon.) Allied Mfrs<Zuru. Lloyd<Silverthorn. Szumlanski<Hudson S Steel. People, &c<Keitel. McLaughlin<McL'lin. La Sala<Friedman. Orr<Hamburg-Am. Traynor<Waldo.

APPELLATE TERM.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
Re P S Com, (E 146th St.) Re Underwood Co. Tearle<Tearle. Apfel<Harris. Langfelder<Langfelder. Frank Miller Lumber<Towner. Mahon<Mahon. Parlow<Man Term'l. Re CNY, (St. Raymond Av.) London Finance<Shattuck. Same<Turner. Wagner<Wagner. Weisbrat<Schwarzschild. Hadden<Borges. Municipal Liens<Tannenbaum. Korso<Pietrowski&K. King<Gerleit. Re Hicks, (BronxBvd.) Levy&NY Trust Co. Nat S Bk<Anderson, (2 acts.) Wells<Ver Valem, (2 acts.) Wacht<Frankenstein. Weydig Henkelman Piano<Shearer. Cavinato<Piccirilli. Re Fletcher. Martin<N T L Asp. Wood<Fiske. Gluck<Nat'l Bk, N Hudson. Calhoun<Tuck. Re Clarke. Cohen<Sirowitz. Fuller<Robinson. Bond<Bond. Moller<E Corning. Oceanic Inc Co<28th St & 7th Av. Dispatti<Simberg. Davis<Levy. Re Accts Reporting. Lawyers Mtg<Dupont. Roney<Roney. Sternberger<Dupont. Schramm<Biglin. Gottlieb<Silberman. Hannon<Morris. Finn<Frank. Cahill<Kriete. Fennessy<Barse. Meehan<Wingate. Martesevitch<Walsh & Kahl. Krevitzky<Cohen. Cahill<Kriete. Noble<Noble. Burke<Italy Rlty. Re Murphy, (E 217 St.) Horwitz<Ger F Ins. Same<Concordia F Ins. Roberts<Buttikofer. Hecht<Lowenfeld. Moran<Caldwell Wingate. Voris<McGovern. Fischerauer<Hopkins. Gurney Heater Mfg<45 St Rlty. Solomon<Bernstein. MacNamara<Mac Namara. Heinze<Allison. Allison<Heinze. Campbell<Stoltz. McAllister<McAllister. Nemeroff<Nemeroff. Re MacLachlan. Re Wallstein, (Hellenstein.) Salvin<Salvin. Decker<Decker. Eckert<Eckert, Jr. Sussman<Sussman. Gormly & Smith<Salomon. Cleland<Cleland. Re Jones. Knauth<Samson. Lawdham<Schatzkin. Jacobson<Jacobson. Franklin Sav Bk<Haines. People ex rel Smith<Schneider. Sterling Bronze<Burke & Sons. General Elec<Glass. Plunkett<Plunkett. 205 E 57 St<Philipp. Riley<McGee. Re Erickson. Kupie<State Bank. Conde<Conde. 1st N Bk of Brownsville<Heinze. Gorey<Pathe Freres. Mietz<Rayles. Kobre<Kramer Con. Altschul<Friedman. Holander<Kaufman.

PART II.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Brock<Poor, (4.) Lesserman<Liberty Bldg. Stafferi<Stafferi. Glickman<Scheer. Conklin<Comm'l Tr. Mills<Coyle. Banner<Schoss. Brandwine<Brandwine. Preferred causes. Hearn<Heise. Star Con<CNY. General calendar. Garcewich<McGraw Realty. Smith<Smith & K. Buera<Gen Exp. Price<Price.

UNDEFENDED MATRIMONIAL CALENDAR.
Sierra, Hollinshed, Candela, Seraphine, Mann, Bertinasco, Dunphy, Spitzer, Rubin, Simpson, Markenson, Tiffany, Davis, Williams, Newman, Vail, Szlazak, Reda, Haug, Corse, Ginzberg, Bailey, Tilford, Seymour, Secunda, Newman, Blackburne, Hutchinson, Schaediger, Stanley, Williams, D'Allessandro, Eckerson, Gottlieb, Gebhardt, Cohen, Kamenowitz, Bolman, Pelligreno, Salkin, Bloom, Chandler, Merritt, Morosco, Williams, Thurber, Margeson, Lamkin, Mapes, Korsch, Failowitz, Tillman, Laufer, Lustbader, Lipschutz, Stuckey, Whorf, Kewell, Ochicone, Bernstein. Case on.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—Case on.
PART VI.—Bijur, J.—Case on.
PART VII.—Pendleton, J.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Blanchard, J.—Adjourned Nov. 23.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq—Porter<Scherer. Inq—Mayer<Hawkins. Inq—Tranboulsi<Abdel & Nour. Inq—Peters<Kinch. Inq—Same<Fraumere. Jones<Nat Surety. Oestreicher<Winters. Pruzan<Serv Stores. 1st N Bk, Roselle<Wupperman. Emp State Liquor<Martufi. Cohen<Novick. Schroeder<Zylka. Jacobson<Walthamsen. United Surety<Meenan. Postal Life<Burns. Alexander<Henry, (2 acts.) Comm'l Tr<Nixon. Schwartz<Cohen. Pauker<Kopf. Alton Dress & Waist<Berinstein. Baird<Mulligan. Robinson<Brighton. Unit Globe Rub<Auto Supply. Collins<Oxford. Guggenheim<Boyle. Yukon Gold<same. Case on.

PART II.—(Adjourned Oct. Term. Held in Trial Term, Part XVI.)—Page, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on. Title Guar & T<Pam.

TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Torisco<3 Av Ry. Binder<Ershonsky. Sempreviva<I R T Co. Firment<R & P C & I. Levine<I R T Co. H Moore<Goodwin. N Moore<same. Molloy<CNY. Regan<NY Rys. Mullampy<NY Rys. McHale<Arch Eng. Bernstein<B H RR. Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Kahn<NY Rys. Epstein<Rocky C Dev. Fischer<NY Rys. Wright<B H RR. Talamonti<Union Ry of N Y. Regan<Sargent. Flood<Un Ry of NY. Bach<N Y Rys. Victor<Goldberg Son. Jetter<same. McGinnis<Becker. Gray<Churchman & Co. Furey<CNY. Case on.

PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on, Littenberg<Reichman, (2 acts.) No day calendar.

PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Rhine<NY Rys. Frost<Schiff. Nelson<E E Smith C. Case on.

PART VII.—Bissell, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Werner<Barrett. Levy<same. Howland<NY Rys. Hubbell<same. French<42 St, &c, RR (2 acts.) Colatnoni<Day. Case on.

PART VIII.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq., Cook<Lewis. Sullivan<Adams. Nelson<Tompkins. Meyer<NY Con Rys. Mauer<NY Rys. Soudant<Junction Rty. Schuette<Webber. Case on.

PART IX.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq., Stobiner<Klein. Peretto<Edelstein. Selich<McAvoy. Tierney<Fulton Auto Garage Co. Tierney<same. Gansvoort Beef<Com Advertiser. L Butler<O'Brien. W H Butler<same. Hogberg<Hartford, &c. Van Riper<Ray. Moritz<Lord & Taylor. Jenks<Dieterle. Clear.

PART X.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Nadal<Schaefert. Earl<Wubbe. Bienaventa<3 Av R R. Case on.

PART XI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
R Berus<Cummings. E Berus<Cummings. Van Duzer<Stauch. Morrison<Lloyd-Phyfe. Fitzgerald<Cons Gas. Kolbrener<Bab. De Carvalho<Brunner. Lange<Ludaroff. Fechheimer<Nevins. Case on.

PART XII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIII.—Borst, J.—At 10 A. M.
Lahey<Topeka Co. Southall<New Amst Gas Co. Glass<Breser. McElroy<Fed Sign Elec Co. Lande<NY Rys. Drake<NY Rys. Case on.

PART XIV.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Burton<Burton. Strauss<Regan. Klein<Tanguay. Ansonia<Hein. Oshinsky<Rubenstone. Frooks<Ruhlin. Canazzaro<Bressi. LTannenbaum<Wilson. Smedley<Lamport. McElheny<Sprague. Wellwyn Rlty<N J T Cotta. Jacobs<Weingarten Bros. Harbison-Walker Ref<190th St Rlty. Dick<Busch. Case on.

PART XV.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Tadross<Haddad. Albrite<Thompson-S. Strauss<Green. Case on.

PART XVI.—Page, J.—No day calendar.
PART XVII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XVIII.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Roessle<Halsey. Ruiz<Yglesias, (2 acts) Greenwald Pack<Oshinsky. Nat Res Bk<Corn Exc Bank. Leikert<Byrne. Butler<Morris. Morris & Cumings<McMullen. Zagat<Zagat. Sandrock<Kramer. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar.
Patrick Sheehy. Daniel R Ambrose. Joseph Buellesbach. Jacob Berkowitz. Samuel Weidhorn. Rosario Cristao. Morris Fox, &c. Charlotte Heyman. Emma Schafer. William Hogan. Hannah M Hynes. Henry Rutherford. Barbara Keller. Annie Kayes. James B Shannon. Charlotte Heyman. Catherine Hassion. Lloyd Weill. Brady, infants. Daly, infants. Hinda Belman. Morris Markowitz. Margaret Schilling. Abram Cohen. Louis Bauer. Jeannette G Barnum. Ernest Backstrome. Magdalene Henry. Edward H Hickman. Hedwig Jacobson. Mathilde Zitzlsperger. Ellen E Gemmel. Frances D Panquin. Ellen Holland. George B Sloan. Roza Weisz. Leon Wechsler. Conrad R Gross. Gustave Kersten. Roberto D'Alessio. Henry T Cutter. Henry T Cutter. H A Flurscheim. Juliette C Henderson. Christina Kronenberger. Arthur Wrestal. Regina Wrestal. Theresa Wrestal. Evelyn M Dalley. Michael O'Connell. Thomas H Bardon. Samuel Sachs. Carolyn D Cornell. Mary A Faughnan. Sarah J Grant. Dr Louis Schaefer. Grant Stevens. Agnes Hitchcock. James McSherry. R W Henderson. Holz, infants. Mary Lawrence. Aurelia P Cassard. Eliza S Matthews. Furman N. Platt. Emma S. Beers. Francis Lavery. Carrie P Going. Henry E Cleveland. Henry H Rogers. Henry W Boettger. Henry H Rogers. Sylvestro Parciasepe. Henry Hilton. Henry Hilton.
Estates of: Wm S. Andrews. William G Walter. A Holderman, infant. Raynolds, infants. Herbert Wickenheiser. C G Walton, infant. Peter Caffrey. Julia Harnett.
Wills for probate: Annie O'Neill. James Walker. Julia Friedman. Louis Wollstein. Annie Zeichner. August Preuss. Augustine H Seaman. William Josephy. Annie Zeichner. Bertha A Nonnenbacker. Salome Weis. Sarah C Braxton. Shelden B Shaw.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estates of: George L Hall, Wm J Ziegelmeyer, Frank Burey.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—Litigated motions, at 10 A. M.
Croquet<Knight. Miner<King Tire Sig. McHale<Sec. Bank. Siegel<Goldstein. Levy<Weisberg. Kerr & Johanson<Beals. Hartman<Hertz. Fedor<Galambos. Blumberg<Cohen. Kandel<Cohen. Fischer<Gray. Snydecker<Ashley. Blumberg<Cohen. Laitman & Sons<Heskel. Ofner<Burman. Welham Co<Buffington. Merritt<Gibbons. Am Exch Cigar Co<McInerny. Agnew<Currier. Harris & Olpren<Home Ins. Small<Morse. Beers<Mayer. Cooper<Brown. De Vito<Revillo Amus (2 acts.) Katz<Chicago Merc. Skill<Americana. Ray<Manchester Gar. Monrara Bros Co<Garcia Pando & Co. Levine<Reiter. Kelt<Winter Garden. Colonial Shirt<Old Colony Ins. Clement N Bk<Avery. Gillhaus<Story (2.) Young<Friedman. Fallows<Ewald. Shapiro<Heiman. Wotherspoon<Tanguay. Miner<King Fire Sig. Braslowsky<U Smoked F. Herrmann<Queens Ld. Rothman<Fenmore I Works. Moore<P McGovern & Co. Novara<Degnon Con. McDonald<Buckley. Mullen & Buckley<Loeb. Capotosto<Rubano. Polito<Kearney. Goldstein<Goldstein. Carlin<Motor Finance. Jacobs<Schulte. Machowicz<Roebling Con. Yankelowitz<Fisher. Abrams<Proctor. David<Einseberg. Surevitzky<Terry & T Co (2.) Stearn Co<Dolberg. Boston P Metal<Gropper. Braslowsky<U Sm F. Lipsky<Wolf. Slater<Bellows.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—Ransom, J.—Court opens at 9:45 A. M.
Meyer<Rappuzo. White<Moore. Mintz<Berg Bros. Bennett<N Y Rys. Schnizel Co<US Fashion. Levy<Lacher. Koldobsin<Singer S Mach. Romano<A McMullen. Marchetti<NY Rys. Celano<Kirshman. Rega<same. Auerbach<Ramer. Somsalek<Penn R R. Karp<N Y Rys. Cong Rodelph Scholom<Bradley Con. Horowitz<N Y Rys. Fuchs<same. McMahon<East'n S D. Gallagher<N Y Rys. Fidelity, &c, Co<A. McMullen. Condok Co<Bloom. Hageman<Weingarten. Ort<I R T. Snajdr<N Y Rys. Kelmensen<Met Opera. Wishnew<N Y Rys, (2 acts.) Case on.

PART II.—Green, J. At 10 A. M.
Lapere<Freedman. White<Akins. NYC Car Adv<Reid. Friedman<Steierman. Kamarow<Edison, Inc. Scott<Silberman. Flaumenbaum<Schneider. Peck Bros Co<White. Sadale<Phelan Bros. Kitzinger<Oransky. Willis<MacDowell. Koehler<Mass. Bondg. Hoffman<Keith.
These cases will be passed for the day as, of course, without the necessity of counsel attending:
West N Bk<Suderov. Lein<Martin. No Am Audit Co<Ency Press, Inc. Levison<Toll. Greenstein<Radow. Alexander<Hepner's Cos. Wilson<Duncan. Springer<Marcus. Talianoff<Hyman & S. Pitts<Green. Lewis<Cohen. Pringler<Allen. Garnar<Godward. Levy<Hagadorn Bros. Gutter<Durkker. Eggleston<Nat Type. Berta<Armato. Nifosi<Passarelli. Fletcher<Elliott Fisher. Union Tr<Cheney. Same<same. GindeRlty<Higgins. Maynard<Gen Accdt. Moskowitz<Grwich Bk. Evans<Woodard. Fersch<Linder. Celbaud Con<A A Volk. Reilly & Bro<Stokes. Ross<Somers. Finfer<Union Cloak. Nat Nas Bk<Gilbert. Same<same. Siegbert<Smyth. Hillelson<Rosendorf. India Wharf Brew<Wasser (2 acts.) Schmidt<Masset. Ecks<Montanani. Terminal Milk Corp<Bertolotti. Taggart<Strauss. Bookinger<Fields. Steingartz<Feldman. Rosenstock<Princess. Gabbett<Prog M P Co. Smith<Calby. Marconi Co<Smith. Cohen<Anglo-Am Film. Lindner<Eisler. Wotherspoon<Tanguay. Barrett<Aronson Co. Clear.

PART III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Gribbon & Sons<Jacoby. Plymouth Rub<Rosenberg. Di Blasi<Pizzo. Schein<Trachtenberg. Gross<Metzger. Linde Air Prod<Ashton Laird. Kane<McCormick. Martin<Leitner. Heyman & Schmidt<Cronin. Du Bois<Francis Rty. Applegate<Loper. Youlin<Horowitz. Gottlieb<Streep. Ocean Acc, &c, Co<Beck. Luria<Goldstone. Ansonia<Cunningham. Ruderman<Bloch. Markel<Scheff. Braslowsky<Union SF. Longchester Realty<Block. Expert Mtge<Bergh. Clear.

PART IV., Lynch, J., case on; Part V., Finelite, J., case on; Part VI., McAvoy, J., case on; Part VII., Delehanty, J., case on; Part VIII., Smith, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Neuburger, J.—Jacobus<Openheimer—Chas. A. Runk. Franklin Sav Bank<Bloch—Isidor Cohn. Ziegler<Midville Realty Co—Wm. Klein.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Morris Mayer<Mary A Loeffler—Chester J Byrns.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Benedict, J.—Motions.
Lincoln Sq Garage<Ward. Nickerson<Gerrnberg. Boro Bk<Reynolds. Lindsey<Lindsey. Parshall<Spigel. Garrigan<Adamson. Sokoloff<C I & B RR. Keenan<Nas RR. Hanson<same. Zagame<same. Trilling<same. Williams<B H RR. Same<same. Polinsky<same. Hansen<same. Duiomo<Arbuckle. Parshall<Spigel. Hovell<Reid. Same<same. Re Charles St (Ewers) Raimo<Raimo. Yonkers<City Inv. Keenan<Milk. Dorwin<L I RR. Bourke<same. Zitzler<Ocean El RR. Lynch<L I RR. Warner<Ocean El RR. Local Un 1,006<B'hood of Painters. Re Degenkolb (Peo Tr) Rich A C Co<Morse. Re Freeman Av, (Diocese of L I.) Sharpe<Sharpe. Brunner<Brunner. Storch<Storch. Storms<Burden. Schreiber<Schreiber. Re Church Av, (Kraland.) Hubbs<Wright. Watson<Acme H. Vogt<Grismer. Rose<C I & B RR. Blaum<Crane. Chotimsky<Bershatsky. Nat'l H L Co<Silberstein. Parshall<Spigel. Pines<Novick. Masciello<Kuck. Evans<Silsby. Butterworth<Davis & Q. Re Gross, (Polish M Asso.) Re Brady, (Bd of Canvassers.) Re Deitz, (same.) Tepp<Brown. Re Fairview Ave, (Klee.) Re Joyce. Supkewicz<Chess. Same<same. Niebrzdoski<Hogan. Donato<Atl S. Stoopack<Feinstein. Christie<Downey. Re Van Dam St, (Clemente.) Clements<Baurbyte. Zuckerman<Shapiro. Margolin<Collective H. Yanofsky<Tumun. Robinson<E C & E Co. McKeon<NY & Q C Ry. Re O'Brien, (Peyser.) Nolan<CNY. Villano<same. Bleisfernich<L & L & Globe. Met Tobacco<Seligson & ano.

PART II.—Kelly, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Kapper, J.—Trials, at 10 A. M.
Inq—Well<Burroughs. Altkrug<Altkrug. Hastrich<Pilcher. Inq—Restraino<Sedulto. Inq—Henderson<Renslaw Rlty. Kuntz<Kuntz. Drescher<Benden. Milbert<Gd Knitting. Inq—Price<Price. Duss<Duss. Loeffler<Loeffler. Kessler Rlty<Brown. Peo ex rel Kimballs R Op Corp<Purdy et al. Fagin<Fagin. Kremnick<Kromnick. McNab-Harlin Mfg<O'Neil. Walsh<Lonergan. Purcell<Am Mfg.
Highest number reached 1517.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Manning, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part VI., Aspinall, J.; Part VII., Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.
Causes, irrespective of the time required for trial thereof, will be assigned on Fridays. If not finished that day, they will be carried over to the following Monday.
O'Brien<Lissberger. Walsh<C I & B RR. Goonan<B, Q Co & S R R. Kennedy<C I & B RR. Ferrall<Nas R R. Krach<NY Cons RR. Volpe & Langorne<Polo. Kaplan<C I & B RR. Halligan<Alpha Con. Kaszarnak<Holbrook, C & R. Miller<Clause. Wall<Necker. Elishewitz<B H RR. Clemente<Ottati. Cohen<B H RR. Galleli<Nas RR. Beatty<B H RR. King<I R T. Hanson<Dickson & T. Mayer<Sarrell. Vandermurray<3c Line. Donohue<Cohen. Cronin<Atl Stevdor'g. Grybowcki<530 E 72 St. Buckey<B H RR. Thau<Auto Supply. Menzer<Goldfeder. McDermott<Ramps. Regan<Saitta. Reingold<Frieder et al. Lotridge<So Bklyn Ry. Kenny<B H RR. Sealy<Nas RR. Manza<C I & B RR. Westby<Mulcahy & G. Barr<B H RR. Schwartz<Bradley Con. Heishin<Feinberg. Delaney<CNY. Rabenstein<same. Klais<Nassau RR. Bruggerman<Schaeffer.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Montana<B H R R. Russo<same. Nieghstock<Cole et al. Flood<Bridgman Smith. Gloonan<McMullen Co. Giordano<C I & B RR. Kocius<Jamison et al. Weidner<Schaeffer. Gilliver<B H R R. Block<Le Compte. Cartagine<Way. Robertson<I R T. Re Matteo<Grace and another. Bennett<Ocean Elect Ry Co. Hughes<Tax-a-cab. Smith<Holbrook, C & R. B'klyn Ch Soc<B'klyn F Kindergarten S. Schwartz<Potruch et al. Walbridge<Interstate Lighterage. Lennon<Blue Taxi. Ogaard<Daly. Moller<Hoppe. Rubenstein<Steeplechase et al. Chestnut<N Y Con R R. McDonald<Stork & an. Conlon<Burden Co. Donaghy<Moore. McKinney<Int Vaudeville. Lehrer<Pratt & Farmer. Norman<Atl Basin I Works. Murphy<N Y Consol R R. Morton<McFarland. Masilunas<Jamison et al. Damby<Newman & C. Stanton<B H R R. McCloskey<Tuttle & B. Kerrigan<Martin. Godnik<NY, NH & H R R. De Natale<B H R R. Lombard<N Y State C. Pyrz<Pitts Con. Schoenberr<Hartfield. Berger<Nas R R. Sullivan<Evans Dairy. Berandt<Sullivan. Lichtenberg<Boucher Mfg. Queck-Berner<Cook. Dalton<Wasserberg. Farrell<Gardella. Smith<Nas R R. Phillips<N Y Butchers.
Highest number, 4463.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR.—Roy, J.—At 10 A. M.
Romano<B H R R. McBride<Partridge Co. Richter<Knipe. Miller<Listing.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Francis<Ocean El Ry. Hill<Coman. Sharin<Esserman. Harlem S Bk<Siegel. Zuria<Ringsinger. People of SNY<Ferola. Brown<Garlick.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.
Donovan<Donovan. Davis<NYC R R. Potts<Bradley. Becker<Ruppert. Winetsky<Kleiner. Morrell<I R T. De Lucca<Mulcahy & Gibson, (2 acts.) Wasp<CNY. Schwartz<Silver.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—Contested will: Martha Spooner.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Thompson<Giordano. Grossman<Henser. Gehm<Arrigoni & Co. Leavitt<Cuono. Greenfield<So Bvd Ry. Corrigan<Carvel Co. Pinto<Union Ry. Kopstein<Union Ry. Guarino<Sheresheresky. McGuire<Heiman. Brooks<Carucci, (2 acts.) Chenanie<Zimmer. Burke<I R T. Tusco<Union Ry. Strunsky<same. Noack<Wolf & Co. Arnold<Conlon (2 acts). Torlentino<Gerosa. Kamisaroff<Webster Live Pltry Mkt. Puglesi<Gallick. Silver<Stein.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Eisler<Keller Const Co—Charles S Hayes. Geisler<Cunningham—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receiver Appointed.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J. Gurewitz<Neuberger—James P Bunt.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part H. Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cummings<NY & Q Co Ry. Marshall<M & Q Trac. Voight<B H RR. Schroeder<Marine Metal. Godfrey<Clay & ano. O'Neill<McWhirter Co. Doyle<NY & Q C Ry. Saxe<same. Balzer<same. Heard<B H RR. Wegge<Eppinger & Russell.
Remainder of calendar passed to Monday, Nov. 23.
Highest number reached, 625.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—Motions.
Barber<Barker. Richardson<Hass. Kleist<Kleist. Archibald<Booker. Odell<Fed Sugar. Pisco<same. McIntyre<I R T. Garber<same. Kaldenberg<Stevens. Le Salle<Smith. Indust Sav Loan<Lovell. Re Shuffle<Rhinebeck. Durazzo<Durazzo. Wood<Wood. Barozwski<Levin. Re So Aqueduct Sec. 15-17. Wittman<Brunberg. Mariotta<Keystone. Burns<same. Coleman<Mason Hanger. Antoneviczo<Nat Cond. Kuta<same. Anderson<Williams. Galvin<Fed Sugar. White Plains Garage<Lawrence. Levin<Dugan. Suzonski<Deeves. Re estate Mary E. Labold. Purdy<Purdy.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—Short cause calendar for Monday.
Boyson<Ruschkaumpt. Jacobs<Packus. Mt Vernon Trust<Esser. Schmersahl<Beach. Dorland<Dorland. MacNaughton<Kelsey. St'd Plumbing Supply<Langstine. Olsey<Wood. Betlipp<Foss. Westchester Co Brew<Vorrath. Hoch<Henning. Nangeiri<Hunter. Martin<Eymer. Mt Vernon Tr<Newstate Co. Betts<Holton. Fowler & Sellers Co<Richards. Yonkers Plumbing S<Wilson, (acts 1 and 2.)
The day calendar for Nov. 19 is passed until Tuesday.

Surrogate's Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Sawyer, S.—Wills for probate:
Eliza Ann Carpenter, George W Smith, John Oskerdan, Arrominto M Nelson, James D Foote, Jr.
Real estate proceeding: Arthur Holland, C Wilbur Vail.
Settlement of decree: Arthur Holland.
In re estate: Julia W Wilkins.
Executor's acctg.: Howard N Thompson, Charles B Hogg.
Examination: Margaret Gleason.
Discovery: Margaret Brown.
Petition for administration: Andrew M Van Tassell, Frederick E Dykman.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following declinations of appointment for the causes indicated have been approved: William P. Laffen, engaged on work with his father.
Joseph McKeever, illness; licensed fireman.
Charles M. Schroeder, clerk, second grade, temporary work; is at present employed.
Morris Schoor, clerk, second grade, temporary work; is employed with the United States Government.
Warren H. Knapp, preferred list, temporary clerk; is at present employed in another department.
Patrick J. Walsh, preferred list temporary clerk; is working under contract.
Walter MacMurray, stationary engineer, temporary work; illness.
Henry J. Steers, attendant; illness.

United States.

The commission announces for Dec. 1 a competitive examination for engineer inspector for oil and gas, for men only, to fill four vacancies in the Dept. of the Interior, for service in Oklahoma, at salaries ranging from $2,160 to $3,300 a year. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, experience and fitness, and thesis. At least six years' practical experience in oil and gas well drilling and operation, including experience with high gas pressure, caving formations, and in cementing wells to exclude water, is a prerequisite. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the Commission, Washington, D. C.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..6:51 | Sun sets..4:38 | Moon sets..7:24

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:21	10:03	3:03	3:47
Governors Island	9:39	10:20	3:32	4:24
Hell Gate	11:29	12:10	5:12	6:04

Arrived—Thursday, Nov. 19.

SS Bergensfjord, Bergen, Nov. 10.
SS Themisto, Rotterdam, Oct. 29.
SS Florizel, St. John's, Nov. 13.
SS Gregory, Barbados, Nov. 9.
SS Sao Paulo, Para, Nov. 8.
SS Bowden, Jamaica, Nov. 13.
SS Carlswood, Rosario, Oct. 12.
SS Lowther Castle, Barry, Oct. 23.
SS Pastores, Kingston, Nov. 14.
SS Honoreva, Baltimore, Nov. 15.
SS Momus, New Orleans, Nov. 14.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, Nov. 12.
SS New York City, Swansea, Oct. 30.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Adriatic	Liverpool	Nov. 11
Cameronia	Glasgow	Nov. 11
Mississippi	Brest	Nov. 5
Gorredyk	Rotterdam	Nov. 4
Elena Bistis	Gibraltar	Nov. 6
Roma	Lisbon	Nov. 8
Tula	Cardiff	Nov. 4
Montoso	Cristobal	Nov. 11
Horace	Rio Janeiro	Oct. 29
Napoli	Palermo	Nov. 6
Angel B. Perez	Barcelona	Nov. 3
Manhattan	London	Nov. 6
Maracaibo	Mayaguez	Nov. 14
Esperanza	Progreso	Nov. 14
El Rio	Galveston	Nov. 14
Progreso	Curacao	Nov. 9
City of Savannah	Savannah	Nov. 17
San Jacinto	Galveston	Nov. 14

DUE TOMORROW.

Oscar II	Christians'nd	Nov. 8
Philadelphia	Liverpool	Nov. 14
Luigi Ciampi	Naples	Nov. 9
New York (tank)	Massluis	Nov. 7
Brunswick	Rotterdam	Nov. 7
Prins Maurits	Haiti	Nov. 16
Apache	Jacksonville	Nov. 18

DUE SUNDAY.

Thessalonica	Patras	Nov. 1
Wells City	Swansea	Nov. 7
Mont Gervin	Marseilles	Nov. 6
Vigilancia	Santiago	Nov. 14
Elsborg	Partington	Nov. 6
Alamo	Mobile	Nov. 17
El Cid	New Orleans	Nov. 17
Alban	Liverpool	Nov. 13
City of Columbus	Savannah	Nov. 19

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Yumuri, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Manzanillo, Puerto Mexico	——	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Finland, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Duca d'Aosta, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
New York, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Touraine, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Frutera, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Santiago	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Santo Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Wascana, Santos	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Campista, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Sant' Anna, Marseilles	——	3:00 P.M.
Pannonia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Transylvania, Liverpool	——	10:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, London	——	10:00 A.M.
Calabria, Naples	——	12:00 M.
Yaguez, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Trent, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	——	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Alba, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market showed firmness, inasmuch as it maintained Wednesday's advance, closing prices being net unchanged to ⅛c lower, but there was an apparent feeling of apathy in speculative circles, and the market showed little buoyancy and seemed to respond sluggishly to apparent strength in the cash situation. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.18¾; No. 2 hard, $1.18¾; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.21¼, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.24¾, all nominal, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	....	....	1.23½	1.23¼	96⅛
May	....	....	1.31¼	1.31	98⅛

CONSOLIDATED WHEAT MARKET.

May	1.30¾	1.31¼	1.30⅝	1.31	1.31

CHICAGO PRICES.

December	1.16⅝	1.15	1.15⅞	1.15⅞	90⅞
May	1.22½	1.21⅝	1.22	1.22⅛	88⅛

CORN.

The corn market was only moderately active, and after a moderate early advance prices developed an easier feeling and closed ¼c to ½c net lower. In the local cash market new No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 77¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive, and prime Argentine at 78c to 79c, delivered.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	67⅝	66⅝	67	67½	71
May	71⅛	71	71¼	71¼	70⅞

OATS.

The oats market moved within a narrow range; but after showing some heaviness on reports of liberal offerings from the country prices rallied on reports that there were good export orders in the market close to a working basis. The local cash market was steady, standing being quoted at 53½ to 54c; No. 2 white, 54 to 54½c; No. 3 white, 53 to 53½c; No. 4 white, 52½ to 53c; fancy clipped white, 55 to 56c; ordinary clipped white, 53 to 54c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	50¼	49⅞	50	50	38⅝
May	54	53⅝	53¾	53⅞	42⅛

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was steady early in the day with a moderate commission house trade, but late in the session prices were irregularly weak, following a sharp break in November pork, which was attributed to liquidation by speculative longs. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 22,000; estimated for Friday, 16,000. Kansas City received 14,000 and Omaha 5,700.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	10.17	10.10	10.15	10.12	10.97
May	10.27	10.25	10.27	10.22	11.17
Ribs—					
January	10.07	10.00	10.05	10.00	11.00
May	10.32	10.25	10.32	10.22	11.15
Pork—					
January	18.75	18.62	18.75	18.57	20.95
May	19.20	19.02	19.17	19.00	20.87

COTTONSEED OIL.

A firmer tone prevailed in the market for cottonseed oil, owing largely to an absence of the selling pressure which recently characterized operations and on moderate covering. The recent weakness in cotton and lard seemed to have undermined confidence in the situation somewhat, and part of yesterday's firmness was attributed to the steadier tone which prevailed in the cotton market.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.41@5.50	5.25
November	5.35	5.35	5.41@5.48	5.40
December	5.40	5.38	5.45@5.48	5.32
January	5.68	5.55	5.61@5.62	5.50
February	..	..	5.65@5.75	5.63
March	5.87	5.85	5.87@5.88	5.76
April	..	..	5.90@6.00	5.82
May	6.20	6.04	6.11@6.14	6.00
June	..	..	6.15@6.30	6.05

COFFEE.

The local market for spot coffee showed an easier tone, and Santos 4s were quoted at 10c. This decline in values was the direct result of the recent liberal offerings on the part of a Canadian concern which is importing a large amount of coffee from Brazil and which has been offering here in invoice lots on the basis of 9¾c for Santos 4s. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were practically unchanged, with Santos 4s quoted at 8.70@8.90. Both Rio and the Santos markets were unchanged, but Rio exchange on London was ⅜d higher, at 13⅜d. A steamer cleared from Santos for New Orleans with 68,000 bags and 4,700 bags arrived at New York.

In the spot market Rio 7s were quoted at 6¼c.

COTTON.

There was very little cotton for sale in the futures market here yesterday. This tended to strengthen the impression created among local traders on Wednesday that scattering holders of old December contracts had pretty well liquidated, and that the decline in prices had been sufficient to shut out hedge selling for the time being. It is anticipated, however, that the census report due on Saturday will show a ginning of slightly over 11,000,000 bales, and the presence of such a large available supply in the South as is indicated by a comparison of ginning and into sight figures tends to promote caution on the buying side of the market. There was consequently no urgent or aggressive demand, and after a moderate advance fluctuations were somewhat irregular, with the close steady net unchanged to 9 points higher. Liverpool cables reported a small, steady market, with prices about 3 to 4 points higher at the hour of the opening here, and the local market started at a decline of 1 point on December to an advance of 3 points on July. Spot houses again seemed willing to buy old style December, which sold up to 7.03, or 18 points above the low level of Wednesday morning, and later months sold about 7 to 12 points net higher, with July leading the advance and showing a gain of 21 points from the low point of the previous day.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were ⅛c lower to 1-16c higher, but generally unchanged.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged on the basis of 7.50 for middling upland; sales nil.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	7.03	6.93	7.01@7.02	6.94
January	7.27	7.25	7.27@7.28	7.20
March	7.50	7.43	7.48@7.50	7.41
May	7.70	7.63	7.69@7.70	7.62
July	7.93	7.85	7.90@7.92	7.81
October	8.11	8.01	8.04@8.05	8.04

Note.—November and December are old style contracts, while January and later months are for new style.

COTTON STATISTICS.

RECEIPTS AT PORTS.

	Thursday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	17,373	22,264	24,956
New Orleans	11,550	10,607	10,652
Mobile	967	467	1,162
Savannah	8,866	1,985	5,878
Charleston	1,801	2,570	3,046
Wilmington	1,075	1,992	1,730
Norfolk	1,971	2,587	2,964
Other ports	366	10,484	9,916
Total	43,969	52,956	60,304
Since Friday	307,149	....	334,892
Since Aug. 1	2,329,462	....	5,079,063
Stock at all ports	1,090,300	....	1,045,668

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Thursday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	2,327	3,971	2,521
Memphis	5,248	6,935	11,462
St. Louis	2,662	6,170	5,789
Houston	18,417	16,733	9,419

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Friday.	Last week.	Last year.
Galveston	18,500	11,747	22,792
New Orleans	7,350	8,292	15,273

EXPORTS THURSDAY.

	G. B.	Continent.	Others.
Galveston	....	5,800	....
New Orleans	12,750	....	....
Savannah	....	5,900	....
New York	779	400	....
Total	13,529	12,100	....

Total exports today, 25,629 bales; since Aug. 1, 997,521 bales, against 3,561,081 bales for the same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

	Sales.	Price, Mid'ling.	Stocks 1914.	Stocks 1913.
New Orleans	3,650	7¼	189,135	205,086
Mobile	..	7¼	33,324	47,978
Charleston	..	7⅛	76,603	98,781
Savannah	1,458	7¼	165,818	209,352
Galveston	200	7⅝	394,333	294,593
Wilmington	..	7¼	35,903	36,650
Norfolk	557	7¼	42,428	41,466
Augusta	1,235	7 3-16	145,858	58,758
Memphis	2,000	7⅛	224,383	154,549
St. Louis	None	7⅝	28,430	122,279
Baltimore	..	7½	6,397	....
Philadelphia	..	7.75	6,417	....
Houston	1,854	7⅛	138,051	175,049
Boston	..	7.50	14,556	....
New York	..	7.50	75,268	42,849
Little Rock	..	6¾	38,392	42,298

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 4,533 pkgs. Prices declined further ½c on most grades of fresh creamery, and there was very limited buying interest at the lower rates. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 34c; higher scoring lots, 34½@35c; firsts, 30@33c; seconds, 26@29c; thirds, 24½@25½c; creamery, held, extras, (92 score,) 32½c; higher scoring lots, 33@33½c; firsts, 29@32c; seconds, 26@28½c; State dairy, finest, 32@33c; good to prime, 28@31c; common to fair, 23@27c; process, extras, 25½@26½c; firsts, 24@25c; lower grades, 22@23c. imitation creamery, firsts, 23¼@24½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 22@22½c; seconds, 21@21½c; lower grades, 19½@20½c; packing stock, held, fine, 21½@22c; current make, No. 2, 21½c; lower grades, 19@20c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 5,293 cases. New laid eggs continue extremely scarce. Any lots of fresh gathered showing a good proportion of such sell very promptly at firm prices, the tendency for these being in sellers' favor. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 39@42c; extra firsts, 37@38c; firsts, 34@36c; seconds, 27@32c; fresh and Fall gathered, undergrades, 21@26c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 23@24c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@22c; checks, good to prime, dry, 21@22c; undergrades, 14@20c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 25@25½c; firsts, charges paid, 23½@24½c; seconds, charges paid, 22@23c; undergrades, 16@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fancy large, new laid, 55@58c; defective, 40@53c; gathered whites as to size and quality, 33@53c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 42@45c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 32@42c; near by, refrigerator, whites, 26@28c.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Patria, at Naples, Nov. 16.
SS Howick Hall, Arica, Nov. 17.
SS Massasoit, at Bombay, Nov. 14.
SS San Lorenzo, at Port Victoria, Nov. 18.
SS Tyr, at Greenock, Nov. 19.

Sailed.

SS Prudenza, from Fiume, Nov. 10.
SS Britannia, from Marseilles, Nov. 16.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 85 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 304 miles S. at noon.
SS Olinda, Antilla to New York, was 237 miles S. at noon.
SS El Cid, New Orleans to New York, was 162 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 166 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Brazos, San Juan to New York was 261 miles N. of San Juan at noon.
SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 405 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS John D. Rockefeller, Copenhagen to New York, was 500 miles E. of Nantucket at 7 P. M.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 530 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, passed Martin's Industry at 7:30 P. M.
SS Windber, Bellingham to New York, was 300 miles S. of Hatteras at 8 P. M.
SS Maracaibo, San Juan to New York, was 154 miles S. at 4 P. M.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 140 miles S. at 5 P. M.
SS Nickerie, Colon to New York, passed Scotland at 6:43 P. M.
SS Antilla, Havana to New York, was 300 miles E. of Vera Cruz at noon.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 20, SS New York.
Germany—Service suspended.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Nov. 21, SS Touraine.
Austria—No sailing at present.
Belgium—No sailing at present.
Greece—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 20, SS Finland.
Hungary—No sailing at present.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. Nov. 30, SS Sabine.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 30, SS Rotterdam.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 20, SS Duca d'Aosta.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Makura .... Nov. 20
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru .... Nov. 23

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Oct. 17; Hongkong, Oct. 20; Shanghai, Oct. 23; Yokohama, Oct. 31, and Honolulu, Nov. 10—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Chiyo Maru, were dispatched east on Nov. 16, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Nov. 21.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York. Open All Year
Garden City Hotel
GARDEN CITY, L. I.
Special Winter Rates
One of the Most Exclusive Country Hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found. Every outdoor and indoor amusement. Excellent schools. 18 miles from New York. Frequent electric train service, 35 minutes. Write for illustrated Booklet and rates.
J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

GEDNEY FARM HOTEL
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
22 miles from New York, fast electric train service. Excellent Orchestra and Ballroom.
Country Club and Golf Course. Tennis, Polo, Swimming Pool, Billiards, Bowling.
American Plan, Grill Room a la Carte. Rates and booklet on request.
J. A. SHERRARD, Proprietor.
Telephone White Plains 2300.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
Specially Low Winter Rates.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach Atlantic City.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR. CAPACITY 600.
"NEW ARBOR DANSANT."
A Delightful Place to spend the Fall and Winter Months.

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. "Latz-keller"; grill, orchestra; dancing; garage. MACK, LATZ & CO.
The only hotel having its own ocean pier for free use of guests.

HOTEL RUDOLF
On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra.

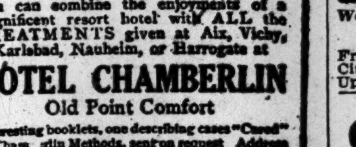
Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD.
BEECHWOOD VILLA
First-class House. Fine Sun Parlor and Porch. Write for Booklet.
M. L. Bioren, Manager.
Estate of M. A. Paul. Phone connection.

Oak Court Hotel LAKEWOOD, N. J.—Modern and homelike; dancing. E. E. SPANGENBERG, Mgr.

VIRGINIA.



The Delights of Getting Well
You can combine the enjoyments of a magnificent resort hotel with ALL the TREATMENTS given at Aix, Vichy, Karlsbad, Nauheim, or Harrogate at
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Old Point Comfort
Interesting booklets, one describing cases "Cured" by Chamberlin Methods, sent on request. Address
GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

GEORGIA—Augusta.

HAMPTON TERRACE
WINTER HOTEL RESORT
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA
18-Hole Golf Course—Automobile Roads.
OPENS JANUARY 10.
For reservations and booklet address
HOTEL WARRINGTON,
161 Madison Av., N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
Best to Carolina and Florida Resorts.

FOR SALE.

SUITS, OVERCOATS, ETC., $12.
$1 DOWN $1 WEEKLY
MEN'S CLOTHES ON CREDIT
READY MADE. MADE TO ORDER.
HAMILTON-MARTIN Co., Tailors
Special—Full Dress Suits—Weekly Payments.
171 BROADWAY, Enter 5 Cortlandt St.



To CALIFORNIA
VIA NEW ORLEANS
WASHINGTON-SUNSET ROUTE
See the Land of Romance IN ITS Most Fascinating Garb FROM FAST FLYING TRAINS PERFECT IN APPOINTMENT
New York-New Orleans Limited
Sunset Limited
Daily—14 hours quicker time—All Pullman Steel Equipment—No extra fare
PERSONAL CONDUCTORS
DAILY TOURIST SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE
WASHINGTON-SUNSET ROUTE,
Offices: 39-366-1158 Broadway, 264 Fifth Ave., at 29th St.
1915—THE EXPOSITION LINE—1915
Write for Travel Romance, "In the Wake of the Setting Sun"

Holland-America Line
21-24 State St., New York
Sailing under Neutral DUTCH Flag
The Magnificent
Steamer ROTTERDAM will sail
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, NOON
for NAPLES and GENOA



Keeping "Fit"
That's the secret of many a man's success. If you are going South on business include a sea voyage as part of your trip. A small expense in time but a wise precaution in health.
New York to Jacksonville
Direct without change
Calling at Charleston, S. C.
Fares include all meals and stateroom accommodations while at sea. Direct rail connections to all points south and southeast, including
Atlanta, Macon, Augusta, Mobile New Orleans
Newest, finest vessels in coastwise service. Staterooms with bath; also without bath but with private toilet en suite.
Address all correspondence to
Clyde Steamship Co.
Pier 36, North River, New York
—or call at—
Ticket Offices: 290 & 958 Broadway, N. Y.

New York to San Francisco
VIA THE PANAMA CANAL
New Passenger Service
S.S. S. V. LUCKENBACH
9,000 Tons Displacement. Under U. S. Flag.
Sails Jan. 4 & March 6, 1915
For rates and further particulars apply to
Luckenbach Steamship Co., Inc.
Telephone 2080 Broad. 8 Bridge St., New York
Or any of the Principal Tourist Agencies.

To PORTLAND, Me.
$3.00 MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
Low fares to all points East and North of Portland
Passenger Service, S. S. North Land from New York Nov. 21-26, Dec. 1-5-10.
Freight Service every Tues., Thurs., and Sat. Steamers leave Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., 5 P. M.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

ALBANY LINE
Steamers leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M., Daily and Sunday. Phone 9400 Spring
Fare $1.50
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO

BAY STATE LINE
$2.50 BOSTON $2.50
Worcester, $2.50; Providence direct, $1.50.
OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:00 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. 'Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.60
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.60
Week days and Sundays at 5 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Telephone Spring 9491.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P.M.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
Newburgh, P'keepsie, Kingston, Franklin St., 4; W. 129th St., 4:30 P. M. Highland Falls, West Point, Cold Spring, Cornwall, Newburgh. Franklin St., 5 P. M.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Service discontinued until May, 1915.

TO HOLD WAR PICTURES.
To preserve copies of The New York Times, Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra handsome binders sent through by mail—cloth for $1.00; imitation leather, $1.50, and half leather, gold trimmed, for $1.75. Holds complete file for one year. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Winter Trips and Cruises
HAVANA
Interesting and restful, because of the fascinating charms of tropical life and climate. Excellent hotels.
Sailings from New York each Thursday and Saturday at noon. Through rates to Isle of Pines, Santiago, etc.
NASSAU
In the Bahamas, offers many attractions as a Winter Resort. Balmy climate, charming social life, golf, bathing, boating, tennis, polo, motoring, etc.
Other attractive short trips and cruises at low rates. Write for booklet.
NEW YORK & CUBA MAIL S. S. CO., (Ward Line)
General Offices, Pier 14, E. R., N. Y.

CUNARD
Established 1840
Fastest Steamers in the World.
Aquitania, Lusitania, Mauretania
Regular Uninterrupted Service
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL
Transylvania..Sat., Nov. 21, 10 a.m.
New Twin-screw Geared Turbine, 15,000 Tons
Franconia.....Sat., Nov. 28, 10 a.m.
"LUSITANIA" Sat., Dec. 5 10:00 A. M.
Orduna......Sat., Dec. 12, 10 a.m.
New Triple Screw Turbine, 15,500 Tons
Transylvania (New) Sat., Dec. 19, 10 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
Azores, Gibraltar, Naples, Patras
Calabria Sat., Nov. 21, noon
Company's Office, 21-24 State St., N.Y.

American Line
Under the American Flag
New York—Liverpool
New York, Nov. 21, n'n | Phila., Nov. 28, n'n
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London
Min'waska, Nov. 21, 10 am | Min'haha, Dec. 5, 10 am
White Star Line
New York—Liverpool
Adriatic..Nov. 25, n'n | Megantic..Dec. 2, n'n
New York—Italy—Greece
Via Azores and Gibraltar
UNDER THE AMERICAN FLAG.
FINLAND, NOV. 21, NOON.
Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Italy
CRETIC....Nov. 21 | CANOPIC....Dec. 12
Company's Office, 9 Broadway, New York.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for HAVRE
LA TOURAINE . Nov. 21, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . . Nov. 28, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Dec. 12, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Dec. 19, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . . Dec. 26, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
Company's Office, 19 State St., N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
DIRECT TO ROTTERDAM
Twin Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
*Rotterdam......Dec. 3, noon | Potsdam......Dec. 22
New Amst'dam...Dec. 8, noon | Ryndam......Dec. 29
*Sails for Naples and Genoa.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
From Pier 56, N. R., (foot W. 14th St.)
Pannonia, Nov. 21, noon | Pannonia, Dec. 26, noon
From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
Cameronia, Nov. 28, noon | Columbia, Dec. 12, noon
1st Cabin, $85; 2d Cabin, $55; 3d Class, $35.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 21-24 State St.

FABRE LINES
The Southern Routes to the Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, and Marseilles, and to Algiers, Naples, Nice, and Marseilles.
SANT' ANNA...Nov. 21 | ROMA...Nov. 27
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N.Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Taormina......Nov. 25 | Caserta......Dec. 8
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

Brazil Neutral fast twin-screw passenger steamers to East Coast South America via Barbados. Sailings every 3 weeks. S. S. "Sao Paulo," Nov. 30; S. S. "Rio de Janeiro," Dec. 17. Lloyd Brazileiro, J. J. Slechta, Agent, 17 State St., New York.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
Regular sailings to Bermuda and West Indies. Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts., 22 State St.

SAVANNAH LINE For All Points SOUTH.
New York Office, 501 Fifth Avenue.

Autumn Tours To All Prominent Resorts FRANK TOURIST CO., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
To all points South and West. Every Weekday at 3 P. M., Pier 25, North River. Tel. 3900 Franklin.

DELAWARE-HUDSON S. S. CO.'S Steamer Mandalay season closed for 1914. Sailings will be resumed early next Summer.

For Investment

We offer a limited amount of the 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock (with a bonus of 50% in Common Stock) of a manufacturing corporation whose business has been established for 70 years.

The Company is conservatively capitalized at $3,500,000 and its financial position is strong.

The Company's product is sold mainly to municipalities, hence the business is stable and receivables sound.

The past fiscal year has been the most prosperous in the history of the Company, showing large earnings for the Common Stock after payment of all charges and Preferred Stock dividends.

The management is strong and conservative and the directors are experienced men of national prominence in industrial and financial affairs.

Further information and price will be furnished upon request.

Hallowell & Henry
Investment Securities
52 Beaver St. New York

Investing for Income

There are people without number whose sole support is the income derived from their investments. Many of these people, instead of spending all their income, are able to reinvest some part of it, thereby gradually adding to their principal. If you are among those investing for income, you are undoubtedly on the lookout for long-term investments, which, in addition to being well secured, are obtainable at prices to yield good average returns over a series of years. In this event, you certainly should not fail to inform yourself as to current offerings of sound investment bonds.

Ask for our Circular No. 1464
Describing Various Bond Issues

Spencer Trask & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York

1857 — 1857

Standard Oil

Since the resumption of unrestricted trading in Standard Oil Stocks last week, they have enjoyed a sharp rise in prices.

Call or write to our Department of Service for information on any of these issues.

F. S. Smithers & Co.
Established 1857
44 Exchange Place
Members of New York Stock Exchange

High-Grade Investment Securities

Knauth-Nachod & Kühne
New York · Leipzig

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
TOBACCO STOCKS
UNLISTED STOCKS
JENKS, GWYNNE & Co
15 Broad St.
Tel. Hanover 7474
Members N.Y. Stock Exch'ge.

Direct Private Wires TO ALL Grain Markets
MEMBERS CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
LOGAN & BRYAN
NO. 2, BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO.
115 BROADWAY
Phone 1960 Rector New York

$300,000
City of San Francisco
5s
1924 to 1956
Price 101 and Interest
Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
14 Wall Street. New York
Correspondents:
R. L. Day & Co. Boston

W. N. COLER & CO., BANKERS.
Established 1870.
43 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Public Trading in Bonds Postponed—Conditions Continue Favorable.

The reversal by the Stock Exchange Committee of Five of its decision to open the Exchange for trading in bonds next Monday was the outstanding event in financial affairs yesterday. The Stock Exchange having yet to learn the high value of frankness in dealing with the public maintained an air of mystery about this sudden change of position. It does not follow at all from this, of course, that the reasons were not sufficient, but whatever they were the public was left in doubt concerning them. The day's events in themselves supplied no explanation of the Stock Exchange's abandonment yesterday of the decision which it reached on Wednesday. The bond market continued strong, the money market was easier, and the exchange market, although considerably higher at the opening, reacted later in the day. At no time was the rate above what could fairly be regarded as a normal level.

Even if the matters which developed yesterday should result in an indefinite postponement of the throwing open of the Stock Exchange for bond trading it would not necessarily follow that the re-establishment of the Stock Exchange money market should also be postponed indefinitely. Bankers expressed the opinion yesterday that without regard to the resumption of public trading in bonds or stocks there was no serious obstacle in the reopening of the money market. There is now an abundance of money, which will be further accentuated upon the publication of this week's bank statement showing the large increase in reserve resulting from the reduced reserve requirements.

It is, of course, clearly understood that the banks will not be disposed to force money on the market merely because the legal requirements have been lowered, but the fact that they have been lowered and that new facilities have been created greatly increasing the efficiency of bank reserves are definite factors making for a freer and easier money market. But so long as the ordinary machinery for borrowing money on call is lacking there will be difficulties in the way of establishing that free flow of credits based on securities which is needed to render entirely liquid again the large amount of money which is loaned on stocks and bonds. To liquify those funds is an object well worth attaining quite apart from the question whether public trading in bonds and in stocks is to be resumed soon or not for a good while to come.

Information is again becoming available regarding current prices for bonds, and it will doubtless become available for stocks also if the resumption of public quotations of securities is too long postponed by the Stock Exchange. It was clearly understood from the start of the restrictive measures wisely adopted by the Stock Exchange that the markets could not be controlled indefinitely and that unofficial markets would grow up if official markets were not provided when the demand for securities again became broad enough to create a real market. That for some time has been the case, and it has been highly gratifying that for a good while the tendency in both stocks and bonds has been decidedly forward. The decision of the committee to postpone public trading, so far as can be judged by any facts which the committee has brought to light, is likely to put as much restriction on buying as on selling, but that decision fortunately does not put an end to trading.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	30 Days.	90 Days.		30 Days.	90 Days.
New York	5½	6	Atlanta	6	6½
Philadelphia	5½	6	Richmond	6	6
Boston	6	6	Minneapolis	6	6½
Chicago	6	6	Kansas City	6	6½
St. Louis	6	6	Dallas	6	6½
Cleveland	6	6	S. Francisco	6	6½

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Per Cent.
Prime bills, three to four months 4¼

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	New Loans.	Standing Loans.	
On call	5	5½	
	60 Days.	90 Days.	4 to 6 Mos.
On time	5	4¾@5	4¾@5

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Per Cent.
Four to six months, best names ....5@6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Cable and Sight Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.88⅝	$4.87½	$4.88¼
Cables	4.89	4.88¾	4.88⅞

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or Check.)	Cable.
London	$4.88½	$4.88⅞
Paris	5.12	5.11
Berlin	.86⅜	.86½
Switzerland	5.22	5.21
Holland	.40 9-16	.40¾
Italy	5.40	5.39½

New York Clearing House exchanges, $242,957,903; balances, $11,055,361; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $101,192.

The local banks lost $8,178,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 5c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Minneapolis, 20c premium; Cincinnati, par; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London, 22⅞d, off 1-16d; in New York, 49¼c, off ⅛c.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Receipts and expenditures for Nov. 17:

	Nov. 17.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$845,059	$9,319,167	$85,236,710
Ordinary	572,783	12,556,723	120,359,534
In. & cor. tax.	6,636	164,017	8,865,999
Miscellaneous.	156,320	1,159,499	30,233,969
Total	1,580,399	23,633,401	244,465,814
Expenditures	2,206,946	35,822,002	297,946,775
Deficit	626,546	12,188,600	53,480,961

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The following is the weekly statement of the Bank of England:

Total reserve	£55,707,000
Circulation	35,313,000
Bullion	72,570,142
Other securities	107,103,000
Public deposits	16,286,000
Other deposits	147,335,000
Notes reserve	55,155,000
Government securities	18,601,000

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 34.04 per cent.

Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the local Metal Exchange trading was quiet. Tin, in five to twenty-five ton lots, was quoted at 32.00@32.50. Lead was quoted at 3.90, and spelter at 5.20.

Cables from London reported quotations of £53 17s 6d for spot copper, and £54 for copper futures. Tin was quoted at £135 15s. Lead at £18 5s, and spelter at £25 5s.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sales of two Stock Exchange seats, notice of which was given last week, were by Charles Le B. Homer to George Henry Warren, Jr., and by August De Neufville to Tracy L. Turner. The price in both cases was $38,000. Eugene Hale, Jr., has been elected a member of the Exchange.

The $4,000,000 one-year Hocking Valley Railroad notes, recently bought by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank, have been resold at 99½ and interest.

The statement of earnings of the American Power and Light Company, published in these columns yesterday, was for the three Western subsidiaries of that company, Kansas Gas and Electric, Pacific Power and Light, and Portland Gas and Coke, and not for the American Power and Light Company as a whole.

The Protective Committee for the prior lien mortgage 4½ per cent. 30-year gold bonds of the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railway Company of Illinois gave notice yesterday that no deposits of bonds would be accepted after Nov. 30, except by its consent. The Equitable Trust Company is the depositary.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the second week of November show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those reporting gains and those reporting losses being given separately:

Three roads	$1,283,459	+ $69,341
Twelve roads	6,749,642	—2,340,747
Total (15 roads)	8,033,101	—2,271,406

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC for the year ended June 30—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	10,872,690	10,445,169	9,756,266
Exp. & taxes	8,084,167	7,389,959	6,762,002
Net	2,788,523	3,055,210	2,994,264
Other income	477,606	554,435	313,991
Total income	3,266,129	3,609,645	3,308,255
Int., rent, &c.	1,351,786	1,357,092	1,361,090
Balance	1,914,342	2,252,553	1,947,165
*Impr. addi.	1,324,563	1,024,649	579,342
Balance	589,779	1,227,904	1,367,822
Preferred div.	122,670	122,670	122,670
Balance	467,109	1,105,234	1,245,153
Prev. surplus	5,912,285	4,996,050	4,076,895
Total surplus	6,379,394	6,101,284	5,322,048
Common div.	328,900	328,900	328,900
Sun. adj. cr.	24,760	139,901	2,903
P. & L. surp.	6,075,254	5,912,285	4,996,050

*Improvements, additions, and betterments which revert to lessor.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC for October—

Mileage	10,542	10,872	10,307
Gross	12,005,046	13,512,897	13,915,714
Net	4,642,884	5,499,121	5,749,628
Taxes	560,482	563,308	478,829
Net income	4,082,402	4,935,813	5,270,799
4 mos. gross	47,251,123	50,276,307	50,845,185
Net	16,868,656	18,872,704	21,069,480
Taxes	2,240,638	2,282,529	1,886,067
Net income	14,628,018	16,590,175	19,183,413

Miscellaneous Earnings.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER for October—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	$446,704	$445,821	$882
Net	234,389	231,753	2,636
Sur. aft. chgs.	107,619	105,093	2,525
4 mos. gross	1,761,702	1,739,297	22,404
Net	914,812	890,545	24,266
Sur. aft. chgs.	399,002	390,292	8,709

WESTERN POWER CO. for October—

Gross	227,598	224,893	2,705
Net	158,459	119,878	38,581
Sur. aft. chgs.	70,002	38,874	31,128
12 mos. gross	2,686,747	2,662,298	24,449
Net	1,771,832	1,697,843	73,989
Sur. aft. chgs.	799,108	721,932	77,176

CURRENT BOND PRICES.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Atchison gen. 4s, '95	90¼	90¾	90½	91
Atchison cv. 4s, '60	91¼	92¾	90½	91½
Atchison adj. 4s, '95	80½	81½	81	82
A. C. L. 1st 4s, '52	86⅞	87½	87½	89
A. C. L. col. 4s, '52	84	86	83¾	85
B. & O. 1st 4s, '48	88¼	89	88	89
B. & O. cv. 4½s, '33	84¼	84¾	84	84½
B. & O., Pitts., L. E. & W. Va. 4s, '41	80	82	80	81
B.&O.,So.Div.,3½s,'25	88¼	88½	88¼	88½
Cen. of Ga. 1st 5s,'45	100½	..	100½	..
C. & O. 1st con.5s,'39	100	102	99	101
C. & O. gen. 4½s, '92	83	85	83	85½
C. & O. cv. 4½s, '30	67½	69	67½	69
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, '21	94¾	95½	95	95⅝
C., B. & Q. gen.4s, '58	89½	90	89½	90
C.,M.&St.P.gn.3½s,'89	77	79	77	79
C.,M.&St.P.gen.4s,'89	89	92	89	92
C.,M.&St.P.gn.4½s,'89	98	99	97¼	98
C.,M.&St.P.cv.4½s,'34	96½	97	95¾	96¼
C., M. & St. P. gen. & ref. 4½s, 2014	90	91	..	..
Chi. N. W. g. 3½s,'87	77¼	78¼	77⅞	78¼
Chi. N. W. g. 4s, '87	91	93	91	93
C., R.I. & P.gen.4s,'88	78	80	76	80
C., R.I. & P.ref.4s,'34	64	65	64¾	66
C., R.I. & P.deb.5s,'32	52	54	51	54
Clev. S. L. 1st 4½s,'61	91	92	91	92
Col. So. 1st 4s, '29	83	85	83	85
Col. So. 1st 4½s, '35	70	75	70	75
Del. & Hud. ref.4s,'43	91½	94	91¼	..
D.&R.G. 1st con.4s,'36	72½	80	72½	80
D. & R. G. rf. 5s, '55	42	45	42	45
Erie prior lien 4s, '96	72	80	70	80
Erie con. 4s, '96	64	66	63	65
Erie cv.5s,'53,SeriesA	59	61¼	59	61¼
Erie cv.4s,'53,SeriesB	58	60	58	60
Great Nor. 4½s, '61	97¼	100	97¼	100
Ill. Cent. 1st 4s, '51	93	..	93	..
Ill. Cent. 1st 3½s, '51	81	..	80	..
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s, '55	86½	87½	86½	87¼
Ill. Cent. C., St. L. & N. 5s, '63	100	..	..	..
K. C. So. 5s, '50	89	90	89¾	90¼
K. C. So. 1st 3s, '50	67	68½	67	68½
L.V.gen.con.4½s,'2003	95¼	96	95¼	96
L. & N. unif. 4s, '40	90½	91½	90	91
L. & N., So.Ala.5s,'63	99½	100	..	..
Mo. Pac. cv. 5s, '59	35	36½	35	36½
N. Y. C. 3½s, '97	78	79	78	79
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	84	..	86	..
N.Y.C.,L.S.col.3½s,'98	78	80	78	80
N.Y.C.,L.S.deb.4s,'28	90¼	91	90	90½
N.Y.C.,L.S.deb.4s,'31	89¼	90	89	89¾
N. Y. C. ref. 4s, 2013	85¼	86	..	..
Norf. & W. con.4s,'96	92	93	89	..
N. & W. cv. 4½s, '38	98¼	99¼	98¼	99½
Nor. Pac. p. l. 4s, '97	90	90½	90½	92
Nor. Pac. gen. 3s, '47	64	66	64	66
Penn. cons. 4s, '48	97¼	97¾	97	97½
Reading gen. 4s, '97	92	92½	91	92
S. A. L. 4s, '50, stpd.	77	80	75	80
S. A. L. adj. 5s, '49	60	62	62	65
So. Pac. col. 4s, '49	83	85	83	85
So. P. (C.P.) rf.4s,'49	86½	87½	87	87½
So. Pac. ref. 4s, '55	86½	87	86½	87
So. Pac. cv. 4s, '29	80¼	80⅝	80⅝	80¾
So. P. 20-yr. cv.5s,'51	94¾	95	95	95½
So. Ry. cv. 5s, '94	99½	100	99½	100
So. Ry. dev. 4s, '56	63	..	..	63
Un. Pac. 1st 4s, '47	93¾	94¼	93½	94½
Un. Pac. cv. 4s, '27	86	87	86¼	87
Un. Pac. ref. 4s, 2008	88	90	88½	89½
U. P., (Ore.S.L.)4s,'29	86	88	86	..
West Shore 4s, 2361	88	90	88	..
Traction.				
B. R. T. 5s of 1918	98⅛	98⅝	..	..
Det. United 4½s, '32	64	65	64	66
Inter.-Met. 4½s, '56	71	71½	70½	71
Inter.-Met. ref. 5s,'66	96½	97	96½	97
Man. Ry. stpd. 4s, '90	86	88	86	..
Industrial.				
Am. Smelt. Sec. 6s,'26	97¾	99	..	..
Beth. Steel ref. 5s, '42	83	84	83	83¾
Cent. Leather 5s, '25	97¼	98	97	98
Distillers' 5s, 27	55	..	55	..
Ind. Steel 5s, 52	96¼	97½	96¼	97½
Texas cv. 5s, '31	95½	96½	95½	96
U. S. Rubber 6s, '18	100½	102	..	..
U. S. Steel 5s, '63	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
West. Elec. 5s, 31	90	90½	90	90¾
Telephone.				
Am. T. & T.cv.4½s,'33	93¾	94¼	94	94¾

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar. 15,'15	99⅞	100¼	4.62
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1915	99¼	100¼	4.60
Am. T. & T. sub	5	Apr., 1916	99⅝	99¾	5.15
Am. Tob. sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅝	100¾	5.05
Balt. & O.	4½	June, 1915	99⅝	99¾	4.95
Beth Steel	5	June 11,'15	99¼	99⅝	5.65
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	101⅝	102⅛	5.70
Ches. & O.	5	June, 1919	88¼	89¼	7.40
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99	99½	5.60
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	94	98	6.35
Con. Gas Co.	6	June, 1915	100⅝	100 11-16	4.50
Con. P.. Minn.. pay M. & N.	6	May, 1917	95	97¾	7.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99	99½	6.33
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	97	97½	7.90
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	94½	97	6.75
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100¼	100⅝	5.20
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99	99¼	5.20
H. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	90	96	14.00
Hock. Val.	6	Nov., 1915	99¼	100	6.00
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15,'15	99⅞	100⅛	4.50
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97½	99	8.45
L. S. & M. S.		June, 1915	4.90	4.58	..
Louis. G. & E. pay A. & O.	6	Apr., 1918	95	97	7.00
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar. 2,'15	99½	100	4.50
Min. Gen. El., pay J. & J.	6	June, 1917	98	98½	5.60
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	..	99½	7.65
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	87½	91	9.85
N. Y. Cent.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅝	99⅞	5.35
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	99	99½	5.60
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep. 15,'15	98½	99¼	5.60
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	98½	99¼	5.90
N.Y.N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	92	97	13.25
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar. 25,'15	99⅝	100	5.00
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	98⅝	98⅞	4.80
P. S. Corp. of N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	97½	98⅛	6.25
Sea. Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	97¼	98⅝	6.00
South. Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	97⅛	99	5.85
South. Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97¼	98	5.95
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	98½	100	6.00
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	95	95¾	6.35
Un. Type'r	5	Jan. 15,'16	96	98½	6.35
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	100	100½	5.75
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	96½	97¼	5.90
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	96	99	6.50
Western Pow. pay J. & J.	6	July, 1915	99	99½	6⅞

NEW YORK CITY NOTES.

N. Y. City	6	Sep., 1915	101	101¼	4.37
N. Y. City	6	Sep., 1916	102⅝	102½	4.52
N. Y. City	6	Sep., 1917	103⅝	103⅞	4.55

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	310	315
American Light & Traction pf	104	107
Adirondack Electric Power	10	12
Adirondack Electric Power pf	36	40
*American Gas & Electric	80	84
*American Gas & Electric pf	45	47½
American Power & Light	55	62
American Power & Light pf	80	83
American Public Utilities	35	45
American Public Utilities pf	63	68
American Waterworks & Electric	3½	5
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf	13	16
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	50	52
Cities Service	42	46
Cities Service pf	52	56
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	55	58
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	75	79
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	85	89
Electric Bond Deposit pf	..	55
Empire District Electric 5s	..	76
Empire District Electric pf	..	70
Federal Light & Traction	14	18
Federal Light & Traction pf	55	65
Gas & Electric Securities	..	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf	..	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	..	25
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	14
North. Ontario Light & Power pf	50	55
Northern States Power	18	20
Northern States Power pf	76	78
Ozark Power & Water	..	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	37½	38½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	77	81
Republic Ry. & Light Co	17	20
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	65	75
Southern California Edison	73	76
Southern California Edison pf	87	91
*Standard Gas & Electric	5½	7
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	17	20
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	9	12
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf	41	50
United Light & Railways	40	45
United Light & Railways 1st pf	65	70
United Light & Railways 2d pf	60	65
Utah Securities	16½	18
Western Power	13	15
Western Power pf	51	54

*Par value, $50.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading on the Curb Moderate in Volume and Largely in the Specialties.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 106,790 shares of stocks. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 16,879; oils, 836, and mining, 89,075. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. L. & T.	303	310	303	310
100	Brit.-A. Tob., ord. bearer	16	16	16	16
310	Kelly Sp. T.	57	60	57	60
50	Kelly Sp. T., new, 1st pf.	75	75	75	75
44	Kelly Sp. T., new, 2d pf.	90	93	90	93
300	Max. M. com.	14½	14⅝	14½	14⅝
100	Max. M.1st pf.	44	44	44	44
100	Max.M. 2d pf.	18	18	18	18
2,000	Riker & Heg.	8⅛	8⅝	8⅛	8⅝
6,000	*Riker &H.rts.	30	35	30	35
1,800	Sterling Gum.	4⅝	4¾	4⅛	4⅝
4,000	U. C. St., new	8⅝	8¾	8½	8⅞
25	W. Film Corp.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
2,020	U. P. S. Corp.	11¾	12⅜	†11½	12¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
200	A.-Am. Oil	14⅞	14¾	14⅞	— ⅛
6	‡Atlantic R'f.	540	535	535	—15
2	Buckeye P.L.	113	113	113	..
10	Cont'l Oil	218	218	218	— 1
130	Cumb. P. L.	56	54	56	+ 1
5	Eureka P. L.	220	220	220	..
50	National Tr.	38	37½	38	+ 1
1	N.Y. Transit	220	220	220	+ 4
5	North. P. L.	90	90	90	..
80	Ohio Oil	173	170	173	+ 2
25	Pierce O.,new	14½	14½	15½	+ ½
28	P. Oil & G.	380	375	378	..
1	Solar Ref.	245	245	245	..
40	South. P. L.	194	194	193	..
35	South P. Oil	253	251	251	..
95	St. Oil, Cal.	294	290	292	+ 2
95	St. Oil, N. J.	379	378	379	+ 2
80	St. Oil, N.Y.	193	190	191	..
5	Union T. L.	79½	79½	79½	..

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
14,000	Atlanta	26	27	25	26½
3,500	*Blue Bell	1½	2	1½	2
1,000	*Blue Bull	2½	2½	2½	2½
3,500	Braden Cop.	5⅝	5¾	5½	5½
500	*Canada Cop.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	5	5	5	5
7,000	Comb. Frac.	11	11	10	10
1,800	*Crown Res.	70	70	65	65
2,000	*Dl. Blk. Bu.	2	2	2	2
725	*Florence	37	37	35	35
1,200	*Goldf. Con.	1⅛	1¼	1¼	1⅜
500	*Gold. Kew.	8	8	8	8
6,500	*Goldf. Merg.	19½	19½	18½	18½
100	*McK.-Dar.	52	52	52	52
200	*Nev. Hills	24	24	24	24
500	No. B. Dev.	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
13,300	*Oro	9	10	8	10
10,000	Pac. Smelt.	3-32	⅛	3-32	⅛
1,600	Stewart	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
600	Ton. Belmont	4⅝	4⅝	4 9-16	4 9-16
1,200	Ton. J. But.	68	68	66	66
700	Ton. Ext.	2⅝	2⅝	2 9-16	2 9-16
4,700	*Ton. Merger	33	33	31	32
500	*Ton. Midway	9	9	9	9
500	*Ton. Mizpah	24	24	24	24
1,700	*Ton. Mont.	35	35	32	32
1,100	Tularosa	¼	¼	¼	¼
850	Tuo. Copper	35	35	34	34
8,100	*W. E. Con.	53	53	49	49
200	*White K. pf.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lot. ‡Ex dividend.

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day.

INDUSTRIALS.

	Nov. 19. Bid.	Nov. 19. Asked.	Nov. 18. Bid.	Nov. 18. Asked.
Brit. Am. Tob., ord.	15	15½	15¼	15½
Int. Rub. Trust ctfs.	4½	5½	4½	5½
Lehigh V. Coal S. Co.	140	155	140	155
Manhattan Transit	7-16	9-16	7-16	9-16
Marconi of Amer.	2¼	2½	2⅛	2⅜
Mays Oil	13	16	13	17
Savoy Oil	7	8	7	8
Tobacco Prod. pf.	80	85	80	85
Un. Cig. St. Co. of A.	86	88	86	88
Wayland Oil & Gas	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
Willys Overland	69	71	69	71
Willys Overland pf.	85	90	85	90
MINING STOCKS.				
Beaver Consolidated	19	21	20	22
Brit. Col. Copper	½	1	½	1
Buffalo Mines	¾	1	1	1¼
Caribou Cobalt	68	70	67	87
Cons. Ariz. Smelting	⅜	½	⅜	½
Copper Mines	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
El Paso Con.	¾	1½	¾	1½
Greenwater	4	5	4	5
Halifax Tonopah	26	25	23	24
Kerr Lake	4¾	5	4¾	5
La Rose Consol.	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Nevada Hills	25	27	25	27
Nipissing Mines Co.	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
Tonopah Mining	6⅞	7	7	7⅛
Tri-Bullion	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
West End Extension	1	2	1	2
Yukon Gold Mines	2	2¼	2	2⅛
BONDS.				
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	97	97⅜	97	97⅜
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1952	97	97⅜	97	97⅜
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1964	97	97⅜	97	97⅜

BOSTON CURB MARKET.

Following were the transactions on the curb yesterday:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Bay State Gas	11c.	12c.	11c.	12c.
10	Butte & Lon.	28c.	28c.	28c.	28c.
200	Callaveras	98c.	98c.	98c.	98c.
1,000	Cal. & Corbin	6c.	6c.	6c.	6c.
50	Crown Reserve	70c.	70c.	70c.	70c.
740	Davis Daly	59c.	80c.	59c.	80c.
100	First Nat.	97c.	1.00	97c.	1.00
1,000	Goldfield Merg.	20c.	20c.	19c.	19c.
100	Houghton	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
900	Iron Blossom	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,100	*Jumbo Ext.	87c.	87c.	77c.	77c.
100	Mexican Metals	18c.	18c.	18c.	18c.
100	Smokey Dev.	25c.	25c.	25c.	25c.
50	Tonopah Merg.	30c.	30c.	30c.	30c.
470	Un. Verde Ext.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	1½
100	Un. Pft. Shrg.	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼

*Ex dividend.

Following are the bid and asked prices:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.70	.90	La Rose	.70	.72
Atl. G'f'd	.26	.27	Majestic	.12	.15
Bay S. G.	.11	.12	Mex. Met.	.17	.18
Begole	.50	1.00	McK.-Dar.	.50	.55
Bohemia	1⅛	1⅝	M. of Am.	2¼	2½
Bost. Ely	.10	.20	New Balt.	.70	1.00
Butte & L.	.26	.28	Nev.-D	.45	.48
Calaveras	.93	1.00	Ohio Cop.	.07	.09
Chief Con.	.70	.78	Riker	8¼	8½
Cons. Cop.	.90	1¼	So. Lake	1⅜	3
Cr. Res.	.65	.70	Stewart	1¼	1 3-16
Davis-Daly	.65	.70	Ton.-Bel.	4⅝	4⅞
Eagle and			Ton. Ext.	2⅝	2¾
Bluebell	.80	.82	Ton. Mer.	.37	.39
First Nat.	.98	1¼	Ton. Min.	7⅛	7⅜
G'f'd Con.	1⅛	1¼	Ton. W. E.	.55	.57
G'f'd Mer.	.19	.21	Un. C. Sts.	8⅝	8⅞
Houghton	1¼	2	U. Pr. Sh.	12	12¼
Iron Blos.	1	1¼	U. V. Ext.	1½	1¾
Jim Butler	.68	.72	Yukon	2	2¼
Jumbo Ex.	.85	.89			

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil, new	14⅜	15¼	14⅜	15¼
Atlantic Refining	540	550	545	555
Borne-Scrymser	260	280	260	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	111	114	111	114
Chesbrough Mfg. Co.	625	640	625	640
Colonial Oil	85	100	85	95
Continental Oil	217	225	215	220
Crescent Pipe Line	40	43	40	43
Cumberland Pipe L.	55	58	53	56
Eureka Pipe Line	220	225	220	225
Galena-Signal Oil	171	174	171	174
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	143	147	144	148
Indiana Pipe Line	93	96	94	97
National Transit	36	38	36	38
New York Transit	215	222	215	225
Northern Pipe Line	89	92	88	92
Ohio Oil	173	175	171	173
Pierce Oil	14	15	15	16
Prairie Oil & Gas	375	380	375	380
Solar Refining	245	250	245	255
South Penn. Oil	255	260	250	253
Southern Pipe Line	193	197	192	196
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	115	125	115	125
Standard Oil of Cal.	291	294	291	294
Standard Oil of Ind.	465	469	466	470
Standard Oil of Neb.	320	330	320	330
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	190	193	191	193
Standard Oil of N. J.	378	381	376	378
Standard Oil of Ohio	415	425	415	425
Standard Oil of Kan.	345	355	345	355
Std. Oil of Ky., new	240	250	240	250
Swan & Finch Co.	150	165	150	165
Union Tank Line	79	81	79	81
Vacuum Oil	182	185	182	185
Washington Oil	37	42	37	42

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.03	Mexican	.27
Andes	.03	Occidental Con.	.85
Belcher	.70	Ophir	.10
Best & Belcher	.04	Overman	.11
Caledonia	.33	Savage	.03
Challenge Con.	.04	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con Cal. & Va.	.08	Sierra Nevada	.08
Crown Point	.29	Union Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.01	Yellow Jacket	.36
Justice	.02		
TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.04
Belmont	4.65	Comb Fraction	.09
Jim Butler	.66	D'field Daisy	.03
McNamara	.07	D'field B. B.	.02
Midway	.02	Florence	.35
Mizpah Exten.	.22	G'field Con. M.	1.25
Montana	.34	G'field Merger	.18
North Star	.16	Jumbo Exten.	.92
Rescue Eula	.06	Lone Star	.01
Tonopah Exten.	2.60	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Merger	.31	Vernal	.04
West End	.51	Nevada Hills	.25
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.28
Atlanta	.26	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.04	Manhattan Con.	.03

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	7	8	Jackpot	6	6½
Elkton	39	40¼	McKinney	37	40
El Paso	91	100	Old Gold	..	2
Findlay	..	2	Portland	104	110
Gold Dol.	2½	3¼	Vindicator	107	110
Isabella	11½	11⅜	R. B. H.	3¼	4

COTTON
OFFERS
Exceptional Possibilities to the Investor and Trader.
Many are not familiar with this market and forego excellent opportunities to invest.
We have explained the method of trading and pointed out reasons why Cotton should be bought at the present time in our *Booklet T*,
Which Will be Mailed on Request
MOYSE & HOLMES
Members
New York & New Orleans Cotton Exch's
New York Stock Exchange
26 Beaver St., New York
Phone 5887 Broad.

WHEAT
The World's Statistical Position. An Exhaustive Review by J. E. Carney
Copy on Request
Keusch & Schwartz Co., Incorporated
MEMBERS: NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE, CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE, BUFFALO CORN EXCHANGE, PHILA. COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE
Direct Private Wires to the Chicago Board of Trade. Instantaneous Service
Produce Exchange, New York

F. W. Woolworth Co.
S. S. Kresge Co.
There are sound economic reasons for the prosperity of these concerns
Send for Circular T 112
Chas. E. Merrill & Co.
Seven Wall Street
Tel. Rector 9377

For Sale
100 American Sugar Refining Common
10 Biograph Co.
50 Cuban-American Sugar Preferred
100 Federal Sugar Common
25 National Sugar
25 Singer Manufacturing
100 West Coast Smelting & Refining
Gilbert Eliott & Co
Tel. John 6210
27 Pine Street New York

Electric Boat
Common and Preferred
J. Robinson-Duff
Specialist
35 BROAD ST. TEL. 2702 BROAD.

The Royal Bank of Canada
Invites Enquiries in Regard to Every Description of Banking Business in
Canada AND THE West Indies
London, Eng., Branch, 2 Bank Building, Princess St., E. C.
NEW YORK AGENCY, Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

General Motors 6s, 1915
U. S. Realty & Imp. Co. Stock
J. Spencer Turner 6s, 1926
Japanese Govt. 4½s, 1925
Ray Copper 6s, 1921
Hanson & Doyle
30 Broad St. Phone 4684-6 Broad

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
50 American Chicle Common Stock
5 Denver Union Water 5s
100 E. W. Bliss Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Electric Boat Com. & Pfd. Stock
25 New Jersey Zinc Stock
50 Winchester Repeating Arms Stock
All Standard Oil Stocks and other Inactive and Unlisted Securities.
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

WE WILL BUY
Hackensack Water Co. stock
Amer. Lithographic Co. Pfd.
South Jersey Gas, Elec. & Tract.
United Electric Co., N. J., 4s
Hackensack Water Co. 4s
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members New York Stock Exchange
'Phone 6037 Broad.
10-12 Broadway, N. Y.

We Will Buy
American Light & Tract. Com.
Cities Service Common
Pacific Gas & Electric Com.
Denver Gas & Elec. 5s
Williams, Dunbar & Coleman
60 Wall St. Phone 5980 Hanover. N. Y.

We Will Buy
Southern California Edison
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & Power
Utah Secur. Corp. Stock & Notes
GWYNNE BROTHERS
Private Telephone to Boston
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad.

National Enameling and Stamping 5s, 1929
Cuban Government Ext. 5s, 1944
Porto Rico Railway 5s, 1936
Cuban Government Ext. 4½s, 1949
National Railway of Mexico P. S. 4½s, 1926
Electric Boat Common & Preferred
Maxwell Motors
SLATTERY & CO.
Dealers in Investment Securities,
40 Exchange Place. Tel. 4361 Broad.
Established 1908.

CHARTERED 1864
UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
80 BROADWAY.
Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,300,000.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

TO HOLD WAR PICTURES.

To preserve copies of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra handsome binders sent through by mail—cloth for $1.00; imitation leather, $1.50, and half leather, gold trimmed, for $1.75. Holds complete file for one year. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Executor — Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator — Guardian

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. R. Co.

To the Holders of the 4% Collateral Trust Bonds:

The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals has reversed both orders of the lower Court which denied me leave to intervene and has granted my petition for leave to intervene. This decision will mark a new epoch in railway reorganizations. The opinion which will give the Courts reasons for the reversal will be handed down next week, but the point is that the sale will not take place, and you need not worry about depositing your bonds.

The Bondholders now at last have a chance to relieve themselves of the self-constituted, so-called "Protective" Committee and of the men under whose control the Company has been brought to its present plight, and to come into their own, if they will assert themselves for their mutual protection. Single-handed and at my own expense, and in the face of all manner of threats, pressure, and abuse, I have blazed the way for you. It is now for you to say whether you will avail yourselves of the opportunity. Hundreds of Bondholders have chafed under the yoke and looked to me for relief, but few of the Bondholders have been willing to brave the displeasure of the men in control by openly joining me in their own protection.

There will be no sale of our securities until we have had ample opportunity to protect ourselves. I advised you not to deposit your bonds under one of the most drastic agreements ever presented to self-respecting investors. It will now be our task to release from that grip those of the Bondholders who want to be released.

A temporary Committee will shortly be announced. They will be large Bondholders, as they should be. Meantime, Bondholders are advised against depositing any more bonds with the Wallace Committee. There can now be no reason for your doing so at this time.

The first act of this Committee will be to call you together to select your own permanent Committee, provided a way can be found to compel our own Trustee and the Reid-Moore management, that is still in control, to furnish us with the Bondholders' names and addresses, which they alone have, and which they thus far persistently refuse to disclose.

YOUR Committee will, with your aid, seek to accomplish five separate and distinct objects:

1. To release Bondholders (who have been frightened into depositing under threat of being "frozen out" unless they deposited before November 24th) from the grip of the Wallace Committee.

2. To secure the IMMEDIATE distribution among you of the Railway stock without onerous conditions.

3. To put in control a management of your own choice.

4. To thoroughly overhaul the accounts and advise you of the means by which your once prosperous property has been brought to its present plight, and to fix the responsibility.

5. To secure restitution of the many millions that I am convinced have been unlawfully diverted.

Our property is one of the great railway systems of the country. Do not be discouraged by the "bear" statements that are now being fed to you. The recent published earnings of the Company, indicating an increase of $1,100,000 in the last three months over the same period of last year, do not conform to those "bearish" statements.

The present procedure concerning railway reorganizations has long ago proven disastrous to investors and the public at large, and is bound to be changed if the confidence of investors is to be restored. I am satisfied that we are entering a new era in which the rights of investors and small stockholders are to be given consideration and ample protection. I am confident that the Collateral Bondholders are now on a fair road to get what belongs to them without any "ifs," "ands," or "strings" attached, and that we will eventually get one hundred cents on the dollar for our bonds.

Meantime, we are to be congratulated upon our narrow escape.

N. L. AMSTER,
67 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

Bondholders desiring to co-operate in the equitable distribution of their collateral should send their names to me with the amount of bonds they represent, and the issue numbers.

OFFER
$26,000
Certificates of Depositary of the Priest Committee representing
Idaho Oregon Light & Power Co. 1st & Ref. 6s At 38
Subject to prior sale and also to expenses and obligations incurred by the Priest Committee. Please communicate immediately with firm bid.
Address W. R., P. O. BOX 822, N. Y. City.

LOST OR DESTROYED

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY (Central Pacific Stock Collateral) 4% Bond No. 21,742. Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued.

Akroyd & Smithers
Stock Exchange, London

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society 4½%
Founded 1888. Under Banking Law. War cannot affect its securities. Savings share accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Nov. 30th earn from Dec. 1st. Begin now or write for Booklet A, 38 Park Row New York City.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY
First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds
DUE OCT. 1, 1937.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds, the total offer not to consume more than the amount of One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000). Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, at 12 o'clock noon on November 30th, 1914. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. F. HYDE, Vice-President.

GENTLEMAN WITH LONG EXPERIENCE IN BANKING AND FINANCIAL MATTERS IS OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT IN AN EXECUTIVE CAPACITY; CAPITAL FURNISHED IF DESIRED. REPLY CARE BOX G 235 TIMES DOWNTOWN, N. Y. CITY.

HOCKING COAL COMPANY.
First Mortgage 6% 20-Yr. S. F. Gold Bonds, Issued Under Indenture Dated July 1, 1912, between Hocking Coal Company, The Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co., and Empire Trust Company, as Trustee.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the above-mentioned indenture and supplemental indenture dated January 28th, 1913, bonds now outstanding, bearing the following distinctive numbers, have been drawn by lot, by the undersigned, as Trustee under said indenture, for redemption on January 1st, 1915, out of the moneys in the sinking fund, towit:—

30, 35, 47, 50, 51, 52, 155, 157, 158, and 170.

Said bonds so drawn for redemption will be paid on and after January 2d, 1915, at the Cedar Street Office of the undersigned Trustee, 65 Cedar Street, N. Y. City, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all coupons then unmatured at 105% of their par value. Interest on said bonds will cease on January 1st, 1915.

EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By B. G. CURTS, Asst. Trust Officer.
Dated N. Y. City, November 2d, 1914.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of the above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 1st, 1915, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $104,268.70, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating the numbers of bonds offered, should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Bonds, and will be received until 3 P. M., November 25, 1914.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3D, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 14, 1914.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on the 7th day of December, 1914, for the sale to it of bonds as above described sufficient to use the sum of $52,455.36. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, October 31st, 1914.

$25,000 TO $100,000 WANTED by manager of a going company for making necessary additions which would insure more efficient business management. This is a safe and profitable business with a growing field and excellent chances for conservative, legitimate investment. Only those much interested need answer. Box Z 234 Times Annex.

Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railway Co. of Illinois

Prior Lien Mortgage 4½% Thirty-Year Gold Bonds

All holders of the above bonds who have not heretofore done so, and who desire to avail of the benefits of a Protective Agreement dated September 2, 1914, are requested to at once deposit their bonds with September 1, 1914, and all subsequent coupons attached, with THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 37 Wall Street, New York, the Depositary thereunder, which will issue Certificates of Deposit therefor. Copies of the Protective Agreement may be obtained from the Depositary or from any member of the Committee.

NO DEPOSITS WILL BE ACCEPTED AFTER NOVEMBER 30, 1914, EXCEPT BY CONSENT OF THE COMMITTEE AND ON SUCH TERMS AS IT MAY IMPOSE.

Dated: New York, November 19, 1914.

SIDNEY C. BORG, Chairman;
HENRY E. COOPER,
THOMAS DENNY,
ROBERT STRUTHERS, JR., Committee.
J. N. BABCOCK, Secretary, 37 Wall Street, New York.
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Counsel.

To the Holders of First Mortgage Bonds of UTAH FUEL COMPANY.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article XII. of the Mortgage of the Utah Fuel Company and Pleasant Valley Coal Company, dated March 1, 1901, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York, until 10 o'clock A. M., Friday, November 27th, 1914, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 110% and accrued interest to that date, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of $10,084.23. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. All proposals, which must designate the bonds offered by their serial numbers and state the Post Office address of the party making the proposals, should be inclosed in sealed envelopes, and endorsed "Proposals for sale of Utah Fuel Company Bonds to Sinking Fund" and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

Persons desiring to make offers of bonds to the Sinking Fund, whose responsibility is not known to the Trustee, should accompany their offer by a sufficient letter of introduction or guarantee of good faith by a bank, banker, or others whose responsibility is established.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
Dated November 4th, 1914.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS COMPANY.
To the Stockholders and Holders of Registered Adjustment Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Income Bonds and Adjustment Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Income Coupon Bonds, Registered for Voting Purposes Only:

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the New York Railways Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 1,209, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, December 7th, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, the election of Inspectors of Election, the approval and ratification of all acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books, the books for the registration of Adjustment Mortgage Bonds, and the books for the registry of Adjustment Mortgage Coupon Bonds for Voting Purposes will be closed from three o'clock P. M. on Monday, November 30th, 1914, until ten o'clock A. M. on Tuesday, December 8th, 1914.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
November 20th, 1914.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 5 PER CENT. SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY, VA., DUE MAY 1, 1937.

The undersigned, successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company as Trustee, under the mortgage above referred to desires under authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of Twenty-Nine Thousand Eighty-Nine Dollars and Ninety-Two Cents ($29,089.92) for the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided said purchase can in its opinion be now made advantageously. Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before December 11th, 1914, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

Bonds accepted must be delivered by December 14th, or security furnished that day if required that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.
Dated New York, November 11, 1914.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 40-YEAR GUARANTEED 3½ PER CENT. GOLD TRUST CERTIFICATES, SERIES "D," DUE 1944.

Pursuant to the terms of an agreement dated December 1st, 1904, the undersigned invites tenders of the above certificates for sale and delivery as of December 1st, 1914, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $100,000, the sum now payable to the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating specific numbers of certificates offered, should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Pennsylvania Company, 40-year Guaranteed 3½ per cent. Gold Trust Certificates, Series "D," and will be received until 3 p. m. November 30, 1914. Accepted certificates must be delivered on December 2d, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3D, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 14, 1914.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

A Quarterly Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Common Stock of this company has this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on January 2, 1915, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, December 1, 1914. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned, from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., November 12, 1914.

The American Sugar Refining Company.
Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 11th, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the following dividends, payable January 2nd, 1915, to the stockholders of record December 1st, 1914.

On the Preferred Stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent. On the Common Stock a dividend of 1¾ per cent.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.

JOSEPH E. FREEMAN, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY.
111 Broadway, New York City.

The Board of Governors have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of three-quarters of 1 per cent., (¾%.) on the Common Stock of this Company, payable Dec. 31, 1914. Transfer books close Dec. 11th, reopen Dec. 17th, 1914.

FRED R. FORTMEYER, Asst. Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate issued in dpulicate, hereby certifies that the JOSEPHINE DUNSMUIR REALTY COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 17th day of November, 1914, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the [Seal.] Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this seventeenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOSE E. PIDGEON, Second Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of H. M. NOE & CO., doing business at 446 West 13th St., New York City, has been dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JOHN C. SHIELDS retiring therefrom. The business will be continued by Mr. H. M. NOE and Mr. CHAS. DENS. at the same address under the same name.

H. M. NOE & CO.
Dated November 19th, 1914.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS will be held at the office of Morris Eder, at No. 302 Broadway, New York City, on the 11th day of December, 1914, to vote on a proposition to dissolve the P. YACCARINO & COMPANY, INC., pursuant to Section 221 of the Corporation Law.

Dated November 18th, 1914.
LUIGI DE GENARO, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The United States National Bank located at Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

L. S. JOHNS, Cashier.
Dated October 23d, 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ALGOMA STEEL CORPORATION, LIMITED

(Incorporated Under the Laws of the Province of Ontario.)

To the Holders of First and Refunding Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Fifty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the written request of the holders of more than one-tenth of the nominal amount of the outstanding First and Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Algoma Steel Corporation, Limited, secured by Mortgage or Deed of Trust dated April first, 1912, and made between the said Company, of the first part, United States Mortgage and Trust Company, as Trustee, of the second part, and The Lake Superior Corporation, of the third part, and at the request of said Algoma Steel Corporation, Limited, a meeting of the holders of said bonds is hereby called to be held at the office of said United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar Street, New York, U. S. A., on the twenty-seventh day of November, 1914, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, passing extraordinary resolutions:

1. Sanctioning a modification or compromise of the rights of the holders of the First and Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the said Company against the said Company and its property,

(a) By authorizing the said Company to pay the interest on said bonds due respectively October 1st, 1914; April 1st, 1915; October 1st, 1915; April 1st, 1916, by the issue and delivery of bearer scrip of the said Company, exchangeable on and after September 1st, 1916, in amounts of $100 or £100, or multiples thereof, for a like amount of said bonds having attached thereto the coupon due October 1st, 1916, and all subsequent coupons, with the option to the said Company to pay said interest or any part thereof in cash at any time;

(b) By authorizing said United States Mortgage and Trust Company as Trustee under said mortgage or Trust Deed to authenticate and deliver to the said Company upon request of the said Company evidenced by a resolution of its Board of Directors, $2,000,000 par value of the $5,700,000 of said bonds referred to in Paragraph Fifth (d) of said Mortgage or Trust Deed, but without the requirement of payment specified in said Paragraph Fifth (d,) and free from the other restrictions therein referred to.

2. Assenting to such change in or addition to said Mortgage or Deed of Trust as will be requisite to release The Lake Superior Corporation from its guarantee in respect to the interest on said bonds due, respectively, October 1st, 1914; April 1st, 1915; October 1st, 1915, and April 1st, 1916.

3. Authorizing said United States Mortgage and Trust Company, the Trustee under said Mortgage or Deed of Trust, and all other necessary parties to concur in and execute a deed supplemental to said Mortgage or Deed of Trust, embodying such proposed modifications, compromises, changes, and additions, and all such other assurances, instruments, and documents as may be requisite for the purpose of giving effect to the resolutions passed by the meeting.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions contained in Paragraph Eighteenth, Nineteenth, and Twentieth, of the Mortgage or Deed of Trust securing the First and Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the said Company, whereby the Bondholders may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of the Bondholders, exercise the powers therein referred to.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, 55 Cedar Street, New York City, U. S. A.

Dated New York, October 31, 1914.

Referring to the foregoing Notice, Algoma Steel Corporation, Limited, states:

Registered Bondholders may attend the meeting personally or vote by proxy without the production of their bonds.

Bonds may be registered at the following places, viz.: At the office of United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar Street, New York, or at the office of The Bank of Montreal, London, England.

Holders of Bonds to Bearer must either produce their bonds at the meeting or deposit their bonds with or exhibit them to any responsible Bank or Trust Company who will issue a certificate showing that at the date thereof such holders had on deposit with or exhibited to said Bank or Trust Company the bonds numbered and described in such certificate and entitling them to attend personally at the meeting.

Holders of Bonds to Bearer desiring to vote by proxy must register their bonds. Corporations holding Bonds to Bearer desiring to vote must either transfer their bonds to individuals or register their bonds.

Bondholders are referred to a circular dated October 31, 1914, issued by the undersigned, which can be obtained at its offices, Traders Bank Building, Toronto, Canada, or at the places of registration above mentioned, or at the office of Messrs. Linklater & Co., 2 Bond Court, Walbrook, London, E. C.

Certificates and forms for depositing bonds and proxies may be obtained at any of the above addresses.

ALGOMA STEEL CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF **CEREAL SOAPS CO., INC.**

New York, November 18th, 1914.

A Special Meeting of the stockholders of the Cereal Soaps Co., Inc., will be held on the 4th day of December, 1914, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the office of the said company, at No. 8 Beach Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from $30,000, consisting of 600 shares of the par value of $50 each, to $75,000, to consist of 1,500 shares of the par value of $50 each.

JOHN MACPHERSON, President.
JOHN A. DONOHUE, Secretary.

JOHN ADAMS, INC.,

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the above Company will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 60 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on the 5th day of December, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposal that such Company be forthwith dissolved.

L. W. CRABTREE, Secretary.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, October 31, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their Banking House, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 1st day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the Directors.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COMMISSARY FOOD-STUFFS, ETC., Office of Panama Rail Road Company, 24 State Street, New York, November 18, 1914.—Sealed proposals are invited for furnishing commissary food-stuffs, etc., to the Panama Rail Road Company in accordance with terms and conditions contained in Circular No. P-351. Circulars and full information may be obtained at the following-named places, at which points bids will be received and opened in public on date and at time stated: The Purchasing Department, Panama Rail Road Company, 24 State Street, New York; Office of Purchasing Commissary, U. S. A., Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La.; Depot Quartermaster, U. S. A., 1,086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal., and Depot Quartermaster, U. S. A., 115-123 East Ontario Street, Chicago, Ill. Bids will be received at New York until 2:00 P. M.; at Chicago and New Orleans until 1:00 P. M.; and at San Francisco until 11:00 A. M., December 4, 1914. R. E. RUTHERFORD, Commissary Purchasing Agent, Panama Rail Road Co., 24 State Street, New York.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, Dec. 8, 1914, for Contract AF, for printing.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

What Buyers Say:

The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, Inc., 10 West 20th St., in a letter to The New York Times writes:

"I saw your advertisement in The Times and thought I would come in and see what this Permanent Exposition was."

This expression has become a frequent daily occurrence when the visiting buyer registers in the Five and Ten Cent Exchange.

We have received requests for information from practically every State in the Union, from any number of points in Canada, from Central America, South America, China, and Japan. In every instance the inquiry mentions. Saw your advertisement in The New York Times.

We cannot refrain from congratulating you on your *Business Page*, as it certainly is read.

No combination of trade papers covering the wholesale, manufacturing and jobbing field has, as regular readers, as many buyers and merchants — both resident and out-of-town — as the *Business Page* of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DECISION TO REOPEN EXCHANGE REVERSED

Committee of Five States That Further Consideration Is Necessary.

CAUSE OF POSTPONEMENT

Heavy Selling Orders for Bonds and Difficulty of Controlling Sales from Abroad Suggested.

The Committee of Five of the Stock Exchange yesterday reversed its decision of Wednesday to reopen the Exchange for a restricted business in bonds, and announced that the appearance of unexpected obstacles made necessary further deliberations. No definite reasons were made public for the change of plans. The committee at the close of its morning meeting issued this statement:

The Special Committee of Five states that while the plan outlined by the newspapers concerning a further extension of the present method of dealing in bonds was substantially that under consideration by the committee, the magnitude of the interests affected has led to unforeseen difficulties which will necessitate further consideration. When a decision is reached ample notice will be given to the public officially.

Further than this brief announcement of delay, nothing came from the committee, and the Street was left to guess about the nature of the hitch in progress recently made to restore an authorized market for listed bonds. In fact, it was generally understood until nearly noon that the date for reopening dealings would be set before the day was over. On Wednesday either Saturday or Monday next had been semi-officially named as the day for resuming business.

One of the possible difficulties mentioned in the talk of the Street was the reported receipt by bond houses with Stock Exchange connections of heavy selling orders in the morning, to be executed as soon as the market opened. Another was the reported apprehension by bankers and members of the Exchange that sales from abroad could not be controlled, even with minimum prices set for bonds and a general sentiment among brokers that liquidation from Europe should be prevented in early trading, at least.

The Committee of Five held a consultation in the afternoon with several of the leading bankers of the financial district.

SMELTING INTERESTS WIN.

Controversy Over Regulus of Copper Decided for Them.

Smelting interests in this city yesterday expressed satisfaction at the action of the United States Court of Customs Appeals in sustaining their contention that an impure, unfinished product resulting from the smelting of sulphide ores is to be regarded as free of duty as regulus of copper ore. Soon after the Tariff act of 1909 became effective the Treasury Department ordered Collectors of Customs to make no allowance for the regulus or matte, and assess it with full duty under the provision for lead-bearing ore.

Thousands of protests were filed against the action of the Government claiming erroneous classification and demanding refunds of the duties paid under compulsion. One of these protests, that of the American Smelting and Refining Company, was taken by the importers as a test of the construction to be given the tariff law. The issue went to the Board of General Appraisers, where both the Government and the importers submitted a mass of evidence in support of their respective contentions. The Government, through its special legal representative, Thomas J. Doherty, insisted that the regulus was properly included in the dutiable value and was correctly assessed under the provision for "lead-bearing ores of all kinds, 1½ cents per pound on the lead contained therein."

James L. Gerry and Edwin R. Wakefield, appearing for the Guggenheim interests, asserted that the commodity in dispute is a mixture of metal sulphides resulting from a smelting process, copper sulphide being the component of chief value. Witnesses were put on the stand who testified that copper matte and regulus of copper are commercially synonymous terms and that the term "regulus of copper" in its commercial sense includes copper matte. It was also brought out that the commodity is copper matte, as that term was commercially understood at the time of, and prior to, the passage of the act of 1909, and as copper matte it is covered by the provisions of Paragraph 544, for regulus of copper. A further claim was that the commodity is not an ore and can be construed as "black or coarse copper," also provided for in Paragraph 544.

The Board of General Appraisers found in favor of the importers' contention. As the Customs Court's decision affirming the board is based on a complete record, it is believed here that the Treasury Department will be under the necessity of accepting the decision and order its application to all importations. With the acquiescence of the department an accomplished fact, the heavy refunds tied up for several years of litigation will be distributed as fast as the individual protests of the smelters can be taken from the files of the general board and proved. The present tariff on lead-bearing ores was reduced one-half from the rate prevailing under the old law, the tax now being only three-quarters of 1 cent per pound. Regulus of copper remains on the free list, as was the case in the old tariff.

CANCELS CLEARING LOAN.

Chemical Retires Last $1,000,000 of $9,000,000 Certificates.

The rapidity with which some banks are retiring Clearing House certificates was demonstrated yesterday when the Chemical National called in the last $1,000,000 of the $9,000,000 it had taken out. The Chemical began retiring certificates on Monday of last week and called in approximately $1,000,000 a day.

The Chemical was the first bank to make a rediscount at the Federal Reserve Bank, transferring commercial paper to the amount of about $2,200,000. The proceeds having been credited to its account at the Federal Reserve Bank on the opening day, it withdrew $1,000,000 by draft put through the Clearing House on Tuesday. This amount was applied to the reduction of the Chemical's certificates.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic Coast L.	1914-'21	4 @4½	5.12	4.88
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	5.05	4.85
Buffalo, R. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	5.15	4.75
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4	5.25	5.00
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.95	4.70
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-'23	4½	5.90	5.10
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.35	5.10
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	5.60	5.00
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	5.10	4.70
Louis. & Nash	1914-'23	5	5.00	4.75
Mo., Kan. & T.	1914-'23	5	6.30	5.65
Missouri Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.75	6.25
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	5.00	4.70
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	5.00	4.70
St. L., I. Mt. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.90	5.10
Seaboard Air Line	1914-'23	5	5.30	5.00
Southern Ry	1914-'24	4½@5	5.30	4.90
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	5.10	4.90
Virginian Ry	1914-'19	5	5.90	5.10

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	—Thurs.— Bid.	Asked.	—Wed.— Bid.	Asked.
4½s, March, 1963	103⅞	104	103¾	104⅛
4½s, May, 1957	103⅞	104	103¾	104⅛
4½s, Nov., 1957	103⅞	104	103¾	104⅛
4½s, May, 1917	99⅞	..	99⅞	..
4½s, Nov., 1917	99⅞	..	99⅞	..
4¼s, March, 1964	97	97¼	97	97¼
4¼s, March, 1962	97	97¼	97	97¼
4¼s, Sept. 1960	97	97¼	97	97¼
4¼s, March, 1960-60	97	97¾	97	97½
4s, May, 1959	94½	96	94½	96
4s, Nov., 1958	94½	96	94½	96
4s, May, 1957	94½	96	94½	96
4s, Nov., 1956	93	95	93	95
4s, Nov., 1955	93	95	93	95
4s, Nov., 1936	94	95½	94	95
4s, 1918-1919	98	..	98	..
3½s, Nov., 1954-55	83¼	84¼	83	84
3½s, May, 1954	83¼	84¼	83	84
3½s, 1950-1954	83	84¼	..	..

SEEK LOWER REDISCOUNTS.

Present Rates Too High, Southern Banks Say—Reserve Board to Wait.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Urgent representations have been made to the Federal Reserve Board that some of the rates for rediscounts, which have been in force since Monday, should be lowered, so as to permit the regional banks to accept commercial paper. It is understood here that the Reserve banks in the South are particularly anxious that the rates should be lowered. No protests on this score have been received from New York, Philadelphia, or Boston.

Coincidentally with these requests have come petitions that the Reserve banks in the South be directed to accept commercial paper from the member banks up to 50 per cent. of the required reserves. These institutions have had to carry an unusually large amount of British customers' notes, as a result of the partial embargo on cotton shipments, and they are not finding it convenient to make their payments in "lawful money," as requested by the board. So far, however, the board has adhered to its original stand in this matter, and the Reserve banks have been notified that they should insist upon payments in cash.

Partly because many of the country banks are hoping that they will be allowed to turn over part of their commercial paper to make up their quota of reserves and partly because of the long distances which remittances from some of the members have to be made, the reserve deposits were still between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000 below the requirements today. All of the members in those cities in which Reserve banks are located have paid in their full allotments, but the country banks are still backward in many parts of the country.

It is the understanding that no reductions in the discount rates will be made until the transfer of reserves has been completed and that the board will not modify its suggestion regarding the payment of these in cash, since it is felt that the reserves should be complete before the new system undertakes to meet the demands for which it was created. It is admitted that the rates fixed for rediscounting are too high for the business conditions prevailing, and reductions will be ordered just as soon as the reserve banks are in a position to accept commercial paper. Up to the close of business today the aggregate rediscounting done by the twelve banks was under $10,000,000. The reserve deposits reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York exceeds $105,000,000, and for the entire system they are now $215,000,000.

The Reserve Board will complete as soon as possible its regulations governing the admission to the system of State banks and trust companies. Many State institutions have asked that they be admitted as member banks at an early date, and the national banks are eager to learn the conditions under which they will be empowered to act as trustees and executors. It is expected that the terms under which new members will be admitted can be made public next week.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—Deposits in the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia were increased about $2,000,000 today, bringing the total up to $17,000,000. No applications have been made for rediscounts, and the bank has not been able to issue any of its own notes so far.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—Federal reserve deposits today reached $1,036,000, making a total of $6,430,000. There were no discounts. Deposits today were in addition to $1,300,000 capital stock.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 19.—The deposits in Kansas City reserve banks today were $1,300,000. There were no discounts. No deposits on account of capital stock were made today.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The Fort Dearborn National Bank rediscounted $100,000 mercantile paper at the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago today, and it is understood that other member banks will make similar applications within a day or two. The banks are doing this largely as a matter of advertisement. None needs to rediscount commercial paper. The banks have plenty of funds. Interior banks are also strong, and thus far no outside bank has made application for rediscount.

Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago met today and discussed routine matters. The meeting was the first since the organization.

FIRST RESERVE NOTES OUT.

New Currency Is Expected to be in Public Circulation Today.

The Federal Reserve Bank began yesterday to put its new Federal Reserve notes into circulation, and there were many applications for them from banks. The first shipment of $3,000,000 of the notes was received by Pierre Jay, Federal Reserve agent, at the end of last week, and as soon as the Reserve Bank had obtained a quantity of commercial paper by rediscounting, it applied to Mr. Jay for an installment of notes, pledging with the Federal Reserve Board through him part of the discounted paper.

All the national banks in town are depositors in the Federal Reserve Bank, and those that had balances in excess of the required reserve deposits drew checks against their accounts and sent them to the Reserve Bank to be cashed in Federal Reserve notes. Those that had no excess balances and State banks and trust companies sent around other bills to be exchanged for the new notes.

The Irving National was one of the first to supply itself, obtaining $30,000 of the notes, and by the end of the day most of the financial institutions in town had obtained some of them. It is expected that they will be in general circulation among the public today.

BANK STATEMENT CHANGES.

Large Excess in Reserve Will Be Shown Owing to New Law.

The Clearing House Committee, through its Chairman, Albert H. Wiggin, made the following statement last night in regard to the forthcoming bank statement:

The bank statement for the week ending on Saturday, Nov. 21, will be the first statement issued since the change in Clearing House requirements as to reserve. For many years the members of the New York Clearing House have been required to keep 25 per cent. reserve; under the amendments to the Clearing House constitution passed on Nov. 13, each institution, whether it be a national bank, State bank, or trust company, is only required by the Clearing House to maintain as reserve such amounts as are legally required by the laws under which they are organized (United States or State).

The result of this will be that the average return this week will probably show a large excess in reserve. Last week the surplus over the 25 per cent. requirement was, on the official return, about $7,500,000. The reduction in reserve requirements is such that the surplus over the required reserve for this week will probably be considerably over $100,000,000.

The Clearing House Committee emphasizes that it must be remembered that this is not a change in condition, but simply a result of the change in the law and in the rules of the New York Clearing House, and that it is probable that for a long time to come the bank statement will continue to show a large surplus over legal requirements, for the reason that many of our important institutions find it impracticable to do business satisfactorily on as low a reserve as the law permits.

In view of the new items published for the first time in this statement and the difference in reserve requirements, the totals only will be given and no comparisons with previous statements made. The Clearing House Committee feel it wise to call these facts to the attention of the public in order that it may be perfectly clear that the surplus of reserve is not a fund awaiting investment, but a surplus that may be ordinarily expected as a result of the change in the law, and one that will continue at least until foreign banking relations are re-established and until the Stock Exchange reopens and call loans are available.

Emergency Currency Retirement.

Emergency currency to the amount of $1,770,000 was retired at the Sub-Treasury yesterday, making a total retired by New York banks to date of $59,830,320, out of about $153,000,000 issued to them, of which about $130,000,000 was put into circulation.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5 @6 per cent. for the best names
Wednesday.5½@6 " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

More Sweaters Going Abroad.

One of the prominent factors in the local knit goods trade has completed the delivery of 10,000 sweater coats of good quality for use by a part of one of the allied armies. While the sale was made indirectly and the buying country is not known definitely to the sellers, it is thought that the sweaters were consigned ultimately to the English Government. The price paid for the merchandise was not given out, but it was said to be very fair. The only militant factor against the concern's getting a larger order for these goods from the same source was its inability to supply any more goods than that from stock.

More Duck for the Fighters.

Sales of cotton duck for war purposes to the extent of more than 250,000 yards have been made in the last two or three days to the belligerent nations abroad. Inquiry for this merchandise is coming forward from Japan, it is said, but as yet no definite developments have taken place. A nice business on sheetings, drills and twills is being done with Australia and South America by certain factors in the trade, the general brightening of the financial situation proving an effective spur to this class of business. The chief cause for pessimism in the export market now appears to be that official China and a good part of the Chinese are "broke."

A Change for the Better.

Although conditions in the coat and suit trade just at present leave much to be desired, the manufacturers express the opinion that a decided change for the better should manifest itself in the near future. They believe that the rock bottom of dullness has been touched and the movement from now on must be in an upward direction. The effects of the miscalculations of the style trend, which was made earlier in the season, have about spent themselves, and it is the sentiment in the trade that larger orders must soon be given to make up for the sparse buying of the last few months. Conditions in the labor end of the business are unsettled, but, once there is greater activity in the trade, the manufacturers feel that the discontent will speedily die out.

Raw Silk Buying Featureless.

News from the European raw silk centres continues to reflect war conditions, and business is almost entirely absent. Prices on these silks are conforming slowly to the revised levels on Asiatic grades, but are very irregular. Sales for the week at Yokohama amounted to only 2,000 bales, with prices practically on the same basis as last week. The Canton market is quiet and featureless, with prices largely nominal. Shanghai reports no change in the tsatlee sorts, but steam filatures are firmer, and the call for tussahs has improved slightly. Prices are steady in this market, despite the limited buying, the improvement in the financial tone having put more of a backbone into things. No further declines are expected for the time being.

Dressmakers to Discuss Styles.

Following an informal meeting of a number of manufacturers who are members of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association to discuss the style question, letters will be sent out by the organization calling for another conference of all those who wish to exchange ideas on the subject. This meeting will be held some time next week, and the discussion will take in general style features to be embodied in dresses for the Spring season. By an interchange of information, it is hoped that certain lines to be followed out in the Spring styles may be set down, so that the buyers will not be confronted with the difference of opinion that has created uncertainty in the past. The manufacturers will not attempt to set down arbitrary standards, but will merely try to fix a certain uniformity in the styles.

Some Doubt About Fifth Season.

The clothiers who were inclined to believe that the manufacturing of Summer clothing would add a fifth season to their business are now in some cases altering their views on the subject. Not because the suits made of mohair, artificial silk, &c., are not being bought by the retailers to the anticipated extent for next Spring and Summer, but because this sort of business has in some instances reduced the sale of serges to a very large degree, and has proved a substitute for the latter instead of additional business. It is a question in the clothiers' mind whether the change is altogether to be desired. While the retailer may be apt to buy two low-priced Summer suits for every woolen suit he formerly bought, the total purchases of Summer suits may still fall considerably below the standard set by his serge business.

Quilt Demand Is Picking Up.

The mails coming to manufacturers of quilts show a visible brightening of the demand compared with that of the last few months. The duplicate business being received on Fall goods is said to be close up to that of a year ago. Advance orders for Spring, however, are much behind last year in the main, despite the fact that prices on both satins and crochets show declines of 10 to 15 per cent. from 1913 figures. Because of the limited advance business a heavy duplicate trade is looked for later on, for everywhere stocks are said to be lighter than for several years. There are no accumulations of goods at the mills, and some of the jobbers are said to have only 25 to 50 per cent. or normal stocks. What this will mean when buying becomes active is not hard to figure out. The only part of the country which has not yet given indications of bettering conditions is the South.

Good Policy to Hold Back.

Certain selling agents in the piece goods market believe that now is a good time to adopt in their business a watchful waiting policy as far as taking on foreign army contracts is concerned. They figure that after the preliminary spell of speculation there are apt to be very good profits in these orders. Just at present, however, with each mill trying to underbid the other, margins are inclined to be very scant and far from the prices that ought to be realized on emergency business. It is understood, in fact, that several mills that have undertaken to furnish the foreign Governments figured that the price of the raw product would remain stationary, whereas the kind of stock required has advanced considerably. This has upset all calculations, with the result that in some cases imaginary profits have been turned into losses. When such speculation has ceased, the mill representatives who are now biding their time expect to be able to step in and obtain what they term "real business."

Printcloths Still Inactive.

Yesterday was one of the most inactive days the printcloth market has seen in some time. Most of the business that was done was for nearrby delivery, and consisted principally of 38½-inch 60-48s at 3 3-16 cents and 39-inch 68-72s at 4 7-16 cents. There were reports of sales of the latter goods at 4⅜ cents. A few odd lots of other constructions were moved at prices that showed little change. One commission merchant said yesterday that he had not sold a piece of printcloths up to noon, which was a record for his house. One good prospective sale, which was not consummated because the bid price was a sixteenth of a cent off, involved 800,000 yards of a certain construction for April-May delivery. There was a fair business on 36-inch sheetings for deliveries running into February, on the basis of 3⅝ cents for 48-52s four-yard goods. Closing quotations on printcloths were:

39-inch, 80-80s....5⅝c	38½-inch, 64-56s..3⅝c
37-inch, 72-76s....5c	38½-inch, 60-52s..3⅜c
39-inch, 68-72s..4 7-16c	38½-in., 60-48s.3 3-16c
38½-inch, 64-64s..4c	27-inch, 64-60s.2 9-16c
38½-inch, 64-60s..3⅞c	27-inch, 56-52s.2 3-16c

TELLS OF VALUATION WORK.

Basis for All Future Freight Rates, Says Judge Prouty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Judge Charles A. Prouty, Director of Physical Valuation for the Interstate Commerce Commission, said yesterday that it was going to cost about $12,500,000 to complete the railway valuation work ordered by Congress, and from $1,000,000 to $1,250,000 more to find the cost of reproducing the telegraph lines of this country. Judge Prouty estimated that the railway work would cost at least $50 a mile. Addressing the National Association of Railway Commissioners, Judge Prouty said:

"This valuation is national, but is to be made along State lines. When completed, it undoubtedly will supersede all State valuations that have been made. It will be the basis for the making not only of interstate, but of State freight rates.

"Probably the most important practical question before this country today is its treatment of our railroads. Is the Government to take over these agencies of transportation, or shall they be left to the operation of private capital? Assuming that we are to leave the discharge of this function to private enterprise, what rates shall be accorded in order that the present investment may be fairly dealt with and that such further investment will be induced as will render possible the proper development of these facilities?

"In the past this question has not been acute, for rates have been sufficient to maintain railroad credit, but it is evident that the time is close at hand, if it is not already here, when there is grave doubt as to whether these rates must not be generally increased. This question cannot be satisfactorily answered until there is a national valuation of these properties."

In explaining the magnitude of the valuation work, Judge Prouty said:

"Consider the enormous amounts involved. An error of 6 or 7 per cent. in the valuation means nearly or quite a billion dollars. The interest at 6 per cent. on that sum is $60,000,000. Whether this valuation is to be used as the basis of rates to be allowed these carriers and paid by the body of our people, or whether, perchance, it may become the measure of the price to be paid by the Government for this property, that error would mean either to the railroads or to the people every year three or four times the cost of the entire valuation."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Some Duties Affirmed and Others Reversed by Appraisers.

In construing the Tariff act of 1913 yesterday the Board of General Appraisers held that slides or buckles to be worn on women's shoes or slippers are the "buckles" mentioned in the jewelry or personal adornment provision of the law when they have a value above 20 cents per dozen pieces. The case before the board was that of the American Express Company, which imported the goods for the account of merchants here. Collector Malone, acting on a report from Appraiser Sague, took duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for "buckles or like articles." The protestant's claim was for duty at 20 per cent. as metal articles not specially provided for. Judge Sullivan concedes that the chief value in the articles is metal, but is of the opinion that the articles in controversy, if not actually "buckles," are "like articles" within the meaning of the law. In overruling the protests the board decides that if any of the goods are proved to be of less value than 20 cents per dozen pieces, duty as claimed is to be allowed; otherwise, the Collector is affirmed.

D. S. Hesse & Brother were sustained in a protest directed against the Collector's assessment on wooden jewelry boxes, lined and covered with silk velvet, the latter the component material of chief value. A 50 per cent. ad valorem duty was imposed as manufactures of silk velvet. The board decides that the articles are properly dutiable at 45 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of silk, as claimed.

Rosenthal & Grotta were partially sustained in protests relating to cotton or flax collars, yokes, jabots, and chemisettes composed in part of laces, edgings, or insertings. The goods were imported under the old law, the question being whether they were made on the Lever or Gothrough machines. The Appraiser reported they were so manufactured, and the Collector took duty at 70 per cent. ad valorem. The importers disputed this, with the result that the board holds a part of the importations dutiable at the rate assessed, while the remainder of the goods are admitted at 60 per cent. as not having been made on the machines in question.

Wertheimer Brothers won in a controversy with the Government for lower duties on chiffon bands, mousseline bands, or gauze bands. Duty was levied at the appropriate rate, according to weight, condition, &c., under the act of 1909. The goods appear to have been appliqued with small pieces of gum in a design producing an all-over effect. Judge Howell holds that the articles are dutiable, as claimed, at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem as appliqued articles.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Incorporated today:

John Spicer, Inc., hosiery, sweaters, underwear, $50,000; J., J. F., and A. W. Spicer, 532 Evergreen Av., B'klyn.

Tenney Chemical Co., $50,000; O. A. Ostrander, E. J. Snell, A. M. Tenney, 161 Park Av.

Carolina Central Electrical Corp'n of New York, stock and voting trust certificates, issue bonds and certificates, $30,000; F. M. Van Wicklen, Luigi Crisculolo, J. W. Burden, 33 Pine St.

Consolidated Ostrich Feather & Flower Co., $5,000; C. L. Grad, M. Geisler, M. J. Gordon, 806 Suburban Place, B'klyn.

Electric City Novelty & Mfg. Co., Schenectady, $6,000; B. A. Kusserow, F. Weinberg, M. W. Hall.

Irving Berlin, Inc., music publishing, musical instruments, $10,000; A. M. Wattenberg, M. D. Josephson, Irving Berlin, 1,571 B'way.

Elizabethan Beauty Parlors, $10,000; M. E. Chase, E. Fowee Armitage, Elizabeth Richards, 54 W. 36 St.

Ross Electro Therapeutic Mfg. Co., $25,000; W. Ford, C. M. Nichols, S. Baxter Hinckley, 574 W. 176 St.

Moody Mfg. Co., advertising, household goods, &c., $25,000; G. K. Talbot, Nathiel Morse, Terence J. McMahon, 82 6 Av., B'klyn.

Leindorf Electric Light Co., $25,000; J. Katz, H. Traisch, E. Leindorf, 307 W. 130 St.

Transcontinental Trading Co., commission, purchasing, selling agents, $6,000; D. P. Dilworth, R. Mullin, C. Gebuhr, 2,758 E. 27 St., Sheepshead Bay.

129 W. 22d St. Corpn., 229 W. 78 St. Corpn., Colosseum Realty Corpn., Regnor Realty Corpn., 885 West End Avenue Corpn., 230 W. 79 St. Corpn., Sophomore Realty Corpn., realty construction, each $5,000; F. D. Hagan, J. Van Harder, R. C. Ryder, 55 Liberty St.

Consumers Buying Club of America, organize buying clubs to purchase merchandise at discount, $5,000; Lester N. Strouse, G. H. Rosenthal, V. T. Robinson, 120 W. 32 St.

Lasalle Lumber & Coal Co., North Tonawanda, $10,000; L. H. and J. W. McConkey, E. B. Harrington.

Peck's, Buffalo, confectionery, notions, $5,000; W. L. Powers, H. H. and M. B. Peck, Gainesville.

Leonore Waist Co., Newburg, $5,000; I. and H. Berger, S. Javer, 145 W. 28 St., N. Y. C.

Schreiber & Kohn, combs, hair ornamnets, novelties, $26,000; E. Kohn, S. H. and M. Schreiber, 40 W. 14 St.

Bow Foot Corset Co., orthopedic devices, braces, instruments, $10,000; E. A. Tipping, C. A. Sparks, R. R. Hincks, 55 Liberty St.

Manhasset Country Club, golf club, $20,000; W. Cooper, P. S. Rigney, T. P. Campbell, 148 E. 46 St.

Quinlan Coal Co., Port Richmond, $10,000; L. Fullwood, T. A. and J. B. Quinlan, 962 E. 10 St., B'klyn.

Savoy Tea & Coffee Co., $10,000; P. Parodi, L. and C. Somma, 540 Hicks St., B'klyn.

Capital increases: Williams-Parker Co., N. Y., $50,000 to $250,000; Saugerties Gas Light Co., Saugerties, $50,000 to $85,000; Standard Clay Refining Co., Sacket Harbor, $10,000 to $30,000; Motion Picture Trade Directory Co., N. Y., $10,000 to $20,000; Crest Improvement & Development Co., N. Y., $4,000 to $20,000.

Capital reduction: Cozy Home Realty Co., N. Y., $30,000 to $20,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Briskman, Shaff & Solomon, N. Y.; American Hoist & Derrick Co., N. Y.; Broad Dress & Skirt Co., N. Y.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 19.—Charters filed today:

United Men's Stores Corp'n, New York, $1,000,000; a chain of stores for all kinds of business; Eugene Kilner, John H. Crockett of New York, and Nathan Seigler of Newark, N. J.

Capital increase: Calfway Milker Co., New York; $40,000 to $2,000,000.

VALUE OF THE PESO.

How Mexican Currency Fluctuations Bother Importers.

The depreciation in Mexican currency resulting from the troubled political conditions existing in the southern republic is causing considerable friction between importers of merchandise from that country and the American customs authorities in the liquidating of entries. Under a statute enacted by Congress, the Secretary of the Treasury quarterly "proclaims" the value of foreign currency as a basis for the payment of customs duties and other transactions. The violent fluctuations, usually downward, of the Mexican dollar renders the invoicing of goods at prices acceptable to the Custom House officials uncertain at best.

A case typical of many others constantly arising was decided yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers, when a protest in the name of James Beattie of Galveston was overruled. The importations consisted of palm leaf hats from Mexico, and raised the question as to the value at which Mexican currency shall be converted into United States currency. The goods were entered as of a value of $1,219 foreign money, or $607 here. This conversion is on the basis of the Mexican dollar or peso being worth $.498 in American money, the rate proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury for the quarter during which the goods were purchased.

Mr. Beattie stated at the hearing that at the time of purchase the rate of exchange in effect was $1 in Mexican to $.357 in United States currency. In order to allow a margin for fluctuation, the importer adopted 37 cents as the value of the Mexican dollar, and asked that the entry be reliquidated on this basis, making a total value of $451. The Collector at Galveston, however, disregarded Beattie's plea, and assessed the importations on the basis of the proclaimed values for Mexican currency prevailing in the quarter the goods were bought. The importer thereupon appealed to the board for relief.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Bergman & Nathan; L. Pergman, jobs, suits; 15 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—J. Meyer & Co.; J. Meyer, waistings; Navarre.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; G. Cator, millinery, notions; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss G. Harbel, art goods; 214 Church; Collingwood.
BOSTON—Eldredge, Lewis & Co.; G. Lewis, dry goods; Strand.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Louis, millinery; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; L. F. Hill, inexpensive dresses; 60 W. 33d.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Miss Sweeney, misses' dresses; E. Lahty, laces, embroideries; 31 Union Square.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; W. T. Henderson, laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, ribbons; 2 Walker.
CHICAGO—F. Siegel & Bro.; F. Siegel, ready-to-wear; 7 W. 22d.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; A. B. Riouffe, ladies' muslin underwear; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; M. P. French, laces, embroideries, lace curtains; 115 Worth.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; W. C. Watts, general mdse.; 220 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Mrs. R. Rodenfels, men's neckwear, jewelry, gloves; 417 5th Av.; Collingwood.
DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. & Carpet Co.; T. J. Livesy, cloaks, suits; 31 Union Square; York.
DENVER—O. W. Lyman Millinery Co.; C. B. Lyman, millinery; 621 B'way.
DETROIT—Detroit Mfg. Co.; J. B. Nichols, dresses; 200 5th Av.
FALL RIVER—S. Robinson, ready-to-wear; St. Denis.
GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass.—R. J. Dewey, clothing; Flanders.
HARRISBURG—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; R. H. Cochran, dress goods; 2 Walker.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; I. Wise, cloaks, suits, waists; 116 W. 32d.
HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; Mr. Pollard, representing; 320 Church.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—M. Krauss, clothing, furn. goods, millinery; Wallicks.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Babcock & Davidson; C. F. Babcock, dry goods; Great Northern.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; C. Hasenohr, laces, ribbons, hdkfs., neckwear; 71 W. 23d.
JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Jones & Audette; Miss M. B. McCormick, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; Grand.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Memphis Silk Exchange; G. B. McElroy, silks; 200 5th Av.; Park Av.
NORWICH, Conn.—The Leader Specialty Co.; P. S. St. Onge, women's wear; Broadway Central.
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; A. Sharpe, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring; Navarre.
PETERSBURG, Va.—Southern D. G. & Notion Co.; J. R. Jolly, laces, waists, furn. goods, hosiery, notions; 43 Leonard.
PHILADELPHIA—Cantor Bros.; S. Cantor, cloaks, suits; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; C. Dillemuth, dress, wash goods; 1,261 Bwy; Navarre.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Brothers; Miss Perrett, muslin underwear; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Waldman, Fastman & Co.; H. Waldman, mattings; St. Denis.
PHILADELPHIA—Segal & Mallin; J. Mallin, laces, trimmings; New Victoria.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; J. Flynn, men's clothing; E. Meyer, men's clothing; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; L. A. Hubach, rugs; 320 Church.
PORT JERVIS—A. Cuff & Son; J. Cuff, general mdse; Albert.
POTTSVILLE—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. F. Gardner, ready-to-wear; 2 Walker.
POTTSVILLE, Penn.—Refowich Brothers; J. Refowich, clothing, furnishing goods; St. Denis.
PROVIDENCE—Smart-Austin Co.; D. A. Smart, ready-to-wear; Wallick's.
PUTNAM, Conn.—H. Deacon, general merchandise; Murray Hill.
RALEIGH, N. C.—Dobbin, Ferrall Co.; T. W. Dobbin, ladies' garments, furn. goods; York.
RICHMOND—Cohen Co.; Miss M. B. Wagener, laces, hosiery, umbrellas, knit underwear; 320 Church.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—R. Goldstein & Co.; L. Goldstein, clothing; Broadway Central.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—E. Wren Co.; E. V. Wren, notions, laces, leather goods, gloves; 320 Church.
ST. LOUIS—J. P. Mullaley Furnishing Goods Co.; J. P. Murphy, furnishing goods; Great Northern.
ST. LOUIS—Hurst-Zucker Neckwear Co.; A. Zucker, belts; H. H. Zucker, neckwear; Hermitage.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; V. N. Anderson, upholstery goods, rugs, lace curtains; 470 4th Av.
STROUDSBURG, Penn.—A. B. Wyckoff; E. H. Wyckoff, dry goods; 41 Union Square.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; Miss M. E. Lehice, cloaks, suits; 20 W. 22d.
UTICA, N. Y.—Lynch & Kelly; M. F. Kelly, furn. gods; Navarre.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; S. W. Woodward, dry goods; 334 4th Av.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Marcy & Co.; H. G. Marcy, furnishing goods, clothing; Marlborough.
YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; W. H. Anderson, china, house furn. goods; W. Boyer, furn. goods; 105 Grand; Grand.

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR MANUFACTURERS Successful salesman, employed, will manage New York office for out-of-town manufacturer; connection desired with a high-class concern only. W 167 Times.

200 LADIES', MISSES' FINE CHINCHILLA COATS, black, gray, navy, plush, shoal collars, $3.50; 100 plaid mixtures, new models, regular price, $6. B Andrews, 4 W. 22d.

HIGH-CLASS MAN desires to connect with reliable concern with a view to traveling with its line to the Pacific Coast on salary or commission basis. H 35 Times Annex.

LADIES' AND MISSES' PLUSH COATS for immediate delivery. Cooper & Grapes, 145 West 28th.

LARGE JOBBER LOOKING SPRING JUNIOR, MISSES' COATS AND SUITS; WRITE FOR APPOINTMENT. M. H., 210 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Southern salesman, representing well-known dress house, wants waists or skirt line in conjunction; going South Nov. 28. T 98 Times.

TO CLOSE OUT, 200 single texture coats at 90 cents; 500 double texture cemented coats at $1.85. Am. Raincoat Co., 1 Wiget St., Boston.

MANUFACTURER retiring from business will sacrifice stock of waists and petticoats; cheap. 126 5th Av., 12th floor.

JOBBERS looking at Spring coats and suits Friday morning, 9 to 11. 140 West 22d St, 4th floor, Juda Bros.

200 LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS TO CLOSE OUT. Goldstien & Cooper, 148 West 24th.

Open for jobs in furs of all kinds for cash; must be cheap. Call Friday, 9 A. M., Room 1,416, 1,133 Broadway.

JOBBER open for jobs in ladies' and misses' coats; also pile fabrics. Write for appointment. W 130 Times.

We are open to buy ten pieces of Arabian lamb. Max Mittenthal & Sons, 108 East Broadway.

JOBBER OPEN FOR SPRING silk dresses; will look all day. 142 West 24th St., 10th floor.

JOB 100 JUNIOR BOYS' BALMACAANS, $2.00. Phil Walcott, 632 Broadway.

Ladies' raincoats to close out below cost. 47 West 34th, Room 707.

Looking at Spring silk dresses. 142 West 24th St., 10th floor.

SAMSTAG & HILDER BROS.
557-559 BROADWAY NEW YORK
MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS
have now on sale for immediate delivery—small lots of Leather Bags, Shell Combs, Jewelry, Necklaces, Colonial Ivory Frames, Toilet Articles, Beaded Bags, Neckwear, Fans, Toys, etc., at Remarkable price concessions.
WHOLESALE ONLY

WE HAVE ABOUT
150
Ladies' & Junior Coats
TO CLOSE OUT.
LATEST MODELS AND MATERIALS.
Wonderful Values
AT $2.50 NET.
Zitenfield Cloak Company,
12 East 22d St.

APRONS 25 cents up. 1,000 styles at All Stores. Look for THIS LABEL
MADE WITH DEAN REGISTERED LOCK STITCH
DEAN'S LOCKSTITCHED
Send for Catalog. 45 East 17th St.

TO HOLD WAR PICTURES.
To preserve copies of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra handsome binders sent through by mail—cloth for $1.00; imitation leather, $1.50, and half leather, gold trimmed, for $1.75. Holds complete file for one year. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

$10,000 to Invest
An experienced, successful, energetic, young merchant will consider investment in a "successful," going business with services. Will deal only with principals of best character. State details. Replies treated strictly confidential.
W., 173 Times

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.
35,000 sq. ft. on a floor
at low rent. Low insurance rate; unusual elevator facilities; excellent light; sprinkler system. Sixth Av., 22d to 23d St.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO.
Rental Agents 95 Liberty St.

TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Sons, NEW YORK & CHICAGO
MEN'S POCKET-BOOKS	Masterpiece TRADEMARK	A. L. Steinweg & Co., Makers, 131-137 West 35th St.
WAISTS	Geisha	Frankenthal Bros. Co. Makers, 16-18 W. 22d St., N. Y.
ENGLISH PURE WOOL UNDERWEAR	Guaranteed Unshrinkable. Cartwright & Warners Best in the World.	A. Kuehnert & Co. Wholesale Distributors, 315 4 Av., N.Y.C.
House Dresses, Kimonos, Bath Robes	H.B. BRAND LABEL REGISTERED	Hamburger Bros., 142-144 W. 26 St., New York City.
GOWNS DRESSES	Magnet Brand	M. I. Nathan, Inc. MAKERS 105 Madison Ave., N. Y.
Lingerie	Amifrench	French Lingerie Co. 320 Fifth Ave. at 32d St.
BRUSHES	"Zel"	Holton & Adams DISTRIBUTORS, 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK.

MADE IN U.S.A.

Sure Selling Dresses, $3.50 to $35
PHIL S. GILL
DRESS VALUE CREATOR
39 WEST 32D STREET.
"American Styles for American Women."

Crochet, Beading, Tinsel, Silk and Cotton Work of All Kinds.
HAND EMBROIDERIES
AMERICAN ART EMBROIDERY CO.,
M. MARKEL. 25 E. 20th St., New York.
EMBROIDERY ON DRESSES, CLOAKS and WAISTS for the Trade.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS' SALE.
Today, Nov. 20th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., at our Salesroom, 46-50 Wooster St., N. Y. City, we will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION several salvage stocks for account of whom it may concern.
MISS K. FOLEY, (Retailer Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings,) Columbus Av., City, consisting of
LADIES' FURNISHINGS,
WAISTS, DRESSES, GLOVES, NOTIONS, Etc.
H. KAY & CO., (Mfr. Children's Dresses,) 23d St., City, Consisting of
LATEST STYLE MISSES' & CHILDREN'S FALL DRESSES,
Woolens, Cotton pc. Goods, Embroideries, Trimmings, Etc.
A Quantity of
WOOL YARN—Asstd. Colors.
Also at 12 o'clock noon will sell
S. B. LEBENTHAL & CO., (Mfr. Clothing,) Bleecker St., City,
MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS,
SINGLE COATS, PANTS, VESTS, Etc.
Terms of sale cash. Deposit of 25% required from all buyers. Stock arranged for sale and sold by
LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY,
Tel. Spring 18.

David W. Biow Co.
Will Sell Today, Fri., Nov. 20, 10:30 A. M., In Our New Salesrooms, 520-522 Broadway, Between Spring and Broome Sts., Telephone 6680-6681 Spring, without limit or reserve,
20,000 Yards 6-4
Woolens & Dress Goods
Also 1,250 Trade Lots
DRY GOODS,
Men's & Ladies' FURNISHINGS,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
Ladies', Misses', and Children's
WEARING APPAREL,
FANCY FURS, FUR SETS.
SALE WILL COMMENCE WITH WOOLENS AND DRESS GOODS.

ASSIGNEE SALE.
Supreme Court, New York County.
In the Matter of the Assignment of Martin M. Marcus to Clifford G. Ludvigh, Assignee, SAMUEL MARX, auctioneer, sells this day, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20TH, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., on premises, Suite, 214, Strand Theatre Building, corner 47th Street and Broadway, assets of the above, consisting of Evening and cabaret gowns, in charmeuse, chiffons, and other silks and satins; street dresses, cloaks, and suits in broadcloths, serges, cheviots, &c,; also pony skin and seal coats.
Fixtures, cheval mirror, desk, table, chairs, dress forms, hangers, rugs, &c.
By order of CLIFFORD G. LUDVIGH, Esq., Assignee.
MAURICE NAGLER, Esq., Attorney for Assignee, 233 Broadway, New York City.
SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer, Woolworth Building, Suite 2,020-2,126. Tel. 6911-12 Barclay.

$30,000 Manufacturers' High-Grade Stock of MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S
CLOTHING
WOOLENS and TRIMMINGS.
Van Praag & Company and Merchandise Purchasing Company, John Van Praag, Auct., Will Sell on Monday, November 23d, '14, At 10:30 A. M., on premises,
462-464-466-468 BROADWAY,
(Cor. Grand St.,) N. Y. C.,
Entire Stock of Morris Levy & Co., (Retiring from Business.)
2,000 Men's Suits and 500 Young Men's Suits, Overcoats, in Balmacaans, Convertible Collars, and Staples.
The above firm sold their merchandise in every city from coast to coast and was noted for big values. Will Be Sold in Large Trade Lots.

$100,000 worth men's and boys' clothing; lots to suit purchaser, below cost of production. A. Schaap & Son, Auct'rs, 394 Broadway.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

TODAY (FRI.) and Tomorrow (Sat.) at 2:30 o'clock,
AT ABSOLUTE AUCTION,
IN SILO'S
Fifth Ave.
Art Galleries,
Mr. James P. Silo, Auctioneer,
546 Fifth Av., N. Y.
MAIN ENTRANCE,
1, 3 & 5 West 45th St.
ESTABLISHED 1879
A Collection of
ENGLISH ANTIQUES
In Furniture, Old China, Chinese Porcelains, Sheffield Plate and Silver, Old English and Irish Glass, and other Art Objects.
The Entire Collection of 586 Lots has been consigned to these Galleries for
Messrs. Baileys, Ltd.
7 KENSINGTON HIGH STREET, LONDON, W.
On account of the very inactive condition of trade in London at the present time.

JEWELRY.

Harry M. Moses, Auctioneer
OFFICE: 189 BROADWAY.
COMMENCING WITH LOT 315.
Administrator's Sale at Public Auction without limit or reserve.
Estate of John R. Costen.
DIAMOND JOE
Friday, November 20,
AT 10:30 A. M. AT
390 Broadway Near Walker St.
NEW YORK CITY.
$30,000 Stock of Fine
Diamond Jewelry
also Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires, Pearls, Opals, and other precious stones, mounted in Rings, Brooches, Pendants, Scarf Pins, La Vallieres, Necklaces, Bracelets, Studs, Buttons, Lace Pins, Lorgnette Chains, Cigar Cutters, Collar Buttons, Earrings, Earscrews, and many other useful articles.
In Trade lots, but a large number of pieces will be sold singly.
Terms cash—Dealers invited—Catalogue upon application.
By Order JOHN L. LYTTLE, Administrator.
JOAB H. BANTON, Attorney for Administrator, 1 Liberty St., New York City.

Large High Grade Stock of
Diamonds & Jewelry
150 BRACELET WATCHES,
5000 Pieces Expensive
Art Metal Holiday Novelties
1000 Rhinestone Shoe Buckles,
Ivory Toilet Sets and Mirrors.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers,
Will Sell Tuesday, Nov. 24th, 1914.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York—No. 20,525—In Bankruptcy.—IKE GURYAN, Alleged Bankrupt.
To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on November 18th, 1914, an order was made referring the above-entitled proceeding to the undersigned as referee, under Section 12-A of the Bankruptcy Act, and
Notice is hereby further given that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, at No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 30th day of November, 1914, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
November 19th, 1914.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York—In the matter of GASPARE CALECA, Bankrupt.—No. 20,865.
Notice is hereby given that Gaspare Caleca, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 19th, 1914, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, November 30th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated November 19th, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—CHARLES J. NELSON and SAMUEL S. BLUME, individually and as co-partners trading as NELSON & BLUME, Bankrupts.—No. 20,303.
Notice is hereby given that the above named bankrupts have filed their petition, dated November 11th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on December 21, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 19, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 20,221.—CHARLES E. FISK, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Fisk, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 12, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on December 21, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 19, 1914.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 18,731.—JACOB M. SCHECHTER, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Jacob M. Schechter, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 29, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on December 21, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist. N. Y. No. 20429, in Bankruptcy, LOUIS AHRENS, formerly known as LOUIS AARONS, individually and as a member of the firm of DEGGINGER & AARONS, Bankrupt.
Creditors of the said above named bankrupt are hereby given notice that on October 3, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 2, 1914, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York—No. 19,482.—EDWARD LIEBERMAN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Edward Lieberman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 30, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all his creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on December 21, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist. N. Y. No. 20409, in Bankruptcy, FLEISCHMANN BROS. COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Creditors of the said Fleischmann Bros. Company are hereby given notice that on November 4, 1914, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 1, 1914, at 3 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist. N. Y. No. 20296, in Bankruptcy, MADAME X MFG. CO., Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Madame X Mfg. Co. are hereby given notice that on September 22, 1914, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 2, 1914, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20,609.—In Bankruptcy.—UNITED STATES FACTORY EQUIPMENT CO., INC., Bankrupt.
Creditors of the said above-named bankrupt are hereby given notice that on November 10, 1914, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 3, 1914, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y. No. 20564, in Bankruptcy, LOUIS SCHENTES, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Louis Schentes are hereby given notice that on October 31, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 3, 1914, at 10:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20608.—ALBERT JACOBSON, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Albert Jacobson are hereby given notice that on November 9, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 3, 1914, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y. No. 20585, In Bankruptcy, LOUIS HONIG, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Louis Honig are hereby given notice that on November 5, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 2, 1914, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20,630.—In Bankruptcy.—MARGARET MAGUIRE, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Margaret Maguire are hereby given notice that on November 13, 1914, she was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 3, 1914, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 18, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20645.—In Bankruptcy.—ULYSSES V. ABBOTT, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Ulysses V. Abbott are hereby given notice that on November 16, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, December 3, 1914, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
New York, November 17, 1914.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,420.—JAMES FLANAGAN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that James Flanagan, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 4, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on December 21, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 19, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20593.—In Bankruptcy.—RADIUM WASHING COMPOUND PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.
Radium Washing Compound Products Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 6th, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 2 Rector St., City of New York, on December 3d, 1914, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York No. 20488 in Bankruptcy. ASCOT MANUFACTURING CO INC, Bankrupt.
Ascot Manufacturing Co Inc was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 26th 1914 and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office 2 Rector St City of New York, on December 3rd 1914 at 11 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20,617.—In Bankruptcy.—ELIAS T. JESTER, Bankrupt. Elias T. Jester was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 11th, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 2 Rector St., City of New York, on December 3d, 1914, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may property come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York No. 20596 in Bankruptcy. SAMUEL LEVY, Bankrupt.
Samuel Levy was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 7th 1914 and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office 2 Rector St City of New York, on December 3rd 1914 at 12 M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWIN D. WASHBURNE and CHARLES W. HOLTON, individually and as members of the firm of EDWIN D. WASHBURNE & COMPANY, and the firm of EDWIN D. WASHBURNE & COMPANY, Bankrupts.—No. 19,631.
To the creditors of the above named bankrupts:
Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupts, consisting of their stock of jewelry and precious stones and office furniture and fixtures, situated at No. 7 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will be sold under the direction of Edmund N. Stone, the Trustee, at the above named premises, on the 30th day of November, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon.
The Trustee reserves the right to prescribe the terms of sale and to withhold from said sale such portion of the stock as may be subject to liens, and also to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value. Further particulars in regard to said liens may be obtained from the Trustee. The property may be inspected at the above premises at any time during regular business hours prior to the sale.
Bids for the above-described property, assets, and effects as an entirety, either with or without the portion subject to liens, may be submitted to the Trustee at his office at the above premises on or before the 28th day of November, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, at which time and place the bids will be opened by him.
The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on said premises by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, on said 30th day of November, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon.
Dated New York, November 13th, 1914.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
RUSHMORE, BISBEE & STERN, Attorneys for Trustee, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CLUB LAUNDRY, INC., Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Receiver will sell at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on Wednesday, November 25th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., at the premises of the bankrupt, No. 511 West 51st Street, Manhattan, New York City, the property belonging to this estate, consisting of a large quantity of laundry machinery, gas engine, shafting, belting and pulleys, trucks and tables, and other equipment of a complete steam laundry plant; desks, safes, typewriter, and other office furniture and fixtures, and three Autocar trucks.
Autocar trucks may be inspected at the New York Herald Company's Auto Garage, No. 516 West 37th Street, N. Y. City, and the balance of the property at the above premises, No. 511 West 51st Street, N. Y. City, any day prior to day of sale between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Dated November 20th, 1914.
MAX WALLENSTEIN, Receiver.
CHARLES A. KALISH, Attorney for Receiver, 60 Wall Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—CHARLES A. FERGUSON, complainant, against THE AUTO PRESS COMPANY, defendant.
It appearing to the court that the bill in this case is exhibited for the benefit of all classes of creditors of the defendant The Auto Press Company, for the purpose of determining who are such creditors and the amount of their respective claims, and the order in which upon final decree the same shall be paid, it is
ORDERED that J. Van Vechten Olcott and Morris D. Kopple, the receivers herein, be and they hereby are directed within ten days from the date hereof to mail to each and every creditor, as the same may appear upon the books of the defendant company, a copy of this order, such mailing to be in a securely sealed envelope, postage prepaid, and to be addressed to the said creditors of the defendant company at the last Post Office addresses known to said receivers, and such service by mail is hereby decreed to be due, timely, sufficient and complete service of notice of this proceeding upon all such creditors; and it is further
ORDERED that all such creditors of the said defendant company, and each and every of them, be and they hereby are directed to file with the receivers at their office and place of business, 95 Madison Avenue, (Manhattan,) New York City, on or before the first Monday of January next, a duly sworn statement of all and any such claims as they may have against the defendant company, and such statement shall be verified before any officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the State where such claim is verified, and such statement of claims shall, where the same is evidenced by any written instrument, have the same attached to it; and it is further
ORDERED that a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in two newspapers of general circulation published in the City, County and State of New York, to wit: New York Times and New York Tribune.
Dated New York October 30th, 1914.
Enter.
JULIUS M. MAYER, U. S. D. J.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company.
All creditors of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company are hereby notified that the District Court of the United States, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, in the cause wherein Bankers Trust Co. is plaintiff and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Co. is defendant, numbered in Equity No. 41, on the second day of November, 1914, ordered that:
"All persons, firms or corporations having claims or demands against the defendant, the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company, other than those secured by mortgage or conditional sale duly filed or recorded, are required, on or before the first day of January, 1915, under penalty of thereafter having said claims disallowed in the discretion of the court, to file the same with Judson Harmon and Rufus B. Smith, Receivers herein, which said claims or demands shall be supported by affidavit and shall set out the amount and nature of any security or lien held by the claimant or to which the claimant is entitled, and also any claim to preference in payment from the assets in the hands of the Receivers or the earnings therefrom in priority to the bonds secured by the mortgage to the plaintiff, Bankers Trust Company, of New York, bearing date July 1, 1909, and known as defendant's First and Refunding Mortgage, or to any other creditors of the defendant."
Pursuant to the above, claims should be filed with the undersigned Receivers at the following address:
JUDSON HARMON,
RUFUS B. SMITH,
Receivers of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Co.,
66 Carew Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.
November 2, 1914.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEONARD C. SMITH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 20th, 1914, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 155th St. and 8th Av., Coogan's Bluff, opposite the Polo Grounds, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the right, title and interest of the Receiver in and to the ice plant, machinery, boilers, tanks, and material used for running an ice plant, fixtures, &c.
WILLIAM L. MORCK, Receiver.
NEWMAN & NEWGASS, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROTH & PRINTZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 25th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 51 Avenue B, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of skirts, piece goods, cloth, sewing machines, fixtures, etc., also receiver's right, title and interest in and to the lease of said premises. Inspection Nov. 23d & 24th between 10 A. M. & 4 P. M.
DEAN NELSON, Receiver.
I. V. WEISBROD, Attorney for Receiver, 71 Bway, New York.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of AIRICO CO., INC. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on Tuesday, the 1st day of Dec. 1914, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,711 3rd Av., Borough of Bronx, and at 1 P. M. at 1,968 Amsterdam Av., City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of cloaks, coats, suits, skirts, dresses, petticoats, fixtures, etc.
EDWARD C. WEINRIB, Assignee.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Assignee, 350 B'dway, New York.

FINANCIAL NEWS.
The Annalist, every Monday. Authoritative articles on general economic conditions, on finance and commerce, full and reliable lists of stocks and bonds, and charts showing variations in the cost of living. Ten cents by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York City.—Advt.

Nowhere Do Such

WAR PICTURES

Appear as Are Reproduced Every Week in the

Picture Section

Of The Sunday Times

Every picture in that section, whether war or news, must have a definite value.

It must be important.

It must be informative.

It must have wide human interest.

The Picture Section of next Sunday's Times, measuring up to this high standard, will include, in beautiful rotogravure and half-tone, pictures of Algerian troops in Flanders bringing in German prisoners of war; the British dreadnought Audacious sinking off the north coast of Ireland, with its officers and crew leaving in small boats; Egyptian camel corps which is now called upon to repel the Turkish invasion of Africa; French Colonials resisting surprise attack at Dixmude; the German Crown Prince with his staff officers in the field; a great body of Russian recruits on parade; men and women searching amid the wreckage of the hospital ship Rohilla washed up by the sea, and many others as interesting.

Times Pictorial Section
Supreme in Pictures

Order in Advance; The Times
Is Always Sold Out Early

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Former Owners Buy in Hotel Continental for $750,000—Protective Purchase by Hotel Collingwood in Thirty-sixth Street—Bronx Apartment Sold—Brooklyn and Suburban Buyers.

The sale of the Hotel Continental, on the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-first Street, in foreclosure proceedings, was the feature of the auction offerings in the Vesey Street salesroom yesterday. It was sold by Joseph P. Day in an action to recover judgments of about $930,000. Only one bid was made, for $750,000, by a representative of the Mabee family of Saratoga, which sold the property two years ago to the syndicate known as the Forty-first Street Realty Company.

The hotel, a nine-story building, covers a plot part fee and part leasehold. The fee portion is the corner, fronting 31.2 feet on Broadway and 93.4 feet on Forty-first Street. The adjoining leasehold has a frontage of 22.11 feet on Broadway and about 80 feet on the street.

The Café Boulevard, I. H. Rosenfeld, proprietor, occupies a portion of the building, and a company operates the hotel proper, and it is not expected that this sale will affect the present leasing tenants.

Hotel Collingwood Buys in 36th St.

The Collingwood Realty Company, of which Seth H. Moseley is President, was the purchaser of the four-story house at 46 West Thirty-sixth Street, sold at foreclosure yesterday by Joseph P. Day in the Vesey Street room. The plot is 16.7 by 98.9 feet. The action was brought against Mrs. L. W. Wright. The liens with taxes were about $45,000, and the Collingwood Company paid $55,000. The interesting feature of this sale was that the new owner bought the house at private sale the preceding day, but it was impossible to make satisfactory arrangements to withdraw the property from public sale, and so the Collingwood Company actually bought it in. The house is at the rear of the Collingwood Hotel, and the purchase was made to protect its light and air. The hotel controls 52 to 56 under long leases. A. A. Hageman was the broker concluding the sale.

Bronx Borough.

Investment buying in the Bronx was again indicated in the purchase by a client of Arnold, Byrne & Baumann of the five-story apartment house at the southwest corner of Southern Boulevard and Tiffany Street, a plot 35 by 100 feet. The property was held at $60,000. It was sold for Eberhardt & Podgur.

An investing client of Alexander Selkin has purchased from Edward Stelter 862 East 162d Street, a two-story frame dwelling, on a plot 35 by 99.4.

Brooklyn.

Elisha T. Everett, broker, has sold the three-family brick dwelling 468 Hancock Street, for Thomas H. Stewart, to a client for investment.

James M. Hawley sold for the Columbia Trust Company of Newburgh, 404 Pulaski Street, to a client, for dwelling purposes.

The Lawyers' Mortgage Company has sold 1,361 Seventy-sixth Street, a one-family stucco dwelling, on lot 22.8 by 100, to H. Woodbury, and also a similar house at 1,369 Seventy-sixth Street, to A. J. Kenner.

Long Island.

In the Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, the New York Suburban Land Company has sold a plot 60 by 100 on Sterling Place to B. H. Benson, a plot 40 by 100 on Oxford Place to A. G. Hosmer, and a plot 80 by 100 on Rose Place to J. C. Ross.

Martin Taendler sold the three two-family houses at 3,843, 3,845, and 3,849 Shoe and Leather Street, Woodhaven, to C. Knipe, who gave in part payment a 133-acre farm near Clinton, Conn.

To Buy Sayville Golf Course.

The two weeks' option held by the Sayville Golf Club on the Slater farm at Sayville, L. I., expired last Saturday. An extension, however, has been granted for a survey, and when this is completed the property will be purchased by the club for its future course. The land, which contains between sixty-four and sixty-five acres, will permit a full-sized nine-hole course.

Scarsdale and Yonkers Sales.

L. Ward Prince has sold a plot 90 by 140 adjoining the residence of J. E. Powers on Greenacres Avenue, Scarsdale Estates. Arthur T. Egner has purchased a plot 110 by 160 from the Scarsdale Estates on Berkeley Road.

The Orear Bungalow at Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers, adjoining the proposed Country Club, has been sold to Simon Sutta.

Commercial Leases.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd have leased for Amos F. Eno to the Buckhout Realty Company the building at 73 to 77 Pine Street and 168 Pearl Street, located at the southwest corner of Pine and Pearl Streets.

The Duross Company has leased for Isabel K. Sone and Margaret A. Gaston the building 44 West Fifteenth Street to the Erie Transfer Company of New Jersey.

The Herman Arns Company has leased for C. Eggens for a term of years the store at 2,548 Eighth Avenue to the Massas Floral Company.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased, furnished, for Mrs. William G. Fitch the home of the late Clyde Fitch, the playwright, a five-story American basement dwelling, 18.9 by 100, at 113 East Fortieth Street to Henry B. Carhart; also, for Mrs. George G. De Witt to Mrs. Joseph A. Flannery the five-story American basement dwelling, on a lot 21.5 by 100, 37 West Fifty-first Street.

Porter & Co. have leased for Harry A. Grant to Paul Bishop Miraglia the three-story dwelling at 25 East 130th Street.

Apartment for Dock Commissioner Smith.

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, who has formerly lived in West Seventy-second Street, has just leased an apartment of eighteen rooms and six baths in the new building owned by the Fullerton-Weaver Realty Company at 640 Park Avenue, northwest corner of Sixty-sixth Street. The lease was made through Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

To Develop Nelson Estate.

A new company, with a capital stock of $100,000, has been incorporated to develop the Nelson estate, at Peekskill-on-the-Hudson, overlooking the village. The land was formerly owned by the late Judge Thomas Nelson, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Oregon for many years, and also a prominent attorney of New York City, who acquired during his lifetime some 1,000 acres.

The officers of the corporation are: President—Thomas Nelson; Directors—Robert E. Farley and L. Ward Prince.

Hammerstein Gives Mortgage.

The Hammerstein Opera Company has obtained from the Mutual Bank a mortgage of $70,000, as recorded yesterday, on the Manhattan Opera House, in Thirty-fourth Street, and the Lexington Avenue Opera House, near Fifty-first Street. The previous mortgages on the properties aggregate $791,000.

Architects Condemn Fire Alarm System.

The American Institute of Architects at its recent meeting adopted resolutions to the effect that the fire alarm system of the City of New York is inefficient and unreliable and, on account of its inefficiency, is a menace to the lives and property of the citizens, and indorsed Fire Commissioner Adamson's efforts to provide a modern and adequate fire alarm system.

Realty Convention This Afternoon.

Mayor Mitchel has signified his intention to attend the conference of real estate men of the Greater City, who are to meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building, to perfect an organization representing all interests for joint action against legislation and other movements inimical to property interests.

Realty Notes.

A building loan of $350,000 has been made by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to the Broadway and 146th Street Corporation for the new apartment to be erected on the northwest corner of Broadway and 146th Street, a plot 99.11 by 100.

G. M. Hecksher, J. L. De Saulles, and Clifford M. Shiermans were the brokers in the purchase by August Heckscher from Benjamin Stern of the Fifth Avenue block front between 104th and 105th Streets, as announced yesterday.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

Broadway, 1,450, s e corner of 41st St, 31.2x93.4x irregular; also, Broadway, 1,448, e s, 30.11 ft s of 41st St, 22.11x78.9x irregular; leasehold, nine-story Hotel Continental; F. L. Mabee against 41st Street Realty Co. and others; J. S. L'Amoreaux, attorney; M. J. Hirsch, referee; due, $918,807.15; taxes, &c., $11,067.50; to the plaintiff for $750,000.

36th St, 46 West, s s, 520.1 ft w of 5th Av, 16.7x98.9, four-story dwelling; A. H. Byrd and others, executors, against L. W. Wright and others; R. W. B. Elliott, attorney; M. M. Wyvell, referee; due, $41,792.90; taxes, &c., $3,347.13; to the Collingwood Realty Co. $55,000.

Goerck St, 157 to 161, s w corner of 3d St, 77.3x100.10x90x100, four-story loft and stable; Otto Gerdau against Osias Karp and others; Hoadly, L. & J., attorneys; Jerome Wilzin, referee; due, $52,160.04; taxes, &c, $1,500; to the plaintiff for $45,000.

22d St, 405 East, n s, 96 ft e of 1st Av, 23.6x98.9, four-story tenement; G. F. W. Poggenburg and others against A. H. W. Protzman and others; W. N. Vreeland, attorney; E. J. Nathan, referee; partition; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

185th St, 501 and 503 West, n w corner of Amsterdam Av, (No. 2,520,) 100x53.4x100x49.4; one-story stores; M. C. Wilson against R. A. Nugent and others; E. R. Vollmer, attorney; Abraham Oberstein, referee; due, $8,277.93; taxes, &c., $2,442.77; to the plaintiff for $11,000

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

Riverside Drive, 146, e s, 25 ft s of 87th St, 23x100, four-story dwelling; County Holding Co. against B. J. Barnes and others; Merrill & R., attorneys; M. L. Stover, referee; due, $50,395.38; taxes, &c, $567.80.

87th St, 207 and 209 West, n s, 162.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 62.6x100.8, two five-story flats; A. C. Dittrich and others against Isaac Josephs and others, executors and trustees; R. H. Kittel, attorney; Joseph Rowan, referee; due, $7,793.98; taxes, &c, $752.60, subject to first mortgage of $65,000.

105th St, 312 East, s s, 425 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11, four-story back tenement; City Real Estate Co. and others against Bartolomeo Palumbo and others; Harold Swain, attorney; J. J. Halpin, referee; due, $12,046.62; taxes, &c, $498.25.

Avenue A, 63, w s, 48.1 ft n of 4th St, 16x100, four-story tenement and stores; Max Schwarz against Milton Greenfield and others; M. M. Himowich, attorney; F. J. Churchill, referee; due, $5,768.69; taxes, &c., $315; subject to first mortgage $11,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AV.
By Charles A. Berrian.

Southern Boulevard, 1,480 and 1,482, e s, 200 ft n of Jennings St, 50x100; Alma Greenebaum against Sonsin-Wahlig Construction Co. and others; Alexander Greenebaum, attorney; J. J. Hynes, referee; due, $9,456.16; taxes, &c., $371.70; subject to a mortgage of $34,000.

Southern Boulevard, 1,484 and 1,486, e s, 250 ft n of Jennings St, 50x100, five-story tenement and stores; L. P. Goldstein against Sonsin-Wahlig Construction Co. and others; Alexander Greenebaum, attorney; J. J. Hynes, referee; due, $9,443.76; taxes, &c., $371.70; subject to prior mortgage $34,000.

Morris Park Av, 629, n s, 1,431.11 ft e of Walker Av, 25.2x189.6x28.6x174.2; Ellen Fitzgerald against Lizzie Reese; C. K. McGuire, attorney; H. A. Forster, referee; due, $4,793.82; taxes, &c., $365.55.

By Joseph P. Day.

Prospect Av, 564 and 566, e s, 106.11 ft s of Fox St, 46.1x158.3x37.6x131.5, five-story flat and stores; W. L. Condit and others, trustees, against Helene Freudenmacher and others; Elkus, G. & P., attorneys; G. B. Hayes, referee; due, $41,935.69; taxes, &c., $504.78.

Southern Boulevard, 2,321, w s, 35.5 ft n of 183d St, 40.6x106.4x40x112.6, five-story flat; Adam Trillich and others against Sida Construction Co. and others; Charles Brandt, Jr., attorney; G. B. Hayes, referee; due, $5,986.36; taxes, &c., $769.34; subject to a mortgage of $28,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 19.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 135, n s, 25.1 ft e of West Broadway, 25x100; Howard P. Denison to Hy B. Ketcham, 108 Willow St, Brooklyn, or 2 Rector St, New York, quitclaim, Nov. 17 ....$1

EMERSON ST, w s, from Sherman to Post Av, 310x100; Carrie S. Weiss to Bemis Realty Co., 61 Broadway, (mtg $359,500,) Nov. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

GREENWICH ST, 141 and 143, n e corner; Cedar St, 127, 58.11x34.4; John H. Rogan, referee, to Mary E. Cottrell, executrix of George W. Cottrell, 54 Glen Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Nov. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$61,000

2D AV, w s, 41.11 ft n of 66th St, 39x100; Daycor Realty Co. to Jacob Corday, 981 Park Av, B & S, Nov. 10; attorneys, Breed, Abbott & M., 32 Liberty St....$1

6TH AV, e s, 43.5 ft s of 29th St, 20x75; John E. Britton to Amande B. Manee, 1,897 Madison Av, Nov. 18....$100

36TH ST, s s, 520.1 ft w of 5th Av, 16.7x98.9; Lizzie W. Wright to Seth H. Moseley, 45 West 35th St, (mtg $43,317,) Nov. 17; attorneys, White & Case, 14 Wall St....$1

44TH ST, s s, 120 ft e of Lexington Av, 20x100.5; Catherine Gibson to Esther E. Gibson, 136 East 44th St, Nov. 18; attorney, W. S. Champ, 60 Liberty St....$1

50TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 10th Av, 100x100.5; John G. Saxe, referee, to City Bank of Bayonne, 474 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J., (mtg $48,000,) Nov. 16; attorney, S. H. Kugel, 170 Broadway....$5,000

71ST ST., 58 West, s s, 145 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.5; Jennie L. Woodend to Yorkshire Realty Corporation, 51 Chambers St, (mtg $27,500,) Nov. 18; attorney, A. A. Katzen, 51 Chambers St....$100

76TH ST, 431 East, n s, 413 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Metropolitan Savings Bank to Max Pollak, 505 East 76th St, Nov. 16; attorney, E. N. Adler, 1,506 1st Av....$100

97TH ST, n s, 90 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Isador Lowenfeld to Paola Torregrosso et al., 203 East 78th St, (mtg $8,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, D. Sternlicht, 230 East 6th St....$100

101ST ST, 343 and 345 East, n s, 40 ft w of 1st Av, 40x100.11; Meyer Solomon to Dorothy Gutman, 47 Fort Washington Av, (mtg $36,500,) Nov. 19; attorney, I. Hershfield, 99 Nassau St....$100

112TH ST, 35 West, n s, 375 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11; Edmund H. G. Crantz to Eugene J. Busher, 651 East 164th St, or 553 Courtlandt Av, (mtg $26,500,) Aug. 8, 1913....$100

123D ST, s s, 60.1 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank to James H. Murphy, 101 East 122d St, Nov. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

131ST ST, 48-50 West, s s, 235 ft e of Lenox Av, 37x99.11; Manton M. Wyvell to Wilson M. Powell, 490 West End Av, or 7 Wall St, Nov. 19....$42,000

142D ST, n s, 275 ft e of Broadway, 19.8x99.11; Sidney H. Stuart to John P. Leo, 770 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $12,000,) Nov. 19; attorney, Dulon & Roe, 41 Park Row.....$100

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, e s, 233.4 ft w of 173d St, 16.8x120; Margaret J. Becker to Wolf Barcham, 1,706 Bathgate Av, Nov. 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

BATHGATE AV, e s, 234.1 ft w of 173d St, 16.6x115.7; R. Granville Green, executor, to Wolf Barcham, 1,706 Bathgate Av, Nov. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,950

BOSTON ROAD, w s, 465 ft s of 166th St, 140.3x irregular; Normal Construction Co. to Jennie L. Woodend, 58 West 71st St, (mtg $151,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 B'way...$100

CATHERINE ST, w s, being Lots 269, 270, 293 and 294, 296, map of Washingtonville, 250x100; Helena Freudenmacher to Twenty-third Ward Bank, 2,469 3d Av, (mtg $5,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, Twenty-third Ward Bank, 2,469 3d Av....$100

COURTLANDT AV, n w s, 56.1 ft n of Hawthorne Av, 25x100; Emma Brown to Anna B. Burnham, 23 5th St, Weehawken, N. J., 1-5 part, Nov. 17; attorney, C. C. Roberts, 27 Cedar St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lena Graser to same, 1-5 part, Nov. 17; attorney, same....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Harry Gebhard to same; 1-5 part, Nov. 17; attorney, same....$1

DAWSON ST, s s, 106 ft n of Longwood Av, 50x100; Max Reinitz to Mary Kirsch, 1,026 Westchester Av, (mtg $43,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, Louis Monheim, 302 Broadway....$1

GRANT AV, 1,064, e s, 25x101.1; Celia Rader to Reuben R. Krefetz, 870 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn, Aug. 12; attorney, Thomas Hooker, 309 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Reuben R. Krefetz to Ida V. Ambrose, 575 Lexington Av, (mtg $7,500,) Nov. 16; same attorney....$100

LOTS 70 and 78, map of Hudson Park; Elizabeth Motschenbacher to Caroline Holtzmann, 128 3d Av, Union Hill, N. J., Nov. 18; attorney, Henry A. Steinbock, 81 East 125th St....$320

SAME PROPERTY; Lillian Motschenbacher to same, Nov. 18; attorney, same....$294

SAME PROPERTY; Elsie Motschenbacher et al., by guardian, to same, Nov. 18; attorney, same $884

LOT 35, map of Westchester Terrace, 25x117.9; Patrick Walsh to Ellen E. Myrtle, 923 Courtlandt Av, Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

LOT 34, same map; Lo Forte Improvement Co. to same, Oct. 20; same attorney....$500

LOTS 568, 567, and west one-quarter of Lot 180, and Gore F F, map of Unionport; Jacob Blaesser to James Pringle, 3,242 Broadway, one-half part, (mtg $6,500,) Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

MARMION AV, e s, 396 ft n of Locust Av, 75.5x122.5; Mary C. Brown to Ferdinand Kurzman, 48 West 75th St, one-half part, Nov. 18; attorney, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St....$100

MELROSE AV, n w corner of 162d St, 24.5x100; Mary C. Brown to Ferdinand Kurzman, 48 West 75th St, one-half part, (mtg $7,000,) Nov. 18; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St $100

PLOT begins 581 ft n of Eastern Boulevard and 380 ft e of land of N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co., 5x130; Jacob Leitner to Factory Sites, Inc., 836 Westchester Av, (mtg $32,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, R. C. Dorsett, 25 Pine St....$100

PROSPECT AV, e s, 35 ft n of Macy Place, 67.3x100.1; Isabella Wilson to 15 Walker St. Corp'n, 320 Broadway, Oct. 24; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway........$100

SHERMAN AV, w s, 252.6 ft n of 163d St, 45x100; Kovacs Construction Co. to Cladius D. Claussen, 529 St. Ann's Av, (mtg $32,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

SHERMAN AV, w s, 207.6 ft n of 163d St, 45x100; Kovacs Construction Co. to Peter Handibode, 1,172 Castle Hill Av, (mtg $32,000,) Nov. 18; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St..........$100

TIEBOUT AV, e s, 301.4 ft n of 184th St, 25x107.1; Leon Longuemere to Cecilia A. Darius, 378 Webster Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $950,) Nov. 16; attorney, Cecilia A. Darius, 373 Webster Av., Brooklyn..........$1

WEST FARMS ROAD, w s, 42.9 ft n of 172d St, 104.6x145.8; John Bottomley to Edward F. Burke, Stevenson, Md., (mtg $9,000,) Nov. 12; attorney, John Bottomley, 233 Broadway $1

146TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Brown Av, 69x—x 106.6x100; Thomas O'Brien et al. to Katharine T. Conneff, Burnett Place, between Garrison Av and Tiffany St, Nov. 2; attorney, J. S. McTigue, 346 Broadway...$700

SAME PROPERTY; Katharine T. Conneff to Bridget Cryan, Burnett Place, between Garrison Av and Tiffany St, Nov. 2; same attorney $100

162D ST, 319 East, n s, 20x75; Matthew A. Henkel, trustee, to Carmana Realty Co., 123 Lockwood Av, New Rochelle, N. Y., (mtg $11,000,) Oct. 11; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St..........$150

184TH ST, s s, 64.1 ft s e of Tiebout Av, 217.7x irregular; Mary A. Handibode, (individually and as executrix,) to Kovacs Construction Co., 293 Alexander Av, Nov. 18; attorney, Sternberg, J. & P., 233 Broadway $18,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

GREENWICH ST, n e corner of Cedar St, 58.11x40.11; Mary E. Cottrell, executrix, to Maiden Lane Savings Bank, 170 Broadway, due as per bond, Nov. 16; attorneys, Roelker, B. & S., 62 William St.........$15,000

WOOSTER ST, e s, 190.2 ft n of Broome St, 60x—; 2d Av, w s, 41.11 ft n of 66th St, 39x100; 3d Av, s w corner of 80th St, 25.2x90; Jacob Corday to National Nassau Bank of New York, 233 Broadway, prior mtg $164,000, Oct. 27, due and interest as per notes; attorneys, Breed, A. & M., 32 Liberty St $26,500

3D AV, 715-717, e s, 25 ft s of 45th St, 37.7x80; Terrence J. Lynch to Anna Pekowsky, 450 Audubon Av, Nov. 16, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. V. Schavrien, 44 Court St., Brooklyn..........$1,000

21ST ST, 357 West, n s, 95 ft e of 9th Av, 17.6x98.9; William J. Stevens to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Nov. 17, due, &c., as per bond..........$5,000

23D ST, 525 West, n s, 25x98.9, leasehold; Aretmas B. Smith and Henry H. Bowman to Mary C. Jones, 1814 K St., N. W., Washington, D. C., Nov. 7, due Dec. 17, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Smith & Bowman, 38 Park Row..........$3,000

34TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 125x197.6 to s s of 35th St; Lexington Av, 565-567, e s, 50.5 ft s of 51st St, 50x100; also 51st St, 140-160 East, s s, 100 ft e of Lexington Av, 220x100.5x irregular, prior mtges, $791,000; Hammerstein Opera Co. to Mutual Bank, 49 West 33d St, Nov. 18, due May 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway, notes....$70,000

76TH ST, n s, 413 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Max Pollak to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, Nov. 19, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St $9,000

97TH ST, n s, 90 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, prior mtge $8,000; Paolo Torregrosso et al. to Giuseppe Difrancisca, 305 East 79th St, Nov. 18, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, D. Sternlicht, 230 East 6th St..........$2,000

123D ST, s s, 60.1 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11; James H. Murphy to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Nov. 19, 5 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St $7,000

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, w s, 465 ft s of 166th St, 157.6x irregular; Jennie L. Woodend to Normal Construction Co, 320 Broadway, prior mtg $145,000, Nov. 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway. $6,000

BROOK AV, 1,420, e s, 29x100; North Bronx Building & Holding Co., Inc., to Harry Lefkowitz, 1,900 Lexington Av, Nov. 17, due as per bond, (given to secure damages under lease;) attorney, H. S. Fleischer, 1,662 Madison Av..........$5,000

CROTONA PARK NORTH, n s, 35 ft w of Crotona Av, 40x98.2; Benenson Realty Co to Christian Spado, (guardian,) 1,133 Teller Av, Nov. 18, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co, 176 Broadway..........$1,500

GLEASON AV, n s, 380 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 25x108; August Wieland to Wilhelmina Emberger, 232 East 110th St, Nov. 19, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av..........$3,200

MARMION AV, e s, 396 ft n of Locust Av, 66x92.6, to Southern Boulevard; Ferdinand Kurzman to Mary C. Brown, 140 East 34th St, Nov. 18, due Dec. 1, 1919; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St..........$8,500

LOTS 3, 4, 11 to 15, 26, 27, Block 29; Lots 6, 42, 45 to 52, Block 40; Lots 22 and 23, Block 41, Map of Bruce Brown Land Co.; also Lots 3 to 5, 7, 9, 14, and 20, Block 20; Lots 3, 4, 45, Block 21; Lots 2, 6, 7, 8, 23, and 24, Block 22, Map 1,443 of Bruce Brown Land Co. to Charles Stern, 327 Central Park West, Aug. 17, due Aug. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hays, H. & W., 115 Broadway $15,000

LOTS 34 and 35, map of Westchester Terrace; Ellen E. Myrtle to Helen B. McGann, 4,451 Matilda Av, Nov. 7, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co..........$800

140TH ST, 490 East, s s, 16.8x100; same to same, Nov. 19, due, &c, as per bond; attorney same $1,000

141ST ST, 417 East, n s, 16.8x100; Tessie K. Scharps to Jacob S. Gold, 217 2d Av, Nov. 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Scharps & S., 32 Broadway $1,000

183D ST, s s, 325 ft w of Webster Av, 25x115; Joseph A. Powers and another, exrs., et al. to John Schrader, 612 East 234th St, Nov. 1, due Dec. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. V. Sheridan, 4,102 White Plains Road. $1,500

184TH ST, s s, 64.1 ft s e of Tiebout Av, 92x irregular; Kovacs Construction Co to Samuel H. Sternberg, 72 West 91st St, Nov. 18, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Sternberg, J. & P., 233 Broadway..........$7,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

23D ST, 503 West, all; Mary, wife of Frederick G. Miller, to Frederick J. Schmidt, on premises, 10 years from Dec. 1, 1914; attorney, Leon Forst, 135 Broadway..........$1,260

48D ST, n s, 125.6 ft e of Broadway, 60x100.5, all; Berghoff Brewing Association to Lepe-Dulac, Incorporated, 606 West 138th St, 10 years from Dec. 15, 1914; attorney, C. F. Rozanski, 17 State St..........$27,000

143D ST, 512 West, all; Carolyn R. Bloomer to P. H. Brandt, 512 West 143d St, 4 years and 11½ months from Oct. 15, 1914.....$720

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 1,420, all; North Bronx Buildind and Holding Co. to Harry Lefkowitz, 1,900 Lexington Av, 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1915, (5 years' renewal;) attorney, H. S. Fleischer, 166 Madison Av..........$700

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, 318 to 326, and 19th St, 546 East; Hermann & Grace Co. against Levy Dairy Co., owner; Rutan & Cooper, Inc., contractor $281

AVENUE B, s w corner of 19th St, 84x120; Augustus T. Brook against Levy Dairy Co., owner; Brooklyn Structural Steel Co., subcontractor; Rutan, McAdam & Cooper, Inc., contractors $121

BROADWAY, 3,184; Samuel Derfner against New York Real Estate Security Co., owner, (renewal) $95

GOERCK ST, 71 and 73; Nassau Iron Works, Inc., against Weyler Construction Co., owner and contractor $45

HUDSON ST, 279 and 281; William Huenerberg against estate of Eliza M. Bailey and Edward C. Cammann, executor, owners; William Fischer, contractor..........$10

LAFAYETTE ST, s w corner of White St, 120.8x106.10x— to Franklin St x 75x80.11x28; N. Fass & Co. against Hallenbeck-Hungerford Realty Corporation, owner; Wells & Newton Co., contractor; Alex Karpin, subcontractor..........$75

PECK SLIP, 48; Otis Elevator Co. against General Fish Co., owner; Comyns & Mayer, contractors, (renewal)..........$220

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 50 ft n of 179th St, 75x100; Vito Cantaisa & Co. against William Hobson, owner; Aldorf Construction Co., Inc., owner and contractor..........$611

9TH AV, 681; Berger Mfg. Co. against Joseph Swain, estate of oJseph Swain, owner; P. C. Eckhardt, contractor $52

92D ST, 348 East; Leving & Posner, Inc., against Israel D. Schlachetzki, owner and contractor $125

115TH ST, 27 and 29 West; Harry Klein against Johanna Herrnstadt, owner; B. Goldberger and M. Rosenbaum, lessees; N. Goldberger, lessee and contractor........$150

Bronx.

GUNTHER AV, w s, 200 ft s of Edenwald Av, 25x100; Clyde F. Howes against Louis Pugliese, owner; John Marx & Sons, contractors $60

226TH ST, 828 East; John H. Damm against Felicia Bernacchio, owner and contractor.$16

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

37TH ST, 44 & 46 West; American Sheet Metal Lath Co. against Estate of John McKeon et al., Nov. 22, 1913, (canceled)...$111

SAME PROPERTY; Glenwood Sand and Gravel Co. against Frances T. Perry et al., Nov. 12, 1913, (canceled)..........$184

SAME PROPERTY; same against Mary A. Hecker et al., Nov. 15, 1913, (canceled).$184

SAME PROPERTY; Nathan Slater against Mary A. Henshaw et al., Nov. 13, 1913, (canceled) $1,661

SAME PROPERTY; Moskowitz & Lindner against same, Nov. 18, 1913, (canceled).$190

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Grossman against Frances T. Perry et al., Nov. 12, 1913, (canceled) $1,600

SAME PROPERTY; Isidore Sholnik against John H. Henshaw et al., Nov. 24, 1913, (canceled)..........$1,150

SAME PROPERTY; Union Cornice and Skylight Works against John A. Henshaw et al., Nov. 25, 1913, (canceled)..........$420

SAME PROPERTY; Abram Barkam against Francis H. Perry et al., Nov. 26, 1913, (canceled) $172

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Balsam against same, Nov. 29, 1913, (canceled)..........$150

SAME PROPERTY; Benjamin H. Becker against Mary Perry et al., Dec. 1, 1913, canceled) $82

SAME PROPERTY; Louis Greenberg against Frances T. Perry et al., Dec. 8, 1913, (canceled) $187

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Balsam against 44-46 West 37th St., Inc., et al., Dec. 23, 1913, (canceled) $235

Bronx.

DAWSON ST, 820; Sam Klein against Max Reinitz et al., Nov. 5, 1914..........$285

166TH ST, s w corner Webster Av, 194x100; Pelham Operating Co. against Sheffield Farms-Slawson Decker Co. et al., Jan. 27, 1914 ....$188

166TH ST, s w corner Webster Av, 200x100; Lukens Iron and Steel Co. against same, Feb. 20, 1914..........$277

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, w s, 43.11 ft s of 10th St, 38x100; Excelsior Savings Bank of the City of New York against Marcus Rosenthal et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. C. Gulick.

19TH ST, 546 East, and Avenue B, 318 to 326; Brooklyn Structural Steel Corporation against Levy Dairy Co. et al., (foreclosure of mechanics' lien; attorneys, Miller & Hartcorn.

33D ST, 311 West; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Robert E. Walsh et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

112TH ST, 19 and 21 East, and 47th St, 258 West; Morris Jasper against Isidore L. Berkowitz et al., (action to declare deeds void, &c;) attorneys, Marcuson Bros.

131ST ST, 14 East; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Annie M. Ivory et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

178TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Wadsworth Av, 12.6x100; Emma E. Odell against Mabel Power, (amended foreclosure of mortgage,) attorney, J. C. Gulick.

Bronx.

EVADNA ST, s s, 100 ft w of Blondell Av, 50x100; George Hauser against Michael J. Cooney et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Neier & Van Derveer.

LOT 30, Parcel 4, map of subdivision of property of William B. Ogden; Corporate Mortgage Co. against August Nelson et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. D. Patton.

MACY ST, s s, 75 ft w of Hewitt Place, 25x94.7; Mary Annie Robitzek against Nora Stanton et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Robitzek.

PLOT 26, map of villa sites, Riverdale, Twenty-fourth Ward; Ruby H. Popper against James J. Devaney et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. W. Monheimer.

177TH ST, n e corner of Davidson Av, 30x90; William I. Seaman against Joseph P. Fox et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Speir & Bertlett.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

ASHFORTH & CO. (Inc.)
Real Estate.
Edward Ashforth. Robert C. Fulton.
11 EAST 42D STREET.

H. H. HAZELTON
REAL ESTATE
in all its branches.
115 West 42d St. Bryant 6692.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Real Estate in All its Branches.
Joseph P. Day
31 Nassau St., N. Y. Phone 744 Cort.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PETER J. COLLINS' NEW
RUTLAND ROAD HOUSES
Near Flatbush Av., block from Prospect Park express station, Brighton "L" and six car lines; one-family brick and stucco, 9 rooms and bath; price, $8,750; terms to suit.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Magnificent View of Sound
Handsome all-year home on hilltop; nothing finer; house, 8 rooms and bath; large plot; hot water heat; sewer, gas, electric lights; 30 minutes from city; elegant train service; privileges to beautiful bathing beach, dock, etc.; $500 cash; balance monthly; title guaranteed. Address C. STEPHENSON, 243 West 34th Street, N. Y. Phone 1760 Greeley.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

A Large Corporation
Can use the services of a few bright young men willing to devote evenings and spare time on a proposition that will pay at least $25 to $75 a week. Call 10 A. M. to One P. M., 34 West 33rd St., N. Y., Room 601.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CHICKEN FARM
$3 weekly will buy A-1 poultry farm; 6-room house, barn, etc.; near large town, good markets, factories, etc.; few minutes from station and trolley to harbor; one hour from city. Address C. BARGAIN, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

Buy a Winter or Summer Home in FLORIDA
In Pensacola's Beautiful and Fashionable Bayshore Section. Isiac Seligman, of Seligman & Co., New York Bankers, recently acquired a mansion there. I have 350 feet of bay frontage with concrete sea wall on the south, electric car line on the north. 5c car fare to the city. Will trade for New York real estate or sell at a bargain to quick buyer.
C. C. HARTMAN, P. O. Box 212, Pensacola, Fla.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

CROISIC BUILDING
220 Fifth Ave., Cor. 26th St.
Light Attractive **OFFICES**
In Modern Fireproof Building of the highest type. Six elevators. Perfect service. Rents very reasonable.
Apply to Owner, on premises.

892 BROADWAY,
ADJOINING CORNER 19TH ST.
Entire Seventh Loft to let,
with L on 19th St., for shipping.
Size 48x197, L 28x46.
Steam heat, elevator, automatic sprinklers.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

HIGH-CLASS LOFTS
PRINTERS—MANUFACTURERS
50x90, 70x90, and 50x150; best location; all facilities. Brokers, or OFFICE, E. W. BLISS BLDGS., 312 E. 23d St. Tel. 4218 Garmercy.

635 BROADWAY.
First, third and fourth Lofts to let;
SIZE 25x100;
VERY LOW RENTS.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

HIGH ORIGINAL COST
was heretofore the barrier to
Sprinkler Equipment.
Today, due to hitherto unknown competition, greatly reduced prices prevail.
The outlay automatically reflects itself in the **immediate, pronounced and permanent decrease** in Fire Insurance Premium Rates.
WELLS & NEWTON CO.
Engineers and Contractors,
292-298 Avenue B,
NEW YORK CITY.
Telephone, 1530 Stuyvesant.
Plumbing. Heating. Ventilation. Automatic Sprinkler Installations.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished

MANHATTAN—West Side.

"309 West 86th St."
Bet. West End Av. & Riverside Drive
New Fireproof Apartment Hotel.
MAID SERVICE INCLUDED IN RENT.
2 Rooms and Bath,
$55.00 to $75.00 Per Month.
SHARP & CO.,
Broadway and 99th St. Tel. Riverside 4546.

422 West End Ave. (80th St.)
7 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths, $1,450-$1,700.
Corner house; all large, outside rooms; electric light free; standard service. 'Phone 1300 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
THE HUDSON, No. 227, Cor. 95th St. Modern fireproof elevator apartment, 4 to 7 rooms. Rents $780 to $1,200; very attractive. Harry E. Hayes, 30 East 42d St., or Superintendent.

OWNER leaving city will sublet six rooms and foyer with three baths; corner Apartment, in new building. Apply
F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co.,
B'way & 80th St. Tel. Schuyler 3800.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY
One six and one four room, in absolutely high-class elevator block front, most refined on Heights; exceptional opportunity; owner on premises. Westwood & Cliffewood Courts, 180th Street and Fort Washington Avenue.

711 West 178th Street
EXCEPTIONAL LIGHT, NEAR SUBWAY. BEST NEIGHBORHOOD, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.
4, 5, and 6 Rooms and Bath.
$32—$45

MANHATTAN—East Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
11 East 55th Street,
opp. St. Regis Hotel. Maid Service. All-Night Elevator Service. 5 Rooms, 2 Baths, Kitchenette; 2 Rooms, 1 Bath, Kitchenette.
Building is 31 feet wide, insuring large, light rooms.

STRICTLY NEW ENGLAND FIREPROOF
51 East 58th, 480 Park Av., 54 East 59th.
6-7 Rooms and 2 Baths........$1,100-$1,400
3 Rooms and Bath..........$600
All improvements. Standard service.
Broadway. **REMCO** 98th St.,
or Superintendent, on premises.

GRAMERCY COURT,
152 EAST 22D ST.
4, 5, 6 and 7 room elevator apartments; all latest improvements; central location; Gramercy Park section. Reduced rentals. Apply on premises.

STATEN ISLAND.

The CASTLETON
Fireproof and Elevators
St. George, S. I., New York City
HANG ON STRAPS IN SUBWAYS
or have 20 minutes' delightful sail over New York Bay in city-owned ferry-boats.
Day and night service, 5c. fare; includes transfers on surface cars to and from upper Manhattan.
7 minutes' walk from Park to Ferry.
In our beautiful Private Park. We have one choice apartment to lease. Moderate rent. Phone or see Supt.

BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn—Flatbush
Ideal 4, 5 and 6 room apartments in the new Parkview Court, 128 Parkside Av., facing Prospect Park; only 22 minutes from Wall St.; take Brighton Beach L to Woodruff Av.; reasonable rents. Phone 9466 Flatbush.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the undersigned was, on the 22nd day of October, 1914, duly appointed receiver of TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY by the United States District Court, for the Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, in a suit in equity pending in said court, wherein Horatio C. Creith is plaintiff, and Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company is defendant, and that the undersigned was also, on the 23rd day of October, 1914, duly appointed as receiver of Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company by the United States District Court, for the Southern District of Illinois, Southern Division, in an ancillary suit in equity pending in said court, wherein said Horatio C. Creith is plaintiff, and said Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company is defendant, and that in pursuance of said orders of appointment, the undersigned has duly qualified and given bond as such receiver, and that he is now the duly qualified and acting receiver of said Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company, and of all of its property and assets, of whatsoever kind, nature and description, wheresoever the same is situated or may be found, and is now in possession thereof.
All creditors of Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company, excepting those hereinafter specified, are hereby notified that they, and each of them, are required, on or before the 4th day of January, 1915, to file their respective claims with the undersigned, or to file in the above suit, in the United States District Court, for the Northern District of Ohio, Western Division, bills of intervention setting forth their respective claims, and upon their failure so to do, said creditors shall be barred and not permitted or allowed to participate or receive any payments upon their respective claims, either from the income of the property of Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company, or from the proceeds of the sale thereof.
The above provisions as to filing verified copies of claims or bills of intervention thereon shall not apply to creditors holding prior lien bonds or first mortgage gold bonds or equipment trust obligations, heretofore issued by Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company, or to creditors whose claims have arisen on account of services, labor, material or supplies furnished to Toledo, St. Louis and Western Railroad Company within a time not exceeding six months prior to the 22nd day of October, 1914, and which have been approved for payment by the receiver and included within the list of creditors furnished by the receiver to the master appointed in said suit.
The undersigned has furnished to the master appointed in said suit, Guy W. Kinney, Esq., No. 1,319 Nicholas Building, Toledo, Ohio, a list of such creditors, as of the date of the 22nd day of October, 1914, whose claims have been so approved by him for payment. Creditors whose claims are included in said list are not required to make proof thereof, but such list will be taken by the master as correct as to all items which are not contested by the defendant or other creditors or stockholders of the defendant.
This notice is given and published by order of said courts.
WALTER L. ROSS, Receiver, Toledo, Ohio.

FOUND AT ONCE.
Lost property should be advertised for immediately. A brief announcement in The New York Times finds it. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—In the last twenty-four hours the Lake region storm has practically disappeared and a new storm has appeared off Hatteras, which is now central off the Southern New England Coast; it has been attended by northeast winds and gales along the south New England Coast.

A cold wave has rapidly advanced from the Dakotas into the lower Ohio Valley and Tennessee.

Rain has fallen along the Atlantic Coast from Florida to New England, but has not penetrated far inland. Snow continues in the upper Lake region, and there have been light snows in Kentucky and Tennessee. It is decidedly colder in the upper Lake region, the Ohio Valley, Kentucky, and Tennessee, while temperature is rising in the upper Missouri Valley. There will be snow Friday in New England and the lower Lake region; elsewhere generally fair weather will prevail.

It will be decidedly colder in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, and lower temperatures will prevail in the upper Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic States; in the upper Mississippi Valley it will be warmer.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Hatteras to Eastport, and cold wave warnings have been issued for Tennessee, Kentucky, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and the western portions of North Carolina and Virginia.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate northeast to east gales Friday, becoming northwest and diminishing Saturday, and on Friday and Saturday along the Middle Atlantic Coast strong north to northwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate west.

FORECASTS TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and Northern New England—Snow Friday. Saturday, fair and colder.

Southern New England—Snow or rain Friday. Saturday, fair and much colder.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and colder Friday. Saturday, fair.

Western New York—Snow and colder Friday. Saturday, snow, with rising temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	54	37	4 P. M.	59	40
6 A. M.	53	37	6 P. M.	61	38
9 A. M.	55	38	9 P. M.	59	37
12 M.	60	42	11 P. M.	59	37

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 39; for the corresponding date last year it was 56; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 43.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 36; at 8 P. M. it was 40. Maximum temperature, 43 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees at 12:02 A. M. Humidity, 82 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 90 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.27 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.82 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. — Loss
12:15—48 Manhattan St.; H. Shuman...Slight
1:10—1,987 1 Av.; Amada Policia......Slight
1:25—63 W. Bwy; Max Kappman......Slight
9:40—156 E. 94 St.; Elizabeth Morrell..$1,000
P. M.
1:45—219 E. 12 St.; Rainish Askomch..Slight
1:55—143 W. 45 St.; American & European Film Co......$10,000
3:55—305 E. 100 St.; A. Cohen.......Slight
4:35—15 Amsterdam Av.; Vanderbilt Hospital......$100
4:40—47 2 Av.; Karin & Gerber........$10
6:00—68 Thomas St.; Albert Fine.......$2,500
6:10—332 E. 58 St.; Michael Healy......$250
6:15—496-8 E. 134 St.; Janusch Mfg. Company......Slight
8:10—782 Prospect Av.; J. Meager.....Slight
8:55—55 E. 11 St.; Libowitz Bros..Not given

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Brig. Gen. H. L. Scott, detailed as chief of staff.

1st Lt. J. G. Tyndall, 6 F. A., to recruiting on completion of course at School of Fire for F. A. at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., relieving 1st Lt. J. R. Starkey, 6 F. A., who will join his regt.

Orders of June 24, directing 2d Lt. C. M. McMurray, 30 Inf., to sail for Manila about Dec. 5, is amended. He will sail about Jan. 5.

Maj. J. J. Morrow, C. E., to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 4, Army Service Schools to take course for field officers.

1st Lt. S. B. Buckner, Jr., 9 Inf., to this city for duty reporting to officer in charge of public buildings and grounds.

Lt. Col. D. W. Ketcham, C. A. C., from office of chief of staff, to Ft. du Pont, Del., and command of coast defenses of the Delaware.

Capt. G. B. Rodney, 5 Cav., to Hot Springs, Ark., Hospital, sick.

Leaves: 1st Lt. P. H. Bagby, 15 Inf., 20 days' ext'n, and 2d Lt. C. M. McMurray, 30 Inf., 1 month and 6 days' ext'n.

Navy Orders.

Com. T. D. Parker, to retired list.

Lt. Com. L. R. Sargent, aid to Admiral of the Navy, to the North Dakota.

Lts. A. C. Wilselm Wash'n Steel & Ordnance Co., to the Minnesota. L. H. Lacy the Arkansas and wait orders, and C. G. Davy commissioned.

Ensigns W. D. Snyder, J. D. Pennington, H. J. Reuse, and T. L. Shannon, commissioned.

Ch. Gun. T. P. Clark, the Wyoming, to temp. duty San Fran.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Preston, Flusser and Reid at Annapolis; Drayton at New York Yard, Rocket and Elfrida at Norfolk Yard, Pawtuxent at Lynnhaven Bay, McDougal, McCall, Cassin, and Cummings at Southern drill grounds; Severn, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, and C-5 at Porto Bello; Maryland at Mare Island, St. Louis at San Francisco, and the New Orleans at Tiburon, Cal.

Sailed—Helena, Hankow for Shanghai; Solace, Washington for New York Yard; Nero, Acapulco for La Paz; West Virginia, Mazatlan for La Paz; Albany, Guaymas for La Paz, and the Chattanooga, Salina Cruz for Acapulco.

The Washington, now at Santo Domingo City, ordered to Philadelphia.

Mortgage Loans.

Thirty-five cents a line.

Rent accepted as security; reasonable charges; 2d mortgage money. De Leeuw, 15 Broad.

Mortgage Loan Wanted

Wanted, $10,000.00 construction loan; New Jersey investment. G 272 Times Downtown.

City Property.

Thirty cents a line.

Real Estate.

EWING, BACON & HENRY, Real Estate—Insurance. 101 Park Ave.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Chelsea cottage leasehold for sale at $1,000; 18-foot 2 story and basement brick house; 416 West 24th St.; cheaper than paying rent for dark Harlem flat. Apply Moore & Wyckoff, 546 5th Av., corner 45th St.

American basement, private, for sale or rent, furnished dwelling, five story; Otis elevator; modern in every respect; elegantly furnished. Key at 33 West 86th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

EASY HOUSEKEEPING HOMES.

2064—66th Street, 23x36x100; 2 stories and cellar; semi-detached brick; 7 rooms and bath; steam heat; sewers; water, gas, electricity; asphalted street; near new 20th Av. Subway station; price, $5,750; $500 cash; first mortgage, $3,250; balance, $35 monthly.

2057—66th Street, 23x36x100; 2 stories and cellar; semi-detached brick; 7 rooms and bath; steam heat; sewers; water, gas, electricity; parquet floors throughout; French beveled plate glass doors; asphalted street; near new 20th Av. Subway station; price, $6,000; $750 cash; first mortgage, $3,250; balance $37.50 monthly.

ALCO BUILDING COMPANY, 2552 Cortland. 60 Liberty St., N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.

Any owner of an estate wishing advice as to improvement can obtain it reasonably by addressing Z 223 Times Annex.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

An attractive little house in a quaint old neighborhood, below 34th St., 8 rooms and bath; rent less than for flat of same size in Harlem. Apply Moore & Wyckoff, 546 5th Av., corner 45th St.

36 EAST 49TH ST.
22 ft. modern house, 4 story, 15 rooms, 4 baths; low rent. HERBERT A. SHERMAN, 41 East 41st St. and 20 Nassau St.

West 88th St., 125.—Four-story American basement house; 10 rooms, 2 baths; rent $1,500. Warren & Skillin, 174 Fulton St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of Maryland.—THE CONTINENTAL TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, vs. MOUNT VERNON WOODBERRY COTTON DUCK COMPANY, et al.—In Equity.

Upon the verified petition of The Continental Trust Company, Trustee, it is this 3d day of November, 1914, ORDERED, by the District Court of the United States for the District of Maryland, that all persons having claims against the Mount Vernon-Woodberry Cotton Duck Company or against any of the property of said Company, including all holders of the First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of the Mount Vernon-Woodberry Cotton Duck Company, and all holders of the Income Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of said Mount Vernon-Woodberry Cotton Duck Company, and all other persons having any claims against said company or its property, be and they are hereby required to file their claims properly authenticated with the Clerk of this Court on or before the 15th day of January, 1915.

JOHN C. ROSE, District Judge.
True Copy. Attest:
Arthur L. Spamer, Clerk.

A Better Job

Capable workers, seeking new and better positions, find that an advertisement in the Situation Wanted column of The New York Times reaches the most employers of high-grade help.

Such announcements also have the added value of being received with confidence.

Rates upon request.

Inquire Want Department,
The New York Times
Telephone Bryant 1000.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

OFFICES TO SUBLET
for unexpired terms of three months to three years: ANYWHERE, uptown or downtown; saving in rent 20% to 40%; furnished or unfurnished. OFFICE SUBLETTING COMPANY, 1,476 Broadway, corner 42d Bryant—5786.

A Bargain.—Desirable offices in 40th St., between Broadway and 6th Av.; will sublease one-half or all (about 3,600 square feet) at attractive price; all light; very suitable for engineering concern. Address M 97 Times.

Lofts, modern, fireproof, 22 cents sq. ft.; with rail and water facilities, 25 cents. Galbreath, 319 West 95th St.

STORES, LOFTS, OFFICES. Rhinelander Real Estate Co., 31 Nassau.

50th St., 14 West.—Basement for high-class business; doctor will alter. Plaza 2121.

Small house to let for business purposes, near 3d Av. 439 East 149th St.

432 4th Av., corner 29th St. Floors, offices, stores, showrooms.

For Rent—Desk room, office service. Room 810, 546 5th Av.; $10; corner 45th.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents a line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
New, detached, hollow tile, white stucco house; tile roof; new, (never occupied;) decorations to suit; 8 rooms, 2 baths; modern in every respect; six minutes' walk from station; price, $14,750; $2,000 cash required, balance to suit; open for inspection Sunday, Nov. 22; first house on Puritan Av., west of Greeneway North; no brokers. For further information address Owner, 530 West 47th St., City.

Old house; nearly one acre of good ground; 6 rooms; near station; high and healthful country; will sell very cheap; $50 for repairs will put it in good condition; will take $100 down from the right party; balance can be paid in rent in small monthly payments; just the thing for a small chicken farm and country home; title is guaranteed. Address C., Owner, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

"BEAUTIFUL WATER FRONT FARM!" 96 acres, magnificent frontage Long Island Sound; beach, wooded bluff; convenient station; mostly cultivated; good farm buildings; picturesque lake; excellent neighborhood; $210 acre. Bargain!
HARVEY B. NEWINS, WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Huntington hilltop farm, 67 acres; some large timber; good views; suitable for estate; farm buildings; price, $225 per acre. Theodore S. Hall, 47 West 34th St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For Rent, Fully Furnished.—House in Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.; 9 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; within 5 minutes' walk of station. For particulars apply Fish & Marvin, 527 5th Av., New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ONE ACRE—ALL GARDEN.
Attractive semi-bungalow, 6 rooms; steam heat; every improvement; good street; beautiful garden; garage; for sale only. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Unusual farm, five acres; several hundred finest bearing fruit trees; eight-room house, all improvements; numerous outbuildings; five minutes' walk express station. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Farm Bargain.—107 acres, Rocky Hill near Princeton; good buildings; fine view; rich soil; price very low. Condict, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

We specialize in Bergen County real estate. Write for Booklet "A." N. J. Title Insurance Company, Hackensack, N. J.

Cranford.—New, attractive Colonial house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; $6,800, terms; would rent. Droescher, 77 Warren St., New York.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Send for cut and description of nice $4,500 suburban home, very easy terms. Lawrence Agency, South Norwalk, Conn.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

For Rent.—Furnished one-story cottage, containing four large rooms, bath, kitchen; modern conveniences; best locality of town; hunting privileges given on country estate; possession had middle of January; references required. Box 519, Tallahassee, Florida.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

Exceptional two-room apartment, kitchenette and bath, $60 per month. 47 West 72d St.

SPECIAL! $1,140 apartment at big concession; 407 Central Park West, (100th St.); eight large rooms and bath; every room outside; facing Park; southern exposure; elevator house. Phone 1300 Riverside.

7 West 24th St.—Two rooms and bath; steam, hot water, electricity, gas; second floor, front; straight lease.
Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Farragut 9494. 1,133 Broadway, at 26th St.

44 West 93d St.—Quiet, well-managed house; one apartment each floor; beautifully decorated eight rooms, with private hall, tiled bath; excellent light, $80.

Bachelors' opportunity; only 2 left, (2 and bath;) refined surroundings; close to transit; only $27. Call "Library apartments," 32 West 123d St.

Attractive, up-to-date elevator apartment seven bright, sunny rooms, two baths; sublet great concession. 536 West 111th St., Apt. 87.

6 LARGE HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, $60. Elevator building; all conveniences. 40 Morningside Av., cor. W. 118th St.

At special reductions, beautiful 3, 4, 6, 8 room elevator apartments; also for doctors, $20 up. 221 West 141st, (7th Av.)

Six rooms; good location; four months; $60; second or elevator. W 171 Times.

Fine Apartments. Apply to 14 Wall St. Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co.

Haddon Hall, 596 Riverside Drive, southeast corner 137th St.—$900 to $1,400.

East Side.

48 East 89th St., (southeast corner Madison Av.)—Corner apartment, 8 rooms, bath, electric light, hall boy; $900.

92d, 74 East.—4 rooms; private house; $30-$40; electricity; one, two adults.

Bronx.

696 Trinity Av.—Eight-room apartment, single flathouse; modern; all light; near Jackson Avenue Subway and L station; rent, $40.

New Jersey.

Flats, five and six rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water supply, electric light; janitor service; in new apartments, 13th St. and Park Av., Hoboken. Particulars, Charles Fall, Hoboken Trust Building, 1,400 Washington St., Hoboken.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty Cents a Line.

Two, three rooms, kitchen or kitchenette; 60th to 110th St. west. E. F., 1,239 Madison Av.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Advt.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
160 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. At Morningside Park, near Central Park.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

A.—A.—Desirable furnished apartments for rent; four rooms and bath to ten rooms and three baths; for six months or longer. Full particulars from Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Schuyler Arms Hotel, 307 West 98th, (Near Riverside Drive.)—Strictly high-class, 2, 3, 5, and 6 rooms; shower bath; all-night elevator; telephone service; $55 to $100 monthly; immediate possession.

Furnished apartments for rent at the Van Dyck and Severn, Broadway, 72d to 73d St.; 6, 8, and 9 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. Apply to manager, on premises. Tel. Columbus 3547.

APARTMENTS & HOUSES OF QUALITY. Rents $100 to $1,000 per month. EVERETT M. SEIXAS COMPANY, Tel. 4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av.

Apartment of 4 rooms and bath, facing Broadway; rent to June 1, $90 per month. 250 West 78th St., corner Broadway.

113th, 517 West.—Sublet four-room apartment, completely furnished. Inquire at office.

Eight sunny rooms; old mahogany, fine china; elevator. 27 West 11th St. Tel. Chelsea—5413.

Completely furnished, beautiful elevator apartments, 4 rooms. 3 and 5 W. 104th St.

East Side.

HOTEL ST. LORENZ, 127 EAST 72D ST. Attractive apartments, southern exposure.
2 room-bath, $8-$10 weekly.
3 room-bath, 10-15 weekly.
4 room-bath, 15-18 weekly.
Full service, light included. Restaurant in building.

Apartments to let, furnished or unfurnished, high-class hotel service, at bargain prices. A few choice apartments left. Restaurant.
2 rooms & bath, furnished, $45 mo. upward.
3 rooms & bath, furnished, $50 mo. upward.
HOTEL OXFORD, 35 East 27th St.
HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St.

Furnished apartment, Mayfield, 15 East 10th St., 8 rooms, bath; high-class modern building; $200 month. Supt. or Goodale, Perry & Dwight, 1,133 Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47, (12th St.)—Attractive, steam-heated room; private baths; table board.

15TH, 210 EAST.—Desirable large and small rooms; home cooking; telephone; references.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent table. Tel. 4275 Stuyvesant.

19TH, 116 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Connecting and small rooms; southern exposure; sunny dining room; telephone; references.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST. Large and small rooms, with board.

36TH ST., 146 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; table board.

63D, 23-30 EAST.—Large corner room; also back parlor; excellent board.

73D ST., 12 EAST.—Large, small rooms with first-class board; references exchanged.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms, singly or en suite; furnished, unfurnished; board optional.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, sunny room, with private bath. Telephone Gramercy 1978

MADISON AV., 165.—Large, small rooms; private bath; one block 34th Subway.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large room; private bath, &c.; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH ST., 48-50 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private baths; table guests.

50TH, 63 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms, suites; private baths; electricity; references.

53D, 57 WEST.—Will accommodate four refined table guests; reasonable rates; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table board; references required.

57TH, 411 WEST.—Choice accommodations; single rooms, $8; large parlor, (board two,) $18; steam heated; superior cuisine; telephone.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large front room; good board; telephone; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; superior table; white service; table guests.

58TH, 346 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, $4-$9; all conveniences; telephone; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Extra large room; southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Single, double, sunny rooms, private baths, $7-$14 up; Southerners accommodated.

68TH ST., 25 WEST.—New house; every improvement; large and small rooms; board.

71ST, 62 WEST.—BOARD UNEXCELLED; DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Desirable accommodations for refined business men; convenient location; reference.

72D, 242 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; well-appointed house; superior table; references.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; superior table; table guests; telephone.

73D ST., 118 WEST, (The Wilga.)—Double and single rooms, newly furnished; excellent table; Subway, "L," surface cars; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front room; quiet, refined; gentlemen; references.

73D, 142 WEST.—Handsome suite, large, small rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

73D, 260 WEST.—First-class room, with excellent dining service; every convenience.

74TH, 131 WEST.—20th year; large, small rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

75TH, 139 WEST.—Second floor front room with board; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Attractive rooms, superior table; parlor dining; homelike atmosphere.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select pension for those seeking refined home; double and large single rooms, heated, exquisitely furnished; electricity, phone; unsurpassed cuisine.

77TH, 123 WEST.—Unexpectedly vacated; second-story back; parlor dining; table boarders.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Large, sunny, front, with board; refined; quiet; newly renovated throughout.

80TH ST., 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; all new, high type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable large, sunny room; also medium room; generous table.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room, suitable two, including board, $15; running water; well heated.

82D, 124 WEST.—GREYCOURT.
Open for transients and permanent residents; attractive, modern; write for booklet; references.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Exclusive private house; large, warm, sunny third floor room.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suite, singly; private bath; modern improvements; table unsurpassed.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Desirable, large room, private bath; smaller rooms; excellent table.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large and medium sized rooms; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; steam, electricity; table a specialty.

94TH, 315 WEST.—American lady offers room; private family; elevator apartment. Gill.

94TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure; newly decorated; parlor dining; moderate.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; parlor dining; Southern cooking; table guests.

94TH, 142 WEST.—Satisfactory home for refined people; wholesome food; table guests.

101ST, 215 WEST, (Broadway.)—Rooms, private bath; lavatory; southern exposure; excellent table. Maslin.

104TH, 245 WEST.—Southern exposure; connecting room, suitable two; telephone; excellent table. Janzen.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms; private bath; table board; references.

110TH, 141 WEST.—Few appreciating refined, comfortable home accommodated; reasonable; desirable location.

114TH, 508 WEST.—Light, airy room, connecting bath; suitable two; private family. Apt. 42.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

121ST, 182 WEST.—Large, double and single rooms; private bath; all conveniences; excellent table; moderate.

122D, 607 WEST.—Sunny room; three windows facing street; also two bedrooms, unfurnished; use of kitchen; steam; conveniences; reasonable. Arden.

137TH, 612 WEST.—Elegant rooms, excellent board, for two; homelike; conveniences; $15. Earle.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; electricity; large closets; bath; unexcelled cuisine.

155TH ST., (882-888 St. Nicholas Av.)—Exceptionally large, light, heated rooms; running water, private bath; excellent table; congenial young people; dancing. Phone 2646 Audubon.

227TH ST, WEST, Arlington Av., Spuyten Duyvil.—24 minutes Grand Central. 9 cents commutation; Subway convenient; opportunity parties wishing comfortable, refined suburban home; private family; excellent meals. Misses Lesley. (104M Kingsbridge.)

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter residence; lovely view. Beautiful rooms; most excellent cuisine; every modern convenience; unusually attractive. Single, $10; two, $17 up, with meals. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 96th St.—Exceptionally large, outside rooms, private bath, facing river; high-class apartment house; married couple or gentlemen; board optional. Phone Mrs. Clark, Riverside 9933.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Elegant, sunny, steam-heated rooms, connecting lavatory; superior board; exceptional surroundings. Telephone 4960 Morningside. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583.—Beautiful rooms; board optional. Apartment 46.

THE WOODBURY, 855 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north of 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

AMERICAN FAMILY (3 adults and 4-year-old child) desires two rooms with board, within $200 monthly, from Dec. 1; near Central Park preferred, but refinement and satisfactory references more essential; public boarding houses not considered. Write full particulars to Responsible, W 164 Times.

WANTED for a Japanese student, board and lodging with refined American family, in vicinity of Columbia College, where no other boarders are accepted; references exchanged; Terms, $15 or up per week. Apply P. D. S., T 94 Times.

A QUIET gentleman desires homelike room and board with refined American family taking no other roomers; $15; references. W 163 Times.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

Westchester County.

TWO LARGE well heated rooms, board; thoroughly furnished, convenient; 32 minutes to Grand Central; terms moderate. W 169 Times.

New Jersey.

LADY having nice home, short distance from city, will rent a room to one or two parties. Bar, Box Z 231 Times Annex.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; board optional; private family.

21ST, 137 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite; private baths; breakfast served in rooms.

24TH, 120 EAST.—Large room, private bath, $6; front room, parlor floor.

30TH, 135 EAST.—Refined party seeking home comforts; room, bath; apartment; reasonable. Call evenings, 6 to 10 o'clock. Sheridan.

36TH, 138 EAST.—Bright, cozey rooms; refined location; every convenience; board optional; references.

40TH, (94 Park Av.)—Large and small rooms, private house; gentlemen.

53D, 137 EAST.—Large room; private house; board optional; all conveniences; telephone.

36TH, 88 EAST.—Extra large front room for two or three business people; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; square rooms; breakfast optional; references.

53D ST., 65 EAST.—Three elegant large rooms; private house; exceptional conveniences; references.

55TH, 83 EAST.—Large, light, airy rooms, with southern exposure; telephone.

15TH, 105 EAST, (opposite Union Sq. Hotel; Subway; Telephone 120 Stuyvesant; Apt. 94.)—Sunny room, bath, electricity, elevator; handsome fireproof building; business man; $5

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 73.—Three large, desirable rooms; second floor; single, suite; steam; bath; $5; special rate for couple.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,294. (Corner 87th.)—Beautiful, large room; refined family. Epstein.

West Side.

9TH, 39 WEST.—Single sunny room; hot and cold water; large closet.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Extra large room, suitable 2, 3; connecting bath; open-grate fire.

12TH, 48 WEST.—Large, sunny room and bath; well-kept house; telephone.

12TH, 34 WEST.—Large, sunny; private bath; two connecting; electricity, steam heat, telephone.

23D, 258 WEST.—Large room, private bath; single room, $3.50; steam heat; gentlemen. Cavanagh's.

32D ST., (between Broadway and 5th Av.)—Rooms, with private bath, $10 to $12 per week; same price for one or two persons in room. Hotel Aberdeen.

32D ST., near Broadway, (Hotel Strand.)—Very desirable apartment of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $75 per month.

34TH, 427 WEST.—Large front room; all conveniences; gentlemen only.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small room, adjoining bath; high-class private house; references required; bachelors.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting with, without bath; gentlemen.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large single, near bath; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

50TH ST., 44 WEST.—Small, also large room; private bath; kitchenette. Plaza 6296

50TH, 60 WEST.—Beautiful room; bath, with shower; new, modern private dwelling.

55TH, 101 WEST.—Beautiful bedroom; southern exposure; running water; scrupulously clean. Kimball.

55TH, 318 WEST.—Comfortable back parlor; twin beds; water; business couple; telephone.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Small; also large room, with alcove; select location; modern convenience; telephone.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Unusually handsome, large, sunny front rooms; one medium, well-heated; perfectly kept house; moderate; references.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms, with, without private baths.

69TH, 105 WEST.—Room and bath in private house; steam heat; references.

70TH, 34 WEST.
Beautifully furnished second floor, also other rooms; parlor for doctor or dentist. Gray, 1,721 Columbus.

70TH, 109 WEST.—Exceptionally clean, attractive rooms; all conveniences; near transportation; investigate.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large, warm room, with bath; nicely furnished; southern exposure.

71ST ST., 132 WEST.—Large room, private bath, suitable for bachelors; references required.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; minute to Subway express.

71ST, 220 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large and small rooms; refined home; hot water, telephone; reference.

71ST, 70 WEST.—For respectable men; private house; moderate terms.

72D ST., 47 WEST.—Two front rooms; bachelor only; southern exposure; use of kitchen and bath; $40 per month.

74TH, 161 WEST.—One large front room; beautifully furnished; private bath; all conveniences.

75TH ST., 124 WEST.—Exclusive, newly furnished, private house; large, medium, and small rooms; private baths; telephone; breakfast served.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Large bright, cheerful room, medium room; running water; telephone; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front rooms; exclusive neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms; bath adjoining; electric light; telephone.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Unusually attractive, sunny, front room; continuous hot water; shower; electricity.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; every conveniences; reasonable. 10032 Schuyler.

77TH, 104 WEST.—Large, warm, medium rooms; private baths; single, $3.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; one, two gentlemen; conveniences; Subway.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Attractive, southern exposed rooms; singly or en suite; references.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; every convenience; pleasant home.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large room; Southern exposure; running water; Subway; references.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Attractive double, single, sunny rooms; private baths; electricity; Subway.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Small, comfortable room; excellent location; Subway, elevated.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large rooms; steam, electricity, telephone, continuous hot water; reasonable.

80TH, 126 WEST.—One large room; private bath; medium room; see and appreciate.

81ST, 119 WEST.—Rooms; private house; concessions to reliable parties; references.

82D, 250 WEST.—Desirable front room; private bath; permanent; gentleman; references. Dutton.

82D, 152 WEST.—Comfortable, large front room; all conveniences; reasonable. 3750 Schuyler.

82D, 140 WEST.—Attractive rooms; large, small; reasonable; telephone; private house; references.

82D, 33 WEST.—Private family, rent two beautiful front rooms; bath; references.

84TH, 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; steam heated; equipped for housekeeping. Apply to Janitress.

84TH, 104 WEST.—Nice rooms; comfortable, homelike; elevator apartment; second floor. Quinn.

85TH, 34 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room, with bath; private house; owner; references.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Private house; exceptionally attractive, large rooms; private bath; references.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Large and medium room, well furnished; reasonable; telephone; reference.

85TH, 256 WEST.—Single and en suite; piano; phone; ladies and gentlemen. O'Brien.

87TH, 55 WEST.—Well-furnished room; bath adjoining; all conveniences; gentleman; private house.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, medium rooms. Phone 786 Riverside.

92D, 214 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Attractively furnished outside room; running water; elevator; all conveniences. Apartment 2C.

92D, 7 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, southern exposure; rent separately; elevator apartment.

92D ST., 40 WEST.—Large and small comfortably furnished rooms; private house; phone.

92D, 159 WEST.—Large front room; electricity; reasonable; large hall room; references.

93D, 36 WEST.—Beautiful three-room suite; suitable bachelors; piano; electricity; telephone. Caulfield.

93D, 35 WEST.—Desirable large room, suitable two, $4; small $2.50. Phone.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Very desirable furnished rooms, en suite or singly, to respectable, refined people who are willing to pay suitable though moderate compensation for homelike conditions and proper service; modern conveniences; near all transportation lines. Mortimer, Apartment 3E.

95TH, 330 WEST, (Apt. 10.)—Single room; private family; conveniences; Subway; $3.50.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Attractive rooms; well kept; reasonable. Telephone 3249 Riverside.

104TH, 244 WEST.—Three attractive front rooms communicating; reasonable; electricity; elevator. Turner.

106TH ST., 38 WEST.—Small, sunny room; private house; telephone; conveniences; gentleman; $2.50.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Outside room, adjoining math, in refined home; elevator; references. Apt. 12.

111TH, 521 WEST, (Apt. 2.)—Attractive room, adjoining bath; private family; reasonable.

111TH, 255 WEST.—Large comfortably furnished rooms; single or double; steam heat, electricity, telephone, elevator. Williams.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Sunny, single, double rooms; $3-$7; conveniences. Walker.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Three large warm rooms, handsomely furnished, bedrooms overlooking Drive, with connecting private bath and kitchen privileges, in apartment convenient to Subway. Ingram.

116TH ST., 620 WEST (Apt. 3.)—Attractive; near Riverside; $20 and $25 a month.

118TH, 414 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Attractive, homelike rooms; reasonable; elevator; telephone. Smith.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable front suite; southern exposure; elevator service; telephone. Jenkins.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Front suite; southern exposure; elevator, shower; telephone. Apt. 32.

118TH, 425 WEST.—Comfortable, light room, facing Columbia Campus; modern elevator building. Apartment 61.

118TH, 416 WEST.—Medium, light; elevator; moderate. Inquire 420 West 118th. Cook.

124TH ST., (St. Nicholas Av., 285.)—Attractively furnished outside room; elevator. Apartment 64.

119TH, 430 WEST.—Sunny room or suite opposite Columbia for gentleman; no other roomers; dining room. Apartment 37.

129TH, 217 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; southern exposure; every convenience; private house; telephone.

129TH, 106 WEST.—Large and small rooms; hot, cold water; conveniences; references.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Large, warm, light, comfortable rooms; conveniences; electricity; board optional. Clayton.

136TH ST., 623 WEST.—Furnished room; telephone; one block from Subway; references. Leonard.

150TH AND BROADWAY, (Southold Apartment.)—Refined business woman's opportunity to enjoy cheery southern exposure room, with adjoining bath, in home of private family; reasonable. Apt. 6 B.

161ST, 553 WEST.—Attractive rooms; refined people; southern exposure; board optional; phone.

174TH, 526 WEST.—Newly furnished room; adjoining bath; private family; reasonable; conveniences. Burns.

BEAUTIFUL FRONT SUITE, very light, modern, high class apartment, near Riverside, or room, adjoining bath; running water; reasonable to responsible gentleman; references. Phone 4917 Riverside.

BROADWAY AND 110TH ST.—Beautifully furnished front room; business woman; gentleman; $8 per week. 9,621 Riverside. Apartment 3E.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—One or two large, well furnished rooms, adjoining bath; high-class apartment. Vosburgh. 3903 Morningside.

BROADWAY, (147 72d St.)—Beautifully furnished rooms, baths; running water; telephone; reference.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65.—Large room, overlooking Park; running water; elevator. Leonard.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St., West.)—Large, sunny room; also small room; private residence; references; telephone; breakfast optional. Owner.

MANHATTAN AV., 26—Attractive rooms, single or en suite; phone; "L"; moderate. Rocher.

ONE AND TWO ROOMS, each, with bath, at 420 West 116th St., furnished; rentals at $25 per month and upward, including service. 'Phone 5800 Morning.

PARLOR FLOOR in private house, nicely furnished, to rent to dentist; references exchanged; central location. Z 222 Times Annex.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790 (157th.)—Homelike, corner room; southwestern exposure; high-class apartment. Call or phone Audubon 5400 Thornton.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 39½.—Large, attractive parlor, facing park; every convenience; business man or couple; private family; references. Wheelen.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent large room; private bath; also medium sized room; electricity; 91st Subway; private family; references.

Brooklyn.

BEDFORD Y. M. C. A.—Rooms for young men; hot and cold water, telephone, bowling, billiards, gymnasium, swimming pool, bath; $2.75-$4 a week. 1,121 Bedford Av., B'klyn.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

97TH ST., 130 WEST.—Large, light, front room, bath; private residence; suitable for studio or bedroom

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room; private bath; high-class house; references required; bachelors.

52D St., 238 West.—Nice front parlor, suitable for bedroom or business purpose.

Help Wanted, Female

A POSITION paying a good income is open to a woman of education and tact and who is willing to work. Call Friday afternoon and Saturday morning 461 4th Av., tenth floor.

ASSISTANT COST ACCOUNTANT and stenographer in manufacturing concern; rapid; regular hand and quick at figures; apply own handwriting; state qualifications and salary expected. Ralph David, Box W 172 Times.

LAW STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced; $16. R 329 Times Downtown.

NURSE.—Experienced children's nurse; country; farm. Z 227 Times Annex.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents a line.

SALESWOMEN for various departments; must be specially qualified, have selling experience, be neat, willing, and ambitious to secure permanent positions. Apply to Superintendent, Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, industrious, willing, prompt; salary $7; advancement. Address own handwriting, Mervyn Wolff, 299 Broadway, Manhattan.

TEN cultured American women, Co-operation National movement; remunerative; commission. Own handwriting, W., 170 Times.

WE NEED three women of education and culture, between 25 and 40 years, to join company of ladies specializing in selling high-class educational work; commission basis; traveling expenses paid; delightful work offering unusual opportunities. Call between 2-4 P. M. Hanson-Bellows Co., 303 5th Av.

Instruction.
Thirty Cents a Line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three Months' Course. Students Subject to Probation. Graduates Registered.
AEOLIAN HALL. 35 WEST 42D ST. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

COLLEGIATE SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 38 West 32d St., New York. Secretarial training for educated students; 3 months' course. Telephone 7281 Mad. Sq.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents a line.

ASPHALT MEN WANTED
well posted in different processes of manufacturing asphalt from oils and various uses of same; will pay extra good salaries to men of ability; this is dandy opportunity to proper men. State your experience fully and firms formerly with. Answer, strictly confidential. G 266 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for downtown office; young man with some experience and good penman. Address G 286 Times Downtown.

FINE OPPORTUNITY for a young man who has some publicity experience; must be capable of filling position as assistant to manager of one of prominent New York hotels. Answer in own handwriting, stating age and reference, salary expected, and whether you are a proficient stenographer and office assistant. W 125 Times.

NATIONAL GUARD.—Company F, 71st Infantry, one of Manhattan's crack regiments, desires recruits of good character and sound health, at least 18; WITH PAY; no interference with daily occupation; three evening drills each week; overcoat, two uniforms, rifle and all equipment furnished absolutely free by the State; members have use of bowling alleys, pool and billiards, rifle range, gymnasium, library, shower baths, athletic trainer. For full particulars, call any afternoon or evening, or address Commanding Officer, Company F, 71st Regiment Armory, 33d St. and Park Av., Manhattan.

SALESMAN wanted for an old-established drug and soap house for city and Eastern territory; strictly commission; only sell to best trade; experience necessary; no objection to side line. Opportunity, Box R 333 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—We pay 20 per cent. commission on a special Christmas offer on monogram cigarettes; experience unnecessary. The Talmova Tobacco Co., 121 Pearl St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced salesmen to sell sweeping compound; commission basis. W 76 Times.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three Months' Course. Students Subject to Probation. Graduates Registered.
AEOLIAN HALL. 35 WEST 42D ST. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

INCOMPARABLE OPPORTUNITY.—Learn mechanical dentistry; numerous high-paying positions waiting; taught practically in three months; day or evening; easy payments; chief instructor, Anthony Reis, recognized by the dental profession as New York's leading expert in all branches of mechanical dentistry.
THE DENTAL SCHOOL OF AMERICA.
Tel. Bryant 2946. 25 West 45th St.

SALESMEN.—Study advanced salesmanship; highest paid profession; real opportunities guaranteed; free booklet. Bradstreet System, Inc., Park Row Bldg., N. Y. City, Dept. 13.

Agents Wanted

Thirty-five cents a line.

USE YOUR SPARE TIME to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, keeps books entirely, weekly or otherwise, as desired; references. G. M. Sachs, 140 Nassau St., city.

AGENT.—Lady desires position as representative for a reliable firm; will travel anywhere in United States. Address Bar, Box Z 232 Times Annex.

BILLING MACHINE OPERATOR.—Elliott Fisher; two years' experience; moderate salary. W 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Expert; controlling accounts; trial balance; charge office. Address T 90 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; three years' experience; graduate; absolutely dependable. G 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; ambitious, bright; two years' experience. Miss B., 814 Hewitt Place, City.

DRESSMAKER.—Good all-around hand; day work. E. Link, 2,617 3d Av., Bronx.

FILE CLERK, office work, assist on books. Carr, 293 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

GRADUATE NURSE.—Grown person or child; $50 month. C. Missett, 1,380 3d Av.

HOUSEWORKER.—Experienced general houseworker; neat young widow; school girl 8 years; wishes position; city, country; wages about $20; exceptional references. L. Johnsen, care Wilkens, 772 51st St. B'klyn.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to place baby's nurse, (French, speaks English,) whom she highly recommends, for one child, between 18 months and 5 years. Apply to Mrs. Adrian Lambert, 168 East 71st St. Telephone 703 Lenox.

NURSE.—Lady desires to place in apartment or country experienced and competent infant's nurse; personal and city references of long standing. Apply present employer, Marburg Hall, 164 West 74th St.

NURSE.—Well-educated, responsible young woman, bright, companionable, wishes care of one or more children during day; references. Address Responsible, 345 Times.

NURSE.—Experienced North German, good sewer, wishes position with children; city references; $30. M. K., 247 East 53d St.

NURSE, practical, to care for invalid; reference. Bennett, 301 West 150th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT AND TYPIST.—Young lady, 24 years of age with several years' experience, seeks position; can furnish the best of references as to character, honesty, and ability. Owing to business depression I was laid off, and therefore am looking for a new position. Can you place me? If you need an energetic and willing worker, address Z 229 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; high school graduate; familiar with office details; capable conscientious; low salary, chance for advancement. Miss Newman, 556 St. Paul Place, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—Bright beginner desires position where ability will be recognized. Elsie Modin, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, general office assistant; 5 years' experience; $10. Lauer, 31 West 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; neat, intelligent girl; few months' experience; American; rapid; no agency; $6. Miss Peters, 259 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' practical experience; understands office work; $8. G 281 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy; charge correspondence, office; good grammarian, speller; $8-$10. L 93 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 5 years' excellent references; experienced. W 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (21;) 5 years' experience; take difficult dictation; $12. G 280 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, experienced; college graduate; public school methods; all branches; coaching. Progress, Times Harlem.

TYPEWRITING WANTED.—Lady, holding position, can do outside work; no job too large or too small. W 166 Times.

Employment Agencies.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9468 Riverside.

COLORED DOMESTICS.—Exceptionally capable servants supplied; Southern cooks a specialty. Telephone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

N. Y. AGENCY, 41 West 99th.—Help supplied, day, week, month. Phone 4793 River.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, untangled; labor and expense saving systems installed; investigations; certified statements rendered; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 2960—1.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

14-20 Renault limousine in fine condition; body by Kellner; Westinghouse air springs; a real bargain for some one at $800; air springs alone cost $250. 30 Chalmers limousine, good running order, $475.
J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.

S. G. V. 1915 4-passenger Torpedo, lighting and starting systems; must be sold at once; cost, new, $3,500; has only run 900 miles; full equipment; two extra new shoes; will sacrifice for $2,250. J. A. M., 620 Riverside Drive.

CANCELED CONTRACT
forces sacrifice of 1915 model automobile, list price, $985.00, at very low figure; electric equipment, with full factory guarantee. Auto Export Sales Co., 2 Rector St., New York. Room 627.

PACKARD 30 limousine, 1911 chassis, with extra seven-passenger touring body, complete equipment, for sale; $1,200; extra fine condition. Lowa, 209 So. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

Jackson touring, 48 H. P., sacrifice, $300; equipment, top windshield, 2 extra tires, 4 extra tubes, also full kit of tools. E. E. Johnson, Jefferson Bldg., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NEW AND USED MOTOR TRUCKS FOR SALE.—A variety of sizes and easy terms, whether new or second hand. G 283 Times Downtown.

Oakland, 1913, touring; fully equipped; will sell or exchange for diamonds. W 114 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

For Hire.—Two Renault landaulets; first-class condition; by month or week. Charles Ferne, Canton Place, Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

My handsome 7-passenger limousine; chauffeur in my employ five years; very special rate by the month. H. B. Burrows, 456 4th Av.

Gentleman would like to rent his Packard limousine few hours daily; reasonable. 'Phone 4235 Schuyler. Manuel, 229 W. 78th.

Packard, late model, limousine or landaulet, for hire by the month. Ray Auto Renting Co., 1,482 Broadway. 8303 Bryant.

Ford touring cars; competent chauffeurs; $10 eight hours; $1.50 hour. Telephone Columbus 8232.

To Rent—Packard Landaulet, monthly; owner drives. Gilbert, 103 West 51st. 9186 Columbus.

To rent, by month, Packard 18 limousine, in perfect condition. Lincoln Garage, 205 East 38th.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Four-passenger, high-grade car similar to Sancia; state price and particulars. Box 390 Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL.
Chartered by N. Y. State Board of Regents. FULL COURSE, $55.
Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. 225 West 57th Street (at Broadway.)

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2351 John.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, closes, systematizes books; makes periodical audits; prepares financial statements; terms reasonable. Rogers, 131 West 31st St. Madison Square 3780.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systematized, disentangled; special arrangement firms not employing bookkeepers. Telephone 7958 Cortland. Home telephone 9010 Melrose.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, desires position with company requiring capable man. W 144 Times.

AS AUDITOR, EFFICIENCY ENGINEER, PRODUCTION OR SALES MANAGER.
Executive of retiring manufacturing company, 42, married, in sound health, with clean record, gifted with ingenuity and initiative, possessed of a wide knowledge of merchandise, materials, and supplies, familiar with mechanical and chemical processes, thoroughly conversant with modern methods of accounting and promoting efficiency in all departments of business, is looking for opportunity to demonstrate unusual experience and exceptional ability. Kindly address Capable, L 76 Times.

ATTORNEY, 40, some experience title searcher, desires clerkship; Sabbath observer. W 142 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (27,) nine years' experience; capable of handling any set books; reliable; good correspondent; highest references. C 133 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 28, good correspondent, 12 years' experience, desires connection with house requiring services expert man; best credentials. W 54 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, accountant, 27; an experienced man is open for a position with a progressive house where opportunity exists. G 243 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, credit man, vast business experience, knowledge of foreign languages, best references, desires permanent position. Address T., 200 East 23d.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, credit man, (31;) competent; best references. G 229 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced controlling accounts; modern methods; references. Roland, 138 West 117th St.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER.—28; married; 14 years last employer. Kellner, 421 West 48th St.

BUTLER AND VALET.—Japanese, experienced, desires position in private family or take entire charge gentleman's apartment, city; has good references. N 798 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; foreign, domestic cars, overhauling and heavy touring; three years with last employer; a good careful driver of good habits; would appreciate an interview with anybody needing such a man. W 109 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, expert mechanic, careful driver, wishes position in private family; references. Fred Nisew, in care Mrs. Main, 142 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; careful driver; shop experience; drive any car; city or country; best references. Edward Dowd, 493 Lexington Av. Tel. Murray Hill 3162.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, expert mechanic; careful; go anywhere; excellent appearance. C 137 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, three years' reference desires position; wages no object. W 152 Times.

CLERK.—Stock Exchange telephone clerk desires position; six years' experience. G 279 Times Downtown.

COOK, with several years' experience, seeks position at anything; can furnish references as to my honesty and ability; have been out of a position for three months and have dependent upon me my wife and two children. If you have a position open address Gigar, 1,484 Vyse Av., Bronx.

COOK-BUTLER.—Japanese brothers, thoroughly experienced, sober, honest, wish position together in private family; have reference. Fuji, 465 East 57th St.

ECONOMIZE.—Housecleaning done for $1.50 per day; highest references. G 52 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN possessing good knowledge of Spanish and Portuguese, wide business and traveling experience in Latin-American countries, personally acquainted with prominent houses in said countries, is desirous of making arrangements with manufacturer or exporter as export manager or traveling salesman. Z 216 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Six years' muslin underwear line wants to make change with growing concern. Address "Salesman," 1,364 Broadway.

SECRETARY, companion, young, linguist, musical, educated, desires position. J. C., Z 215 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, age 25, desires position at anything. Y 366 Times Annex.

SOUTH AMERICA.
Salesman.—The European war and the high prices of cereals and beef brought conditions in South America to a normal point; now is the time for the American manufacturer to lay the foundation for a future good business; I have intimate knowledge of these countries, proved ability to sell and organize business, and desirous of representing large concerns.
Address W 162 Times.

SOUTHERN SALESMAN, representing well-known dress house, wants waists or skirt line in conjunction; going South Nov. 28. T 98 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, bright beginner, thoroughly competent to make good, desires position. Emil Jaffe, 693 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER.—Boy; beginner; neat, accurate, reliable; good penman; $7. G 260 Times Downtown.

USEFUL MAN for furnace, autos, carpentry, or any kind of work to be done around country estate or city home; three years' reference; will take moderate wages, with good home. George Leclerc, 138 East 31st St., care of Dossenback.

VALET.—Japanese student desires position as visiting valet or in small family; personal reference. Oyama, 58 Sands St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, experienced cost, payroll, assistant bookkeeper, stenography; best references; moderate salary. W 145 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) stenographer, bookkeeper; two years experience; reference. G 277 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position; best references. John Tittel, 2,711 Decatur Av., city.

Lost and Found

Thirty-five Cents per agate line. Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST.—Two pieces of precious metal on Nov. 18, in the afternoon, wrapped in manila paper, with gummed binder; both 2x2 inches square, 5-32 inch thick, between Cortlandt St. and 14th St. Subway. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Room 501, Hudson Terminal, 30 Church St.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, between Franklin Simon's and the 33d St. downtown Subway station, an enameled four-leaf clover pin, edged with pearls and a small diamond in centre. Reward if returned to Apt. 61, Riviera, 790 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—EARRING OF SMALL DIAMONDS AND EMERALDS, NOV. 18, BETWEEN SHERRY'S AND THE HUDSON THEATRE; REWARD. RETURN TO F. C. BROWN, 23 WEST 26TH ST.

LOST—Friday, Nov. 13, diamond barpin, set in platinum, between 47th St. and Broadway and 96th St. and Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward. Apartment 88, Hotel Somerset, 150 West 47th.

LOST.—Thursday afternoon, on Broadway, between 78th and 80th Sts., a gold horseshoe pin, set with small diamond, rubies, sapphires. Liberal reward for its return to office, Apthorp Apartments, 2,211 Broadway.

LOST.—Monday evening in Brooklyn, 55th St. to Atlantic Av., St. John's car to Nostrand, matrix and pearl necklace. Return to Room 406, 189 Broadway; liberal reward.

LOST.—17th, long, narrow, eight shape diamond ring, Hunter Island Inn or Wolff Inn, Larchmont; reward. Milliken, 510 West 113th St.

LOST.—Saturday evening, Nov. 14, a bracelet set with five rubies and five diamonds; liberal reward for its recovery will be paid and no questions asked. Bracelet, W 138 Times.

LOST—A Theta Delta Chi Fraternity pin, set with pearls and emeralds; P. B. Fiske, Jr., date on back; reward. 530 West 114th.

LOST.—Either at Ritz-Carlton or Comedy Theatre, diamond bracelet; finder will receive $200 reward if returned to 2 East 45th.

LOST.—Gold purse, two diamonds, one sapphire; trinkets attached; generous reward if returned to Superintendent, 260 W. 57th St.

LOST—Gold eyeglass case and chain; inscription; $10 reward. Boeddiker, pharmacy, 6th Av., 54th.

LOST—Diamond brooch, Monday night, Manhattan Opera House or 34th; $25 reward; no questions. Fox, 136 East 72d.

LOST.—Tuesday morning, 78th, near Park Av., pendant, 2 pearls on platinum bar; liberal reward. Murdock, 51 East 78th St.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch and pin at the Altman reception museum, Nov. 17; reward. Harperley Hall, 41 Central Park West. 3500 Columbus.

LOST.—Saturday, diamond sunburst; valued associations; reward. 252 Gates Av., Brooklyn. 1428 Prospect.

LOST—Tuesday, oval opal brooch, surrounded with pearls, Subway to 57th, 5th Av.; reward. 127 West 122d.

LOST.—Wednesday, Broadway, 138th to 142d Sts., pearl and diamond crescent; reward. Apartment 21, 540 West 157th St.

LOST—Gold fob, initials, "A. D. G."; reward. A. D. Gibson, 150 Rutland Road, Brooklyn.

LOST—Saturday, 14th, a Masonic watch fob; reward. Charles B. Provost, 377 Broadway.

REWARD
FOR THE RETURN OF
ALADDIN'S LAMP.
GLOBE THEATRE.

REWARD.—Between Manhasset and New York, gold watch, carved fob. Daumont, 4 East 43d.

$100 REWARD.—Lady's handbag containing jewelry and money; Friday, Broadway or De Kalb Av. 385 Monroe St., Brooklyn.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Airdale terrier, Neponsit, West Rockaway; female, "Soda," tan head, legs, black back; liberal reward, 2276 Main, or 24 Hammels.

LOST—English brindle bulldog, 7 months old. Reward. Archibald Douglass, Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y.

LOST.—Reward; half-grown Pomeranian, near 86th St. and West End Av., Monday. 306 West 86th St.

REWARD.—Bat-eared Boston brindle, white breast. Cannon, 237 Winthrop St. License 24,242.

REWARD.—Neighborhood 78th and Madison Av., black Scotch terrier puppy. 58 East 78th.

REWARD.—French bull brindle, white chest; cataract left eye. 395 Parkside Av., Flatbush.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES THAT he has severed his connection with the corporation known as WILLIS WOODWARD & COMPANY, now located at 1,193 Broadway, New York City, of which corporation he has been Secretary, is no longer interested in said company or its business.
New York, November 18, 1914.
ALEXANDER SEMPLE, 3,609 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Louis Hirschkowitz, heretofore President and Treasurer of L. Hirschkowitz & Co., Inc., has severed his connections with said firm. Dated New York, November 19, 1914.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents a line.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS furnished to manufacturers and wholesalers; advances on accounts and merchandise; confidential. Principals only. Wormser & Co., Commercial Bankers, 95 Fifth Av., N. Y. City.

Use your spare time to build up mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Opportunities Exch., Buffalo, N. Y.

WHEN YOU DESIRE to buy, sell, or exchange any business, theatre, or real estate call or write National Business Exchange, Suite 1,011, Times Building.

Good opportunity for a partner; capital from $5,000 to $10,000; jobbing and manufacturing ladies' coats; excellent possibilities. T 96 Times.

Successful manufacturing business desires active partner; investment required; references exchanged. Z 201 Times Annex.

A partner wanted, with $2,000, in a factory-supply business doing $20,000 yearly netting reasonably large profits. W 157 Times.

Advertising manager, city weekly, exclusive field; $250 investment required. Fifty-fifty, 217 Times.

For sale reasonable, established, high-class millinery; excellent location. Z 209 Times Annex.

Movie, 575 seats, clearing $75 weekly; trial given, also rentals. Royal Exchange, 1,110 Broadway.

Wanted—Well-paying, moderate-priced restaurant; principals only. Z 225 Times Annex.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

Fireproof windows and fire-escape work; Labor Department violations removed. J. Gescheidt, 212 East 52d St. Phone 3583 Plaza.

Certified Accountants.

A SUPERIOR SERVICE.
Thorough auditing; effective, simple systems installed. Fairbanks, 55 Liberty Street. Cortlandt 6970.

Jewelry.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents a line.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Make loans outstanding accounts, notes, bank books. Security Finance Co., 149 Broadway.

Printing and Multigraphing.

Forty-five cents a line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,005.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

Pawn tickets bought. Gold. Diamonds, Oriental pearls. Silver. Estates appraised and purchased. Platinum. Benjamin Feingold, 491½ 6th Av., between 29th and 30th Sts. Established 19 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Sq.

Pawntickets bought, immediately, diamonds, pearls, gold, silver, platinum; Provident Loan tickets bought as old as two years; business strictly confidential. Martin Feingold, 812 6th Av., corner 46th.

Will buy contents houses, flats; pianos, carpets. George, 155 E. 125th. Tel. 1299 Harlem.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty Cents a Line.

Several old paintings, worth the attention of collectors; one by Hogarth; price below value. "Paintings," 173 6th Av.

UNIONS WANT A PART IN LABOR LAW TEST

Not Willing to Trust City's Attorneys to Uphold Alien Clause Unassisted.

NONE WOULD HALT SUBWAYS

Gill's Lawyer Averse to Criminal Action—Contractors Make Little Headway.

Lawyers for the Public Service Commission and subway contractors were busy yesterday trying to find a way to test the alien clause of the labor law without interrupting work. All concerned, the labor men, too, said last night that they wanted to do nothing that would stop the work, but they admitted that they saw no alternative, if the law is strictly enforced.

The complaint, which caused all the trouble, will come up again before the commission this morning. John Gill of the Bricklayers' Union is due to press his charge that the Dock Contracting Company has been employing alien labor. Counsel for the contractor suggested yesterday that the hearing be postponed, but Jeremiah O'Leary, counsel for Gill, refused, and said he would urge the commission to decide on the evidence before it, whether the law had been violated, and, if so, to forfeit the contract.

Mr. O'Leary said yesterday that the labor unions would be quite willing to test the law if they might be parties to the test. If the test were to come, he said, through the forfeiture of a contract by the Public Service Commission and the argument in favor of the alien law were left entirely to the Corporation Counsel and counsel for the commission, the labor unions would not be content. They would ask the right to intervene as interested parties, so as to be sure that the fight for the law was seriously made.

Mr. Gill said yesterday that he wanted the fight to go on, but did not want the subway work stopped. "I have no desire," he said, "to hold up the work. I am just as public-spirited as any one. All I want is that the contractors shall be made to employ citizens and to pay them the wages which citizens will work for."

He gave out yesterday a comparison of the wages which, he said, the contractors were paying and the "prevailing rate." Bricklayer laborers, he said, ought to get $3, while in many cases they are receiving only $1.75; cement laborers should get $2.80, but are receiving from $1.25 to $1.75. The prevailing rate, he said, for common laborers or excavators is $2, but their pay in the subway is from $1.25 to $1.75.

At the Public Service Commission office it was said that in complaints concerning wages the point generally raised was not the rate, but the demand that a certain class perform a certain work. For example, there was an awkward dispute over painting structural iron. The labor unions wanted journeyman painters employed, while the contractor argued that it was absurd to employ skilled men to squirt rough paint from a machine over stretches of steel.

Mr. O'Leary said yesterday that he was averse to applying the criminal clause of the law against any individual contractor. He said he intended to write District Attorney Whitman that the law was being violated, but would not submit definite information against any contractor. If a test of the law came, he explained, prejudice against too rigid enforcement might prevent unbiased consideration of the legal problems involved.

Mr. Gill was preparing, he said, to advertise for American workmen willing to work for $2 a day. If he could get them, he said, it would be a complete answer to the contention of the contractors that they could not find enough citizens.

Oscar Daniels, who stopped work on his three sections and brought the trouble to a head, was trying yesterday to carry on his work with Americans only, but was not making very much headway. None of the other contractors stopped work yesterday, but they were waiting to see how far the complaint of Mr. Gill would drive the commission to act against them.

GEO. LYNCH KILLED BY SUBWAY TRAIN

Son of Mrs. Theresa Lynch, "The Queen of Diamonds," Either Jumped or Fell on Rails.

SPENT INHERITED FORTUNE

Once Known as Lavish Entertainer in Broadway, He Died Penniless.

George Lynch, who spent a large inheritance left to him by his mother, Mrs. Theresa Lynch, known as the "Queen of Diamonds," who had accumulated a fortune in the jewelry business, was struck and killed by a Subway train at Broadway and Eighty-sixth Street yesterday afternoon. The police could not determine whether Lynch had jumped to the track or had accidentally fallen from the platform.

Motorman Arthur H. Langbrook saw the body of Lynch lying across the track nearest to the north end of the platform as he guided his train to the station. Before he could stop it the forward car had carried the body along the rails for fifty feet. After the body was taken to the West 100th Street Police Station a piece of paper was found in a pocket of the dead man's clothing, on which was written:

"George Lynch, brother of W. P. Lynch, 229 West Forty-second Street."

At that address William P. Lynch, another son of Mrs. Lynch, continues under the name of Mrs. T. Lynch's Son, Incorporated, the business which she established. He lives at 227 Audubon Avenue. With his family he went to Connecticut yesterday morning, where he was informed last evening of the death of his brother.

George Lynch a decade ago was known as a lavish spender in Broadway hotels and man about town. His money gone and without any business training he soon dropped out of sight. Of late years he had been dependent upon his relatives for support. He was about 40 years old.

He was arrested in 1913 on the charge of getting $25 from William L. Casy for advertising space on the Madison Square Roof Garden. The manager of the roof garden, S. J. Tobin, repudiated the advertising contract, saying Lynch had no authority to make it. When George Lynch was arraigned in the Court of Special Sessions for petty larceny he assumed the name of his brother, William Lynch. The charge was finally dropped, but the court held him a few days in the Tombs to investigate his reason for imposing upon his brother by taking his name as that of his own.

Friends pleaded for him, and he was finally allowed to go. Tobin, who had known Lynch for twenty years, told the court that Lynch, after spending the money left him by his mother, had drifted from one thing to another, but he was unable to get any regular employment. When his body was examined by the Coroner last night it was found that he had neither underwear nor overcoat.

George Lynch was one of six children of Mrs. Theresa Lynch. She was born in Dublin and came here in 1844 with her parents when she was 15. She married John Lynch, a wholesale fruiterer. She began in a small way to buy and sell diamonds first in East Broadway and moved to various addresses until she opened one of the largest retail stores in the city at 1 Union Square.

Use Movies to Teach Children.

The stories of "Lochinvar," "Julius Caesar," "Launcelot and Elaine," and other characters will be reproduced in moving picture form at Public Schools Nos. 63 and 17 for the benefit of the pupils, by the People's Institute. Films calculated to create interest in geography, history, chemistry, geology, and botany will also be shown. The performances will be held on Wednesday afternoons, starting Nov. 25, in No. 63, Fourth Street, between First Avenue and Avenue A, and on Tuesday afternoons, starting Nov. 24, at No. 17, Forty-seventh Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues. Three cents admission will be charged.

AMUSEMENTS
HOTELS
RESTAURANTS
DANCING ACADEMIES
Page 11.

FIND TRADE PUZZLES IN SOUTH AMERICA

Commerce There Faces the Problem Which Vexed Cotton Growers Here.

COUNTRIES ARE IN STRAITS

Raw Materials Pile Up—Secretary Redfield Working on a Plan to Turn Commerce Here.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Officials of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce are examining reports obtained from every South American country in an effort to obtain data which will help American manufacturers to win the enormous trade of those countries. Preliminary reports show that the situation is complicated. With the exception of Argentina every country is financially embarrassed. With some of them, notably Brazil, the unsound financial condition obtained before the European war. With others the situation is the same as that which faced the cotton growers of the United States when their European market was closed by the war.

There are few factories in South America and there is little prospect that those of the United States will be able to absorb any large portion of the raw materials now filling warehouses in South American cities. Without exception, American Consuls reported that some arrangement must be made to provide financial aid and permit South American producers to realize to some extent on these stored products before the United States could hope to gain any great share of the trade which formerly was controlled by European countries, especially by Germany.

It has been suggested that a loan syndicate similar to that created for the American cotton producers might be organized in this country. Warehouse receipts on the stored products based on 50 per cent. of their market value would be taken as security. The generally disturbed financial conditions of the countries involved, however, make this hard to accomplish while American investors can obtain 6 per cent. notes issued by such sound institutions as the municipality of New York.

While department officials admit that it seems unlikely that anything can be accomplished toward turning South American trade to the United States for several months at least, they are not hopeless. They are working out a plan the nature of which has not been disclosed, but which it is expected will be placed before American business men within a month, in the form of suggestions, by Secretary Redfield as to a method of procedure.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—Delegates to the sixth annual convention of the American Specialty Manufacturers Association were urged at the opening session today to take advantage of opportunities to develop trade with South America. The European war, several speakers said, had made it possible for the United States to obtain the trade in Latin-American countries formerly held by Germany.

William A. Redd of the Pan-American Union, read a dispatch from Argentina, which said that the South American republics were eager to have manufacturers of this country trade with them. The dispatch said that commerce in South America was congested, and asked that the United States ship cargoes of naphtha, wood, iron, furniture, agricultural implements, petroleum, and other oils there, and the same vessels could bring back meat, wool, hides, live stock, and minerals.

President's Thanksgiving Plans.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—President Wilson plans to leave Washington for Williamstown, Mass., next Wednesday to visit his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, whose husband is assistant to the President of Williams College. The President will be there Thanksgiving Day. Mrs. Sayre has not been in the best of health recently.

THESE OYSTERS BLUSH.

Turn Pink When About to be Eaten, but Taste All Right.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Pink oysters are the latest freak of nature under investigation by experts of the Department of Agriculture. These blushing bivalves come from beds in Long Island Sound. They look like any other oyster when they are gathered, but they turn pink on the plate of the ultimate consumer.

The news reached the Bureau of Chemistry, and a volunteer poison squad found the pink oyster not only harmless but delicious. The chemists have a theory that the oysters are turned pink either by a wild yeast bacillus or some other micro-organism.

The corps of scientists which has decided such vexing questions as "when is an egg an egg" is expected to find a solution for the latest puzzler.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning B&K King & Co
CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

A Suit and a Half

That means a Suit and an Extra Pair of Trousers, to match, for less than the usual price of the suit.

We've made up a limited number only of these Combination Suits to sell at the Special Price of

$18.50

And we sold a lot of them yesterday. Today ought to close them out.

Cut on our most popular models and made of Unfinished Worsteds and Oxford Vicunas.

Broadway, near 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th St. Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Take Elevator Save $10

Make Your $15 Get One of These $25

OVERCOATS



Norwood.
A stylish double-breasted wide lapel model, beautifully tailored. In a number of appropriate fabrics, $25 elsewhere. Here, $15.

Balmacaan.
The deservedly popular all-round coat—cut on roomy, generous full lines. Serviceable, seasonable, and rainproof. $25 elsewhere. Dozens to select from. Here at $15.

Avon.
A particularly good looking overcoat for young fellows. Form fitting with self collar and cuffs. $25 asked elsewhere. $15 here.

London.
A conservative model that combines standard style and stability. Also in stouts; made in Miltons and other long-service-giving materials. A wonderful $25 coat. Here, $15.

York.
A single breasted, button-through overcoat,—made of sturdy, fabrics. A distinctive and dressy coat. Can't be duplicated elsewhere for less than $25. Here, $15.

Get yours now, and save that $10 before the week ends. Save that extra $10, which other stores tack on to the actual cost of the clothes to pay for their own big rent and high running expenses. That extra $10 doesn't get you a cent's worth of clothes value or style. It simply makes your cost $25.

Come up to our 2nd floor shops today or tomorrow. Look at the snappy $25 Suits, $25 Overcoats and $25 Balmacaans. Compare the styles, fabrics and tailoring with those you see elsewhere at $25. That's all we ask. We want you to satisfy yourself that you and every other man that selects one of these garments at $15 actually saves $10.

If we had to pay for big rents, mahogany fixtures, expensive office force, floorwalkers and losses on bad accounts, we too would have to get $25 for our clothes,

But we have cut out all those expenses—that's why we sell guaranteed $25 Suits and Overcoats for $15 Instead of $25

No Charge for Alterations.

Come up and see why hundreds of men are buying their clothes here, and remember, if you can duplicate any garment for less than $25 come back and get your money.

Monroe Clothes Shop
2nd Floor Broadway, Corner 42d St. Open Evenings
206-208 Broadway Corner Fulton St.

THANKSGIVING



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

NOT in many a long year has Thanksgiving meant quite so much.
This season we have indeed good cause to be thankful.
So good cheer and a splendid dinner to all of you next Thursday.
And now,—to business.
Not their least reason for making a good Thanksgiving, many men have told us, is the fact that here at Wallach Stores they have been able to spend their clothes money to better advantage than ever.
They have found, for example, that $25 invested in a Hart Schaffner & Marx Suit or Overcoat has brought them more quality and better style than ever it has before.
At $25 we offer Braid Bound Suits of rich dark Oxford, mighty smart for business and semi-dress,—just the thing for Thanksgiving.
Suits of foreign fabrics are $25, too, so are some silk-lined suits.
And the Overcoats at $25 are legion.
Going a bit higher,—at $35 there is a smart little braid bound overcoat, a new arrival, made in a soft black vicuna-like cloth, and lined with rich, lustrous silk. An amazing value.
At every other price from $18 to $65 are overcoats whose value makes them good cause for thanksgiving by the men who have purchased them.
Come in and see the clothes—try on all you want, no obligation at all on your part. We are always glad to welcome those who only come to look.

More Reasons for Thanksgiving

Full Dress Suits Special at $35

HART Schaffner & Marx made them, which tells the style story to men who really know. They are full silk-lined,—look just like the ones fine custom tailors get $125 for, and we know you will agree with our statement that here is the greatest achievement of years in extraordinary value-giving.

$1 Neckwear Special at 65c

NOT only dollar quality but dollar SIZE and dollar shape—made of Charvaix ribbed silk in solid colors.
Most stores would charge more than $1 for them.
Our special price is 65c.
Fifteen different colors to choose from.

Suits and Overcoats Special at $19.50

WE have placed on sale today a number of Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats at $19.50.
Values up to $30.
Some very remarkable bargains,—bargains that will make you doubly thankful on Thursday next, if you come to take advantage of them.

Wallach Bros.

Two Broadway Stores:
Broadway at 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.

Two Harlem Stores (Open Evenings)
Third Av., cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.